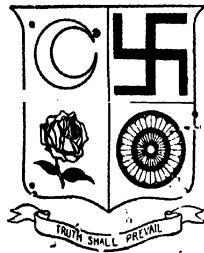


UNIVERSITY OF DACCA

THE
CALENDAR
FOR THE YEARS
1924-5 & 1925-6



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INTRODUCTION.

I.—ORIGIN OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The University of Dacca owes its origin to three factors according to the Report of the Calcutta University Commission.

Two main factors may be clearly distinguished in the origination of the scheme: first and foremost, the desire of the Musalmans of Eastern Bengal to stimulate the educational progress of their community, and secondly, the desire of the Government of India to create a new type of residential and teaching University in India, as opposed to the present affiliating type. To these must be added a third factor of especial importance, the desire of the Government to relieve the congestion of the University of Calcutta.

In an address presented to the Viceroy (Lord Hardinge) at Dacca, on 31st January, 1912, a number of Muslim representatives of Eastern Bengal and Assam placed certain proposals before him with the object of safe-guarding the interests of the Muslim community. They pointed out that the Musalmans had not taken advantage of Government educational institutions to any extent comparable with the Hindus, and they expressed their doubts whether the modification of the partition of Bengal might not retard the educational progress of their community. In his reply, Lord Hardinge said that the Government of India realised that education was the true salvation of the Muhammadans and that the Government of India, as an earnest of their intentions, would recommend to the Secretary of State the constitution of a University at Dacca. On the 2nd February, 1912, a communiqué was published stating the decision of the Government of India to recommend the constitution of a University at Dacca.

On 16th February, 1912, a deputation headed by Dr. (now Sir) Rash Behari Ghose waited on Lord Hardinge and expressed apprehension that the creation of a separate University at Dacca would be in the nature of 'an internal partition'. In reply, Lord Hardinge said that no proposals which could lead to the internal partition or division of Bengal would meet with the support of the Government of India; and he added that from the fact that he announced the intention of the Government in regard to Dacca to a deputation of Muhammadans it did not follow in any way that the new University would be a Muhammadan University; it would be a University open to all—a teaching and a residential University.

The Government of India, after receiving the general assent of the Secretary of State, announced their decision to establish a University at

Dacca in a letter to the Government of Bengal, dated 4th April, 1912, and invited that Government to submit a complete scheme with a financial estimate. The letter stated that the Government considered the creation of new Universities as an important factor in educational progress, and that it was desirable that these Universities where possible should be of the teaching and residential type, binding together the colleges of a single town or a single circumscribed area. The University of Dacca was in the first place "to serve as an example and test of the new type of University and in the second to afford some relief to the congested state of the Calcutta University." The letter also drew attention to the particularly high level of general intelligence of the Hindu middle class population of Eastern Bengal, and to the desirability of making accessible to the Musalmans of Eastern Bengal a University in which they could have a voice (there being only six Muslim members on the Calcutta University Senate out of a total of 100, excluding ex-officio members) with a view to increasing the number of students of the Muslim community in the college classes. The letter further suggested that there might be a Faculty of Islamic Studies in the University.

"On 27th May, 1912, the Government of Bengal published a resolution in regard to the proposed University and appointed a committee of thirteen members with Mr. R. Nathan, as President, to frame a scheme. The resolution emphasised the desire of the Government of India that "the University should be of the teaching and residential and not of the federal type,"* and that "it should bind together the colleges of the city and should not include any college which is beyond the limits of the town."

"The Committee acted with great promptitude and thoroughness. It obtained the advice of 25 special sub-committees, and in the following autumn submitted its report to the Government of Bengal with plans of the proposed buildings and estimates of capital expenditure amounting to 53 lakhs† and of recurring expenditure amounting to 23 lakhs; and made suggestions in great detail as to the work of the University and its courses of studies.

"The Government of Bengal published the report‡ and invited the fullest criticisms. Detailed plans for the setting up of the University

*To avoid misunderstanding, it may be pointed out that both in the official documents and in the evidence relating to the University of Dacca the term "federal university" is occasionally used as a term equivalent to and interchangeable with the term "affiliating university."

†This estimate was subsequently increased by the Public Works Department to Rs. 67,11,736.

‡Report of the Dacca University Committee (Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, 1912). The report was published at a higher price, which was reduced to a nominal one of 4 annas. A note signed by Mr. J. H. Kerr, of the Government of Bengal, was issued on 23rd December, 1912, stating that the Governor in Council would be glad to consider any criticism on the proposals of the report, received before 15th February.

were framed and formed the subject of communications between the Government of Bengal, the Government of India and the Secretary of State. Definite action would presumably have been taken in connection with the scheme but for the outbreak of War in 1914 and the consequent stringency which led to a modification and postponement of the financial proposals."

The Government of India on 26th November, 1917, issued a communiqué reaffirming their intention of instituting a University at Dacca and stating that they would refer to the Calcutta University Commission the schemes for the University of Dacca.

The Commission reported strongly in favour of the general outlines of the scheme, although they proposed certain important amendments. They stated that even if the establishment of the University of Dacca had not been promised by the Government of India, the whole policy of University re-organisation in Bengal advocated by them would have led them to recommend the establishment of a University in Dacca. They wrote as follows* :—

"The town itself, with about 120,000 inhabitants, is the second in the Presidency; it has the prestige of an ancient and historic capital; it is now a commercial and manufacturing centre of growing importance; it has better communications by rail and river than any other centre in the thickly populated districts of Eastern Bengal; it is contiguous to Vikrampur, the home of so many of the *bhadralok* of Bengal; and it already possesses two first grade colleges, with a total of over 1,800 students, providing University teaching in arts, science and law. It also possesses institutions of a non-University character providing teaching in medicine and engineering, and a Government agricultural farm. Dacca College, the larger of the two colleges, is a Government institution with excellent buildings and is the best equipped of all the colleges in the mufassal; it is placed on fine open park land (the Ramna) between one and two miles from the centre of the town, with admirable sites for building lecture rooms, libraries, laboratories, hostels, and for providing playgrounds; and on that site owing to the very course of events which led to the proposals of the scheme, there are already a number of large and well constructed buildings, originally designed for, but no longer required by the Government. These can now be utilized with the greatest economy for University purposes."

The Commission endorsed the proposal that the University should be a unitary as opposed to a federal or affiliating University and that it should be a teaching and residential University. But they rejected the proposal of the Nathan Committee that it should be a Government institution and in two other important points their scheme differed from that proposed by the Nathan

*Loc. cit., p. 132.

Committee.* The Commission regarded the intermediate classes as belonging properly to school and not to University education and recommended that these classes should be conducted in special institutions to be called Intermediate Colleges. They also recommended that the organisation of teaching by colleges should be abandoned and that the whole of the teaching should be centrally organised. For the residential unit they proposed that the name "hall" should be substituted for college.

It is unnecessary to describe in detail the recommendations of the Commission as they were adopted, with few exceptions, in the University Act which received the assent of the Governor-General in Council on 23rd March, 1920. It may however be said that although the nomenclature is different in some respects, the general organisation of University bodies is largely analogous to that of the provincial Universities in England, such as Manchester, Liverpool and Leeds.

In one respect the University has a characteristic feature. It will be seen from the examination of the Act that special representation on all University bodies is given to the Muslim community, and that a hall, the 'Muslim Hall,' is specially provided for Muslim students.

Under the terms of the Dacca University Act, Mr. P. J. Hartog, C.I.E., was appointed as the first Vice-Chancellor as from 1st December, 1920. With the assistance of a special officer deputed by the Government of Bengal, Mr. H. E. Stapleton, I.E.S., and the Advisory Committee constituted under the transitory provisions of the Act, preliminary arrangements were made; and the Governor of Bengal, the Earl of Ronaldshay, made the first teaching appointments on the recommendations of the Advisory Committee,* and the University opened its doors on July 1st, 1921.

II.—NUMBER OF STUDENTS.

The entries in the Admission Register in 1921 were 877 besides 67 students of the Dacca Training College and 154 students of the Dacca Medical School who studied Chemistry and Physics in the University. The entries in 1923 were 1170, besides 61 students of the Dacca Training College and 121

*The members of the Advisory Committee were the Vice-Chancellor, the Director of Public Instruction (Mr. W. W. Hornell, C.I.E.), Sir Nilratan Sircar, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta who was replaced by Sir Asutosh Mookerjee on his succeeding to the Vice-Chancellorship, Nawab Sir Shams-ul-Huda, President of the Bengal Legislative Council and, during the illness of Sir Shams-ul-Huda, Nawabzada K. M. Afzal Khan Bahadur.

students of the Dacca Medical School who study Chemistry and Physics in the University.

The entries in 1924 were 1347 besides 64 students of the Dacca Training College and 126 students of the Dacca Medical School who study Chemistry and Physics in this University. The entries in 1925 are 1295 including double entries (38) besides 74 students of the Dacca Training College and 134 students of the Dacca Medical School who study Chemistry and Physics in this University.

III.—TOTAL COST OF LIVING.

- The actual cost of living in a hall in Dacca University may be regarded as, say, 10 or 12 rupees for food in addition to class-fees and seat-rent. The seat-rent varies from Rs. 2 to Rs. 4; this charge includes the cost of light, water, medical attendance, medicine and servants. An undergraduate student can live in a Hall and pay for his class-fees with a total sum of Rs. 20 to Rs. 22 monthly. There is thus no foundation for the statement that Dacca is an expensive University for the students.

IV.—ADVANTAGES OF THE UNIVERSITY—ENTRANCE TEST—TUTORIAL SYSTEM.

- The material advantages that may be claimed for the University may be set forth under these heads: reasonable cost, a healthy climate, excellent hostel-accommodation, splendid playing-fields, provision for games and students' societies of all kinds, and careful medical attendance and supervision. Students may consult the Medical Officer daily at the University Dispensary. Serious cases of illness are attended to in the Halls.

The educational advantages of the University may be summarised by saying that the University is striving to realise the ideals set forth by the Calcutta University Commission.

The entrance test is (as recommended by the Commission) the Intermediate Examination of previously existing Indian Universities or its equivalent, so that the University teachers are not burdened with what is really school work; and hence, it is possible to bring all the students into contact with men who have not only taken a good degree but have contributed and are contributing by personal work to the advancement of their subject.

In other ways the University has made a new departure. It has initiated a 'tutorial system' in connection with the Halls of Residence for Pass students, and under the Heads of Departments, for Honours students. The term 'tutorial class' is

sometimes used to signify a coaching class for an examination. The tutorial class as designed in Dacca University is intended to counteract the inevitable evils of the examination room. Examination tends to discourage originality. The tutorial system is intended to encourage originality and individual effort, to ensure that each student shall be enabled to learn something of intellectual production as well as of re-production, so that when he enters the world he will not find himself for the first time confronted with intellectual problems to which he has not been taught the answers beforehand.

V.—GENERAL ORGANIZATION OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The University, constituted in accordance with the Dacca University Act of 1920, has (as stated above) been planned approximately on the model of the modern British Universities. The Governor of Bengal is the Chancellor; the Vice-Chancellor is the academic and executive head of the University.

The supreme body is the Court, which is a large body of *ex-officio*, elected and nominated members, at present 158 in number. The Chancellor is required in nominating members to ensure that so far as possible half the non-European members shall be Muhammadans. The Court makes new statutes on the recommendation of other University bodies and may cancel new Ordinances made by the Executive Council. It has also the power of reviewing and passing resolutions on the annual budget and report.

The chief executive body is called the Executive Council and consists at present of 16 persons, *viz.*, the Vice-Chancellor, the Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Dacca Division, the Provosts, the Deans of the Faculties, two non-Muhammadan and two Muhammadan representatives of the Court and four persons (including two teachers) appointed by the Chancellor. The Council as constituted at present comprises 3 Europeans, 7 Hindus and 6 Muhammadans.

The chief academic body is the Academic Council, including the Vice-Chancellor as Chairman, the Deans, the Provosts, the Professors, the Librarian and a certain number of Readers and Lecturers. The total number at present is 21.

There are at present three Faculties—a Faculty of Arts with 30 members, a Faculty of Science with 20 members and a Faculty of Law with 15 members.

For reports on special subjects the Faculties constitute Committees of Studies.

The above paragraphs are merely intended to give a general account of the University organization, for precise details of

which reference must be made to the University Act and Statutes.

VI.—RESIDENTIAL AND TUTORIAL ORGANIZATION.

In accordance with the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission, the teaching staff is organized as a whole but the students are either resident or attached to separate Halls—the Dacca Hall, the Muslim Hall and the Jagannath Hall, each of them under the headship of a Provost. Each Provost is assisted by two house-tutors. The Heads of Departments are responsible for Tutorial Work in their Departments. The Provosts are responsible for taking action on individual students after receiving the tutorial records of students from the teachers.

Students, other than post-graduate students, who do not reside in a Hall, are only allowed to live with near relatives or specially approved guardians.

The games and students' societies have been organized in the first instance in connection with the Halls, and each Hall has its own playing fields.

Every student not resident in a Hall must be attached to one. It is undoubtedly in many ways of great advantage both for work and for games for a student to be resident in a Hall.

It should be added that all members of the staff of the Halls are members of the teaching or administrative staff of the University.

Rules relating to discipline in the Halls are to be found in the Ordinances and Regulations.

VII.—SITE AND BUILDINGS.

The University occupies nearly a square mile of park-land of irregular shape lying to the north-west of the town of Dacca and partly surrounding the public park of Ramna.* The site is not enclosed, but is intersected by public roads, lit by electricity. This area was acquired for the former Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam of which Dacca was the capital; and on it had already been built the Secretariat, Government House, the Government Press and a dozen houses for officers, when in 1912 the Province came to an end by the re-partition of the former provinces of Bengal, Assam, Bihar and Orissa.

*The Ahsanullah School of Engineering, which is at present unconnected with the University, is included in this area. This institution is housed in the building erected for the Press of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Government and to it are attached two residences and sixty acres of land for workshops, hostels and playing fields.

University Central Building.

The former Secretariat has been converted into the University Central Building. It lies about the middle of the southern boundary of the University area and is so situated as to be at no great distance from any of the existing and projected residences for students. It is a two-storied building, 650 feet long, facing south-west, with two transepts of about half this length at either end and a central extension to the north-east at right angles to the longitudinal axis. The total area of the rooms (about 200 in number) is 94,000 square feet. Every room has a verandah and there are passages throughout the building, giving access to the rooms from the inside. The ventilation is excellent. The distance between the central passage and the verandah is uniform throughout the building.

The whole of the upper floor of the Central Building is at present used temporarily for the residences of students. At the southern end are accommodated the students of the Ahsanullah School of Engineering and in the middle and at northern end the students of the Muslim Hall (see below).

The remainder of the building contains the University offices in the N. W. transept, the Library partly in the S. E. transept, partly along the main corridor, the Lecture Rooms and Class Rooms for the Faculties of Arts and Law. Thirty-five rooms have been specially allocated for departmental use including rooms for members of the staff and departmental Libraries and Common Rooms for Students. The Departments so accommodated are English, Philosophy, History, Sanskrit and Sanskrit Studies, Persian and Urdu, Arabic and Islamic Studies, Economics and Politics, Mathematics, Commerce, and Law.

The Court-House.

The imposing 'New Government House' of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, which has become the Court House, consists of two parallel two-storied blocks in the classical style connected by parallel covered ways, so as to form a quadrangle, 238 feet by 159 feet enclosing a court-yard. The southern block contains a noble entrance hall and marble staircase, two large reception rooms on the first storey, and a number of small rooms. The large room, which is provided with a gallery, has been used for the Meetings of the Court and has been lent for a certain number of public meetings and reception. It was originally intended that University meetings should be held in this building, but it has been found more convenient and economical to hold the ordinary Council and

Faculty meetings in the Central Building in proximity to the University Offices. The northern block, facing on the Ramna, is not used at present. There are two extensions to the east and west of the northern block. The western extension, separated by an open covered way from the main block, is used for the consulting room, waiting room and dispensary of the Medical Officer, and for isolation wards for infectious diseases of a milder type, pending the erection of a special isolation ward.

Dacca Hall.

The Hall is a two-storied building of red brick and is arranged in the form of a quadrangle, 225 feet by 194 feet. It accommodates about 160 students and contains houses for two house-tutors on either side of the main gate. Most of the students live in three-bedded rooms, but there are twenty-four cubicles. All the rooms are light and airy.

The corporate activities of the students centre round 'The Students' Union' of which the executive authority is a Council with the Provost as President, but of which the other members are students elected by the whole body of resident and attached students of the Hall.

The Students' Union exercises direct control over the Common Room, the Library, the Literary and Debating Society and the Social Service League. The Common Room is well furnished with English and Bengali papers and periodicals, as well as with indoor games. The Library is designed for the mental recreation of students and for increasing their general information. It contains over 2,000 volumes, and a fair proportion of these are either English or Bengali works of fiction. The Union holds regular debates, publishes a magazine, and from time to time literary competitions have been arranged. The Social Service League organizes classes for the study of first aid and other forms of Social Service and arranges lectures on social problems. It also conducts a night school. In addition to the above the Hall also possesses Athletic and Dramatic Associations.

The Curzon Hall is used as the Assembly Hall for the Students and a new building named 'Lytton Hall' containing a Common Room, a Library and rooms for administrative purposes has been erected.

All the above activities are in charge of student secretaries.

The Hall possesses an extensive athletic ground, which is situated to the west of the Hall and between the latter and the main University buildings. This provides ample room for a cricket pitch and two football and hockey grounds. There are

also three good tennis courts on the land to the south of the Hall. Further, the University Gymnasium is situated in the Dacca Hall athletic ground, and instruction in Gymnastics is given to the students of the Hall on two days a week by the University Gymnastic Instructor.

Muslim Hall.

The Hall, for the present, is housed in the upper storey of the main University buildings and contains 67 rooms for residence, besides a fine Dining-Room, a Prayer-Room, a Library and a Common-Room. The two House-Tutors live in quarters close to the Hall. Mr. Shahidullah is in charge of the theological instruction given to students of the Hall; every Friday regular lectures are delivered by Tutors of the Hall on subjects connected with Islamic Culture. Koran Classes are held every evening during term.

The Hall Union is the centre of the corporate life of the students. It is managed by a committee consisting of a Vice-President, a Secretary, and a Select Committee of five, all students, elected by the general body of students; and the Provost acts as President. It holds debates every Saturday during term, controls the Common-Room and the Reading-Room and also the indoor games. It organises entertainments and holds meetings, at which distinguished persons are invited to lecture on subjects of general interest.

The playing fields are adjacent to the Hall and the three tennis courts are within the compound of the Hall. There are 2 football and hockey grounds and a cricket pitch is being prepared. Splendid opportunities for games are provided and the athletic club is managed by a representative committee of students and the Tutors of the Hall.

All students dine together at the same time and the Officers and Tutors of the Hall dine frequently with the students. This section is managed by a representative committee of students and tutors. A Social Service League has been organised under the auspices of the Hall Union.

Muhammadan students have very quickly taken advantage of the opportunities and facilities provided by the Muslim Hall; the number of students has increased considerably and the Hall had to be further extended during the last session. Government has been approached for funds to build a new Muslim Hall.

A number of scholarships and stipends are reserved for Muslim students.

The residence of the Provost is only a few minutes distant from the Hall.

A site has been reserved for entirely separate buildings for the Muslim Hall.

Jagannath Hall.

Before the University came into being the Government of Bengal developed and nearly completed a scheme for the buildings of the Jagannath Hall. The scheme includes a central building, 244½ feet in length and 77 feet in breadth, three Houses for 100 students each, with kitchens and other out-houses, and residences of the Provost and three House-tutors. The Central Building contains an assembly-hall 71½ ft. by 50 ft., to seat 400 to 500 persons, a common room, 48 ft. by 30 ft., a library, 20 ft. by 30 ft., 14 tuition rooms, each 19 ft. by 10½ ft., one class room, 30 ft. by 20½ ft., one room, 20 ft. by 30 ft., for the teaching staff, and two other rooms for the Provost and his clerical staff. The Houses for students are two-storied buildings designed in the shape of an E, each being 209 feet by 72 feet. All the buildings have now been completed except one of the Houses for students and two of the residences for House-tutors. Each student has a cubicle, 10 feet by 8 feet, and there is a common room for every 50 students.

The entire social life of the Hall is finally controlled by the Hall Union Committee. The chief divisions of the Union are the Literary Union, Athletic Club, Dramatic Society, the Common Room Committee and the Social Service League.

There are splendid opportunities for games in the Hall. The cricket pitch, 2 football and hockey grounds and five tennis courts are all provided within the compound of the Hall and there is room for more play-grounds to be provided, if required. The Athletic Club of the Hall provides the following games: cricket, football, hockey, tennis, badminton. The Club is managed by a representative Committee of students.

The Hall has a Literary Union which holds fortnightly debates and occasional meetings at which papers are read by the students and sometimes by teachers and distinguished visitors.

There is also a Dramatic and Musical Society.

The common room of the Hall is managed by a students' committee. The common room provides a good selection of papers and magazines and also indoor games. The Jagannath Hall Library has now been equipped with a fairly large representative collection of books for leisure reading and includes many important works in English, Bengali and con-

tinental literature besides more or less popular works on Science, History, Philosophy, Religion, Economics, Politics, Social Service, etc. The Library is very largely used by the students of the Hall.

The Social Service League of this Hall gives the students a training in Social Service work. Besides rendering assistance on special occasions like the floods or the Mela at Langalband, the League has undertaken a systematic study of social conditions of adjoining villages and is at present running two free night schools and a day school.

The Secretaries and committees of the various sections are responsible to the general body of students whom they have to meet in meetings of the Literary Union where the conduct of these bodies can be discussed.

The Curzon Hall (Convocation Hall).

The main block of the old Dacca College includes the Curzon Hall, the new Physical Laboratories and the University Club. It is a fine two-storied building in red brick constructed in Saracenic style, 322 feet long and 109 feet in depth. The Curzon Hall, which was the Assembly Hall of Dacca College and is in the middle of the building, is used as the Convocation Hall and for public lectures and ceremonies. It is a beautiful hall, 110 feet by 60 feet, in the Saracenic style with two galleries. The greater part of the remainder of the building has been converted into the Physics Laboratory of the University. Two rooms on the first floor are at present occupied by the University Club. For further details of the Physics Laboratory, see below.

The Gymnasium.

The Gymnasium is a tile-roofed building, about 68½ feet by 48 feet, with a brick floor and corrugated iron walls up to a height of about eight feet, so constructed as to allow free circulation of air both above and below the walls. It is situated in the Dacca Hall playing-fields.

Playing-fields.

Each Hall is at present provided with two playing-fields close to it. These fields are used as foot-ball, hockey and cricket grounds at the suitable seasons. Tennis courts have also been provided for each Hall. A site has been reserved for a University Athletic and cricket ground, and at a comparatively small expense a number of additional foot-ball grounds could be provided on the University estate.

Residences.

There are on the University site a number of houses built for the accommodation of officers of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Government most of which have been made available for the University. While some of these are suitable as residences for the teaching and administrative staff, others need some modifications and extensions to suit the needs of Indian residents. There is no lack of suitable sites but little can be done to provide further residences until the cost of building falls nearer to pre-war level. It is desirable that all the members of the staff should live near the Ramna.

VIII.—THE LIBRARIES.

The nucleus of the present main library consists of collections of about 18,000 books from the library of the Dacca College, and of 1,600 from the Dacca Law College, both carefully chosen. The total number of books in the Library is about 40,000. The total estimated expenditure on the additions since the foundation of the University is about Rs. 1,75,000. The number of scientific and learned periodicals, an essential feature of a University Library, has been very largely increased, and in all cases the University is aiming at completing the series of back numbers. A complete shelf-list of the books was made in 1924. An author-list of books has been prepared in Ms., is being kept up-to-date, and will be printed as soon as the rate of new acquisitions descends to the normal level. Meanwhile four cataloguers are constantly engaged in the work of making a scientific catalogue on cards.

The Library also contains a valuable collection of Sanskrit and Bengali Manuscripts numbering about 1,250.

Each department of study has its own library for the use of Honours and M.A. students. The books in these Departmental libraries form part of the University Library and are included in the card catalogue, but they are under the control of the Heads of the various departments and consist mainly of the advanced text-books in the subjects of the departments and standard works which all students should study but which are too expensive for them to buy. There is a Poor Students' Section of the General Library which is open for the use of poor students, under special regulations.

A special room in the Physics Laboratory, about 50 feet long and 36 feet broad, has been fitted up as a Science Library and Reading Room. The Library is specially well equipped with current periodicals which are at the disposal of the workers

in the Physics and Chemistry laboratories. The main Library is open from 7-30 a.m. to 4-30 p.m. each day in term time. Teachers, officers, students, registered graduates, and in exceptional cases, other persons, may use the University Library. Each Hall is provided with a special library for its own students.

IX.—THE PHYSICAL LABORATORIES.

The Physics Department of the University is accommodated in the buildings which formerly belonged to the Dacca College. Alterations have been made in order to fit them for the peculiar needs of a Physical Laboratory with the result that at present the University has a well-equipped and large building suited for both elementary and advanced work. The rooms have a total area of 13,500 square feet, excluding verandahs and passages. All the elementary work is done in six rooms in the eastern part of the building on the ground floor and the advanced work in the western half of the building. Sixty elementary students can be accommodated at the same time. In the part of the building where the advanced work is done the system of a large number of small rooms has been adopted so as to allow of students doing research work having as much privacy as possible. The laboratory is well stocked with apparatus for both elementary and advanced work and probably is as well equipped as any Physics laboratory in India. Every room has gas and water supply and electric fittings and on the advanced side of the laboratory each room is fitted with a high-pressure current supply in addition to the normal supply from the main. This high-pressure current is generated either in the motor house attached to the laboratory, or, when steady voltage is required, from large-capacity storage cells kept in a separate room.

Provision has been made for instruction in wireless telegraphy.

A metal workshop and a wood workshop have been equipped. A special mechanic and an assistant have been engaged to avoid the expense and the loss of time involved in sending apparatus to Europe for repair. A glass-blower has also been engaged to do the necessary glass-blowing work for both the Chemistry and the Physics departments, and, in addition, to give instruction, when required, to students.

The Science Library, at first accommodated in one of the rooms on the ground floor of the eastern wing not sufficiently large for the somewhat extensive literature which is in process of being collected, has now been removed to a room, recently adapted for the purpose. All the more important periodicals,

French, German and English, are being taken and both students and staff have thus opportunities of keeping in touch with the most recent developments of the subject.

There is some room in the building for further expansion when required and it is hoped that in the near future developments on the technical side will take place.

X.—THE CHEMICAL LABORATORIES.

The Chemistry Department of the University is located in a separate two-storied red brick building, 153 feet by 63 feet. The total floor space is 13,000 square feet. There are two lecture-rooms on the first floor, one accommodating 100 students, the other for smaller classes; and there are 21 other rooms and laboratories for Physical, Inorganic, Organic and Analytical Chemistry, including a number of rooms specially intended for research work. The laboratory is provided with an up-to-date equipment. Ample facilities are provided for laboratory work up to the M.Sc. Standard in Physical, Organic and Inorganic Chemistry. M.Sc. students are encouraged, if they are found capable, to submit a dissertation in lieu of a part of the Examination for the M.Sc. degree.

The B.Sc. Honours school of Chemistry comprises a three years' course of work in Physical, Inorganic, Organic and Analytical Chemistry. Special arrangements have been made to give the students a thorough training in commercial analytical methods, so that students after receiving their B.Sc. degree may start analytical laboratories of their own, or may be readily absorbed in the various industrial concerns now springing up all over India. Provision is also being made for instruction in electro-chemistry including electro-plating.

A precision workshop and a glass-blower's shop are attached to the Chemical and Physical laboratories and senior students are expected to learn the art of glass-blowing. It is hoped in the near future to introduce a course in Chemical Engineering as a part of the Honours B.Sc. degree.

The present laboratories provide normal accommodation for 120 Pass B.Sc. students, 80 Honours B.Sc. students and 25 M.Sc. and Research students. The pressure on the laboratories has been so great that they have been opened in the early hours of the morning to provide for the increased numbers.

XI.—THE PSYCHOLOGICAL LABORATORY.

The Psychological Laboratory forms part of the Philosophy Department of the University. B.A. Honours students and

M.A. students taking up Psychology as an optional subject are allowed to carry on practical work themselves while demonstration classes are held for Ordinary B.A. students. A limited number can be allowed facilities for post-graduate research.

The Laboratory is at present located in the Court-House of the University (ground floor). A small Library is attached to the Laboratory, and most of the important periodicals on Psychology are available to the students for advanced study of the subject.

ALMANAC.

JULY—1924.

1	T	
2	W	
3	Th	
4	F	
5	S	
6	S	
7	M	Long vacation ends.
8	T	
9	W	
10	Th	
11	F	
12	S	
13	S	Iduz-Zuha Award of the Pope Memorial Fund Medal. Award of the Abhoy Chandra Das Memorial Prize. Award of the Brennaud Prize. Award of the Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship of Rs. 40/- p.m.
14	M	
15	T	
16	W	
17	Th	
18	F	
19	S	B. I. Examinations (Dacca Syllabus) begin.
20	S	
21	M	Intermediate Examination in Law (Cal. Syllabus) and Final M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations begin.
22	T	
23	W	
24	Th	Intermediate Examination in Law ends. The subject of essay for the Lewis Medal to be fixed.
25	F	
26	S	
27	S	
28	M	Final Examination in Law (Cal. Syllabus) and Practical Examination in M. Sc. Final begin.
29	T	
30	W	
31	Th	Final Examination in Law (Cal. Syllabus) ends.

AUGUST-1924.

1	F	
2	S	Final B. I. Examination (Dacca Syllabus) ends.
3	S	
4	M	
5	T	
6	W	
7	Th	
8	F	
9	S	
10	S	} Muharram.
11	M	
12	T	
13	W	
14	Th	
15	F	1. Award of the University Post-Graduate Scholarships. 2. Award of the Bengal Govt. Post-Graduate Scholarships. 3. Award of the Jack Memorial Settlement Scholarships. 4. Award of Govt. Senior Scholarships on the results of the Islamic Intermediate Examinations. 5. Award of Govt. Graduate Scholarships of Rs. 25/- each for poor but deserving Muhammadans. 6. Award of Special Govt. Graduate Scholarships for depressed and backward class students (value Rs. 40/- p.m.). 7. Award of three Government Special Law Scholarships for Muhammadans and members of backward classes (value Rs. 10/- each per mensem). 8. Award of a Government Senior Special Scholarship of Rs. 15/- p.m. for depressed class students. 9. Award of six Government Special Senior Scholarships of Rs. 10/- each per mensem, for poor but deserving Muhammadans. 10. Award of two Government stipends of Rs. 10/- each p.m. on the results of the Islamic Intermediate Examinations, Dacca Board. 11. Award of Nawab Nawab Ali Stipends. 12. Award of Nawab Ahsanullah Scholarships. 13. Award of 4 stipends of Rs. 5/- each p.m. for Muhammadans by the Government of Bengal. 14. Award of University Post-Graduate Scholarships, renewed for the session 1924-25.
16	S	
17	S	
18	M	
19	T	
20	W	
21	Th	
22	F	
23	S	
24	S	
25	M	
26	T	
27	W	
28	Th	
29	F	
30	S	
31	S	

SEPTEMBER, 1924.

1	M	
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	Th	
12	F	
13	S	
14	S	Award of Prizes of Books to Students placed 1st in the First Class in each branch of M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations.
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	
23	T	
24	W	
25	Th	The Annual Meeting of the Court.
26	F	
27	S	
28	S	Mahalaya. The Pūja Holidays begin.
29	M	
30	T	

OCTOBER—1924.

1	W	
2	Th	
3	F	
4	S	
5	S	
6	M	
7	T	
8	W	
9	Th	
10	F	
11	S	
12	S	
13	M	
14	T	
15	W	
16	Th	
17	F	
18	S	
19	S	
20	M	
21	T	
22	W	
23	Th	
24	F	
25	S	
26	S	
27	M	
28	T	
29	W	The Puja Holidays end.
30	Th	
31	F	

NOVEMBER-1924.

1.	S	
2	S	
3	M	
4	T	
5	W	Jagaddhatri Puja.
6	Th	
7	F	
8	S	
9	S	
10	M	
11	T	
12	W	
13	Th	
14	F	
15	S	
16	S	
17	M	
18	T	
19	W	
20	Th	
21	F	
22	S	
23	S	
24	M	
25	T	
26	W	
27	Th	
28	F	
29	S	
30	S	

DECEMBER—1924.

1	M	
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	Th	
12	F	
13	S	
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	
23	T	
24	W	} Christmas.
25	Th	
26	F	
27	S	
28	S	} Christmas.
29	M	
30	T	
31	W	Last day of the year

ALMANAC.

JANUARY—1925.

1	Th	New Year's Day.
2	F	Latest date of submission of Essay for Lewis Medal.
3	S	
4	S	B.L. Examinations begin.
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	Th	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	Final B.L. Examination (on the Calcutta University Syllabus) begins.
12	M	
13	T	
14	W	
15	Th	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	Adjourned Annual Meeting of the Court for the Session 1924-25.
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	
22	Th	
23	F	
24	S	
25	S	Sreepanchami.
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	
29	Th	
30	F	
31	S	

FEBRUARY—1925.

1	S	
2	M	
3	T	
4	W	
5	Th	
6	F	
7	S	
8	S	
9	M	
10	T	
11	W	
12	Th	
13	F	
14	S	
15	S	
16	M	M.L. Examination begins.
17	T	
18	W	
19	Th	
20	F	
21	S	Sivaratri.
22	S	
23	M	B.A. and B.Sc. Pass and Subsidiary Examinations begin.
24	T	
25	W	
26	Th	B. Com. Examination begins.
27	F	
28	S	M.L. Examination ends.

MARCH—1925.

1	S	
2	M	Recommendation <i>re</i> Khan Bahadur Momen Prize to be received.
3	T	
4	W	
5	Th	B.A. Honours Examination begins.
6	F	Convocation.
7	S	
8	S	
9	M	
10	T	Doljatra.
11	W	B.Sc. Honours Examination begins.
12	Th	
13	F	
14	S	Preliminary M.A. and M. Sc. Examinations begin.
15	S	
16	M	B.T. and I.T. Examinations begin.
17	T	
18	W	
19	Th	
20	F	
21	S	
22	S	
23	M	<i>Dacca University Act</i> received the assent of the Governor-General (1920).
24	T	
25	W	
26	Th	Award of Khan Bahadur Momen Prize.
27	F	
28	S	
29	S	
30	M	
31	T	

APRIL—1925.

1	W	
2	Th	
3	F	
4	S	
5	S	
6	M	
7	T	
8	W	
9	Th	
10	F	
11	S	
12	S	Long vacation begins.
13	M	
14	T	
15	W	
16	Th	
17	F	
18	S	
19	S	
20	M	
21	T	
22	W	
23	Th	
24	F	
25	S	Id-ul-Fitr.
26	S	
27	M	
28	T	
29	W	
30	Th	

MAY—1925.

1	F
2	S
3	S
4	M
5	T
6	W
7	Th
8	F
9	S
10	S
11	M
12	T
13	W
14	Th
15	F
16	S
17	S
18	M
19	T
20	W
21	Th
22	F
23	S
24	S
25	M
26	T
27	W
28	Th
29	F
30	S
31	S

JUNE-1925.

1	M	
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	Th	
12	F	
13	S	
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	
23	T	
24	W	
25	Th	
26	F	
27	S	
28	S	
29	M	
30	T	

ALMANAC

JULY—1925.

1	W	
2	Th	
3	F	
4	S	
5	S	Long vacation ends.
6	M	Final M.A., M.Sc. and B.L. Examinations begin.
7	T	
8	W	
9	Th	
10	F	
11	S	
12	S	
13	M	M.A. Examinations end.
14	T	
15	W	
16	Th	M. Sc. Examination ends.
17	F	
18	S	
19	S	
20	M	B.L. Examinations end.
21	T	
22	W	
23	Th	
24	F	
25	S	
26	S	
27	M	
28	T	
29	W	
30	Th	} Muharram.
31	F	

AUGUST—1925.

1	S	
2	S	
3	M	
4	T	
5	W	
6	Th	
7	F	
8	S	
9	S	
10	M	
11	T	Janmastami
12	W	Special Senior Scholarship of Rs. 15/- awarded by the D.P.I. Assam.
13	Th	
14	F	Post Graduate Scholarships of the value of Rs. 32/- awarded by the University for one year and Post Graduate Scholarships of the value of Rs. 40/- awarded by the Government. Abhoy Chandra Das Memorial Prize of Books worth Rs. 80/- awarded. Prize of the value of Rs. 100/- each awarded on the results of the M.A. and M. Sc. Examinations of the Dacca University held in 1925.
15	S	
16	S	
17	M	
18	T	
19	W	
20	Th	
21	F	
22	S	
23	S	
24	M	
25	T	
26	W	
27	Th	Government Research Scholarships of the value of Rs. 100/- a month renewed for 1925-26.
28	F	
29	S	
30	S	
31	M	

SEPTEMBER—1925.

1	T	
2	W	
3	Th	
4	F	
5	S	
6	S	
7	M	
8	T	
9	W	
10	Th	
11	F	} Special Meeting of the Court.
12	S	
13	S	
14	M	
15	T	(1) Entrance Scholarships of Rs. 20/- awarded by the Dacca University. (2) Sir Ahsanullah stipends awarded. (3) Nawab Nawab Ali Stipends awarded. (4) 4 Government Stipends of Rs. 5/- for two years for Muslim Hall Students. (5) Entrance Stipend awarded to the Hall Students by the University.
16	W	Mahalaya.
17	Th	Puja Holidays begin.
18	F	
19	S	
20	S	
21	M	
22	T	
23	W	
24	Th	
25	F	
26	S	
27	S	
28	M	
29	T	
30	W	

OCTOBER—1925.

1	Th	
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	Th	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	
12	M	
13	T	
14	W	
15	Th	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	
19	M	Puja Holidays end
20	T	
21	W	
22	Th	
23	F	
24	S	
25	S	
26	M	} Jagadhatripuja
27	T	
28	W	
29	Th	
30	F	
31	S	

NOVEMBER—1925.

1	S	
2	M	
3	T	
4	W	
5	Th	
6	F	
7	S	
8	S	
9	M	
10	T	
11	W	
12	Th	
13	F	Special Scholarship for Muhammadans of the value of Rs. 10/- for two years awarded by the Asst. D.P.I. for Muhammadan Education, Bengal.
14	S	
15	S	
16	M	
17	T	
18	W	
19	Th	
20	F	
21	S	
22	S	
23	M	
24	T	
25	W	} Annual Meeting of the Court for the Session 1925-26.
26	Th	
27	F	
28	S	Special Govt. Law Scholarships awarded by D.P.I., Bengal.
29	S	
30	M	

DECEMBER—1925.

1	T	University Popular Lecture delivered by Mr. Sukumar Guha, B. L., on "The Permanent Settlement."
2	W	
3	Th	
4	F	
5	S	
6	S	University Popular Lecture delivered by Prof. G. H. Langley, M. A., on "The making of Western Civilization."
7	M	
8	T	
9	W	
10	Th	
11	F	
12	S	Jack Memorial Settlement Scholarship of Rs. 90/- awarded. University Popular Lecture delivered by Mr. M. Islam Borrah, M. A., on "The Influence of Persia on Islam."
13	S	
14	M	
15	T	
16	W	
17	Th	
18	F	
19	S	Christmas Holidays.
20	S	
21	M	
22	T	
23	W	
24	Th	
25	F	
26	S	
27	S	Last day of the year.
28	M	
29	T	
30	W	
31	Th	

ALMANAC

JANUARY—1926.

1	F	New Year's Day.
2	S	
3	S	Christmas Holidays end.
4	M	State Scholarship in Arabic of the value of £ 300 tenable in England for three years from October 1926, awarded by the D.P.I.
5	T	
6	W	3 Special Govt. Law Scholarships for Muhammadan and backward class students awarded by D.P.I.
7	Th	
8	F	
9	S	
10	S	
11	M	B.L. Examinations begin.
12	T	
13	W	
14	Th	Paus Sankranti.
15	F	University Popular Lectures delivered by Dr. J. K. Chowdhury M.A., Ph.D., on "Artificial Silk."
16	S	
17	S	
18	M	Sreepanchangi.
19	T	
20	W	
21	Th	
22	F	University Popular Lectures delivered by Dr. A. Siddiqi, M.A., Ph.D., on "Mani, the Reformer of Ancient Persia."
23	S	
24	S	
25	M	
26	T	
27	W	
28	Th	B. L. Examinations end.
29	F	
30	S	
31	S	

FEBRUARY—1926.

1	M	
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	University Popular Lecture delivered by Mr. D. C. Datta, M.A., on "The State in relation to Industry."
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	Lecture delivered on "The meaning of Arts" by Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore.
11	Th	Sivaratri. Lecture delivered by Dr. Formichi.
12	F	Lecture delivered by Dr. Tucci.
13	S	Lecture delivered by Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore.
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	University Popular Lecture delivered by Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., on "Lamps (with experiments)."
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	B. A. Examination (Pass) begins.
23	T	
24	W	B. Sc. (Pass) Examination begins.
25	Th	B. Com. Examination begins.
26	F	University Popular Lectures delivered by Mr. Abul Hussain, M.A., "on Some aspects of Saracenic Commerce and Industry."
27	S	Dolejatra.
28	S	Shabibarat.

MARCH—1926.

1	M	
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	B.T. and I.T. Examinations begin.
9	T	B.A. and B.Sc. Hon. Examinations begin.
10	W	
11	Th	
12	F	University Popular Lectures delivered by Mr. M. Hasan, M. A., on "Rudyard Kipling."
13	S	
14	S	
15	M	Preliminary M.A. Examination begins.
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	B. Sc (Pass) Practical Examination begins.
19	F	University Popular Lectures delivered by Mr. A. K. Dutta Gupta, M.A., B.L., on "The Recognition of Human worth in Criminal Law."
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	B. Sc. Hons. (Practical) Examination begins.
23	T	
24	W	
25	Th	Preliminary M.Sc. Examination begins.
26	F	University Popular Lectures delivered by Mr. G. P. Bhattacharyya, M.A., on "Kalidasa and Bhavabhuti."
27	S	
28	S	
29	M	
30	T	
31	W	Special Meeting of the Court.

APRIL--1926.

1	Th	
2	F	Good Friday. University Popular Lectures delivered by Dr. S. K. De, M.A., D. Lit., on "Sanskrit Studies in Europe."
3	S	
4	S	
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	Th	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	Long vacation begins.
12	M	
13	T	Chaitrasankranti.
14	W	Bengali New Year's Day.
15	Th	
16	F	Id-ul-Fitr.
17	S	
18	S	
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	
22	Th	
23	F	
24	S	
25	S	
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	
29	Th	
30	F	

MAY-1926.

2	S	
3	M	
4	T	
5	W	
6	Th	
7	F	
8	S	
9	S	
10	M	
11	T	
12	W	
13	Th	
14	F	
15	S	
16	S	
17	M	
18	T	
19	W	
20	Th	
21	F	
22	S	
23	S	
24	M	
25	T	
26	W	
27	Th	
28	F	
29	S	
30	S	
31	M	

- 1924 Girish Chandra Nag, Esq., B.A. (from November 3, 1924 to December 31, 1925).
- 1926 Rai Sasanka Comar Ghose Bahadur, B.L. (from January 1, 1926).

DEANS.

Faculty of Arts.

- 1921 Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D. (up to January 5, 1925).
- 1925 Dr. N. M. Basu, D.Sc. (from January 6, 1925).

Faculty of Science.

- 1921 Prof. W. A. Jenkins, M.Sc., I.E.S. (up to June 30, 1923).
- 1923 Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc. (from July 1, 1923).

Faculty of Law.

- 1921 Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L. (up to July 7, 1924 and again from August 30, 1924 to October 29, 1924 and again from May 1, 1926).
- 1924 J. N. Das Gupta, Esq., M.A., M.L. (Acting). (from July 8, 1924 to August 29, 1924 and again from October 30, 1924 to April 30, 1926).

PROVOSTS.

Dacca Hall.

- 1921 F. C. Turner, Esq., M.A., I.E.S. (up to June 30, 1922).
- 1922 Prof. G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S. (from July 1, 1922 to July 7, 1924 and again from September 2 to December 31, 1925).
- 1924 Prof. W. A. Jenkins, M.Sc., I.E.S. (from July 8, 1924 to September 1, 1925).
- 1926 Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc. (from January 1, 1926).

Jagannath Hall.

- 1921 Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L.
 1924 Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D. (from August
 4, 1924).

Muslim Hall.

- 1921 A. F. Rahman, Esq., B.A. (Oxon.).

REGISTRAR.

- 1921 Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmad, M.A.

LIBRARIAN.

- 1921 F. C. Turner, Esq., M.A., I.E.S. (up to June 30,
 1922).
 1922 Fakhruddin Ahmad, Esq., M.A. (Acting).
 1923 Fakhruddin Ahmad, Esq., M.A.

REPRESENTATIVE ON THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

- 1924 A. F. Rahman, Esq., B.A. (Oxon.).

UNIVERSITY OF DACCA

HONORARY DEGREES.

Doctor of Law.

- | | |
|------|---|
| 1922 | His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lawrence John
Lumley Dundas, Earl of Ronaldshay, G.C.I.E. |
| 1925 | P. J. Hartog, C.I.E., M.A., B.Sc. |

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DACCĀ UNIVERSITY ACT, 1920.

(XVIII OF 1920.)

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Act No. XVIII of 1920.

(As amended by the Repealing and Amending Act
No. XXXI of 1920).*

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.]
(Received the assent of the Governor-General on the
23rd March, 1920.)

An Act to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca.

Whereas it is expedient to establish and incorporate a unitary teaching and residential University at Dacca; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Dacca Uni- Short title
versity Act, 1920. and com-
men-
cemen-

(2) It shall, save as otherwise expressly provided herein, come into force on such date as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, direct.

2. In this Act, and in all Statutes made here- Definitions.
under, unless there is anything repugnant in the
subject or context,—

- (a) "Hall" means a unit of residence for students of the University provided or maintained by the University;
- (b) "Hostel" means a unit of residence for students of the University provided otherwise than by the University, and not maintained by the University but approved and licensed by the University in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
- (c) "Local Government" means the Governor of Bengal in Council;
- (d) "Provost" means the head of a Hall;

*The only sections of the Dacca University Act amended by the Repealing and Amending Act of 1920 are sections 45 and 46.

- (e) "Registered graduates" means graduates registered under the provisions of this Act;
- (f) "Statutes," "Ordinances" and "Regulations" mean, respectively, the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations of the University for the time being in force;
- (g) "Teachers" includes Professors, Readers and Lecturers;
- (h) "University" means the University of Dacca, and
- (i) "Warden" means the head of a Hostel.

The University.

The University.

3. (1) The first Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor of the University and the first members of the Court, the Executive Council and the Academic Council and all persons who may hereafter become such officers or members, so long as they continue to hold such office or membership, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of the University of Dacca.

(2) The University shall have perpetual succession and a Common Seal, and shall sue and be sued by the said name.

Powers of the University.

4. The University shall have the following powers, namely:—

(1) to provide for instruction in such branches of learning as the University may think fit, and to make provision for research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge,

(2) to hold examinations and to grant and confer degrees and other academic distinctions to and on persons who—

(a) shall have pursued a course of study in the University, or

(b) are teachers in educational institutions, under conditions laid down in the Ordinances and Regulations, and shall have passed the examinations of the University, under like conditions,

(3) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions on approved persons in the manner laid down in the Statutes,

(4) to grant such diplomas to and to provide such lectures and instruction for persons, not being members of the University, as the University may determine,

(5) to co-operate with other Universities and authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine,

(6) to institute Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships and any other teaching posts required by the University, and to appoint persons to such Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships and posts,

(7) to institute and award Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes in accordance with the Statutes and the Regulations,

(8) to institute and maintain Halls for the residence of students of the University, and to approve and license Hostels maintained by other persons for the residence of such students,

(9) to demand and receive such fees as may be prescribed in the Ordinances,

(10) to supervise and control the residence and discipline of students of the University, and to make arrangements for promoting their health, and

(11) to do all such other acts and things, whether incidental to the powers aforesaid, or not, as may be requisite in order to further the objects of the University as a teaching and examining body, and to cultivate and promote arts, science and other branches of learning.

5. The University shall be open to all persons of either sex and of whatever race, creed or class and it shall not be lawful for the University to adopt or impose on any person any test whatsoever of religious belief or profession in order to entitle him to be admitted thereto as a teacher or student, or to hold any office therein, or to graduate thereat, or to enjoy or exercise any privilege thereof, except where such test is specially prescribed by the Statutes, or, in respect of any particular benefaction accepted by the University where such test is made a condition thereof, by any testamentary or other instrument creating such benefaction: University open to all classes, castes and creeds.

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent religious instruction being given in the manner prescribed by the Ordinances, to those not unwilling to receive it by persons (whether teachers of the University or not) approved for that purpose by the Executive Council.

Teaching of
the Univer-
sity.

6. (1) All recognised teaching in connection with the University courses shall be conducted by the University, and shall include lecturing, laboratory work and other teaching conducted in the University by the Professors, Readers, Lecturers and other teachers thereof in accordance with any syllabus prescribed by the Regulations.

(2) The authorities responsible for organising such teaching shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The courses and curricula shall be prescribed by the Ordinances and the Regulations.

(4) Recognised teaching shall be supplemented by tutorial instruction given in the University or under the control of the University, in Halls and Hostels.

(5) It shall not be lawful for the University to conduct courses or maintain classes for the purpose of preparing students for admission to the University.

The Visitor.

The Visitor.

7. (1) The Governor-General shall be the Visitor of the University.

(2) The Visitor shall have the right to cause an inspection to be made by such person or persons as he may direct of the University, its buildings, laboratories, equipment, and of any institutions associated with the University, and also of the examinations, teaching and other work conducted or done by the University, and to cause an inquiry to be made in like manner in respect of any matter connected with the University. The Visitor shall in every case give notice to the University of his intention to cause an inspection or inquiry to be made, and the University shall be entitled to be represented thereat.

(3) The Visitor may address the Chancellor with reference to the results of such inspection or inquiry, and the Chancellor shall communicate to

the Executive Council the views of the Visitor and shall, after ascertaining, if he so thinks fit, the opinion of the Executive Council thereon, advise the University upon the action to be taken thereon.

(4) The Executive Council shall report to the Chancellor for communication to the Visitor such action, if any, as it is proposed to take or has been taken upon the results of such inspection or inquiry.

(5) Where the Executive Council does not, within a reasonable time, take action to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, the Chancellor may, after considering any explanation furnished or representation made by the Executive Council, issue such directions as he may think fit, and the Executive Council shall comply with such directions.

Officers of the University.

8. The following shall be the officers of the University: -- Officers of
the Unive
sity.

- (I) The Chancellor,
- (II) The Vice-Chancellor,
- (III) The Treasurer,
- (IV) The Provosts,
- (V) The Registrar,
- (VI) The Deans of the Faculties, and
- (VII) Such other officers as may be declared by the Statutes to be officers of the University.

9. (1) The Chancellor shall be the Governor of Bengal. He shall by virtue of his office be the head of the University and the President of the Court and shall when present preside at meetings of the Court and at any Convocation of the University.

(2) The Chancellor shall have such powers as may be conferred on him by this Act or the Statutes.

(3) Every proposal for the conferment of an honorary degree shall be subject to the confirmation of the Chancellor.

(4) The Chancellor shall, where committees of selection for Professorships and Readerships are constituted in British India, appoint in the manner prescribed by the Statutes one or more members of every such committee.

The Vice-Chancellor.

10. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed by the Chancellor after consideration of the recommendations of the Executive Council, and shall hold office for such term and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Vice-Chancellor occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Executive Council shall forthwith report the same to the Chancellor, who shall make such arrangements for carrying on the office of the Vice-Chancellor as he may think fit.

Powers and duties of the Vice-Chancellor.

11. (1) The Vice-Chancellor shall be a whole-time officer of the University. He shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the University, and shall, in the absence of the Chancellor, preside at meetings of the Court and at any Convocation of the University. He shall be an ex-officio member and Chairman of the Executive Council and of the Academic Council, and shall be entitled to be present and to speak at any meeting of any authority or other body of the University, but shall not be entitled to vote thereat, unless he is a member of the authority or body concerned.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Vice-Chancellor to see that this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances are faithfully observed, and he shall have all powers necessary for this purpose.

(3) The Vice-Chancellor shall have power to convene meetings of the Court, the Executive Council and the Academic Council.

(4) In any emergency which, in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, requires that immediate action should be taken, the Vice-Chancellor shall take such action as he deems necessary, and shall within seven days thereafter report his action to the officer, authority or other body who or which in the ordinary course would have dealt with the matter.

(5) The Vice-Chancellor shall give effect to the orders of the Executive Council regarding the appointment, dismissal and suspension of the officers and teachers of the University, and shall exercise general control over the members of the University. He shall be responsible for the discipline of the

University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(6) The Vice-Chancellor shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

12. (1) The Treasurer shall be appointed by the Chancellor upon such conditions and for such period, and shall receive such remuneration (if any) from the funds of the University, as the Chancellor shall deem fit.

(2) Where any temporary vacancy in the office of the Treasurer occurs by reason of leave, illness or other cause, the Executive Council shall forthwith report the same to the Chancellor, who shall make such arrangements for carrying on the office of the Treasurer as he may think fit.

(3) The Treasurer shall exercise general supervision over the funds of the University, and shall advise in regard to its financial policy.

(4) He shall be an *ex-officio* member of the Executive Council, and shall, subject to the control of the Executive Council, manage the property and investments of the University. He shall be responsible for the presentation of the annual estimates and statement of accounts.

(5) Subject to the powers of the Executive Council, he shall be responsible for seeing that all monies are expended on the purpose for which they are granted or allotted.

(6) All contracts shall be signed by the Treasurer on behalf of the University.

(7) He shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

13. The Registrar shall act as Secretary of the Court and the Executive Council. He shall maintain a register of registered graduates in accordance with the Statutes, and shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

14. The powers of officers of the University other than the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor, the Treasurer and the Registrar, shall be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

Authorities
of the Uni-
versity.

15. The following shall be the authorities of the University :—

- I. The Court,
- II. The Executive Council,
- III. The Academic Council,
- IV. The Faculties, and
- V. Such other authorities as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University.

The Court.

16. (1) The Court shall consist of the following persons, namely :—

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Chancellor,
- (ii) The Vice-Chancellor,
- (iii) The Treasurer,
- (iv) The Registrar,
- (v) The Provosts and Wardens,
- (vi) The Professors and Readers, and
- (vii) such other *ex-officio* members as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Class II.—Other members.

- (viii) Graduates of the University elected by the registered graduates from among their own body,
- (ix) five Lecturers elected by the teachers of the University,
- (x) persons appointed by the Chancellor,
- (xi) persons appointed by the Chief-Commissioner of Assam, whose number shall be determined by the Chancellor,
- (xii) ten persons appointed by associations or other bodies approved in this behalf by the Chancellor, and
- (xiii) persons (if any) appointed by the Chancellor to be life-members on the ground that they have rendered great services to education or have made substantial donations to the University.

(2) The number of members to be elected or appointed under clauses (viii) and (x) and the tenure of office of members to be elected or appointed under

clauses (vii), (x), (xi) a sub-section (1) shall be prescribed by the Ordinances, and the manner of voting for the election of members to be elected under clauses (viii) and (ix) of sub-section (1) shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

17. (1) The Court shall, on a date to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor, meet once a year at a meeting to be called the annual meeting of the Court.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon a requisition in writing signed by not less than thirty members of the Court, convene a special meeting of the Court.

18. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Court shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties namely:—

- (a) of making Statutes, and of amending or repealing the same,
- (b) of considering and cancelling Ordinances, and
- (c) of considering and passing resolutions on the annual report, the annual accounts and the financial estimates,

and shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by this Act or the Statutes.

19. The Executive Council shall be the executive body of the University, and its constitution and the terms of office of its members, other than *ex-officio* members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

20. The Executive Council—

- (a) shall hold, control and administer the property and funds of the University, and for these purposes shall appoint from among its own members a Finance Committee to advise it on matters of finance. The Treasurer shall be Chairman of the Finance Committee, and at least one member of the Committee shall be a member elected to the Executive Council by the Court;
- (b) shall direct the form, custody and use of the Common Seal of the University;

- (c) shall, 'subject to the powers conferred by this Act on the Vice-Chancellor, regulate and determine all matters concerning the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances :

Provided that no action shall be taken by the Executive Council in respect of the fees paid to examiners and the emoluments of teachers otherwise than 'on the recommendation of the Academic Council;

- (d) shall lay before the Local Government annually a full statement of all the requests received by it for financial assistance from any institution associated with the University, together with its views thereon;
- (e) shall administer any funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purposes;
- (f) save as otherwise provided by this Act or the Statutes, shall appoint the officers (other than the Chancellor, the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer), teachers, clerical staff and servants of the University, and shall define their duties and the conditions of their service, and shall provide for the filling of temporary vacancies in their posts;
- (g) shall have power to accept transfers of any moveable or immoveable property on behalf of the University;
- (h) shall publish the results of the University examinations;
- (i) shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed on it by this Act or the Statutes; and
- (j) shall exercise all other powers of the University not otherwise provided for by this Act or the Statutes.

The
Academic
Council.

21. The Academic Council shall be the academic body of the University, and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes and the

Ordinances, have the control and general regulation, and be responsible for the maintenance of standards of instruction, education and examination within the University, and shall exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by the Statutes. It shall have the right to advise the Executive Council on all academic matters. The constitution of the Academic Council and the term of office of its members, other than *ex-officio* members, shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

22. (1) The University shall include the Faculties of Arts, Science, Law, Medicine and Agriculture, and such other Faculties (whether formed by the sub-division or combination of an existing Faculty or Faculties, or by the creation of a new Faculty or otherwise) as may be prescribed by the Statutes. Each Faculty shall, subject to the control of the Academic Council, have charge of the teaching and the courses of study and the research work in such subjects as may be assigned to such Faculty by the Ordinances. The Faculties.

(2) The constitution and powers of the Faculties shall be prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) There shall be a Dean of each Faculty, who shall be elected in the manner laid down in subsection (6); and shall be responsible for the due observance of the Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations relating to the Faculty.

(4) Each Faculty shall comprise such Departments of teaching as may be prescribed by the Ordinances. The head of every such Department shall be the Professor of the Department or, if there is no Professor, the Reader. If there is more than one Professor or more than one Reader of a Department as the case may be, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint such Professor or Reader to be head of the Department as he thinks fit. The head of the Department shall be responsible to the Dean for the organisation of the teaching in that Department.

(5) The Ordinances shall provide for Departments of Oriental Studies (including Departments of Islamic and Sanskrit studies) in the Faculty of Arts in which the same degrees shall be conferred as in the other Departments of that faculty.

(6) The Dean of a Faculty shall be elected by the Faculty from among the heads of Departments of the Faculty. The Dean shall receive in respect of his duties as Dean such additional remuneration (if any) as shall be fixed by the Executive Council, and shall hold office as Dean for such term as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Other
authorities
of the
University.

23. The constitution, powers and duties of such other authorities as may be declared by the Statutes to be authorities of the University shall be provided for in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

University Boards.

Boards.

24. The University shall include a Residence, Health and Discipline Board and such other Boards as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Constitution
etc. of
Boards
to be pre-
scribed by
ordinances.

25. The constitution, powers and duties of the Residence, Health and Discipline Board and of all other Boards of the University shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations.

Statutes.

26. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Statutes may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely :—

- (a) the conferment of honorary degrees;
- (b) the institution of Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibition and Prizes;
- (c) the term of office and conditions of service of the Vice-Chancellor;
- (d) the designations and powers of the officers of the University;
- (e) the constitution, powers and duties of the Court, the Executive Council, the Academic Council and the Faculties;
- (f) the institution and maintenance of Halls and the management of Hostels;
- (g) the mode of appointment of the Professors and Readers of the University;
- (h) the constitution of a pension or provident fund for the benefit of the officers, teachers, clerical staff and servants of the University;

(i) the maintenance of a register of registered graduates; and

(j) all matters which by this Act are to be or may be prescribed by the Statutes.

27. (1) The first Statutes shall be those set out in the Schedule. Statutes
how made

(2) The Statutes may be amended, repealed or added to by Statutes made by the Court in the manner hereinafter appearing.

(3) The Executive Council may propose to the Court the draft of any Statute, to be passed by the Court. Such draft shall be considered by the Court at its next meeting. The Court may approve such draft and pass the Statute, or may reject it or return it to the Executive Council for re-consideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments which the Court may suggest.

(4) Where any Statute has been passed or a draft of a Statute has been rejected by the Court, it shall be submitted to the Chancellor, who may refer the Statute or draft back to the Court for further consideration or, in the case of a Statute passed by the Court, assent thereto or withhold his assent. A Statute passed by the Court shall have no validity until it has been assented to by the Chancellor.

(5) The Executive Council shall not propose the draft of any Statute affecting the status, powers or constitution of any authority of the University until such authority has been given an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the proposal. Any opinion so expressed shall be in writing and shall be considered by the Court, and shall be submitted to the Chancellor.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, no Statute shall be made affecting the proportion or method of Muhammadan representation on the Court, the Executive Council, or the Academic Council, save with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council.

28. Subject to the provisions of this Act and Ordinances, the Statutes, the Ordinances may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the course of study to be laid down for

all degrees and diplomas of the University;

- (b) the conditions under which students shall be admitted to the degree or diploma courses and to the examinations of the University, and shall be eligible for degrees and diplomas;
- (c) the admission of students to the University;
- (d) the conditions of residence of the students of the University, the levying of fees for residence in Halls, and the licensing of Hostels;
- (e) the fees to be charged for courses of study in the University and for admission to the examinations, degrees, and diplomas of the University;
- (f) the giving of religious instruction;
- (g) the formation of Departments of teaching in the faculties;
- (h) the constitution, powers and duties of the Boards of the University;
- (i) the conduct of examinations; and
- (j) all matters which by this Act or the Statutes are to be or may be provided for by the Ordinances.

Ordinances
how made. 29. (1) Save as otherwise provided in this section, Ordinances shall be made by the Executive Council;

Provided that no Ordinance shall be made—

- (a) affecting the admission of students, or prescribing examinations to be recognised as equivalent to the University examinations or the further qualifications mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 34 for admission to the degree courses of the University, unless a draft of the same has been proposed by the Academic Council, or
- (b) affecting the conduct or standard of examinations or any course of study except in accordance with a proposal of the

Faculty or Faculties concerned and unless a draft of such Ordinance has been proposed by the Academic Council, or

(c) affecting the conditions of residence of students, except after consultation with the Residence, Health and Discipline Board.

(2) The Executive Council shall not have power to amend any draft proposed by the Academic Council under sub-section (1), but may reject it or return it to the Academic Council for re-consideration, either in whole or in part, together with any amendments which the Executive Council may suggest.

(3) All Ordinances made by the Executive Council shall be submitted, as soon as may be, to the Chancellor and the Court, and shall be considered by the Court at its next meeting. The Court shall have power, by a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members voting, to cancel any Ordinance made by the Executive Council, and such Ordinance shall, from the date of such resolution, be void.

(4) The Chancellor may, at any time after any Ordinance has been considered by the Court, signify to the Executive Council his disallowance of such Ordinance, and, from the date of receipt by the Executive Council of intimation of such disallowance, such Ordinance shall become void.

(5) The Chancellor may direct that the operation of any Ordinance shall be suspended until he has had an opportunity of exercising his power of disallowance. An order of suspension under this sub-section shall cease to have effect on the expiration of one month from the date of such order, or on the expiration of fifteen days from the date of consideration of the Ordinance by the Court, whichever period expires later.

(6) Where the Executive Council has rejected the draft of an Ordinance proposed by the Academic Council, the Academic Council may appeal to the Chancellor, who may, if he approves the draft, make the Ordinance. An Ordinance made under this sub-section shall cease to have effect on the expiry of six months from the making thereof.

Regulations.

30. (1) The authorities and the Boards of the University may make Regulations consistent with this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances—

- (a) laying down the procedure to be observed at their meetings and the number of members required to form a quorum;
- (b) providing for all matters which by this Act, the Statutes or the Ordinances are to be prescribed by Regulations; and
- (c) providing for all other matters solely concerning such authorities and Boards and not provided for by this Act, the Statutes and the Ordinances.

(2) Every authority of the University shall make Regulations providing for the giving of notice to the members of such authority of the dates of meetings and of the business to be considered at meetings, and for the keeping of a record of the proceedings of meetings.

(3) The Executive Council may direct the amendment, in such manner as it may specify, of any Regulation made under this section or the annulment of any Regulation made under sub-section (1):

Provided that any authority or Board of the University which is dissatisfied with any such direction may appeal to the Chancellor, whose decision in the matter shall be final.

Résidence, Halls and Hostels. * * *

Residence.

31. Every student of the University shall reside in a Hall or Hostel, or under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes and the Ordinances.

Halls.

32. The Halls of the University shall be—

- (a) the Dacca Hall,
- (b) the Muhammadan Hall,
- (c) the Jagannath Hall, and
- (d) such other Halls as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

Hostels.

33. (1) The Hostels shall be such as may hereafter be approved, and licensed by the Executive Council on such general or special conditions as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(2) The Wardens and superintending staff of Hostels shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by the Statutes.

(3) The conditions of residence in Hostels shall be prescribed by the Ordinances, and every Hostel shall be subject to inspection by any member of the Residence, Health and Discipline Board authorised in this behalf by the Board and by any officer of the University authorised in this behalf by the Executive Council.

(4) The Executive Council shall have power to suspend or withdraw the license of any Hostel which is not conducted in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the Ordinances.

Admission and Examinations.

34. (1) Admission of students to the University shall be made by an admission committee (including at least one Provost and one Warden) appointed for that purpose by the Academic Council. Admission to University courses.

(2) Students shall not be eligible for admission to a course of study for a degree unless they have passed the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University incorporated by any law for the time being in force, or an examination recognised in accordance with the provisions of this section as equivalent thereto, and possess such further qualifications as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(3) The conditions under which students may be admitted to the diploma courses of the University shall be prescribed by the Ordinances.

(4) The University shall not, save with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, recognise (for the purposes of admission to a course of study for a degree), as equivalent to its own degrees, any degree conferred by any other University or, as equivalent to the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University, any examination conducted by any other authority.

35. (1) All arrangements for the conduct of examinations shall be made, and all examiners shall be appointed by the Academic Council in such manner as may be prescribed by this Act and the Ordinances. Examinations.

(2) If during the course of an examination any examiner is for any cause incapable of acting as such, the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint an examiner to fill the vacancy.

(3) At least one examiner who is not a member of the University shall be appointed for each subject included in a Department of teaching and forming part of the course which is required for a University degree.

(4) The Academic Council shall appoint examination committees, consisting of members of its own body or of other persons or of both, as it thinks fit, to moderate examination questions, to prepare the results of the examinations and to report such results to the Executive Council for publication.

Annual Report and Accounts.

Annual
report.

36. The annual report of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Executive Council, and shall be submitted to the Court on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, and shall be considered by the Court at its annual meeting. The Court may pass resolutions thereon and communicate the same to the Executive Council which shall take such action thereon as it thinks fit.

Annual
accounts.

37. (1) The annual accounts and balance sheet of the University shall be prepared under the direction of the Executive Council, and shall be submitted to the Local Government for the purposes of audit.

(2) The accounts when audited shall be published by the Executive Council in the Calcutta Gazette, and copies thereof shall, together with copies of the audit report, if any, be submitted to the Court, to the Local Government and to the Governor-General in Council. The Executive Council shall also submit to the Court, on or before such date as may be prescribed by the Statutes, a statement of the financial estimates for the ensuing year.

(3) The annual accounts and the financial estimates shall be considered by the Court at its annual meeting, and the Court may pass resolutions

thereon and communicate the same to the Executive Council which shall take such action thereon as it thinks fit.

Supplementary Provisions.

38. The Chancellor shall, with the concurrence of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Executive Council for the time being in India, have power to remove the name of any person from the register of registered graduates. Removal of names of registered graduates.

39. If any question arises whether any person has been duly elected or appointed as, or is entitled to be, a member of any authority or other body of the University, the matter shall be referred to the Chancellor, whose decision thereon shall be final. Disputes as to constitution of university authorities and bodies.

40. (1) An appeal may be made by petition to the Chancellor, against the order of any officer or authority of the University affecting any class of persons in the University. The Chancellor shall send a copy of any such petition to the officer or authority concerned, and shall give such officer or authority an opportunity to show cause why the appeal should not be entertained. Appeals to Chancellor.

(2) The Chancellor may reject any such appeal or may, if he thinks fit, appoint a commission of persons, not being officers of the University or members of any authority thereof, to inquire into the matter and report to him thereon. On receipt of the commission's report, the Chancellor shall send a copy thereof to the Executive Council. The Executive Council shall take such report into consideration and shall, within three months of the receipt thereof, pass a resolution thereon which shall be communicated to the Chancellor.

(3) A commission appointed under sub-section (2) may require any officer or authority of the University to furnish it with any papers or information which are, in the opinion of the commission, relevant to the matter under inquiry, and such officer or authority shall be bound to comply with such requisition.

41. Where any authority of the University is given power by this Act or the Statutes to appoint committees, such committees shall, unless otherwise Constitution of committees.

provided, consist of members of the authority concerned and of such other persons (if any) as the authority in each case may think fit.

Filling of
casual
vacancies.

42. All casual vacancies among the members (other than *ex-officio* members) of any authority or other body of the University shall be filled as soon as conveniently may be by the person or body who appointed, elected or co-opted the member whose place has become vacant, and the person appointed, elected or co-opted to a casual vacancy shall be a member of such authority or body for the residue of the term for which the person whose place he fills would have been a member.

Proceedings
of University
authorities
and bodies
not invalidated
by
vacancies.

43. No act or proceeding of any authority or other body of the University shall be invalidated merely by reason of the existence of a vacancy or vacancies among its members.

Conditions
of service.

44. (1) Every salaried officer and teacher of the University shall be appointed on a written contract. The contract shall be lodged with the Registrar of the University, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the officer or teacher concerned.

(2) Any member of the public services in India whom it is proposed to appoint to a post in the University shall, subject to the approval of such appointment by the Government, have the option—

(i) of having his services lent to the University for a specified period and remaining liable to recall to Government service at the discretion of the Government at the end of that period; or

(ii) of resigning Government service on entering the service of the University.

Tribunal of
Arbitration.

45. *Any dispute arising out of a contract between the University and any officer or teacher of the University shall, on the request of the officer or teacher concerned, be referred to a Tribunal of Arbitration consisting of one member appointed by the Executive Council, one member nominated by the officer or teacher concerned, and an umpire

*Amended by the Repealing and Amending Act No. XXXI of 1920.

appointed by the Chancellor. The decision of the Tribunal shall be final and no suit shall lie in any Civil Court in respect of the matters decided by the Tribunal. Every such request shall be deemed to be a submission to arbitration upon the terms of this section, within the meaning of the Indian Arbitration Act, 1899, and all the provisions of that Act, with the exception of section 2 thereof, shall apply accordingly. IX of 1899

46. (1) The University shall constitute for the Pension or benefit of its officers, teachers, clerical staff and servants such pension and provident funds as it may deem fit in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Statutes. provident fund.

(2) Where such a pension or provident fund has been so constituted, the Governor-General in Council may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Provident Funds Act, 1897, by notification in the Gazette of India, declare that the provisions of the said Act shall apply to such fund as if it were a Government Provident Fund. IX of 1897

47. Save as otherwise provided in this Act, the Territorial powers of the University conferred by or under this powers. Act shall not extend beyond a radius of five miles from the Convocation Hall of the University. Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force, no educational institution beyond that limit shall be associated with or admitted to any privileges of the University, and no educational institution within that limit shall be associated in any way with or be admitted to any privileges of any other University incorporated by law in British India, and any such privileges granted by any such other University to any educational institution within that limit prior to the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be withdrawn on the commencement of this Act:

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to any agricultural or other technical institution established or maintained in connection with the University with the sanction of the Governor-General in Council:

Provided, further, that it shall be lawful for any Faculty, other than the Faculties of Arts and Science, to assemble at Calcutta whenever, in the opinion of the Vice-Chancellor, such a course is necessary.

47 A. The Local Government shall, for the purposes of this Act, contribute annually to the University a sum of five and a half lakhs of rupees.

Transitory Provisions.

Completion
of courses
for students
at Dacca
Colleges.

48. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or the Ordinances, any student of the Dacca College, the Dacca Law College, the Dacca Training College, or the Jagannath College at Dacca who, immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, was studying for any examination of the Calcutta University higher than the Intermediate Examination shall be permitted to complete his course in preparation therefor, and the University shall provide for such students instruction and examinations in accordance with the Prospectus of Studies of the Calcutta University.

Appointment
of first
Vice-Chan-
cellor.

49. The first Vice-Chancellor may be appointed at any time after the passing of this Act. Such appointment shall, notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of section 10, be made by the Governor-General in Council for such term and on such conditions as he thinks fit.

First ap-
pointments
of University
staff.

50. (1) At any time after the passing of this Act and until such time as the authorities of the University shall have been duly constituted—

- (a) the Treasurer may be appointed by the Governor of Bengal;
- (b) any other officers of the University may be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor with the previous sanction of the Governor of Bengal;
- (c) teachers of the University shall be appointed by the Governor of Bengal after considering the recommendations of an Advisory Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor, the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and such other person or persons, if any, as the Governor of Bengal thinks fit to associate with them.

(2) Any appointment made under sub-section (1) shall be for such period and on such conditions as the appointing authority thinks fit:

Provided that no such appointment shall be made until financial provision has been made therefor by the Local Government or otherwise.

51. At any time after the passing of this Act, Extra-ordinary powers of the Vice-Chancellor may, with the previous approval of the Chancellor and subject to the provision of funds by the Local Government or otherwise, take such action, consistent so far as may be with the provisions of this Act and the Statutes, as he may think necessary for the purpose of bringing the University into being, and for that purpose may exercise any power which by this Act or the Statutes is to be conferred on any officer or authority of the University.

STATUTES.*

- Definitions. 1. In these Statutes, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—
- (a) "the Act" means the Dacca University Act, 1920, and "section" means a section of the Act; and
 - (b) "officers," "authorities," "Professors," "Readers," "Lecturers," "teachers," "clerical staff," "servants" and "registered graduates" mean, respectively, officers, authorities, Professors, Readers, Lecturers, teachers, clerical staff, servants and registered graduates of the University.
- Constitution of the Court. 2. (1) In addition to the officers mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 16, the following persons shall be ex-officio members of the Court, namely:—
- (i) the members of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bengal;
 - (ii) the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta;
 - (iii) the Commissioner, the Collector and the District and Sessions Judge of Dacca;
 - (iv) the Director of Public Instruction in Bengal or the Secretary (if any) to the Local Government in the Department of Education, and the Director of Public Instruction in Assam;
 - (v) the Director of Agriculture for Bengal;
 - (vi) the Director of Industries for Bengal;
 - (vii) the Civil Surgeon of Dacca;
 - (viii) the Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle, Bengal;
 - (ix) the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan education in Bengal;
 - (x) the Chairman of the Dacca Municipality and of the Dacca District Board;

*The First Statutes were sanctioned as a Schedule to the Dacca University Act, 1920. Additional Statutes made since the passing of the Act are indicated by an asterisk placed against the number of each such Statute and amendments of the first Statutes are indicated by means of foot notes.

- (xi) the Inspector of Schools of the Dacca Division;
- (xii) the Inspectress of Girls' Schools for the Dacca Circle;
- (xiii) the Proctor of the University;
- (xiv) the Librarian of the University; and
- (xv) the Principals of the Dacca Medical School, the Dacca Madrassah, the Calcutta Madrassah, the Chittagong Madrassah, the Sylhet Madrassah, and the Eden High School, the President of the Saraswat Samaj and the Principals of all educational institutions in the Dacca Division which prepare students for admission to the degree courses of a University.

†(xvi) The Medical Officer for the University.

(2) The number of graduates to be elected as members of the Court by the registered graduates from among their own body shall be thirty of whom fifteen shall be Muhammadan graduates elected by the Muhammadan registered graduates and fifteen shall be non-Muhammadan graduates elected by the non-Muhammadan registered graduates.

(3) The number of persons to be appointed by the Chancellor under clause (x) of sub-section (1) of section 16 shall be forty.

Provided that the Chancellor shall, in making such appointments, secure that, as far as possible, fifty per cent. of the non-European members of the Court shall be Muhammadans.

(4) Save as otherwise provided, members of the Court other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years:

*2-A. The Court shall have the power to pass any resolution making such recommendations as it thinks fit relating to the University Act, Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations and to the management of the University generally.

†This clause was added subsequently to the passing of the Dacca University Act.

*This Statute was made subsequently to the passing of the Dacca University Act.

Committees of the Court. *2-B. The Court may appoint a Committee consisting of any number of its members for the consideration of University business, or it may, with the consent of the Chairman, resolve itself into a Committee, for the consideration of business duly brought before it.

Constitution of the Executive Council. 3. (1) The members of the Executive Council, in addition to the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer, shall be—

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Commissioner of the Dacca Division;
- (ii) the Deans of the Faculties;
- (iii) the Provosts of the Dacca, the Muhammadan and the Jagannath Halls.

Class II.—Other members.

- (iv) Two non-Muhammadan members of the Court elected by the non-Muhammadan members thereof at its annual meeting;
- (v) two Muhammadan members of the Court elected by the Muhammadan members thereof at its annual meeting; and
- (vi) four persons, of whom at least two shall be teachers, appointed by the Chancellor: Provided that, so long as one half of the non-European members of the Executive Council, as constituted under this sub-clause but excluding the Vice-Chancellor and the Treasurer, are not Muhammadans, any person so appointed shall be a Muhammadan.

(2) The Executive Council as constituted under sub-clause (1) shall co-opt as member one Warden.

(3) Members other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years: and thereafter, till their successors have been elected or appointed, as the case may be.

Provided that members elected by any body of persons from among their own number shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be members of the body which elected them.

*This statute was made subsequently to the passing of the Dacca University Act.

4. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Powers of the Executive Council shall have the following powers, of the Executive Council, namely :—

- (a) to institute, at its discretion, such Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships, or other teaching posts as may be proposed by the Academic Council;
- (b) to abolish or suspend, after report from the Academic Council thereon, any Professorship, Readership, Lectureship, or other teaching post;
- (c) to appoint, in accordance with the Statutes, teachers, officers, clerical staff and servants;
- (d) to delegate, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by Regulations made by the Executive Council, its power to appoint teachers, officers, clerical staff and servants to such person or authority as the Executive Council may determine;
- (e) to manage and regulate the finances, accounts, investments, property and all administrative affairs whatsoever of the University, and for that purpose, to appoint such agents as it may think fit;
- (f) to accept bequests, donations and transfers of property to the University:
Provided that all such bequests, donations and transfers shall be reported to the Court at its next meeting;
- (g) to provide the buildings, premises, furniture, apparatus, equipment and other means needed for carrying on the work of the University;
- (h) after report from the Finance Committee to enter into, vary, carry out and cancel contracts on behalf of the University; and
- (i) to invest any monies belonging to the University, including any unapplied income, in any of the securities described in section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, or in the purchase of immoveable property in India, with the

II of 1882.

like power of varying such investments; or to place on fixed deposit in any bank approved in this behalf by the Local Government any portion of such monies not required for immediate expenditure.

- (j) to appoint Committees for such purposes as it deems fit provided, however, that the reports of such Committees shall be considered by the Executive Council before action is taken in connection therewith unless the Executive Council in any particular case otherwise direct.

5. (1) The members of the Academic Council, in addition to the Vice-Chancellor, shall be—

The Academic Council.

Class I.—Ex-officio members.

- (i) The Deans of the Faculties;
- (ii) the Librarian of the University;
- *(iii) the Professors and the Heads of Departments; and
- (iv) the Provosts.

Class II.—Other members.

- (v) One Warden nominated by the Vice-Chancellor; and

- (vi) persons, if any, not exceeding three in number and not being teachers, appointed by the Chancellor on account of their possessing expert knowledge in such subjects of study as may be selected by the Academic Council as constituted under heads (i) to (v).

(2) The Academic Council as constituted under sub-clause (1) shall co-opt as members three Readers and two Lecturers.

(3) The Academic Council as constituted under sub-clauses (1) and (2) shall co-opt as members teachers not exceeding one-tenth of its number as so constituted:

Provided that so long as one-fourth of the total members, including teachers co-opted under this

*This sub-clause appears as amended subsequently to the passing of the Dacca University Act.

sub-clause, are not Muhammadans, any teacher so co-opted shall be a Muhammadan.

(4) Members other than *ex-officio* members shall hold office for a period of three years;

Provided that Readers, Lecturers or teachers co-opted as such shall hold office so long only within the said period as they continue to be Readers, Lecturers or Teachers, respectively.

6. The Academic Council shall have the following powers, namely :—

Powers of
the Academic
Council

- (a) to make proposals to the Executive Council for the institution of Professorships, Readerships, Lectureships or other teaching posts, and in regard to the duties and emoluments thereof;
- (b) to make Regulations for and to award in accordance with such Regulations Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions, bursaries, medals and other rewards;
- (c) to appoint examiners after report from the Faculties concerned;
- (d) to control and manage the University Library or Libraries, to frame regulations regarding their use, and to appoint a Library Committee under the general control of the Academic Council to manage the affairs of the Library;
- (e) to formulate, modify or revise, subject to the control of the Executive Council, schemes for the constitution or reconstitution of Faculties and for the assignments of subjects to such Faculties;
- (f) to assign teachers to the Faculties; and
- (g) to promote research within the University, and to require reports on such research from the persons employed thereon;
- (h) to appoint Committees for such purposes as it deems fit provided, however, that the reports of such Committees shall be considered by the Academic Council before action is taken in connection therewith unless the Academic Council in any particular case otherwise direct.

The
Faculties.

7. (i) Each Faculty shall consist of—

- (i) the Professors and Heads of the Departments comprised in the Faculty ;
- (ii) such teachers of subjects assigned to the Faculty as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council ;
- (iii) such teachers of subjects not assigned to the Faculty but having, in the opinion of the Academic Council, an important bearing on those subjects as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council ; and
- (iv) such other persons as may be appointed to the Faculty by the Academic Council on account of their possessing expert knowledge in a subject or subjects assigned to the Faculty.

(2) The total number of members of each Faculty shall not exceed in the case of the Faculties of Arts and Science thirty, and in the case of any other Faculty fifteen, except with the sanction of the Chancellor given on the request of the Academic Council.

Powers
of the
Faculties.

8. Subject to the provisions of the Act, each Faculty shall have the following powers, namely :—

- (a) to constitute Committees of Courses and Studies ;
- (b) to recommend to the Academic Council, after consulting the Committees of Courses and Studies, the names of examiners in subjects assigned to the Faculty.

Board of
Co-ordina-
tion.

9. There shall be a Board of Co-ordination composed of the Vice-Chancellor, who shall be Chairman thereof, the Deans of the Faculties and the Registrar, to organise the teaching of the University and in particular to co-ordinate the work and timetables of the various Faculties, and to assign lecture-rooms, laboratories, and other rooms to the Faculties.

The Dean.

10. (1) The Dean of each Faculty shall be the executive officer of the Faculty, and shall preside at its meetings. He shall hold office for three years.

(2) He shall issue the lecture lists of the University in the Departments comprised in the Faculty, and shall be responsible for the conduct of teaching therein.

(3) He shall have the right to be present and to speak at any meeting of any committee of the Faculty, but not to vote unless he is a member of the committee.

11. (1) The appointment of the Warden and Hostels. the superintending staff of a Hostel shall be subject to the approval of the Executive Council.

(2) Every student not residing in a Hall or Hostel shall be attached to a Hall or Hostel for tutorial help and disciplinary supervision, and for such other purposes as may be prescribed by the Ordinances.

12. The Court may, on the recommendation of With- the Executive Council, by a resolution passed with drawal of the concurrence of not less than two-thirds of the degrees members voting, withdraw any degree or diploma and diplomas. conferred by the University.

13. (1) All proposals for the conferment of Honorary honorary degrees shall be made by the Academic degrees. Council to the Executive Council, and shall require the assent of the Court before submission to the Chancellor for confirmation :

Provided that in cases of urgency the Chancellor may act on the recommendation of the Executive Council only.

(2) Any honorary degree conferred by the University may, with the previous approval of the Court and the sanction of the Chancellor, be withdrawn by the Executive Council.

14. The following persons shall, on payment Registered of such fees as may be prescribed by the Statutes, graduates. be entitled to have their names enrolled in the register of registered graduates and to enjoy all the privileges of registration, namely :—

(a) for a period of five years from the commencement of the Act all graduates of three years' standing or upwards of any other Indian University incorporated by

tinental literature besides more or less popular works on Science, History, Philosophy, Religion, Economics, Politics, Social Service, etc. The Library is very largely used by the students of the Hall.

The Social Service League of this Hall gives the students a training in Social Service work. Besides rendering assistance on special occasions like the floods or the Mela at Langalband, the League has undertaken a systematic study of social conditions of adjoining villages and is at present running two free night schools and a day school.

The Secretaries and committees of the various sections are responsible to the general body of students whom they have to meet in meetings of the Literary Union where the conduct of these bodies can be discussed.

The Curzon Hall (Convocation Hall).

The main block of the old Dacca College includes the Curzon Hall, the new Physical Laboratories and the University Club. It is a fine two-storied building in red brick constructed in Saracenic style, 322 feet long and 109 feet in depth. The Curzon Hall, which was the Assembly Hall of Dacca College and is in the middle of the building, is used as the Convocation Hall and for public lectures and ceremonies. It is a beautiful hall, 110 feet by 60 feet, in the Saracenic style with two galleries. The greater part of the remainder of the building has been converted into the Physics Laboratory of the University. Two rooms on the first floor are at present occupied by the University Club. For further details of the Physics Laboratory, see below.

The Gymnasium.

The Gymnasium is a tile-roofed building, about 68½ feet by 48 feet, with a brick floor and corrugated iron walls up to a height of about eight feet, so constructed as to allow free circulation of air both above and below the walls. It is situated in the Dacca Hall playing-fields.

Playing-fields.

Each Hall is at present provided with two playing-fields close to it. These fields are used as foot-ball, hockey and cricket grounds at the suitable seasons. Tennis courts have also been provided for each Hall. A site has been reserved for a University Athletic and cricket ground, and at a comparatively small expense a number of additional foot-ball grounds could be provided on the University estate.

section 14 of the Statutes will be enrolled as registered graduates under the terms of the said section on payment of a fee of Rs. 5 only, with effect from the date of such payment and shall continue to be so enrolled until the end of the academic year in respect of which the fee is paid.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 14 of the Statutes a person enrolled as a registered graduate under the last foregoing subsection shall be entitled to continue to be enrolled as a registered graduate from year to year until his death on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 5 only :

Provided that when a graduate has paid the fee for ten continuous years, including the first year of registration, he shall be entitled to be enrolled thereafter as a registered graduate until his death or resignation without the payment of any further fee ;

Provided also, that a registered graduate may, at any time after being registered as aforesaid, compound for the annual payment of fees by paying the sum of Rs. 20 only, and from the date of such payment shall continue to be a registered graduate until his death or resignation without payment of any further fee.

(3) Registered graduates who are liable to pay the annual fee shall pay such fee by a date to be prescribed by Ordinance.

(4) If a registered graduate who is liable to pay the annual fee fails to pay the fee due for any academic year by a date prescribed by the Ordinance, he shall not be entitled to exercise any rights or enjoy any privileges of a registered graduate during the academic year in question ; provided that he shall be re-enrolled in any subsequent academic year as a registered graduate if he pay all arrears of fees up to the date of re-enrollment on or before the date prescribed by Ordinance for the payment of the fee for

the said year.

- (a) When his University degree qualifying him for registration under section 14¹ of the Statutes is forfeited, cancelled or withdrawn, with effect from the date of such forfeiture, cancellation or withdrawal.
- (b) In the case of graduates referred to in clause (a) sub-clause (i) and clause (b) of section 14 of the Statutes, when he ceases to reside ordinarily in the Dacca or Chittagong Division, with effect from the last day of the academic year in which he ceases so to reside.
- (c) When the name of the registered graduate is removed under section 38 of the Act, with effect from the date of the order of the Chancellor removing his name.

Officers. 15. There shall be the following officers, namely :—

- (i) a Proctor for the maintenance of the general discipline of the University, to whom the Vice-Chancellor may delegate such of his disciplinary powers as he may think fit ;
- (ii) a Librarian for the University Library ; and
- (iii) a Medical Officer for the University.

Committees of selection in India. 16. (1) Subject to the provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 50 and of clause 17* appointments to Professorships and Readerships shall be made on the nomination of committees of selection constituted for the purposes as follows, namely :—

- (i) the Vice-Chancellor ;
- (ii) one member of the Executive Council selected by the Executive Council ;
- (iii) two members of the Academic Council selected by the Academic Council on the ground of their special knowledge of, or interest in, the subject or subjects with which the Professor or Reader, as the case may be, will be concerned ;

*Clause 17 has now been cancelled.

(v) an officer of the Local Government appointed by the Local Government, and

(v) three persons (two of whom shall not be officers or teachers) appointed by the Chancellor:

Provided that, should a committee so constituted not include both a Hindu and a Muhammadan member, the Chancellor shall nominate an additional Hindu or Muhammadan member, or both, as the case may be.

(2) Committees of selection appointed under sub-clause (1) shall report to the Executive Council which shall, if it accepts the nomination of the committee, make the appointment to the post accordingly. If the Executive Council does not accept the nomination of the committee, it shall refer the case to the Chancellor, who shall make such appointment as he thinks fit.

18. Appointments to teaching posts other than Professorships and Readerships shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and the Statutes, be made in the manner prescribed by the Ordinances. Appointment of Lecturers and other teachers.

19. The appointment of the Vice-Chancellor, except as determined under the transitory provisions contained in section 19 of the Act, shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The Vice-Chancellor shall receive a salary of Rs. 2,500/- (Rupees Two Thousand and five hundred) per mensem and shall be provided with a free house.

(2) The Vice-Chancellor shall be appointed for a term of five years and the appointment shall be renewable for a like term or terms or for such shorter term or terms as may be determined by the Executive Council with the consent of the Chancellor. The first appointment shall date from the day on which the Vice-Chancellor joins the University.

(3) The Vice-Chancellor shall be required to become a member of the Provident Fund established by the University on the same terms as other officers of the University unless he is a Government Officer in active service.

(4) On joining his first appointment in the University the Vice-Chancellor shall receive a single first class fare by railway or steamer or both from the place at which he held his previous appointment or from the place from which he actually joins, whichever shall be less; and on the termination of his appointment he shall receive a single first class fare by railway or steamer or both to his ordinary place of residence. Further, the Vice-Chancellor shall receive travelling allowances for other journeys on University business on the following scale:—

- (i) For journeys by railway or steamer or both one and a half first class fares.
- (ii) For journeys by road or boat eight annas a mile.
- (iii) For days of halt on duty for which no portion of the railway fare or steamer fare or mileage is drawn, a daily allowance of Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten), provided that the Executive Council shall have the power to sanction a special allowance not provided for under this sub-clause for a day of which the duration of halt is not less than 12 hours.

(5) The vacations and leave of the Vice-Chancellor shall be determined as follows:—

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor shall enjoy in each academical year (a) a vacation of two months taken during the Long Vacation, (b) the Pusa Vacation and (c) all University holidays.
- (ii) If he is reappointed as from the termination of his first five years' term of office, the Vice-Chancellor shall be regarded as having earned in respect of that period one month's leave on full pay for each completed year of service; and he shall further be credited as from the expiry of his first term of office with one month's leave for each further completed year of service, such leave to be taken at any time in accordance with the terms of

paragraph (iii) below, provided that no leave shall be admissible as leave preparatory to retirement.

- (iii) Leave other than casual or medical leave shall be granted to the Vice-Chancellor by the Chancellor after report from the Executive Council and shall be either prefixable or affixable to any vacation or holiday permissible to the Vice-Chancellor; provided however that if any vacation which would be permissible to the Vice-Chancellor if he were on active duty, falls between two periods of leave, when either (1) the commencement of the first period of leave takes place not more than seven days before the vacation or (2) the end of the second period of leave takes place not more than seven days after the vacation, the Executive Council may, in special circumstances, grant full pay in respect of such vacation.
- (iv) The Chancellor shall be empowered on the recommendation of the Executive Council to grant leave to the Vice-Chancellor on full pay in case of urgent private necessity, at any time during his tenure of office for a period not exceeding one month for every completed year of service and such leave shall be deducted from any leave to which he may be entitled under paragraph (ii) above.
- (v) The Vice-Chancellor shall be entitled to casual leave not exceeding ten days in any one year, to be granted by the Executive Council.
- (vi) The medical leave of the Vice-Chancellor shall be granted in the following way:—
 - (a) Medical leave shall be granted to the Vice-Chancellor by the Executive Council on a certificate from a medical officer approved by the Executive Council.
 - (b) The Vice-Chancellor shall be entitled, at any time during the tenure of his office,

to medical leave on full pay of a duration not exceeding one month for each completed year of service and such leave, if taken, shall be debited to any leave to which he may be entitled under paragraph (ii) above; when medical leave on full pay, has been exhausted any further medical leave shall be granted by the Executive Council for a period not exceeding six months on half pay and for a further period of three months on quarter pay. Medical leave on half pay or quarter pay shall be counted as special medical leave and the total amount of such special medical leave shall not exceed six calendar months in all during the first five years of office of the Vice-Chancellor or twelve months in all during the whole of his tenure of office if his appointment is renewed after the aforesaid period of five years. No medical leave shall be admissible as leave preparatory to retirement.

(c) The medical leave of the Vice-Chancellor shall be prefixable or affixable to a vacation or to the Christmas or other holidays or other leave.

(vii) The Vice-Chancellor shall not receive full pay in respect of any continuous period of leave or of leave combined with vacation exceeding eight months in all.

(6) Any question as to the interpretation of this Statute which may arise on any question relating to leave or travelling allowances of the Vice-Chancellor which is not covered by the text of the Statute shall be referred to the Chancellor after report from the Executive Council and the decision of the Chancellor thereon shall be final.

PART II

Ordinances and Regulations.

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UNIVERSITY OF DACCÁ.

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CHAPTER XVII.

FACULTY OF ARTS.

PART I.—GENERAL.

1. The Departments in this Faculty shall be :— Ordinances

1. Islamic Studies and Arabic
2. Persian and Urdu
3. Sanskrit Studies and Bengali
4. English Language and Literature
5. History
6. Philosophy
7. Economics and Politics
8. Mathematics
9. Education
10. Commerce

2. The Degrees in this Faculty shall be :—

1. Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)
2. Master of Arts (M.A.)
3. Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.)
4. Bachelor of Teaching (B.T.)
5. Master of Teaching (M.T.)
6. Bachelor of Commerce (B.Com.)

3. The degree of Bachelor of Arts shall be conferred either as an Ordinary degree or as a degree with Honours. Degree of Bachelor of Arts

4. Candidates shall not be admitted to the final examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts unless they have

- (1) fulfilled the conditions for the residence of students reading for the degree;
- (2) passed the prescribed Test in oral English and English Composition;
- (3) furnished a certificate from the Head of the Department in the case of students reading for a degree with Honours, and by the Provost or Warden of their Hall or Hostel in the case of students reading for the Ordinary degree, testi-

ifying that the student is fitted to appear at the examination ; and

(4) paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

5. Requirements in regard to Tutorial work shall be defined in Regulations.

Ordinances. PART II.—ORDINARY DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS.

1. Courses of study for the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts shall extend over two academic years, and the degree examination shall be held at the end of the second academic year.

2. Except with the special permission of the Academic Council, the ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts shall not be awarded to any student who has not completed the examination within five years after being admitted as a student of the Faculty of Arts.

3. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination at the end of their second academic year, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of students, for a period of not less than 320 days on the 31st December preceding their examination, provided that candidates shall be disqualified from actually sitting for the examination unless they have continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than three-fourths of the days in the period from the 1st January to the tenth day before the first day of the examination. Candidates who present themselves for the first time for their final examination later than the end of the second academic year shall be required to have resided in a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of students, for a period of not less than 360 days on the 31st December preceding their examination and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

The Executive Council may on the recommendation of the relevant Provosts, condone shortage of residence in exceptional cases and the recommendation of the Provosts in all such cases shall be accompanied by the statements made by the parents or

guardians of the students concerned in applying for such condonation.

4. The final examination shall comprise one paper on the student's vernacular (language and literature) and nine papers on a group of three subjects, three papers to be set on each of the subjects of the group. Each paper shall be of three hours' duration.

5. The following groups shall be permitted :—

- I. English, History, Politics.
- II. English, Philosophy, Politics.
- III. English, Economics, Politics.
- IV. Sanskrit *or* Arabic *or* Persian *or* Islamic Studies, History, Philosophy.
- V. Sanskrit *or* Arabic *or* Persian *or* Islamic Studies, English, Philosophy.
- VI. English, Philosophy, History.
- VII. Philosophy, Politics, History.
- VIII. History, Politics, Economics.
- IX. Mathematics, Politics, Economics.
- X. English, History, Sanskrit *or* Arabic *or* Persian *or* Islamic Studies.
- XI. English, Philosophy, Mathematics.
- XII. English, Economics, Mathematics.
- XIII. English, Economics, History.
- XIV. English, Economics, Sanskrit *or* Persian *or* Arabic *or* Islamic Studies.
- XV. English, Mathematics, Politics.
- XVI. English, Mathematics, Sanskrit *or* Persian *or* Arabic *or* Islamic Studies.

6. The preliminary qualifications for students taking each group may be determined by the Academic Council after report from the Faculty.

7. Candidates who wish to be examined in a vernacular other than Bengali or Urdu for the final examination must apply to the Registrar at least six months before the date of the examination. Candidates whose vernacular is English shall be given a special

examination in a prescribed period of English Literature.

8. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order. 100 marks shall be allotted to each paper. Candidates who obtain 60 per cent. of the total marks and not less than 40 per cent. of the marks in each subject shall be awarded a mark of Distinction. A mark of Distinction shall not be awarded to a student who does not pass in all the subjects of the examination on the same occasion.

No candidate shall be allowed to pass who does not obtain 36 per cent. of the aggregate marks and a minimum of 33 per cent. in any subject.

9. The minimum pass marks for Graduates in Commerce who appear in two pass subjects for the ordinary B.A. degree prescribed under Ordinance 7, Part IV, Chapter XVII, in order to qualify themselves for entry to the M.A. Examination in Economics shall be 33 per cent. in each of the two subjects.

10. Candidates who fail in one subject only but obtain in the aggregate sufficient marks for a pass shall be permitted to enter for that subject only at the next examination; but if they fail a second time, they shall be required to enter again for the whole examination.

11. A student who is pursuing a course of study for an Ordinary degree may be transferred to a course for the degree with Honours at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year, but such transference shall only be made on the authority of the Dean of the Faculty concerned, acting on the recommendation of the Provost of the Hall to which the student belongs and of the Head of the Department in which he proposes to take Honours.

12. The group of subjects to be taken by each candidate for the Ordinary degree must be sanctioned by the Provost of the relevant Hall, who shall be responsible for ascertaining that the group is permitted by the Ordinances.

13. Students pursuing a course for an Ordinary degree shall not be permitted to change the subjects of their course without permission from the Provost

of their Hall. Such changes shall not be permitted after the end of the first term of the course.

PART III.—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS WITH ORDINANCES. HONOURS.

1. Courses of study for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with Honours shall extend over a period of three academic years, and students will not be permitted to enter for the examination for Honours later than the end of the fourth academic year after first entering the University.

2. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination at the end of their third academic year, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 500 days on the 31st December preceding their examination, provided that candidates shall be disqualified from actually sitting for the examination unless they have continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than three-fourths of the days in the period from the 1st January to the tenth day before the first day of the examination. Candidates who present themselves for the first time for their final examination at the end of their fourth academic year shall be required to have resided in a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 540 days on the 31st December preceding their examination and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

The Executive Council may on the recommendation of the relevant Provosts condone shortage of residence in exceptional cases and the recommendation of the Provosts in all such cases shall be accompanied by the statements made by the parents or guardians of the students concerned in applying for such condonation.

3. A student who is permitted on the ground of having pursued a course of not less than two years in another approved University to present himself for

an Honours examination after pursuing a course extending over two academic years in this University will be deemed for the purpose of Ordinance 2 to have attended a total of 180 days extending over one academic year.

4. There shall be the following Honours Schools in the Faculty of Arts:—

- (i) Islamic Studies.
- (ii) Arabic.
- (iii) Persian and Urdu.
- (iv) Sanskrit Studies.
- (v) Sanskrit and Bengali.
- (vi) English Language and Literature.
- (vii) History.
- (viii) Philosophy.
- (ix) Economics.
- (x) Mathematics.

5. Every candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with Honours shall take eight papers each of four hours' duration, in the subject of his Honours School, and three papers, each of three hours' duration, in each of two subsidiary subjects.

6. A student may, with the approval of the Head of the department, select, as subsidiary subjects, a group of any two subjects in which instruction is provided for the pass students, provided however that no student will be allowed to take up the following combinations:—

- (i) Philosophy and Economics.
- (ii) Mathematics and History.
- (iii) Politics and Sanskrit *or* Persian *or* Arabic *or* Islamic Studies.
- (iv) Any two classical subjects (including Islamic Studies and Sanskrit and Bengali).

7. The examination of all Honours Schools (save for the School of Mathematics) shall include a *viva voce* examination.

8. A student may take his examination in his two subsidiary subjects either (a) at the end of the

second academic year or (b) together with the papers in his Honours subject.

[The Examination of any Honours School may be taken in two parts. The first part must consist of at least 4 and not more than 6 papers, and shall be taken at the end of the second academic year. (For the purpose of this Ordinance a student who has obtained less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any Honours paper, will be regarded as having failed in that paper).] For 1921-22 and 1922-23 admissions.

9. A candidate must, not later than the end of his fourth academic year, present himself for examination in his Honours subject. He must also present himself at the same time for examination in one or both of his subsidiary subjects unless he has already passed in the subject or subjects in question. He shall not however be credited with any subject (subsidiary or Honours) in which he may pass at such examination unless he passes the examination as a whole.

10. In all Honours Schools, save the School of English Language and Literature and Schools in which English is prescribed as a subsidiary subject, a number of standard books in English on some of the subjects of the course shall be prescribed.

11. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the Honours School in which severally they have passed. They shall be drawn up in two classes and arranged in alphabetical order.

100 marks shall be allotted to each paper.

Candidates obtaining 60 and 45 per cent. of the total marks shall be placed respectively in the First and Second Class.

In order to qualify for Honours a candidate must obtain not less than 33 per cent in each subsidiary subject.

The marks obtained by an Honours candidate in his subsidiary subjects shall not be taken into account in determining his class in the list of successful Honours candidates.

12. Any candidate who in one of the subsidiary subjects falls short of the pass marks by not more

than 5 per cent. of the full marks in that subject, and who obtains the marks necessary for obtaining a first class in the Honours subject, shall be awarded first class Honours in that subject, provided that this allowance shall only be applicable to subsidiary subjects taken by a student simultaneously with the examination in his Honours subject.

For 1921-22
and 1922-23
admissions.

[Any candidate who in one of the subsidiary subjects falls short of the pass marks by not more than 5 per cent. of the full marks in that subject and who obtains the marks necessary for obtaining a first class in the Honours subject shall be awarded first class Honours in that subject.]

13. If any candidate for Honours obtains less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any Honours paper, these marks shall not be counted for classification for Honours, but they shall be counted towards the award of an Ordinary degree.

14. A candidate, who does not qualify for Honours but secures not less than 33 per cent. of the total marks in his Honours subject together with a minimum of 33 per cent. of marks in each subsidiary subject, shall be awarded the Ordinary degree.

15. A candidate who takes the examination in his Honours subject at the end of the third academic year and who does not qualify for Honours but is awarded the ordinary degree, shall be allowed to take, at the end of the fourth academic year, the corresponding Honours examination together with the corresponding papers of the subsidiary subjects, if any, in which he appeared at the end of the third academic year.

16. Candidates who fail in the examination for Honours at the end of the third academic year will be allowed to take the examination of the same Honours school a second time at the end of the fourth academic year.

17. Candidates who fail for a second time at such Honours examination will be allowed to present themselves at any subsequent examination for the Ordinary B.A. degree in one of the groups allowed by the Regulations, to be specially approved by the Academic Council.

18. Candidates who have completed at least two years of their Honours Course, may after further study of at least one academic year in the Ordinary B.A. Course present themselves at any subsequent examination for the ordinary B.A. degree in one of the groups allowed by the Ordinances and Regulations to be specially approved by the Dean of the Faculty of Arts, provided that the Ordinance in Section 2, Part II of Chapter XVII shall apply to all cases.

19. The interval between his admission into the University and the date on which he has taken his degree shall be stated on the Diploma of each graduate.

20. Candidates who have passed the examination in one Honours School may, after pursuing a further course of study approved by the Dean for at least one and not more than two academic years, be admitted to the examination of any other Honours School. Such candidates shall be required to take only the papers in the principal subjects of their second Honours School and not in any subsidiary subject.

21. Students who are reading for the Degree with Honours may, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department responsible for their studies, be transferred by the Dean to the Pass course at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year. The Faculty shall, with the approval of the Academic Council in each case, have power to modify the final examination for the Ordinary degree for students who have been reading one full academic year in an Honours School.

22. Students who are reading for the degree with Honours may, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department responsible for their studies, be allowed by the Dean to change the combination of their subsidiary subjects at any time up to the end of the first term. A change of subsidiary subjects will not be allowed after the first term.

23. Candidates admitted to the second year B.A. Honours class under the terms of the section 12, Chapter XXI shall not be required to appear in any subsidiary subject.

Ordinances.

PART IV.—DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS.

1. Save as otherwise provided, candidates shall not be admitted to the courses for the degree of Master of Arts unless they are either graduates in Arts of this University or graduates in Arts of any other approved University.

For Graduates with Honours of the Dacca University and for M. A.'s.

2. The degree of Master of Arts shall be conferred on candidates who have graduated with Honours in this University or who have taken the degree of Master of Arts in any approved University in the subject in which they present themselves in this University, provided that they have—

- (1) completed a further course of study or research approved by the University and under University supervision for one academic year;
- (2) passed a prescribed examination (to be hereinafter called the Final M.A. Examination) ;
- (3) have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 180 days.

3. Candidates who have taken the B.A. degree of this University with Honours in Islamic Studies, shall be allowed to enter for the degree of M.A. in Arabic under the same conditions as if they had graduated with Honours in Arabic.

4. Candidates who have taken the B.A. degree of this University with Honours in Sanskrit shall be allowed to enter for the degree of M.A. in Sanskrit and Bengali under the same conditions as if they had graduated with Honours in Sanskrit and Bengali.

For Graduates without Honours at the Dacca University.

5. The degree of Master of Arts shall be conferred upon candidates who have obtained the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts of this University, or the degree of Bachelor of Arts of any other approved University, provided that they have—

- (1) completed a further course of study approved by the University and under

University supervision for a period of two academic years;

- (2) passed the Preliminary M.A. Examination;
- (3) passed the Final M.A. Examination;
- (4) have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students for a period of not less than 360 days, in two academic years.

6. A person who has obtained the M.A. degree in this University in any subject shall be permitted to present himself for the final M.A. Examination in any other subject provided that he has passed the Preliminary M.A. Examination in the latter subject.

7. Graduates in Commerce of this University shall be admitted to the degree of Master of Arts in Economics under the same conditions as those laid down in Ordinance 5 above provided that they shall not be admitted to the examination for the M.A. degree in Economics unless they have passed in two pass papers, approved by the Head of the Department of Economics, at least four months before the date of examination, in each of any two of the following subjects, namely, Politics, History, English and Mathematics, at any B.A. Examination held previously to the M.A. Examination in Economics. The Syllabus of the pass papers taken shall be the same as that prescribed for the year in which the candidate takes his examination.

8. The Preliminary M.A. Examination shall consist of three papers of the B.A. Honours standard on subjects within the purview of the B.A. Honours School in the same subject. Preliminary M.A. Examination.

9. 100 marks shall be allotted to each paper of the Preliminary M.A. Examination, which shall be of four hours' duration. No candidate shall be allowed to pass the Preliminary M.A. Examination who does not obtain 36 per cent. of the total marks, provided that if a candidate obtains less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any paper, such marks shall not be counted towards the aggregate.

PT. V

10. Except in special circumstances, of which the Head of the Department shall be the sole judge, each candidate shall be required to appear at the Preliminary M.A. Examination at the end of the first academic year.

11. Candidates who have not passed the Preliminary M.A. Examination at the end of the first academic year must present themselves for such examination at the next or on any subsequent occasion. But in no case shall a candidate be allowed to proceed to the Final M.A. Examination unless he has passed the Preliminary M.A. Examination.

Final
M.A. Exa-
mination.

12. The Final M.A. Examination shall consist of five papers, each of four hours' duration.

13. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the subject in which they have severally passed and whether they have presented a dissertation, and shall be arranged in alphabetical order in three classes.

14. 100 marks shall be allotted to each paper. Candidates obtaining 60, 48 and 36 per cent. of the total marks shall be placed respectively in the first, second and third classes. If any candidate obtains less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any paper these marks shall not be counted.

15. A candidate presenting a dissertation at the Final M.A. examination, on a subject previously approved by the Committee of Courses and Studies concerned, shall be examined by means of two papers of the Final M.A. Examination selected by the Committee of Courses and Studies concerned, together with one paper on the special subject of his dissertation.

16. There shall be a *viva voce* examination for all candidates for the M.A. Examination except in Mathematics.

17. There shall be no time-limit for appearing at the final M.A. Examination for students who have fulfilled the conditions of residence and instruction.

Ordinances.

PART V.—DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY.

1. The degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) may be conferred upon (i) persons who have taken the M.A. degree of this University and who are of

not less than three years' standing and (ii) persons who have taken the degree of M.A. in an approved University and are of not less than three years' standing. A person who has taken the M.A. degree in the third class either in this University or an approved University shall not be admitted as a candidate for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy of this University except with the special permission of the Academic Council, given after report from the Faculty of Arts.

2. The degree of Ph.D. shall only be awarded to candidates who have submitted as a thesis work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of learning. The degree shall be awarded after a report from an Examination Committee consisting of at least three examiners stating that the thesis deserves the award of the degree and after approval of the award by the Academic Council.

3. No person who has not taken the M.A. degree of the University of Dacca will be permitted to submit a thesis for the degree of Ph.D. unless he has been registered as a candidate for that degree and has subsequently to registration pursued the researches embodied in his thesis in the University of Dacca under the supervision of a person or persons appointed by the Academic Council for a period of not less than two years; provided that these persons who are or who have been teachers of this University be exempted from the operation of this clause.

4. The thesis must comply with the following further conditions:—

- (i) The candidate must indicate how far the thesis embodies the result of his own research or observation and in what respect his investigations appear to him to advance the study of his subject.
- (ii) Work done conjointly with other investigators will not ordinarily be accepted as a thesis qualifying for the degree; in exceptional cases the Academic Council may accept conjoint works as thesis for the degree. The candidate is invited to submit as subsidiary matter in support of his candidature any contribution or

contributions to the advancement of his subject which he may have published independently or conjointly. In the event of a candidate submitting conjoint work in support of his candidature he will be required to state fully his own share in such conjoint work. Such statement should, as far as possible, be confirmed by the co-author or co-authors.

- (iii) The examiners shall be at liberty to reject a thesis without a *viva voce* examination but the candidate shall be subjected to a *viva voce* examination, and if the examiners think fit, to a written examination before his thesis is accepted by the examiners.
- (iv) The degree shall only be awarded by the Executive Council after the publication by the candidate of the thesis or of an epitome thereof approved by the examiners. A printed copy of the thesis or of the epitome, if accepted, shall be kept in the University Library.
- (v) Applications for the degree of Ph.D. shall be made in writing to the Registrar together with (1) the prescribed fee, (2) a certificate signed or countersigned by the Dean of the Faculty of Arts, stating that the candidate has complied with the regulations, (3) four printed or type-written copies of the thesis together with any subsidiary matter submitted in connection therewith under the terms of sub-section 4(ii).

Ordinances. PART VI.—DIPLOMA OF LICENTIATE IN TEACHING.

- 1. The course for the Licentiate in Teaching shall extend over one academic or calendar year.
- 2. No student shall be admitted to the course unless he has passed the Intermediate Examination of some approved University or Board.
- 3. Matriculate students, deputed to the I. T. course by Provincial Governments or Governments of

Native States, who have pursued the full course for the L. T. diploma to the satisfaction of the Head of the Department of Education, may, by permission of the Academic Council, be admitted, as external students without further residence, to the L. T. Examination after they have passed the Intermediate Examination of any Board or University recognised by this University.

4. Every candidate shall be required before presenting himself for the Licentiate's Examination to—

- (a) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students for a period of not less than 180 days during the period of instruction;
- (b) passed the University Test in oral English and English Composition;
- (c) given under proper supervision a course or courses of lessons approved by the Head of the Department of Education; and
- (d) obtained a certificate from the Head of the Department of Education testifying that he is proficient as a teacher and a disciplinarian.

5. Each candidate shall prepare and deliver a course or courses of lessons to classes in the practising schools under the supervision of the staff of the Department of Education. The actual number of lessons required in each case will be decided by the Head of the Department of Education. The courses of lessons will be on one or more of the following subjects to be chosen for each candidate by the Head of the Department of Education:—

- (a) The English Language
- (b) The Bengali Language
- (c) History
- (d) Geography
- (e) Mathematics
- (f) Science
- (g) Art and Manual work
- (h) Drill and Organisation of games.

6. The following are the subjects of the course :—

- (i) Education in relation to Mental Development.
- (ii) School Organisation, Discipline and General Principles of Method.
- (iii) History of Education.
- (iv) The content of and Method of teaching of one or more of the special subjects selected by the candidate, with the approval of the Head of the Department of Education from those detailed in section 5 above.
- (v) Education in relation to Physical Development.
- (vi) Practical Teaching.

7. Marks of special proficiency may be awarded in Practical Teaching and in any of the subjects (a-h) mentioned in Sec. 5 above.

The proficiency of candidates will be tested by means of a written examination. In Practical teaching the proficiency of candidates will be judged, with the assistance of a Moderator, from the College Record.

8. The allotment of marks shall be as follows :—

(i) Education in relation to Mental Development, 150 marks, of which 50 shall be assigned to the class record ; (ii) School Organisation, Discipline and General Principles of Method, 100 marks, of which 30 shall be assigned to the class record ; (iii) History of Education, 75 marks assigned to the class record ; (iv) The Content of and Method of Teaching the special subject or subjects selected under section 6(iv) above, 225 marks in all, of which 150 shall be assigned to the class record or records ; (v) Education in relation to Physical Development, 70 marks, of which 20 shall be assigned to the class record ; (vi) Practical Teaching, 200 marks.

The standard for a pass shall be 30 per cent. in each subject (i) to (vi) above both in the examination and in the class record.

9. There may be a *viva voce* examination for any candidate. The examiners, in making their award, shall take into consideration the official record that has been kept of the work done by each student during the course of training.

10. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in three classes, each in alphabetical order. The minimum number of marks for a first class shall be 593, for a second class 369, and for a third class 271.

11. Candidates who fail in the theoretical part of the examination only shall be allowed to present themselves for re-examination in that part on payment of the ordinary fee. They shall not be required to attend a further course in the Department of Education provided that they are able to afford to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim they have been teaching to the satisfaction of the authorities in an institution approved by the University for this purpose.

In the case of Inspecting Officers in Government Service in the Education Department, service as an Inspecting Officer shall be considered as qualifying a candidate in this respect to re-appear at the examination.

12. Candidates who fail in the practical part of the examination only shall be allowed to present themselves for re-examination in that part on payment of the ordinary fee, provided that

- (a) they undertake one month's whole-time practical teaching under the supervision of the Dacca Teachers' Training College staff;
- (b) they have secured in the theoretical examination at least five per cent. more than the minimum pass marks in the aggregate;
- (c) they are able to afford to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim they have been teaching in institutions approved by the University for this purpose to the satisfaction of the authorities of those institutions.

13. A candidate who fails in both parts of the examination shall not be required to attend a further course in the Département of Education provided (a) that he affords to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim he has been teaching to the satisfaction of the authorities in an institution approved by the University for this purpose, or has been in Government service in the Education Department as an Inspecting Officer, and (b) that he has undertaken one month's whole time practical teaching under the supervision of the Dacca Teachers' Training College staff. Provided that a candidate who has failed to obtain the aggregate number of marks required at the Theoretical Examination or in the class record in any subject shall be required to attend the whole course again.

Ordinances PART VII.—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF TEACHING.

1. The course for the degree of Bachelor of Teaching shall extend over one academic or calendar year.

2. No student shall be admitted to the course unless he is either a graduate in Arts or Science of the University, or a graduate in Arts or Science of some other approved University.

3. Every candidate shall be required before presenting himself for the degree examination to have—

(a) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for not less than 180 days during the period of instruction, provided that, in the case of a student of twenty-three years of age or over, the conditions of residence may be specially relaxed by the Executive Council, after report from the Head of the Department of Education ;

(b) given under proper supervision a course or courses of lessons which have been approved by the Head of the Department of Education ; and

- (c) obtained a certificate from the Head of the Department of Education testifying that he is proficient as a teacher and a disciplinarian.

4. Each candidate shall prepare and deliver a course or courses of lessons to classes in the practising schools under the supervision of the staff of the Department of Education. The actual number of lessons required in each case will be decided by the Head of the Department of Education. The courses of lessons will be on one or more of the following special subjects :—

- (a) The English Language
- (b) The Bengali Language
- (c) History
- (d) Geography
- (e) Mathematics
- (f) Science
- (g) Art and Manual work
- (h) Drill and Organisation of games.

5. The following are the subjects of the course :—

- (i) Education in relation to Mental Development
- (ii) School Organisation, Discipline and General Principles of Method
- (iii) History of Education
- (iv) The Content and Method of Teaching of one or more of the special subjects selected by the candidate with the approval of the Head of the Department of Education from those detailed in section 4 above
- (v) Education in relation to Physical Development
- (vi) Educational Measurements, (a) Ordinary Course, or (b) Special Proficiency Course
- (vii) Practical Teaching.

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6. Marks of special proficiency may be awarded in respect of Practical Teaching and in any of the subjects (a-h) mentioned in section 4 above and subject (v) in section 5 (Educational Measurements).

The proficiency of candidates will be tested by means of a written examination. In Practical teaching the proficiency of the candidates will be judged, with the assistance of a Moderator, from the College Record.

7. The allotment of marks shall be as follows :—
 (i) Education in relation to Mental Development, 150 marks, of which 50 shall be assigned to the class record ; (ii) School Organisation, Discipline and General Principles of Method, 100 marks, of which 30 shall be assigned to the class record ; (iii) History of Education, 75 marks assigned to the class record ; (iv) The Content of and Method of Teaching the special subject or subjects selected under section 5 (iv) above, 225 marks in all, of which 150 shall be assigned to the class record or records ; (v) Education in relation to Physical Development, 70 marks, of which 20 shall be assigned to the class record ; (vi) Educational Measurements, (a) Ordinary Course, 75 marks, of which 25 shall be assigned to the class record, or (b) Special Proficiency Course, 125 marks, of which 50 shall be assigned to the class record ; (vii) Practical Teaching, 200 marks.

The standard for a pass shall be 30 per cent. in each subject (i) to (vii) above both in the examination and in the class record.

8. There may be a *viva voce* examination for any candidate. The examiners, in making their award, shall take into consideration the official record that has been kept of the work done by each student during the course of training.

9. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in three classes, each in alphabetical order. The minimum number of marks for a first class shall be 582, for a second class 403, and for a third class 295.

10. Candidates who fail in the theoretical part of the examination only shall be allowed to present themselves for re-examination in that part on payment of the ordinary fee ; they shall not be required to attend

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a further course in the Department of Education, provided that they are able to afford to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim they have been teaching to the satisfaction of the authorities in an institution approved by the University for this purpose.

In the case of Inspecting Officers in Government Service in the Education Department, service as an Inspecting Officer shall be considered as qualifying a candidate in this respect to re-appear at the examination.

• 11. Candidates who fail in the practical part of the examination only shall be allowed to present themselves for re-examination in that part on payment of the ordinary fee, provided that:—

- (a) they undertake one month's whole-time practical teaching under the supervision of the Dacca Teachers' Training College staff;
- (b) they have secured in the theoretical examination at least five per cent. more than the minimum pass marks in the aggregate;
- (c) they are able to afford to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim they have been teaching in institutions approved by the University for this purpose to the satisfaction of the authorities of those institutions.

12. A candidate who fails in both parts of the examination shall not be required to attend a further course in the Department of Education provided (a) that he affords to the Registrar sufficient proof that in the interim he has been teaching to the satisfaction of the authorities in an institution approved by the University for this purpose, or has been in Government service in the Education Department as an Inspecting Officer, and (b) that he has undertaken one month's whole-time practical teaching under the supervision of the Dacca Teachers' Training College staff. Provided that a candidate who has failed to obtain the aggregate number of marks required at the Theoretical Examination or in the class record in any subject shall be required to attend the whole course again.

Ordinances. PART VIII.—DEGREE OF MASTER OF TEACHING.

1. The degree of M. T. may be conferred upon
 - (1) persons who have taken the B. T. degree in this University and who are of not less than two years' standing ;
 - (2) persons who have taken the B. T. degree in an approved University and who are of not less than two years' standing.
2. Persons who have taken the degree of B. T. in the third class shall not be admitted to the degree of M. T. of this University unless with the special permission of the Academic Council.
3. The degree of M. T. shall only be awarded to candidates who have submitted as a thesis work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of learning. The degree shall be awarded after a report from an Examination Committee consisting of at least three examiners, stating that the thesis deserves the award of the degree, and after approval of the award by the Academic Council.
4. Every candidate for the degree of M. T. must be registered as a candidate for that degree and subsequently to registration pursue researches under the supervision of a person or persons appointed by the Academic Council for a period of not less than two years, provided that a candidate who has not taken the degree of B. T. in this University shall be required to have resided in this University for 180 days during his period of supervision.
5. The thesis must comply with the following further conditions :—
 - (1) It must be satisfactory in respect of literary presentation as well as in other respects, and if not already published in an approved form, it must be submitted in a form suitable for publication.
 - (2) The candidate must indicate how far the thesis embodies the results of his own individual researches or observations.
6. Every candidate must be submitted to an examination (*viva voce*, or written; or both) before being recommended by the Examiners for the degree,

but the examiners shall be at liberty to reject the thesis without such examination.

7. A copy of the thesis shall be deposited in the Library of the Department of Education after the examination.

8. Applications for the degree of M. T. shall be made in writing to the Registrar together with:— (1) the prescribed fee, (2) a certificate signed by the Head of the Department of Education that the candidate has pursued his work under the supervision prescribed by the University and has fulfilled the conditions in respect of residence and that the candidate is a fit and proper person to receive the degree, and (3) three printed or type-written copies of the thesis together with any subsidiary matter submitted in connection therewith.

PART IX.—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMMERCE. Ordinances.

1. The course of study for the degree of Bachelor of Commerce shall extend over a period of two academic years, provided that a person who has taken the degree of M. A. in Economics in any approved University may present himself for the degree after pursuing the course for one academic year.

2. A student shall not be admitted to the Examination for the degree of Bachelor of Commerce unless he has—

- (a) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for residence of students for a period of not less than 320 days on the 31st of December preceding his examination, provided that he shall be disqualified for actually sitting for the examination unless he has continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than threefourths of the days in the period from the 1st January to the tenth day before the first day of the examination. A candidate who presents himself for the first time for his final examination later than the end of the second academic year, shall

be required to have resided in a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in the Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the residence of students for a period of not less than 360 days on the 31st December preceding his examination and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

The Executive Council may, on the recommendation of the relevant Provosts, condone shortage of residence in exceptional cases and the recommendation of the Provosts in all such cases shall be accompanied by the statement made by the parents or guardians of the students concerned in applying for such condonation.

(b) passed the prescribed test in oral English and English composition ;

(c) furnished a certificate from the Head of the Commerce Department testifying that he is fitted to appear at the examination ; and

(d) paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

3. 100 marks shall be allotted to each paper, which shall be of three hours' duration.

4. Names of successful candidates shall be drawn up in two classes and arranged in alphabetical order. No candidate shall be allowed to pass who does not obtain 40 per cent. of the aggregate marks and a minimum of 30 per cent. in each paper with the exception of Accountancy where a minimum of 30 per cent. in the two papers together shall be required. Candidates who obtain 60 per cent. of the total marks shall be placed in the first class.

5. Candidates who fail in one subject only but obtain in the aggregate sufficient marks for a pass, shall be permitted to enter for that subject only, at the next examination ; but if they fail a second time they shall be required to enter again for the whole examination.

6. The course of study for the examination in Commerce shall consist of the following subjects:—

Elements of Economics	...	1 paper
Economic Geography	...	1 paper
Business Organisation	...	1 paper
Trade and Transport	...	1 paper
Commercial Correspondence	...	1 paper
Commercial Law	...	1 paper
Currency and Banking	...	1 paper
Accountancy	...	2 papers

CHAPTER XVIII.

FACULTY OF SCIENCE.

Ordinances

PART I—GENERAL.

1. The initial Departments in this Faculty shall be:—

1. Physics
2. Chemistry
3. Mathematics

2. The Degrees in this Faculty shall be:—

1. Bachelor of Science (B. Sc.)
2. Master of Science (M. Sc.)
3. Doctor of Science (D. Sc.)

3. The degree of Bachelor of Science shall be conferred either as an Ordinary degree or as a degree with Honours.

4. Candidates shall not be admitted to the final examination for the degree of Bachelor of Science unless they have—

- (1) fulfilled the conditions for the residence of students reading for degree;
- (2) passed the prescribed Test in oral English and English Composition;
- (3) furnished a certificate from the Head of the Department in the case of students read-

ing for a degree with Honours and by the Provost or Warden of their Hall or Hostel in the case of students reading for the ordinary degree, testifying that the student is fitted to appear at the examination; and

(4) paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

5. Requirements in regard to tutorial work shall be defined in Regulations. In Physics and Chemistry the tutorial work shall be replaced by practical work in the Laboratory.

Ordinances. PART II.—ORDINARY DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.

1. Courses of study for the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Science shall extend over two academic years, and there shall be one degree examination at the end of the second academic year.

2. Except with the special permission of the Academic Council, the ordinary degree of Bachelor of Science shall not be awarded to any student who has not completed the examination within five years after being admitted as a student of the Faculty of Science.

3. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination at the end of their second academic year, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of students, for a period of not less than 320 days on the 31st December preceding their examination, provided that candidates shall be disqualified from actually sitting for the examination unless they have continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than three-fourths of the days in the period from the 1st January to the tenth day before the first day of the examination. Candidates who present themselves for the first time for their final examination later than the end of the second academic year shall be required to have resided in a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of students, for a period of not less than 360 days on the 31st December

preceding their examination and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

The Executive Council may on the recommendation of the relevant Provosts, condone shortage of residence in exceptional cases and the recommendation of the Provosts in all such cases shall be accompanied by the statements made by the parents or guardians of the students concerned in applying for such condonation.

4. The subjects for the final examination shall be :—

- I. Physics
- II. Chemistry
- III. Mathematics.

5. Every candidate shall be required to pass in three subjects. No candidate shall be allowed to take I or II or III, unless he has passed an examination in the corresponding subject in the Intermediate or other qualifying examination, except with the permission of the Dean acting in consultation with the Head of the Department concerned.

6. The final examination in Physics and Chemistry shall in each case comprise two theoretical papers, each of three hours' duration, and a six hours' practical examination, and the examination in Mathematics shall comprise three papers, each of three hours' duration.

7. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order. 100 marks shall be allotted to each theoretical paper, 70 marks to each practical examination and 30 marks to a *viva voce* examination, which shall be held at the same time as the practical examination. Candidates who obtain 60 per cent. of the total marks and not less than 40 per cent. of the marks in each subject, shall be awarded a mark of distinction. A mark of distinction shall not be awarded to a student who does not pass in all the subjects of the examination on the same occasion.

No candidate shall be allowed to pass who does not obtain a minimum of 30 per cent. of the aggregate marks, a minimum of 33 per cent. in Mathematics, a minimum of 40 per cent. in the Practical

and *viva voce* examinations taken together in Physics and in the practical and *viva voce* examinations taken together in Chemistry and a minimum of 30 per cent in the theoretical examination in Physics and in the theoretical examination in Chemistry.

8. Candidates, who fail in one subject only but obtain in the aggregate sufficient marks for a pass, shall be permitted to enter for that subject only at the next examination; but if they fail a second time, they shall be required to enter again for the whole examination. Candidates who fail in more than one subject shall be required to enter again for the whole examination.

9. A student who is pursuing a course of study for an Ordinary degree may be transferred to a course for the degree with Honours at any time up to the commencement of the third term of the first academic year; but such transference shall only be made on the authority of the Dean of the Faculty acting on the recommendation of the Provost of the Hall to which the student belongs and of the Head of the Department in which he proposes to take Honours.

Ordinances. PART III.—DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE WITH HONOURS.

1. Courses of study for the degree of Bachelor of Science with Honours shall extend over a period of three academic years, and students must complete the examination for Honours by the end of the fourth academic year after entering the University.

2. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination at the end of their third academic year, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 500 days on the 31st December preceding their examination, provided that candidates shall be disqualified from actually sitting for the examination unless they have continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than three fourths of the days in the period from the 1st January to the tenth day before the first day of the examination. Candidates who present themselves for the first time

for their final examination at the end of their fourth academic year shall be required to have resided in a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 540 days on the 31st December preceding their examination and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

The Executive Council may on the recommendation of the relevant Provosts condone shortage of residence in exceptional cases and the recommendation of the Provosts in all such cases shall be accompanied by the statements made by the parents or guardians of the students concerned in applying for such condonation.

3. A student who is permitted on the ground of having pursued a course of not less than two years in another approved University to present himself for an Honours Examination after pursuing a course extending over two academic years in this University will be deemed for the purpose of Ordinance 2 to have attended a total of 180 days extending over one academic year.

4. There shall be the following Honours Schools in the Faculty of Science:—

- (I) Physics with Chemistry and Mathematics
as subsidiary subjects.
- (II) Chemistry with Physics and Mathematics
as subsidiary subjects.
- (III) Mathematics with Physics and Chemistry
as subsidiary subjects.

5. No candidate shall be allowed to take up the course for an Honours degree unless he has passed an examination in the subject of his Honours Course at the Intermediate or other qualifying examination, except with the permission of the Dean acting in consultation with the Head of the Department concerned.

6. The Honours Schools shall be constituted as follows:—

PHYSICS.

- (a) Five theoretical papers and three days' practical examination in Physics;

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- (b) The 'entire' examination in Mathematics and Chemistry for the ordinary degree ; and
- (c) *Viva voce* examination.

II. CHEMISTRY.

- (a) Four theoretical papers and four days' practical examination in Chemistry ;
- (b) The entire examination in Mathematics and Physics for the Ordinary degree ; and
- (c) *Viva voce* examination.

III. MATHEMATICS.

- (a) Eight papers in Mathematics ; and
- (b) The entire examination in Physics and Chemistry for the Ordinary degree.

7. The examination in the subsidiary subjects may be taken at the end of the second academic year.

8. A candidate must not later than the end of his fourth academic year present himself for examination in his Honours subject. He must also present himself at the same time for examination in one or both of his subsidiary subjects unless he has already passed in the subject or subjects in question. He shall not however be credited with any 'subject (subsidiary or Honours) in which he may pass at such examination unless he passes the examination as a whole.

9. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the Honours School in which severally they have passed. They shall be drawn up in two classes and each class shall be arranged in alphabetical order.

10. 100 marks shall be allotted to each Honours paper which shall be of four hours' duration. The practical examination in Physics shall carry 225 marks and the *viva voce* examination in Physics shall carry 75 marks. The practical examination in Chemistry shall carry 150 marks and the *viva voce* examination in Chemistry shall carry 50 marks.

Candidates obtaining 60 and 45 per cent. of the total marks shall be placed respectively in the first and second class.

1. In order to qualify for Honours a candidate must obtain in each of the subsidiary subjects of Physics and Chemistry not less than 30 per cent. in the theoretical papers and not less than 40 per cent. in the practical examination and in Mathematics (subsidiary) 33 per cent. of the total marks.

The marks obtained by an Honours candidate in his subsidiary subjects shall not be taken into account in determining his class in the list of successful Honours candidates.

12. Any candidate, who in one of the subsidiary subjects falls short of the pass marks by not more than 5 per cent. of the full marks in that subject, and who obtains the marks necessary for obtaining a first class in the Honours subject, shall be awarded first class Honours in that subject, provided that this allowance shall only be applicable to subsidiary subjects taken by a student simultaneously with the examination in his Honours subject.

[Any candidate, who in one of the subsidiary subjects falls short of the pass marks by not more than 5 per cent. of the full marks in that subject and who obtains the marks necessary for obtaining a first class in the Honours subject, shall be awarded a first class Honours in the subject.] For 1921-22 and 1922-23 admissions

13. If any candidate for Honours obtains less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any theoretical paper, those marks shall not be counted for classification for Honours, but they shall be counted towards the award of an Ordinary degree.

14. A candidate who does not qualify for Honours but secures in his Honours subject not less than 33 per cent. of the total marks in the case of Mathematics or 30 per cent. of the total marks in the theoretical papers and 40 per cent. in the practical work in the cases of Physics and Chemistry, and in the case of subsidiary subjects a minimum of 30 per cent. in the theoretical papers and 40 per cent. in practical work in Physics or Chemistry and 33 per cent. of the total marks in Mathematics shall be awarded an Ordinary degree.

15. A candidate, who does not qualify for Honours but is awarded the Ordinary degree, shall not be allowed to take the same Honours Examination again.

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16. Candidates who fail will be allowed to take the examination of the same Honours School a second time.

Provided that in the case of students taking Honours in Physics and Chemistry, they shall be required to attend such classes as may be prescribed by the Dean during one additional year before presenting themselves for the examination.

17. Candidates who fail for a second time at such Honours examination will be allowed to present themselves at any subsequent examination for the Ordinary B. Sc. degree.

18. Students who have presented themselves at an Honours B.Sc. Examination but have failed or who have completed their full Honours Course shall be allowed to present themselves at a B.Sc. Pass Examination in the subjects in which they presented themselves at the Honours Examination, or which they studied for the Honours Course.

19. The interval between his admission into the University and the date on which he has taken his degree shall be stated on the Diploma of each graduate.

20. Candidates who have passed the examination of one Honours School may, after pursuing a further course of study approved by the Dean for at least one and not more than two academic years, be admitted to the examination of any other Honours School. Such candidates shall be required to take the papers in the principal subject of their second Honours School only and not in any subsidiary subjects.

21. Students who are reading for the degree with Honours may, on the recommendation of the Head of the Department responsible for their studies, be transferred by the Dean to the pass course at any time up to the commencement of the second academic year.

Provided that, in exceptional cases, the Dean may in consultation with the Provost of the Hall transfer an Honours student to the Pass course at any time during the second academic year.

22. Candidates admitted to the second year B.Sc. Honours class under the terms of section 12, Chapter XXI shall not be required to appear in any subsidiary subject.

PART IV. DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE. Ordinances.

1. Candidates shall not be admitted to the courses for the degree of Master of Science unless they are either graduates in Science of this University, or graduates in Science of an approved University.

2. The degree of Master of Science shall be conferred on candidates who have graduated with ^{Honours of} ~~ates with~~ Honours in this University, provided they have—
Dacca University.

- (1) completed a further course of study or research approved by the University, for one academic year ;
- (2) passed a prescribed examination ; and
- (3) have resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 180 days.

3. The degree of Master of Science shall be conferred upon candidates who have taken the degree of Master of Science of any approved University in the subject in which they present themselves in this University, provided they have

- (1) completed a further course of study or research in this University for a period of two years ;
- (2) passed the prescribed examination called the Final M.Sc. Examination, and
- (3) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXV of the Ordinances for the Residence of students for a period of not less than 360 days.

4. The degree of Master of Science shall be conferred upon candidates who have obtained the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Science of this University, or the degree of Bachelor of Science of an approved University, provided they have—
Graduates without Honours at Dacca University.

- (1) completed a further course of study, approved by the University and under University supervision for a period of two years ;

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- (2) passed the Preliminary M.Sc. Examination ;
- (3) passed a prescribed Final examination ; and
- (4) resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for a period of not less than 360 days in two academic years.

5. Where an M.Sc. Examination is held in more than one branch in the same subject in which no part is common, a candidate after passing the M.Sc. Examination in one branch may take the examination in another branch in a subsequent year provided he has completed a further course of study approved by the University for a period of one year and resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the residence of students for a period of not less than 180 days.

Preliminary
M.Sc. Exa-
mination.

6. The Preliminary M.Sc. Examination in Physics shall consist of two theoretical papers, each of four hours' duration, and a two days' Practical Examination.

The Preliminary M.Sc. Examination in Chemistry shall consist of two theoretical papers, each of four hours' duration, and a four days' Practical Examination.

The Preliminary M. Sc. Examination in Mathematics shall consist of three papers, each of four hours' duration, of the B.Sc. Honours standard, on subjects within the purview of the B. Sc. Honours school in that subject.

Candidates will be informed at the commencement of their course which papers will be taken at the Preliminary M. Sc. Examination.

7. Except in special circumstances of which the Head of the Department shall be the sole judge, each candidate shall be required to appear at the Preliminary M. Sc. Examination at the end of the first academic year.

8. Candidates who have not passed the Preliminary M.Sc. Examination at the end of the first academic year must, present themselves for such

examination at the next or on any subsequent occasion. But in no case shall a candidate be allowed to proceed to the Final M. Sc. Examination unless he has passed the Preliminary M.Sc. Examination.

9. 100 marks shall be allotted to each theoretical paper of the Preliminary M. Sc. Examination and to each Practical Examination. No candidate shall be allowed to pass the Preliminary M. Sc. Examination who does not obtain 30 per cent. of the total marks in the theoretical papers and 40 per cent. of the total marks in the Practical Examination in Physics and in Chemistry or 36 per cent. of the total marks in Mathematics.

Provided that if a candidate obtains less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any theoretical paper such marks shall not be counted.

10. A candidate for the Final M.Sc. degree may, Final M.Sc. if he is an Honours graduate of this University or if Examination- he has passed the Preliminary M. Sc. Examination of this University, submit a thesis for the Final Examination; in that case he will be required to submit to a *viva voce* examination and an examination by means of a special theoretical paper of four hours' duration on a subject allied to his thesis.

11. All candidates save those for the degree in Mathematics shall be submitted to a *viva voce* examination.

12. Names of successful candidates shall be published in such form as to distinguish the subject in which they have passed and whether they have presented a dissertation and shall be arranged in alphabetical order in three classes.

13. The Final M.Sc. Examination in Physics shall consist of three theoretical papers each of four hours' duration and a three days' practical examination to which 150 marks shall be allotted and a *viva voce* examination to which 50 marks shall be allotted.

The Final M.Sc. Examination in Chemistry shall consist of three theoretical papers either in

- (a) Physical Chemistry, or
- (b) Inorganic Chemistry, or
- (c) Organic Chemistry,

each of four hours' duration and a four days' practical examination to which 150 marks shall be allotted

and a *viva voce* examination to which 50 marks shall be allotted.

The final M.Sc. Examination in Mathematics shall consist of five papers each of four hours' duration.

14. 100 marks shall be allotted to each theoretical paper of the Final M.Sc. Examination. No candidate shall be allowed to pass the Final M.Sc. Examination in Physics or in Chemistry who does not obtain 30 per cent. of the total marks in the theoretical papers and 40 per cent. of the total marks in the practical examination, provided that if a candidate obtains less than 25 per cent. of the marks in any theoretical paper such marks shall not be counted.

Candidates obtaining 60 per cent. and 45 per cent. of the total marks shall be placed in the first and the second class respectively, and the rest of the successful candidates in the third class.

For the M.Sc. Examination in Mathematics the allotment of marks and classes shall be determined as in the case of the M. A. Examination in Mathematics.

Ordinances.

PART V. DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF SCIENCE.

1. The degree of Doctor of Science (D.Sc.) may be conferred upon (1) persons who have taken the M.Sc. degree in this University and who are of not less than three years' standing, (2) persons who have taken the B.Sc. degree in this University with first class Honours and who are of not less than four years' standing, (3) persons who have taken the degree of M.Sc. in an approved University and are of not less than three years' standing; a person who has taken the M.Sc. degree in the third class either in this University or an approved University shall not be admitted as a candidate for the degree of D.Sc. of this University except with the special permission of the Academic Council, given after report from the Faculty of Science.

2. The degree of D.Sc. shall only be awarded to candidates who have submitted as a thesis work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of learning. The degree shall be awarded after a report from an Examination Committee consisting of at least three examiners stating that the thesis deserves the

award of the degree and after approval of the award by the Academic Council.

3. No person who has not taken one of the qualifying degrees in the University of Dacca will be permitted to submit a thesis for the degree of D.Sc. unless he has been registered as a candidate for that degree and has subsequently to registration pursued the researches embodied in his thesis in the University of Dacca under the supervision of a person or persons appointed by the Academic Council for a period of not less than two years.

The thesis must comply with the following further conditions:—

(a) The candidate must indicate how far the thesis embodies the result of his own research or observation and in what respect his investigations appear to him to advance the study of his subject.

(b) Work done conjointly with other investigators will not ordinarily be accepted as a thesis qualifying for the degree; in exceptional cases the Academic Council may accept conjoint work as a thesis for the degree. The candidate is invited to submit as subsidiary matter in support of his candidature any contribution or contributions to the advancement of his subject which he may have published independently or conjointly. In the event of a candidate submitting conjoint work in support of his candidature he will be required to state fully his own share in such conjoint work. Such statement should, as far as possible, be confirmed by the co-author or coadjutors.

(c) Candidates may be required to submit to a *viva voce* examination on the thesis.

4. The degree shall only be awarded by the Executive Council after the publication of the thesis or of an epitome thereof approved by the examiners. A printed copy of the thesis or of the epitome, if accepted, shall be kept in the University Library.

5. Applications for the degree of D.Sc. shall be

made in writing to the Registrar together with (1) the prescribed fee, (2) a certificate signed or countersigned by the Dean of the Faculty of Science stating that the candidate has pursued his work under the supervision prescribed by the University unless he has been exempted from such supervision and (3) four printed or type-written copies of the thesis together with any subsidiary matter submitted in connection therewith under the terms of sub-section 3(b).

CHAPTER XIX.

FACULTY OF LAW.

PART I. GENERAL.

1. The Degrees in this Faculty are :

- (1) Bachelor of Law (B. L.)
- (2) Master of Law (M. L.)
- (3) Doctor of Law (D. L.)

2. Candidates shall not be admitted to the course for the degree of Bachelor of Law unless they are either (a) graduates in Arts or Science or Commerce of this University, or (b) graduates in Arts or Science or Commerce of some other approved University.

3. Candidates shall not be allowed to appear at the final examination for any degree unless they have (1) fulfilled the conditions for the residence of students reading for the degree; (2) furnished a certificate from the Dean of the Faculty, testifying that they are fit to appear at the examination; and (3) paid the examination fee to the Registrar.

Ordinances. PART II. DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF LAW.

1. Courses for the degree of Bachelor of Law shall extend over three academic years, and there shall be one Degree examination.

Provided that students who have obtained the M.A. or M.Sc. degree, or the B.A. or B.Sc. degree of this University with Honours, may, if they so desire, take the whole course in two years.

*Explanation :—*The term academic year as used in this Chapter of the Ordinances only, means a year

consisting of three terms, commencing either from the beginning of the session in July or from the date of re-opening of the classes after the Christmas holidays.

2. Candidates shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the Residence of Students, for three academic years and for an average of 180 days in each of these years, or, in the case of students who have taken the M.A. or M.Sc. Degree, or the B.A. or B.Sc. Degree of this University with Honours, for a period of not less than 300 days in two academic years.

Candidates admitted for the session beginning in January shall be required, before presenting themselves for the degree examination at the end of their third academic year, to have resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the residence of students, for a period of not less than 500 days by the last day of the term ending immediately before the Puja Vacation, provided that candidates shall be disqualified from actually sitting for the examination unless they have continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than three-fourths of the days in the period from the re-opening day of the University after the Puja Vacation to the tenth day before the first day of the Examination. Candidates who present themselves for the first time for their final examination later than the end of the third academic year shall be required to have resided in a Hall or Hostel, or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the residence of students, for a period of not less than 540 days by the 31st December if they are appearing in an examination held in July and for a period of not less than 540 days by the last day of the term ending immediately before the Puja Vacation if they are appearing in an examination held in January; and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

(For students admitted into 2nd year Law class in January).

Candidates admitted to the second year class for the session beginning in January shall be required before presenting themselves for the degree examination at the end of their second academic year to have resided at a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of the Ordinances for the residence of students, for a period of not less than 320 days by the last day of the term immediately before the Puja Vacation, provided that candidates shall be disqualified from actually sitting for the examination unless they have continued to reside under the aforementioned conditions for not less than three-fourths, of the days in the period from the re-opening day of the University after the Puja Vacation to the tenth day before the first day of the examination. Candidates who present themselves for the first time for their final examination later than the end of the second academic year shall be required to reside in a Hall or Hostel or under the conditions laid down in Ordinance 4 of Chapter XXVI of Ordinances for the residence of students, for a period of not less than 360 days by the 31st December if they are appearing in an examination held in July; and for a period of not less than 360 days by the last day of the term ending immediately before the Puja Vacation if they are appearing in an examination held in January; and to have fulfilled such other conditions of residence as shall be laid down in each case by the Academic Council.

The Executive Council may, on the recommendation of the relevant Provosts, condone shortage of residence in exceptional cases and the recommendation of the Provosts in all such cases shall be accompanied by the statements made by the parents or guardians of the students concerned in applying for such condonation.

3. The Academic Council may, on the recommendation of the Dean of the Faculty, admit to the second year class in Law any student who has pursued wholly or partially the course of studies for a degree in Law in another University, if it is satisfied that the course so pursued by the candidate was approximately equal in standard to the part of the course from which he desires exemption in this University.

4. Except as provided above, all students for the degree of Bachelor of Law are required to attend a course of instruction in the following subjects:—

- I. Jurisprudence and General Theory of Law.
- II. Roman Law.
- III. (a) History of British Indian Law and Constitution.
(b) History of English Law and English Constitutional Law.
- IV. Historical and Comparative Law.
- V. Hindu Law—History, Sources, Family Law, Law of Property, Inheritance, Gifts, Wills, Procedure, Evidence, Debts, Contracts, Delicts, Crime.
- VI. Mohammedan Law—History, Sources, Family Law, Inheritance, Gifts, Wills, *Donatio mortis causa* and Wakf, mainly according to Hanifi and Shiah Schools.
- VII. Law of Contracts and Torts.
- VIII. Law of Real Property and Trust, including Conveyancing.
- IX. Law of Persons.
- X. Law of Transfer *inter vivos*.
- XI. Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
- XII. Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure, including Principles and Practice of Pleading.
- XIII. Land Laws.
- XIV. Criminal Law and Criminal Procedure.
- XV. Principles of Legislation.

5. The instruction in these subjects shall include course of general lectures and Tutorial instruction.

No candidate shall be admitted to the examination in any subject unless he can produce a certificate from his Tutor countersigned by the Dean to the effect that he has attended a full course of instruction in that subject.

6. The examination for the degree shall embrace the following papers all of which shall be compulsory :—

Roman Law	...	...	1 paper
Hindu Law	...	...	1 paper
Mohammedan Law	...	...	1 paper
Law of Contracts and Torts	...	...	1 paper
Law of Real Property, Transfer of Property and Trusts	...	...	1 paper
Jurisprudence	...	...	1 paper
Law of Persons and the Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession	...	...	1 paper
Land Laws of Bengal	...	...	1 paper
Law of Crimes	...	...	1 paper
Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure	...	...	1 paper
Constitutional Law and History of English Law	...	...	1 paper

7. The degree shall not be awarded to any student who has not completed the examination within seven academic years after being admitted as a student in the Faculty of Law.

Provided that in the case of a student admitted to the second year class under Ordinance 3 of Part II of this Chapter, the degree must be taken within six years of the candidate's admission to the University.

8. The examination may be taken in two parts provided that Part I may not be taken earlier than at the end of the second academic year nor later than at the first examination held at the end of the third academic year. Candidates who do not appear at any examination earlier than the second examination held after the end of the third academic year will be required to appear in all the papers together.

Provided that in exceptional cases, the Academic Council, may, on the recommendation of the Dean of the Faculty, permit a candidate to appear for Part I at any examination after the first examination held at the end of the third academic year.

Provided that students entitled to the privilege of finishing their courses in 2 years as provided for in proviso to section 1, Part II, Chapter XIX, may be

permitted to appear in Part I of the Examination in January of the second year of their study.

9. Not less than four papers, selected with the permission of the Head of the department, may be offered for either part of the examination.

10. If a candidate appearing for Part I passes in each of at least four papers and obtains not less than 50 per cent. of the aggregate marks on those papers, he shall be declared to have passed Part I of the examination in those papers. Ordinances applying to Part I of the Examination.

11. If a candidate has passed in all the papers of Part I but has obtained less than 50 per cent. on the aggregate of all the papers taken by him, the Examination Committee may, if it is satisfied that the candidate should be declared to have passed in four or more papers by reason of the proficiency shown in them, declare him to have passed in those papers.

12. If, after having passed in Part I in accordance with the last two sections, a candidate has failed in not more than two papers in which he presented himself for the examination he will be permitted to appear in the paper or papers in which he failed, at the next following examination only.

If he passes in all the papers offered by him for the supplementary examination and obtains not less than 50 per cent. marks on the aggregate, he shall be declared to have passed Part I also in the subject or subjects offered. If he fails to pass in one or both of the papers in this supplementary examination, he will be required to offer these papers at Part II of the Examination.

13. No candidate shall be declared to have passed Part II of the Examination unless he has passed in all the papers and has obtained 50 per cent. of the marks on the aggregate, including the papers of the supplementary examination, if any. Ordinances applying to Part II of the Examination and to the Examination taken as a whole.

14. No candidate shall be declared to have passed the Examination taken as a whole unless he has passed in all the papers and has obtained 50 per cent. of the marks on the aggregate including the papers of the supplementary examination, if any.

15. In Part II of the examination if the candidate has passed in four or more papers, but has failed in not more than two papers, he may, at his option,

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either sit for the whole of Part II again or take only the paper or papers in which he has failed, at the next following examination. If a candidate fails to pass as a result of this supplementary examination he will be required to take all the papers originally offered by him for Part II at a subsequent examination.

16. If a candidate takes the examination as a whole and fails in not more than two papers, he may at his option take the whole examination again or only the papers in which he has failed, at the next following examination. If a candidate fails to pass as a result of this supplementary examination, he will be required to take all the papers together at any subsequent examination.

17. When the examination is taken in two Parts each Part of the examination shall be considered to be a separate examination for the purpose of a pass. The class in which a candidate is to be placed shall be determined by considering the marks obtained by him in both Parts of the examination taken together.

18. These regulations shall have force with retrospective effect as from the date of the first examination held under the Dacca University Regulations and Ordinances.

Provided that candidates who have been declared to have passed Part I of the Examination in any subject or subjects under Regulations and Ordinances hereby superseded shall be deemed to have passed Part I of the Examination under these regulations, notwithstanding that they have passed in less than four subjects and that they have obtained less than 50 per cent. of the marks on the aggregate.

Setting of
papers.

19. Examiners setting papers shall be guided, as to the scope of the subject of examination, by the syllabus prescribed in the Ordinances and Regulations, and, as to the standard and extent of knowledge required, by the books, if any, recommended from time to time for such purpose.

Every question paper shall be so framed as to cover as nearly as possible the entire syllabus in the subject. Reasonable latitude should be left to students to choose a certain number of questions for answer.

In each paper on a subject involving knowledge of case law 40 marks shall be allotted to questions framed with a view to test the ability of candidates to apply the more important legal principles to concrete cases. Full credit shall be given for well-reasoned answers to such questions even if the conclusions happen to differ from views taken in decided cases. No credit shall be given for bare answers unsupported by arguments.

Questions should be so framed as to encourage good methods of work and teaching and to discourage unintelligent memorising. Candidates shall give their answers in their own words as far as practicable in all subjects.

20. Names of successful candidates shall be arranged in alphabetical order in two classes. Drawing up of results.

21. Each paper shall be of three hours' duration and shall carry 100 marks. No candidate shall be allowed to pass who does not obtain 50 per cent. of the aggregate marks with a minimum of 30 marks in each paper. Candidates obtaining 66 per cent. of the total marks shall be placed in the first class.

22. Any candidate who has failed in one paper only and by not more than 5 marks but has shown merit by obtaining at least 60 per cent. of the total marks shall be allowed to pass. In order to determine the class in which such a candidate shall be placed the number of marks by which he has failed in one paper shall be deducted from his aggregate.

23. If the Examination Committee is of opinion that in the case of any candidate not covered by the preceding sections consideration ought to be allowed by reason of his high proficiency in a particular subject or in the aggregate the Examination Committee shall have power to pass such candidate.

24. The Examination Committee shall, in deciding whether a candidate on the border line should be considered to have passed or failed as also in considering the class in which the candidate should be placed, take his Tutorial record into consideration.

25. As soon as the results have been tabulated the Registrar shall prepare a list of candidates who have failed in one subject only; in order to guard against any possible inaccuracy, their papers in the

subject in which they have failed shall be re-examined on the method of marking already adopted and without any alteration of the standard.

26. Examiners in giving marks shall take the correctness of the language of the answer into account and shall consider whether the answers indicate an intelligent appreciation of the subject or are merely the result of unintelligent memory work.

Ordinances.

PART III—DEGREE OF MASTER OF LAW.

1. Bachelors of Law of this University or graduates in Law of any other approved University may be admitted to the degree of Master of Law. Each candidate is required to have—

- (1) satisfied the Dean of the Faculty of Law of his fitness to proceed to the degree of Master of Law before beginning the course;
- (2) carried on further study or research regularly for a period of not less than two years under the general superintendence of the Professor of Law; and
- (3) passed an examination in the following subjects, provided that where a candidate submits a dissertation on any one or more of the subjects which is considered by the Examination Committee to merit such concession, he may at the discretion of the Examination Committee be exempted from appearing for the examination in that subject.

2. The groups of subjects for the M. L. Examination shall be as follows:—

I. Jurisprudence

- (a) Analytical and Philosophical 1 paper
- (b) Historical and Ethnological,
or, Theory of Legislation ... 1 paper

II. Hindu Law—with reference to original authorities ... 2 papers

or,
Mohammedan Law—with
reference to original
authorities ... 2 papers

		PT. IV
III.	Roman Law ...	1 paper
IV.	Private International Law ...	1 paper
V & VI.	Any <i>two</i> of the following:—	
(i)	Constitutional Law and History, • English and Indian ...	1 paper
(ii)	History of English Law ...	1 paper
(iii)	Law of Contracts and Torts ...	1 paper
(iv)	Equity ...	1 paper
(v)	Law of Real Property and Indian Land Laws ...	1 paper
(vi)	Law of Transfer <i>inter vivos</i> ...	1 paper
(vii)	Testamentary and Intestate Succession ...	1 paper
(viii)	Crimes and Criminology ...	1 paper
(ix)	Select system of Foreign Law ...	1 paper
(x)	Law of Evidence ...	1 paper
VII.	Library Examination ...	1 paper

3. A candidate for the M.L. Examination must submit his application to be admitted to the Examination not later than the 31st August of the year in which he desires to be examined, together with the prescribed fee.

4. Nine papers shall be set to each candidate. Each paper shall be of three hours and shall carry 100 marks.

5. In order to pass the examination for the degree of Master of Law, a candidate must obtain 50 marks in each subject; and in order to be placed in the first class a candidate must further obtain 600 marks in the aggregate.

PART IV.—DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF LAW.

Ordinances.

1. The degree of Doctor of Law shall be conferred on a Master of Law of any approved University, of not less than three years' standing, who has submitted work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of knowledge in any department of law, carried out by himself in the University, which shall be deemed by the Academic Council, after considering a report from the Examination Committee, to deserve the award of this degree.

Provided that any candidate other than a Master of Law of this University shall be required to have pursued his researches in the University for a period of not less than two years before presenting himself for the degree.

2. Applications for the degree of Doctor of Law shall be made in writing to the Registrar together with the prescribed fee and accompanied by four printed or typewritten copies of the dissertation of the candidate. The dissertation shall be examined by three examiners.

3. Candidates may be asked to submit to a *viva voce* and Library examination on the subject of their dissertation and allied subjects.

CHAPTER XX.

Ordinances. CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION OF TEACHERS TO DEGREES.

1. Teachers of educational institutions [Act XVIII of 1920, Section 4 (2) (b)] who are candidates for degrees under the conditions laid down in this Chapter shall be called 'external candidates.' Such candidates must, before being allowed to enter for any University Examination, be admitted as external students of the University on payment of the usual fee.

2. External candidates shall be admitted to the examinations for the following degrees only :—

Ordinary B. A. Degree, Degree of M. A.,
Degree of M. Sc. in Mathematics.

3. External candidates shall be admitted to the final examination for the Ordinary degree of Bachelor of Arts, provided that they have,

(a) in the case of candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts of an approved University or Board, served for three years in one or more approved schools ;

(b) in the case of candidates who have passed the Licentiatehip of Teaching of this University or any other approved

University, served for two years in one or more approved schools.

4. Candidates who have not already passed the University Test in English will be required to do so. Any person may enter for the University Test in English if an application, accompanied by a certificate of admission as an external student and the required examination fee, is made to the Registrar not less than one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the Test.

5. An external candidate may be admitted to the final examination for the degree of Master of Arts, or for the degree of Master of Science in Mathematics, provided that

- (1) he is a graduate in Arts or in Science, as the case may be, of an approved University, and

- (2) he has,

- (a) after obtaining the Ordinary Bachelor's degree, served for not less than three years as a teacher in an approved school or approved schools and passed the Preliminary M. A. or M. Sc. Examination, as the case may be, of this University in the same subject ;

or

- (b) after obtaining the Bachelor's degree in this University with Honours in the same subject or the M.A. or M.Sc. Degree, as the case may be, in the same subject, served for not less than two years in an approved school or approved schools.

6. The fees for all tests and examinations shall be the same for external as for internal candidates.

7. An external candidate who desires to enter for a degree examination must apply to the Registrar in the prescribed form not less than six months before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination and must enclose with his application—

- (1) the prescribed fee for the examination ;
- (2) a statement of his service in schools since he passed the examination prescribed in section 3 or 5 above, with certificates

from the Secretaries of the schools in which he has served to the effect that he was actually in receipt of a salary as a teacher during the periods mentioned in his statement and that he is still teaching in a school.

8. In any case of doubt as to the eligibility of an external candidate the application shall be forwarded by the Registrar to the Dean of the Faculty not less than two months before the commencement of the examination for the purpose of deciding such cases.

In such cases the decision of the Faculty shall be final as to whether—

- (a) sufficient proof has been adduced by the candidate that he has served as a teacher for the periods for which he states he has served, and is still so serving ;
- (b) the periods during which he has served as a teacher amount to the required number of years within the meaning of Section 3 or 5 above ; and
- (c) the status of the institution or institutions in which he has served is that of an approved school.

9. In the event of the rejection of an application by an external candidate for permission to sit for an examination, the examination fee shall be returned to the applicant.

10. Every external candidate must, on the opening day of the examination, satisfy the officer or teacher who is supervising the examination that he is the person named in the application.

CHAPTER XXI.

Ordinances. ADMISSION, PROMOTION AND DETENTION OF STUDENTS.

1. Applications for admission shall be made to the Registrar in the prescribed form (see Appendix B) and be accompanied by the registration fee.*

*Forms of application may be obtained from the Registrar.

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2. All applications shall be submitted to an Admission Committee constituted in accordance with the conditions laid down in Section 34 (1) of the Act. This Committee shall decide in consultation with the Heads of Departments or their representatives the course to which the student shall be admitted, and the Hall or Hostel in which he shall reside or to which he shall be attached. The Admission Committee shall have power to impose fines for lateness in applying for admission.

3. Application for admission on production of transfer certificates from other approved Universities shall be dealt with by the Admission Committee on receipt of a report in each case from the Dean of the Faculty concerned.

4. Students shall not be eligible for admission in any academic year to a course for a degree unless they have passed either (1) the Intermediate Examination of an approved Board ; (2) the Intermediate Examination of an approved University ; or (3) an examination recognised under Section 34 of the Act as equivalent thereto ; and have attained the age of 17 years only on 1st July in such academic year.

5. For the purposes of admission to a course of study the Intermediate Examination conducted by the undermentioned Boards are recognised as equivalent to the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University incorporated by any Law for the time being in force.

(1) Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.

(2) Board of High Schools and Intermediate Education, United Provinces.

6. For the purposes of admission to a course of study for a degree, the degrees conferred by the undermentioned Universities are recognised as equivalent to the corresponding degrees of the University of Dacca :—

(1) University of Calcutta

(2) University of Bombay

(3) University of Madras

(4) University of the Punjab

(5) University of Allahabad

(6) University of Patna

(7) University of Lucknow

(8) University of Mysore

(9) University of Rangoon

(10) University of Delhi

(11) The Benares Hindu University

(12) The Aligarh Muslim University

(13) The Osmania University, Hyderabad.

Provided that the exemptions in respect of courses of study and examinations granted to Bachelors with Honours of this University shall not be granted to graduates in Honours of other Universities unless the Academic Council in any special case shall otherwise determine.

7. For the purposes of admission to a course of study for a degree, the degrees conferred by the under-mentioned Universities are recognised as equivalent to the corresponding degrees of the University of Dacca :—

(1) University of Aberdeen

(2) University of Belfast (Queen's University)

(3) University of Birmingham

(4) University of Bristol

(5) University of Cambridge

(6) University of Dublin

(7) University of Durham

(8) University of Edinburgh

(9) University of Glasgow

(10) University of Leeds

(11) University of Liverpool

(12) University of London

(13) University of Manchester

(14) National University of Ireland

(15) University of Oxford

(16) University of Sheffield

(17) University of St. Andrews

(18) University of Wales.

8. (i) Students not taking full courses and research students may be admitted at the discretion of the Admission Committee at any time during the year.

(ii) Students will not ordinarily be admitted to degree courses later than 21st July, or 3 weeks after the publication of the results of the qualifying examination passed by the students in question, whichever is later, provided that the Admission Com-

mittee shall have power to deal with exceptional cases at their discretion.

9. (i) A student who, having passed the Matriculation Examination of a recognised Indian University or of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, or any other examination recognised by a recognised Indian University or the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, as equivalent thereto, and who, after a further course of study recognised as satisfactory by the University of Dacca, has passed the Cambridge Higher School Certificate Examination in Group II offering (1) Latin or French or German or an Oriental Classical Language, (2) English, including (a) Shakespeare, (b) English Literature, (c) prescribed books, and in the English Essay compulsory on all candidates, and in two of the following subsidiary subjects: (1) Logic, (2) Mathematics (3 papers), (3) English History or English Colonial History or Modern European History or Greek History or Roman History (any two), (4) Physics or Chemistry or Botany or Physical Geography, shall for the purposes of admission to the courses and examinations of the University of Dacca be regarded as having passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

(ii) A student who, having passed the Matriculation Examination of a recognised Indian University or of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, or any other examination recognised by a recognised Indian University or the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, as equivalent thereto, and who, after a further course of study recognised as satisfactory by the University of Dacca, has passed the Cambridge Higher School Certificate Examination, Group IV, offering (a) either Physics and Chemistry or Experimental Science with Botany or Elementary Biology or Physical Geography and Geology, (b) subsidiary subject English Literature (with compulsory English Essay), (c) two of the following subsidiary subjects: Mathematics (3 papers), Botany, Physical Geography, may, for the purposes of admission to the courses and examinations of this University, be regarded as having passed the Intermediate Examination in Science.

(iii) Any non-European applying for exemption from the Intermediate Examination under the foregoing regulations may at the discretion of the Academic Council be required to give evidence or proof of proficiency in his vernacular.

10. A student who has been admitted to a course for a degree with Honours or a higher degree, or to a course for the degree of Bachelor of Law or Bachelor of Teaching, shall be required to interview the Head of the relevant Department; and a student who has been admitted to courses for the Ordinary degree of Arts or Science, shall be required to interview the Provost of his Hall or Warden of his Hostel. The Head of Department, Provost or Warden, as the case may be, will decide the subjects of the course which the student is to follow, and will assign him to a Tutor, who will be responsible for his studies. The student will receive a form signed by the Head of Department, Provost or Warden, upon which the details of the course of study and the name of his Tutor are entered.

11. No student shall be promoted from the 1st year class to the 2nd year class, or in the case of Honours students and students in the Faculty of Law, from the 2nd year class to the 3rd year class except with the permission of the Provost concerned and no Provost shall give such permission if the Head of any Department in which the student is working reports that in his opinion the student is unfit for such promotion.

12. Candidates who have obtained the ordinary B.A. or B.Sc. degree of this University or the B.A. or B.Sc. degree of any approved University may be admitted to the second year Honours B.A. or B.Sc. Class provided that the Honours subject chosen is one of the subjects with which they previously obtained their B.A. or B.Sc. degree.

13. Students who have passed in the first or second division, the Intermediate Examination in Arts of any approved Indian University or an examination recognised as equivalent thereto, including the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board in Group A, but not in any other groups, shall be admitted to any Department of the Faculty of Arts, except the Department of Islamic Studies, without further test.

14. No student shall be admitted to the Department of Islamic Studies who has not taken the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board in Group C, except with the permission of the Head of the Department concerned.

15. Students who have passed the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board in Group C shall not be admitted to any degree courses save the following:—

- (i) Honours in Islamic Studies,
- (ii) Honours in Arabic,
- (iii) Courses for the Ordinary B.A. degree with either Islamic Studies or Arabic as one of the subjects.

16. Students who have passed in the first or second division the Intermediate Examination in Science of any approved Indian University, or an examination equivalent thereto, or the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board, Group B, D or Group E shall not be admitted to the Faculty of Arts unless they are recommended for such admission, the reason for such recommendation being stated by the Head of the Department concerned.

17. No student who has passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts of an approved Indian University or an examination equivalent thereto or the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board Group A, in the third division shall be admitted to any course in the Faculty of Arts, comprising more than one subject in which he has not passed at the Intermediate Examination.

18. Students who have passed the Intermediate Examination of an approved Indian University or the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board (save in Group C) and have passed in the first or second division shall be admitted to the B. Com. Course.

19. Students who have passed the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board in Group E, (Commercial subjects) in the third division, shall only be admitted to the B. Com. Course with special permission of the Head of the Department; and no student who has passed the Intermediate Examina-

tion of the Dacca Board with any group other than Group E, in the third division shall be admitted to the B. Com. Course.

20. No student who has passed the Intermediate Examination of the Dacca Board in Group B, Group D, or Group E or any examination equivalent thereto, in the third division, shall be admitted to any course in the Faculty of Arts save as provided under Section 19 above.

CHAPTER XXII.

Ordinances.

ADMISSION OF RESEARCH STUDENTS.

1. The conditions of admission and fees of research students shall be determined by Regulations.

Regulations.

2. A student may be registered as a research student with the permission of the Academic Council at any time of the year on the recommendation of the Head of the Department in which such student desires to carry on his work.

3. Each research student unless he be the holder of a Government or University Research Studentship shall pay a fee of Rs. 20/- on registration in respect of the first two years of his work and Rs. 10/- for each subsequent year.*

For the purposes of this regulation the year shall be counted from the first day of the month in which a student is registered and the first fee must be paid before the end of that month, and fees for the third and subsequent years before the end of the corresponding month in those years. Students shall be liable to delay fine of one rupee in respect of each week's delay in payment after the date prescribed.

4. Each research student shall be resident in or attached to a Hall and shall be subject to the same conditions generally as other students. He shall, however, if a resident student, be exempted from Ordinance 26, Chapter XXIII and shall be

*For form of application for admission as Research Students, *vide* Appendix C.

required to pay seat rent from the first day of the month from which he takes admission to the Hall.

5. Each research student shall, as required by Section 23 of Chapter XXIII of the Ordinances, pay Athletic and University and Hall Union fees, subject to the same conditions as other students.

6. Each research student shall be registered as a student in a particular Department and a report on the work of the student shall be sent by the Head of such Department to the Registrar for submission to the Academic Council after six months have elapsed from the date of his registration, and at further intervals of six months during the stay of the student in the University.

7. The Academic Council may cancel the registration of a research student at any time if his work is reported to be unsatisfactory. No fees shall be returnable to the student if his registration is cancelled by the Academic Council.

8. These Regulations shall not be applicable to teachers of Dacca University registered as research students with the sanction of the Academic Council.

CHAPTER XXIII.

FEES.

Ordinances.

1. Fees payable to the University are classified under the following heads:—

- (a) Fee for registration of application for admission
- (b) Admission fee
- (c) Class fee
- (d) Withdrawal and Transfer fee.
- (e) Laboratory Caution Money
- (f) Hall Fees (Seat-rent, Hall Caution Money, Hall Union Fee)
- (g) University Union fee
- (h) Games fee.
- (i) Examination fee
- (j) Fee for registration of graduates.

2. The Registration fee *i.e.*, the fee for registration of an application for admission, shall be Re. 1 (one).

3. The ordinary Admission fee shall be Rs. 5/- (five).

No admission fee and registration fee will be charged in case of a student who after completion of a course of study enters without interruption on another course of study either in the same or in another Faculty.

A single admission fee will be payable by students who pursue two courses in two faculties simultaneously.

4. The fee for admission as an external student of the University is Rs. 6/- (six).

5. (1) The class fee for courses for a Bachelor's degree in all the three Faculties shall be at the rate of Rs. 8/- (eight) a month for 12 months in the year, provided that for students of the Faculty of Law who have entered the University in or before 1923 the class fee shall be at the rate of Rs. 7/- (seven) a month for 12 months in the year.

Payment
of Fees in
advance in a
lump sum.

(2) Students may, however, compound for the class fees for a year by a single payment in advance of Rs. 90 (ninety). This composition fee shall be paid on the first date in the academic year fixed for receiving fees or, in the case of newly admitted students, at the time of admission. The University may, in exceptional cases, accept the composition fee at any time on or before the date fixed for the receipt of the second monthly fee.

6. The class fee for a course for the degree of Master in the Faculty of Arts shall be Rs. 10/- a month for 12 months in the year, and in the Faculty of Science, Rs. 12/- a month for 12 months in the year.

7. A student who after failing at an examination for the ordinary B.A. or B.Sc. degree is permitted to enter in one subject only at a subsequent examination shall only be required to pay half the usual class fee if he takes classes in that subject only.

8. Candidates who fail at the final B.Sc. or M.Sc. Examination may be permitted to attend

practical classes in a single subject on payment of half the usual tuition fees in order that they may prepare themselves for appearing in the next final B.Sc. or M.Sc. Examination, as the case may be.

9. A student who enters the University after transfer from another University or College, shall be required to pay class fees as from the month following the last month in which he paid his fees to the former institution or from the month in which he is admitted into the University, whichever is earlier; provided that no student shall be required to pay class fees as from a date earlier than July 1st of the session in which he enters the University.

10. Each resident student shall be required to pay to the University on his admission a sum of Rs. 6/- (Rupees six) only as Hall Caution Money to cover the cost of any damage done by him to Hall property; and this caution money, subject to deduction for any such damage, shall be refunded to the student when he leaves the Hall.

11. Each resident student shall be required to pay annually a fee of Re. 1/- (Rupee one) which shall be realised with the tuition fees for the month of July, for the purchase and repair of dining room utensils and the amounts so realised by each Hall shall be earmarked for this purpose for that Hall.

12. Each attached student shall be required to pay a fee of Re. 1/- (one) per annum towards the cost of the inspection of residences, which shall be realised with the tuition fees of the month of July.

13. The annual subscription for the University Union shall be Re. 1/-. This fee is compulsory on all students and must be paid together with the first fees paid to the University in each academic year.

14. The annual fee for the Hall Unions shall be Rs. 3/-. This fee is compulsory on all students and must be paid together with the fee for August or at the time of admission whichever is later in each academic year.

15. Fees for each month will be received during the second week of the month for which the fees are due on dates which will be fixed from time to time. Monthly payment of fee.

The monthly class fees of a resident student shall

not be accepted in the Accounts Office without certification from the authorities of his Hall that all his Hall dues for the month have been paid.

Payment of admission and University fee.

16. A student, if admitted after the beginning of the session, shall pay the admission fee and the University dues from the commencement of the academic year up to and including the fee for the month in which he is admitted.

Delay fine.

17. An additional fee of annas 2 (two) shall be charged for every day or part of a day that a student is in arrears in payment of his monthly class fee. Provided that if a delay fine be paid on a day immediately following a Sunday or holiday, no fine shall be exacted in respect of the day or for those days immediately preceding, on which the University has been closed. As soon as the delay amounts to seven days the name of the defaulting student shall be reported to the Head of the Hall or Hostel to which the student is attached.

18. If the monthly class fee or any fine due in a given month from a student remains unpaid until the last day of the following month, the student's name shall be removed from the register, provided that the Provosts may, in very exceptional cases, exempt students from payment of their class fees up to a date not later than the 15th of the month following that for which fees are due and from the payment of any re-admission fee and a special return of such cases shall be submitted to the Finance Committee at the end of each month.

19. A student whose name has been removed from the register for non-payment of dues, may be re-admitted on such conditions as the Vice-Chancellor may think fit and he shall also be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 10 at the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor in addition to the payment of all arrear dues.

Receipt for payment

20. Every student shall be entitled to a receipt for each sum paid by him into the University Treasury.

Caution money for Science students.

21. In addition to his class fee, a student attending laboratory classes in the Faculty of Science shall pay on admission Rs. 20 (twenty) as caution money. The price of, or repairs to, any

apparatus wilfully or carelessly destroyed or damaged by him will be recouped from the aforesaid caution money. If the caution money falls short of the price or cost of repairs of such apparatus, the deficit shall be met by the student. The Head of each Department of the Faculty of Science shall submit to the Registrar during the first fortnight of each session a list of all students whose deposit has been decreased by payment for breakages, and the Registrar shall then call on such students to make up their caution money again to Rs. 20 (twenty.) The unexpended balance of a student's caution money shall be returned to him on the completion of his course of study at the University.

22. Caution money shall be paid by students using the Psychological Laboratory according to the following scale :—

M.A. students	... Rs. 5/- (to be paid at the beginning of the 1st session).
B.A. Honours students	... Rs. 5/- (to be paid at the beginning of the 2nd session).

The rules about deduction and refund shall be as in the case of science students.

23. All students who are registered as candidates for the degree of Master of Law and all research students (including students holding either Government or University research studentships) shall pay athletic and University and Hall Union fees in addition to any other fees they are liable to pay under the Ordinances and Regulations.

24. The minimum rent for a seat in a Hall or Hostel shall be Rs. 2 (two) per month, exclusive of the boarding charges. The fee is intended to cover the cost for electric light and menial servants. No rate higher than Rs. 4 (four) shall be charged for any seat. Seat-rent.

25. The Provosts shall be allowed to fix the seat-rent of each individual student within the limits of Rs. 2/- and Rs. 4/- prescribed by the Ordinance.

26. Students shall, unless specially exempted by the Executive Council, be required to pay seat-rent for twelve months in each year, i.e., from 1st

July to 30th June, irrespective of the date at which they join or leave.

In the case of a student who leaves his Hall in the middle of the session the Provost concerned may remit the payment of seat-rent provided that the seat which the student occupied in the Hall can be filled up at once by another student.

Payment of
Seat-rent.

27. Seat-rents shall be paid during the second week of every month. In case of default an additional fee of anna 1 (one) shall be charged for every day till payment. If the defaulter fails to pay his dues by the last day of the month, his name shall be removed from the Register of Hall or Hostel.

Removal from the Hall or Hostel Roll for failure to pay dues will entail removal from the Rolls of the University.

28. Students who are admitted into the Halls under section 3 in Chapter XXVI and students who are admitted by the Provosts as substitutes for other students, shall be exempted from Ordinance 26, Chapter XXIII, but shall be required to pay from the first day of the month in which they are admitted into the Hall the same seat rent as the regular students of the University compounded in a sum payable in advance for the period from the first day of the month in which they are admitted up to the end of the session. Such students shall further pay the monthly dues of their Halls and also the utensil fee and the University Union fee and such an amount in respect of the Athletic fee and Hall caution money as the Provost may determine in each case.

Free
use of
libraries.

29. No fee shall be levied from any student of the University for the use of any book in the Libraries of the University or any of its Halls or Hostels.

Fee for,
athletics.

30. The annual subscription for athletics shall be Rs. 5 (five). This fee is compulsory on all students and must be paid together with the first fees paid to the University in each academic year.

31. The scale of examination fees shall be as follows:—

B.A. & B.Sc. Pass Final ... Rs. 35/-

Half the ordinary examination fee shall be paid by candidates who present them-

selves in one subject only at the final B.A. or B.Sc. or B. Com. Examination in order to obtain the relevant degree. A fee of Rs. 20/- (twenty) shall be paid by graduates in Commerce who are candidates for the M.A. degree in Economics and who take two papers in each of two subjects at the ordinary B.A. Examination, in accordance with Ordinances and Regulations.

B.A. & B.Sc. Honours Final ... Rs. 55/-

The fee for examination or for re-examination in For 1925 each subsidiary subject forming part of an Honours and later, Course for the B.A. or B.Sc. examination shall be Rs. 10/- and the fee for examination in the Honours papers shall be Rs. 35/-.

B. Com. Examination ... Rs. 35/-

M.A. or M.Sc. Preliminary Examination Rs. 20/-

M.A. or M.Sc. Final Examination Rs. 60/-

L.T. Examination ... Rs. 20/-

B.T. Examination ... Rs. 40/-

M.T. Examination ... Rs. 75/-

M.L., D.L., Ph.D., and D.Sc. Examinations Rs. 100/-

B.L. Examination ... Rs. 90/-

If the B.L. Examination is taken in two parts, the fee for each part shall be Rs. 45/-.

Half the usual examination fee shall be paid by candidates who fail in one or two subjects at either part of the B.L. Examination and who wish to re-appear in those subjects at a subsequent examination.

University Test Rs. 10/- for the first entry,
in English and for each subsequent entry Rs. 5/-.

Candidates who withdraw from the University Test in English after the last date for entry shall be allowed to enter for the next examination on payment of half the usual fee.

32. A candidate who has entered for any examination but who does not present himself for such examination, will be allowed to enter for the next following examination of the same kind on payment of half the ordinary fee. Candidates who retire

after having presented themselves for an examination, or who fail to pass, will be required to pay the full fee when they next present themselves for such examination.

Fee for
Scrutiny.

33. The fee for scrutinising answer-books of candidates at a University examination is Rs. 10/-.

34. All fees and fines shall be paid in the University Accounts Office.

35. Before admission to any examination, candidates must pay the examination fee and all other outstanding University dues.

36. The fee for the renewal of registration of Graduates (*vide* Statute 14-A) for any session shall be paid not later than the 30th of July of that session.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Ordinances.

RESIDENCE OF STUDENTS.

[*Vide* Act XVIII of 1920, Section 31 and Statute 11 (2).]

1. The residences of all students of the University shall be within 5 miles of the Convocation Hall.

2. A student who is attached to, but does not reside in, a Hall or Hostel of the University, shall be styled an attached student.

3. If there are vacancies in the Halls after all full-time students have been furnished with places therein, the Provosts shall have power to allot seats to students paying part-fees or to students of the University who have already completed a course of study for a degree and who are preparing for any University or competitive examination. A separate register of all such students shall be kept in the Accounts Department of the University Office.

4. An attached student shall reside with his parents or legal guardian or with a person authorised by the parents or legal guardian and approved by the Provost of the Hall to which the student is attached.

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Proviso—In special cases the Provosts may relax this rule in the case of Post-Graduate students above 25 years of age.

5. In the event of the removal from Dacca of the approved guardian with whom the student is residing, the Provost of the Hall to which the student is attached, shall at once either direct the student to take his residence in the Hall or approve another guardian with whom the student shall reside. Every student must inform the Provost before changing his residence or guardian.

6. A student who deliberately makes a false statement regarding the conditions of his residence, shall be expelled.

7. All admissions made by the Admission Committee in the beginning of the academic year, together with the names and postal addresses of the approved guardians, shall be reported by the Provosts to the Proctor within 30 days from the last date of admission. Every subsequent admission and change of residence shall be reported to the Proctor within ten days from the date thereof.

8. Every attached student shall be required to produce at the end of each term a certificate from his approved guardian that he is living with the said guardian and stating the number of days during the term, during which he has resided with the said guardian.

9. Students whose names are struck off the rolls for non-payment of fees shall not be entitled to count any residence in respect of any period during which their names have been struck off the roll.

CHAPTER XXVII.

DISCIPLINE.

Regulations.

1. Resident Students must be in their houses before 9 p.m. from October to March inclusive and 10 p.m. from April to September inclusive and must not leave them before 5 a.m. except under written permission from the Provost or Warden of the Hall or Hostel of which they are members.

2. A gate-book in which are recorded the times at which students knock in after the gate has been closed must be kept by a competent authority in all houses of Halls or Hostels.

3. A student who wilfully destroys or injures University property will be called upon to make good the loss to the University and will also be liable to other penalties.

4. Any student who fails to observe the disciplinary rules of his Hall or Hostel, shall be liable to such penalty, short of rustication, as may be decided by the Provost or Warden.

Discipline
in the Hall.

5. Students on admission to the University will be assigned by the Provost of their Hall to a House-Tutor and must call on him immediately and have their name, class, the year of admission, and home and Dacca addresses entered in the Hall Register.

6. Students, whether resident or attached, must not absent themselves from attending at their lectures and other classes or practical work except with the permission of the Provost of their Hall, granted on written application through the House-Tutor.

7. Overstaying of leave is punishable unless extension is granted. Every application for extension of leave must reach the House-Tutor at least one day before the expiry of the original leave. Every application for extension of leave on medical grounds must be accompanied by a certificate of a recognised medical man and by a letter from the student's guardian.

8. Students will not be permitted to change their rooms save in exceptional circumstances. Applications for change of rooms should be made to the House-Tutor.

9. Students may entertain guests for three days or less with the previous permission of the House-Tutor. A guest who has already stayed for three days in the Hall cannot be entertained by any student without the permission of the Provost.

No student may entertain any casual visitor in the Hall after Roll-call without the explicit permission of the House-Tutor.

10. Food can be obtained for guests by pur-

chasing guest-tickets at As. 4 per meal. At least three hours' previous notice must be given.

11. Students will take their meals in the Common Dining-Hall at the hours fixed by the Provost. The Provost will fix the hours for meals and will, through the House-Tutors, make such other rules for the good management of each Dining-Hall as he deems conducive to its interest.

12. Food can be served in students' rooms only on medical grounds and at the discretion of the House-Tutor. The House-Tutor will have under his charge the furniture and other properties of the Hall, whether used in the Dining-Hall or elsewhere.

13. The Roll will be called immediately after the evening meal and may be called at any other time by the direction of the Provost. All students must be in their own rooms at the time of Roll-call. The House-Tutor shall call for an explanation from those who have been absent from Roll-call without his permission and in case he is not satisfied with the reason given for absence he shall report the defaulters' names to the Provost with his own recommendation as to the penalty to be exacted.

14. The gate of each House or Hall shall be closed at 9 p.m. in winter and 10 p.m. in summer and it shall not be opened until 5 a.m. next morning except with the permission of the House-Tutor.

Students who return after the gate has been closed shall enter in the gate-book their names, time of return, and the place where they have been.

15. No private servants may be employed by students.

No servants may be appointed in any department of the Hall without the sanction of the Provost. The Provost shall have the right to dismiss any servant employed in the Hall.

16. Any case of assault on a Hall servant will be severely punished.

17. Smoking in the corridors or verandahs of the Halls is prohibited. Cycling in the verandahs of the Halls is prohibited.

18. Students are expected to keep their rooms clean and in good order.

19. Dining-Hall fees must be paid to the House-Tutor on or before the 10th of every month, after which a fine of Rs. 2 per day will be charged from each student who has not paid. On the last day of the month the names of those who have not paid shall be struck off and their food stopped.

If a student joins the Hall before the 16th of the month he shall pay the full Dining-Hall fees for the month; if he joins on any day from the 16th to 25th of the month inclusive, he shall pay half the Dining-Hall fees, and if he joins after the 25th he shall pay Rs. -/6/- a day for his food till the end of the month.

20. All students are expected to take part in some form of out-door exercise (See Chapter XXVIII of University Regulations and Ordinances).

21. The Provost is entirely responsible for drawing and disbursing any University money which is allotted to meet the expenses of different sections of his Hall and shall lay down such rules as may seem to him necessary for the proper expenditure of such money.

22. All applications, representations or complaints must be signed and be made in writing through the House-Tutor who, as the officer immediately in charge of students of the Hall, both resident and attached, shall forward them to the Provost with his recommendations thereon.

23. Any notice concerning students shall be published in the Hall Notice-Board and shall be considered as having been brought to the notice of students, both resident and attached. Failure to read a notice will not be accepted as an excuse for non-compliance with such notice.

No notice shall be placed on the Notice-Board of a Hall without the permission of the Provost.

24. No clubs or societies shall be formed without the previous permission of the Provost.

25. No student shall give a party or entertainment or play any musical instrument in the Hall without the previous permission of the Provost.

26. The time for various prayers will be notified from time to time by the Tutor-in-charge of Theology and theological lectures will be held according to the notice of the said tutor. Attendance at both is com-

Regulation
applying
only to the
Muslim
Hall.

punishory for all students (resident and attached), unless they are specifically exempted by the Provost.

27. Provosts and Wardens shall have power to frame rules for the use of the Libraries attached respectively to the Halls and Hostels under their control.

28. For breaches of discipline the Provosts shall have power to impose on students fines not exceeding Rs. 5/- (five) at a time and may impose fines of a larger amount with the previous sanction of the Vice-Chancellor.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

Regulations

1. In his own interest, every undergraduate student will be examined on admission to the University by the Medical Officer. All students will be entitled to free medical attendance by the Medical Officer.

2. Every undergraduate student will be required either to take part regularly in games or to pursue such a course of physical training prescribed by the Medical Officer as may be suited to his requirements.

3. At the commencement of each academic year the Provosts and Wardens shall report to the Medical Officer the names of all such students resident in or attached to their Halls and Hostels as do not wish to play games regularly. The Medical Officer shall prescribe physical exercises for these students and shall have the power of imposing fines for non-attendance at the times and places fixed by him, on a scale to be authorised by the Executive Council.

4. Every student must be vaccinated on joining the University unless he can satisfy the Medical Officer that he has been vaccinated not more than a year previously.

5. In the event of an epidemic every student must submit to inoculation or such other precautionary measures as may be prescribed by the Board of Health, Residence and Discipline.

6. No student, not being a patient, may enter the compound of the isolation ward of the University Hospital without the express permission of the Medical Officer.

CHAPTER XXX.

Regulations. UNIVERSITY TERMS, VACATIONS AND HOLIDAYS.

1. The words "University term" mean one of the three terms of a University session, *viz.*—

the first term—from the opening of the University after the Long Vacation to the commencement of the Puja Vacation;

the second term—from the opening of the University after the Puja Vacation to the commencement of the Christmas Holidays;

the third term—from the opening of the University after the Christmas Holidays to the closing of the University for the Long Vacation.

2. The Long Vacation of the University shall commence on the 2nd Sunday in April and continue till the 1st Sunday in July, both days inclusive; provided that students shall be admitted as from 1st July.

3. The Puja vacation of the University shall ordinarily commence on the day previous to the Mahalaya and continue up to the second day after Bhratriditiya, both days inclusive, the precise dates of commencement and close of the Puja Vacation in each year being fixed by the Executive Council.

4. A list of holidays other than those provided for above shall be issued by the Executive Council at the commencement of every session.

5. The offices of the Treasurer and the Registrar and the University Library may be closed, and lectures interrupted for a day or part of the day on particular occasions, at the discretion of the Vice-Chancellor.

6. At midday on Fridays one hour, from 12-30 to 1-30, shall be left free of public lectures and of

examinations if there are Muhammadan candidates, so that Muhammadan teachers and students may attend Friday prayer.

CHAPTER XXXI.

UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

Ordinance.

1. The use of the Library shall be subject to Regulations made by the Academic Council from time to time. •

2. The University Library shall be open from 7-30 a.m. to 4-30 p.m. daily while the University is in session except on Sundays and public holidays and during the annual inspection, when it shall be closed; provided that on holidays during the session other than those named above it shall be open from 12 noon to 3 p.m. Regulations.

3. The Library shall be open during vacations (including the Christmas vacation), except on Sundays and Gazetted holidays, from 12 noon to 3 p.m.

4. All students of the University shall be entitled to use the Library.

5. No student except as hereinafter mentioned shall be allowed to take out from the General Library any book belonging to the Library, nor shall any other borrower lend a book from the General Library to a student.

6. Students will not be permitted to have access to the shelves of the Library unless accompanied by one of the Library Assistants or a University Teacher, subject to the rules hereinafter set forth.

7. All officers and members of the teaching staff, students working under the supervision of a University teacher after taking the M.A. or M.Sc. or B.T. or B.L. Degree of the University, and students preparing for a Doctor's Degree shall be entitled to borrow books from the Library. •

The Librarian is empowered to issue books, on application being made to him in person, to members of the University other than those enumerated above.

The Librarian is also empowered to issue books, not in common use by teachers and students, to responsible persons not on the University staff.

8. Advanced students other than holders of research scholarships, entitled under section 7 above to borrow books from the Library shall be required to deposit Rs. 30/- as caution money before availing themselves of the privilege, and any delay fine which such students may incur shall be deducted from the caution money; provided that on occasions when a book of exceptional value is lent the Librarian shall be authorised to require the deposit of an additional amount.

9. The Librarian may at his discretion in exceptional cases issue not more than two volumes at a time (being books not in common use) to a student not included in the categories stated above.

10. All members of the University Court and Registered Graduates may read in the Library.

11. Members of the University Court and Registered Graduates resident in Dacca may borrow two volumes at a time on payment of a deposit of ten rupees per volume, provided that such books are not in common use by teachers and students.

12. No borrower may have in his possession more than ten volumes at the same time, except with the special permission of the Library Committee; provided that Heads of Departments shall be allowed to countersign the issue of books, the number not to exceed five volumes at a time, in order that they may be lent to students, such Heads of Departments being personally responsible for those books.

13. Borrowers shall be entitled to retain each book borrowed for fifteen days. If after the expiry of this period the book is required by another reader it shall be returned to the Library immediately on the request of the Librarian.

14. All books shall be returned to the Library for inspection three months after issue. Books not required by another borrower may be re-issued to the same borrower immediately.

15. The Librarian may for purposes of cataloguing or for any other special reason recall a

Book before the expiry of the usual period of fifteen days. The book after the purpose for which it has been recalled is served, shall be re-issued to the same borrower, if he so desire.

16. A delay fine of three annas per day per volume shall be imposed and reported to the Registrar in the case of such borrowers as retain a book or a volume of a work beyond the specified time of return or recall.

17. A list of books confined to the Library shall be issued from time to time by the Library Committee. All text-books prescribed by the University shall be kept confined to the Library.

18. Except with the special permission of the Librarian, no unbound part of periodicals shall be issued from the Library.

19. Borrowers and readers are advised to inspect books issued to them at the time of issue and to call the attention of the Library Assistant to any defects, marginal notes etc. The borrower shall be liable to replace at his own expense any books lost or returned to the Library damaged or annotated by him. If the volume lost or injured forms one of a set and cannot be replaced without replacing the whole set, the borrower shall replace the whole set. The damaged book or set in question shall then become the property of the borrower.

20. Borrowers shall make their own arrangements for the conveyance of books to and from the Library.

21. Books issued to Teachers for casual reference in class shall be returned on the same day before the closing time of the Library.

22. The privilege of borrowing from the Library shall be withheld from all persons who fail to return books at the dates at which they should return them, until such time as the books are returned.

23. Persons using the Library Reading Rooms shall abstain from smoking and conversation there, and shall observe strict silence and order.

24. A yearly inspection of the Library shall be held and shall take place in the last week of March.

All books on issue shall be returned to the Library on or before March 23, and during the inspection the Library shall be closed. No book shall be issued or re-issued before April 2. Provided that the dates mentioned above in this rule may be altered by the Library Committee.

25. Heads of Departments may frame rules for the use of books belonging to the General Library and placed as Departmental Libraries under their care; provided that such rules shall be subject to confirmation by the Library Committee to whom any losses of books shall be reported without delay. Stock shall be taken annually of the Departmental Libraries in March by the Heads of the Departments concerned and a report made thereon to the Library Committee by 1st April at the latest.

Note.—By “University Library” in the above rules is understood that portion of the Library which is housed in the Central Buildings.

Physico-
Chemical
Section.

26. The foregoing rules shall be applicable to the Physico-Chemical section of the Library except in so far as they are modified by the following:—

- (1) Rule No. 1 will apply to the Physico-Chemical section of the University Library with the modification that this particular section of the Library will be open from 10-30 a.m. to 4-30 p.m. instead of, as in the case of the General Library, from 7-30 a.m. to 4-30 p.m.
- (2) In addition to those mentioned in section 7, as being entitled to take out books from the Library, students in the Faculty of Science will be allowed to borrow books from the Physico-Chemical section of the Library. The number of volumes that may be in the possession of such students shall not exceed 2 for pass students and 4 for Honours and M.Sc. students.
- (3) Bound volumes of periodicals may be taken out by members of the staff and research students for one night only from 4 p.m. to 10-30 a.m. next day.

27. (1) The Poor Students' Section of the General Library shall be open for use to all students recommended as coming within this category by the Provosts concerned. Poor Students' Section.

(2) Books issued from this section must be returned within two months of the date of issue. The loan may be renewed for another two months if the borrower so desire, provided that there has been no demand for the books from other students.

(3) Not more than two books from this section shall be lent to any one student at one time.

(4) A delay fine of three annas per day per volume shall be imposed and reported to the Registrar in the case of such borrowers from this section of the Library as retain a book or a volume of a work beyond the specified time of return or recall.

28. Students shall return their Library Cards to their respective Provosts at the end of each session after they have appeared at their Examinations and before they leave the University for their homes. General

29. No person shall be allowed to sit for an examination if it is reported to the Registrar that he has in his possession any book belonging to the Library (including Departmental Libraries).

Regulations for the Seminar Section.

30. The Seminar Section of the Library shall be open only to Honours, M.A. and Research Students who present a duly signed card of permission to use the Section, signed by the Head of the Department concerned.

31. Books shall be issued between 12-30 p.m. and 4 p.m.

32. In no case shall a borrower be entitled to retain a book beyond the period of ten days during term time.

33. Books may be borrowed by students for use during any vacation but they must be returned on the day the University re-opens after the vacation.

34. A fine of one anna per day will be levied from the borrower in respect of each volume retained beyond the period specified in Rules 32 and 33.

35. Any volume lost or in any way damaged by a borrower shall be charged to his account with the University together with a fine of As. 8 (annas eight); and the writing of notes or marking with ink or pencil in a volume will be regarded as damage under this regulation.

36. No book shall be re-issued to a student immediately on its return, if a requisition has already been made for it by any other person.

37. Not more than two volumes shall be issued at a time to one borrower.

38. The privilege of borrowing books from Seminars may be withheld for a definite period from students who violate any of the foregoing regulations.

39. Students must return their Seminar Cards to the Heads of the Departments concerned at the end of the session.

40. Teachers and Officers of the University are entitled to use the books inside the Seminar but shall not be entitled to take books out for use at home except with the written sanction of the Head of the Department concerned.

41. No student will be allowed to sit for an examination unless he has returned to the Library all books borrowed by him.

CHAPTER XXXII.

Regulations. STUDENTSHIPS, SCHOLARSHIPS, STIPENDS, MEDALS AND PRIZES.

1. The University fees of all holders of scholarships, stipends, etc., paid by or through the University, shall be deducted from the amount of their scholarships or stipends and not paid separately. If the scholarship or stipends is less than the fees due, the holder will pay as fees the difference between the fees and the scholarship or stipend.

In either case the student will sign a receipt in full for the amount of his scholarship and be entitled to receive a receipt for the amount of fee.

2. At the end of each month the Provost of each Hall or Hostel shall report in respect of all students of that Hall holding scholarships or stipends whether the students have been absent during any part of the month and, in case of absence, in respect of what period a deduction, if any, is to be made.

Ordinarily if the absence is unavoidable, payment will be made in full for 15 days of absence in an academic year and at half rate for a further period of 15 days in the same academic year.

2A. Holders of University or Government scholarships tenable at Dacca University shall be resident students of the University; provided that this rule shall not apply to women scholars or to those enjoying scholarships of less than Rs. 15/- per mensem.

3. Details of the Research Studentships, Scholarships and Stipends, Medals and Prizes tenable at the University are given below :—

I. RESEARCH STUDENTSHIPS.

(1) Four Research Studentships, each of the value of Rs. 75/- a month shall be awarded annually, tenable for one year (November to October, in the case of Science students, and January to December, in the case of Arts students) in the first instance, but renewable for a second year subject to good conduct and the receipt of a satisfactory report from the Head of the Department concerned on the work undertaken by the student.

(2) The holder of a Research Studentship shall be required to give an undertaking that he will devote his whole time to research work. He will not be permitted to prepare himself for any University Examination, other than that for a Doctorate, or for any Examination for Government service.

(3) The holder of a Research Studentship will also be required to give an undertaking that if he vacates it voluntarily before the completion of the year for which it was awarded, he will, if required, refund the emoluments paid to him.

(4) Applications for Research Studentships must contain a full statement of the candidates' academic career and must reach the Registrar (through the Head

of the Department concerned) not later than 1st September and the award shall be made by the Academic Council not later than the first week in November.

II. POST-GRADUATE SCHOLARSHIPS.

(1) The following is a list of the Post-Graduate Scholarships awarded—

Description of Scholarships.	Number.	Value in rupees per mensem.	Remarks.
(i) Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship ...	1	Rs. 40	Rs. 20/- from the Trust Fund and Rs. 20/- from the University Fund.
(ii) Govt. Post-Graduate Scholarships ...	2	40	
(iii) Do. ...	2	50	Supplemented by Rs. 2/- from the University Fund.
(iv) University Post-Graduate Scholarships ...	15	32	
(v) Govt. Post-Graduate Scholarships ...	2	30	Supplemented by Rs. 2/- from the University Fund. Reserved for Muhammadans or students of Backward classes.
(vi) Govt. Post-Graduate Scholarships ...	2	25	Reserved for poor but deserving Muhammadan students.
(vii) Govt. Post-Graduate Scholarship ...	1	30	Reserved for students of the depressed classes.

(2) In addition the University will provide one Post-Graduate Scholarship of the value of Rs. 32/- per mensem reserved for members of the depressed classes.

(3) The Post-Graduate Scholarships are tenable

for one year only and will be awarded in the order in which they appear above.

(4) The Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship* will be awarded to the student who is considered to have shown the highest proficiency among those students who obtain the Bachelor's degree with Honours in each year in this University and who continue their studies in this University.

The marks obtained by an Honours candidate in his subsidiary subjects will not be taken into account in determining the award of the scholarship.

The value of the scholarship derived from the endowment is Rs. 20/- per mensem for one calendar year. Its value is made equal to that of Government Post-Graduate Scholarships by the addition of Rs. 20/- from the University (making the total emoluments Rs. 40/- per mensem).

The award is made by the Academic Council on the recommendation of a Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and the Deans of the Faculties of Science and Arts. The Committee will make their recommendation to the Academic Council at their first meeting in the session.

(5) Candidates for Post-Graduate Scholarships shall be required to apply to the Registrar on or before a date to be fixed by the Academic Council and notified by the Registrar in the month of April of each year. All applications must be made in the prescribed form to be obtained from the Registrar's office on application.

(6) The applications of all candidates shall be sent by the Registrar to the Heads of the Departments concerned and the Heads of the Departments shall return them with their recommendations on dates to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor. The award of the scholarships will ordinarily be made before the end of July.

*In January 1883, a sum of Rs. 5,000/- was contributed by Kumar Rajendranarayan Ray Choudhury, to commemorate the name of his father, the late Raja Kalinarayan Rai Bahadur. The sum was subsequently invested in Government Promissory Note. A scholarship of the value of Rs. 20/- per mensem is now awarded from the proceeds of this endowment and is supplemented by an equal grant from the General University Funds.

(7) Any candidate who has obtained the first place in the first class in Honours at the B.A. or B.Sc. Examination of this University in the year of the award will have preference over candidates not so qualified.

(8) Post-Graduate Scholarships will be awarded by the Academic Council on the recommendation of a Standing Committee constituted as follows:—

(i) The Vice-Chancellor, (ii) The Deans of the Faculties of Arts and Science, (iii) The three Provosts, (iv) Two members of the Academic Council, elected by the Academic Council (at the first meeting of the Council in the session to hold office for one year only and not to be re-eligible in the following year).

(9) Of the Post-Graduate Scholarships (excluding the Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship and the Scholarships reserved for any special community) awarded by the University, the nearest whole number equal to or greater than one third will be allocated to the Faculty of Science and for this purpose candidates in Mathematics who present themselves for the M.A. degree will be regarded as belonging to the Faculty of Arts and those presenting themselves for the M.Sc. degree will be regarded as belonging to the Faculty of Science.

III. LAW SCHOLARSHIPS.

There are three Special Government Law Scholarships tenable for 2 years at the University of Dacca reserved for Muhammadans and members of backward classes in Eastern Bengal. The award is made by the Academic Council on the recommendation of a Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and the three Provosts. Applications for these scholarships must reach the Registrar through the Head of the Department of Law by July 15.

IV. SENIOR UNDER-GRADUATE SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS.

(1) The Government Regulations relating to the award of Senior Scholarships tenable in the University of Dacca and elsewhere are separately published by the Government of Bengal.

(2) The following Scholarships are awarded by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca and are tenable only in the University of Dacca :—

- (i) One special Senior Scholarship of the value of Rs. 15/- a month tenable for two years and reserved for boys of depressed classes.
- (ii) Six Special Senior Scholarships of the value of Rs. 10/- each a month tenable for 3 years reserved for poor but deserving Muhammadin students.
- (iii) Five Scholarships of the value of Rs. 15/- each tenable for 3 years awarded on the results of the Islamic Intermediate Examination of the Board.

(3) There are also the following scholarships and stipends available for students of the Muslim Hall in the University of Dacca :—

- (i) Two stipends of Rs. 10/- each per mensem awarded by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education on the results of the Islamic Intermediate Examination of the Board on the grounds of poverty combined with proficiency.
- (ii) The Fuller Memorial Scholarship, awardable every second year of the value of Rs. 15/- a month for the first two years and Rs. 25/- a month for the succeeding two years, will be awarded alternately (1) on the results of the Calcutta University Matriculation Examination, by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and (2) on the results of the High School Examination of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, by that Board. It is tenable in either case for the first two years at the Dacca Intermediate College and for the succeeding two years in the Graduate Classes of the University of Dacca, the holder being required to reside in the Muslim Hall of the University of Dacca.

- (iii) The Nawab Ahsanullah Scholarship for Muhammadans, awardable every fourth year, of the value of Rs. 10/- a month, will be awarded alternately on the results of the Calcutta University Matriculation Examination and the High School Examination of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca. In the latter case the award will be made by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca and the scholarship will be tenable for two years at any Intermediate College in the Dacca University area and subsequently for two years at the Graduate Classes of the University of Dacca.
- (iv) Four Government stipends of Rs. 5/- each per mensem tenable for two years are reserved for first year students in the Faculties of Arts and Science in the Muslim Hall.
- (v) Two Sir Ahsanullah Stipends of Rs. 6/- each per mensem for Muhammadan students are tenable for one year.
- (vi) Two Jack Memorial Muhammadan stipends of Rs. 90/- each per annum, awardable to the students of the Dacca, Chittagong and Rajshahi Divisions or of Assam, who have studied in a College situated in those areas and recognised by the Education Department and who are resident students of the Muslim Hall.
- (vii) A number of stipends from the proceeds of an endowment of Rs. 16,287-13-9 being an amount collected for the purpose of Muhammadan education and transferred by Nawab Syed Nawab Ali Chaudhury (now Bahadur) to the University Account in 1922. The annual income from the endowment is at present about Rs. 969/- and is spent in the shape of stipends for Muhammadan students half of it exclusively for students in the department of Islamic Studies, and the

other half for students in other departments.

- (viii) Four stipends of Rs. 5/- each tenable for one year are awarded by the Muhammadan Education Society on the recommendation of the Provost, Muslim Hall.

The stipends stated in (iv) to (vii) are awarded by the Academic Council on the recommendation of a Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and the Provost, Muslim Hall.

- (ix) Two entrance scholarships of the value of Rs. 20/- each per mensem tenable for a maximum period of three years shall be awarded on the recommendation of the Provost of Muslim Hall, the selection being made from amongst those students of the Hall who take honours in any subject of the B.Sc. course and give an undertaking to complete that course; provided that if in any year, there is no award of either or both of the scholarships to students of the Muslim Hall owing to the absence of students of sufficient merit, satisfying the foregoing conditions, such scholarships may be awarded to a student or students of the depressed classes who take honours in any subject of the B.Sc. course and give an undertaking to complete that course, on the recommendation of a Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and Provosts of Jagannath and Dacca Halls.

- (4) In addition to the foregoing there are special allotments at the disposal of the Provosts for the grant of stipends to the students of their respective Halls.

V. STIPENDS TENABLE AT THE TEACHERS' TRAINING COLLEGE, DACCA.

For details of stipends, etc., tenable at the Teachers' Training College, Dacca, application should be made to the Principal of the College.

VI. MEDALS AND PRIZES.

(1) The Pope Memorial Gold Medal* of the value of Rs. 37/- will be awarded to that student of Dacca University who stands highest in English Honours at the B.A. Examination.

The award is made by the Academic Council on the recommendation of the Examiners.

(2) The Lewis Silver Medal† of the value of Rs. 20/- will be awarded for the best Essay on a subject connected with English literature prescribed by the Vice-Chancellor.

The subject of the Essay will be announced each year in July and essays submitted by the students must reach the Registrar not later than 2nd January of the next year.

The competition will be open to all students of the University. Essays must be written on one side of the paper only and must not exceed two thousand five hundred words exclusive of quotations of texts. The Academic Council will appoint two adjudicators for the Medal.

(3) The Bremand Prize is awarded annually to the student who shows the highest proficiency in Mathematics in the Honours Bachelorship Examination of Dacca University; the prize takes the form of a gift of books worth Rs. 35/- to enable the student to read for the M.A. degree in that subject in the University.

The award will be made by the Academic Council on the recommendation of the Vice-Chancellor.

(4) The Khan Bahadur Momen Prize will be awarded annually to a poor and deserving student of the University for the purchase of books out of the

*In 1885 Government accepted the offer made by the Pope Memorial Fund Committee of a sum of Rs. 1,500/- from the interest of which a gold medal of the value of Rs. 37/- is awarded annually. The fund was raised in memory of Mr. J. V. S. Pope, M.A., Principal of Dacca College, 1878-1883.

†To commemorate Mr. G. Lewis, Principal of the Dacca College, (1846-1856) a sum of Rs. 500 was raised in 1856, out of which Rs. 500/- was invested in Government Promissory Notes in 1870. A silver medal of the value of Rs. 20/- is now annually awarded from the proceeds of this fund.

interest of the Government Security of the nominal value of Rs. 600/- presented to the University by the Jessore Settlement Club in 1923.

- The Executive Council shall administer the Fund and be the Trustees thereof (Section 20 of the Act).

The prize shall be awarded to a student in the Faculty of Arts or the Faculty of Science in the first year.

- The prize shall be awarded by the Academic Council in March on the recommendation of the Provosts of the Halls in rotation, which shall be forwarded to the Registrar not later than 1st March. The award shall be made on the recommendation of the Provost of Muslim Hall in 1924, that of the Provost of the Dacca Hall in 1925, that of the Provost of the Jagannath Hall in 1926, and so on.

(5) The Abhoy Chandra Das Memorial Prize will be awarded annually to the student who secures the highest number of marks amongst the Honours Bachelors at the B. A. Examination of the year, account being taken only of marks obtained in the Honours subject and not of marks obtained in the subsidiary subjects. The prize will take the form of books to the value of Rs. 80/- and will be preferably chosen so as to facilitate the studies of the student for the M. A. degree if he intends to read for that degree.

• The prize will be awarded by the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, from the Abhoy Chandra Das Memorial Fund, on the recommendation of the Academic Council, made after consideration of the report of the Committee constituted for the award of the Post-Graduate Scholarships under regulation II(8) above.

(6) (a) A gold medal of the value of Rs. 100/- shall be awarded to each student standing first in the first class in the following branches at the Final M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations in each year:—

1. English,
2. Mathematics,
3. Economics,
4. Persian,
5. Physics,
6. Philosophy,

7. Arabic,
8. Islamic Studies,
9. Sanskritic Studies,
10. Sanskrit and Bengali,
11. History,
12. Chemistry (Organic),
13. Chemistry (Physical),

and in such other branches as may be instituted hereafter.

(b) A prize of books to the value of Rs. 100/- shall be awarded in each academic year (July to June) to the student who stands first in the First Division among the successful students at the B. L. Degree Examinations held in July and January.

(c) A prize of books of the value of Rs. 50/- shall be awarded to the student or students standing first in the first class in each subject at the final B.A. and B.Sc. Honours Examinations in each year. Provided that for the purpose of this Regulation the combined results of the B.A. and B.Sc. Honours Examinations in Mathematics will be taken into account in awarding the prize. The names of such students shall be published in the University Calendar.

The awards will be made by the Academic Council on the recommendation of the Chairmen of the relevant Examination Committees made at the same time as the degree results are submitted to the Executive Council.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

Ordinances.

UNIVERSITY TEST IN ENGLISH.

1. There shall be a compulsory Test in English (hereinafter called the Test) for all candidates for the B.A., B.Sc. and B.Com. degrees and for the L.T. Diploma.

2. The Test shall ordinarily be held three times each session once in every term, and the first Test in each session shall be compulsory on all students in their first year unless exempted by the Provosts. Such exemptions shall only be granted in exceptional cases.

• In the case of students of the Dacca Teachers' Training College, the Principal of the College shall have the same power as the Provosts with respect to this Ordinance.

3. Those students who fail at the first Test of the session shall be allowed to enter on one subsequent occasion without the payment of any additional fee. A student who has failed must enter for each subsequent examination until he has passed unless in any special case the Provost of his Hall, or in the case of the students of the Teachers' Training College, the Principal of the College, allows a postponement of the entry on sufficient grounds.

4. Students who are exempted by the Provosts from appearing at the Test under sections 2 and 3 above shall pay a fine of Rs. 5/- unless in exceptional cases it is remitted by the Provosts.

In the case of students of the Dacca Teachers' Training College, the Principal of the College shall have the same power as the Provosts with respect to this Ordinance.

5. Any student other than a candidate for the L. T. Diploma who has not passed the Test by the end of the third term of his first session is required to present himself at the Test held at the beginning of the next session; and if he does not then pass that test or if he fails to present himself at that Test he shall be required to take his first year course over again.

6. A candidate for the L. T. Diploma who has not passed the Test before the L. T. Examination is held, shall not be allowed to enter for the L. T. Examination.

7. A student of another University admitted into a second year course for the Bachelor's degree in Arts and Science must pass the Test either at the first or the second examination held in that session. If he fails to do so he shall lose the privilege of being excused one year's study.

8. Instruction in the practical use of the English language shall be provided without any additional fee for all students who fail; such students before presenting themselves for any subsequent examination shall be required to attend 75 per

cent. of the classes for the Test that are arranged for them. The instruction shall include composition, precis writing and conversation classes.

9. The fee for the first examination shall be payable together with the class fees for the month of August by all the first year B.A., B.Sc. and B.Com. students and L.T. students.

PART III

Authorities and Boards.

MEMBERS OF THE COURT

(Constituted for the period from 10 August, 1924, to
9 August, 1927).

*Ex-officio members of the Court under Section 16 (i) (i—vi)
of the Dacca University Act.*

The Chancellor.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Victor Alexander
George Robert Bulwer-Lytton, Earl of Lytton, P.C.,
G.C.I.E.

The Vice-Chancellor.

P. J. Hartog, Kt., C.I.E., LL.D., M.A., B.Sc. (up to
31 December, 1925).

G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S. (from 1 January, 1926).

The Treasurer.

1. Dewan Bahadur S. P. Sen, B.L. (up to 2 November,
1924).
2. Girish Chandra Nag, B.A. (from 3 November, 1924 to
31 December, 1925).
3. Rai Sasanka Kumar Ghosh Bahadur, B.L. (from
January, 1926).

The Registrar.

4. Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmad, M.A.

The Provosts.

5. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., I.E.S., Acting Provost, Dacca Hall
(from 9 September, 1924 to 1 September, 1925).
5. Prof. G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S., Provost, Dacca Hall
(from 2 September, 1925 to 31 December, 1925).
5. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc., Provost, Dacca Hall (from 1 January,
1926).

6. A. F. Rahman, B.A. (Oxon.), M.L.C., Provost, Muslim Hall (up to 30 January, 1925 and again from 1 April to 25 October, 1925 and again from 11 April, 1926).
6. *Fakhruddin Ahmad*, M.A., Librarian ; Acting Provost, Muslim Hall (from 31 January to 31 March, 1925 and again from 26 October, 1925 to 10 April, 1926).
7. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D., Provost, Jagannath Hall.

The Professors and Readers.

8. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., I.E.S., Professor of Physics, Dacca University.
9. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc., Professor of Chemistry, Dacca University.
10. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of History, Dacca University.
11. A. S. Siddiqi, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of Arabic and Islamic Studies, Dacca University (from 1 November, 1924).
12. *G. H. Langley*, M.A., I.E.S., Professor of Philosophy, Dacca University (up to 31 December, 1925).
13. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L., Professor of Law, Dacca University (up to 30 June, 1924 and again from May 1, 1926).
13. *J. N. Das Gupta*, M.A., M.L., Acting Reader and Head of the Department of Law, Dacca University (from 8 July, 1924 to 20 August, 1924 and again from 29 October, 1924 up to April 30, 1926).
14. C. L. Wrenn, M.A., Reader and Head of the Department of English, Dacca University.
15. A. F. Rahman, B.A. (Oxon.), M.L.C., Reader in History, Dacca University.
16. J. C. Sinha, M.A., P.R.S., Reader and Head of the Department of Economics and Politics, Dacca University.
17. P. B. Jinnarkar, M.A., I.L.B., Reader and Head of the Department of Commerce, Dacca University.
18. Fida Ali Khan, M.A., Reader and Head of the Department of Persian and Urdu, Dacca University (and Acting Head of the Department of Arabic and Islamic Studies up to 31 October, 1924).
19. M. P. West, B.A. (Oxon.), I.E.S., Hon. Reader and

Head of the Department of Education, and Principal, Teachers' Training College, Dacca University (up to 22 June, 1925 and again from 17 April, 1926).

19. M. Mitra, B.A., B.T., Offg. Principal, Teachers' Training College, Dacca (from 23 June, 1925 to 16 April, 1926).
20. *Prish Chandra Chakravarty*, B.A., Reader and Acting Head of the Department of Sanskrit, Dacca University (up to 30 June, 1925).
21. S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit., Reader in English, Dacca University (up to 30 June, 1925) Reader and Acting Head of the Department of Sanskrit and Bengali (from 1 July, 1925).
22. N. M. Basu, D.Sc., Reader and Acting Head of the Department of Mathematics, Dacca University.
23. A Abdul Wahhab, M.A., B.L., Reader in Arabic and Islamic Studies, Dacca University.
24. Haridas Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L., P.R.S., Reader in Philosophy, Dacca University (Acting Head of the Department of Philosophy from 1 January, 1926).
25. Surendra Nath Ghosh, M.A., Reader in Physics, Dacca University.
26. *Satyendro Nath Bose*, M.Sc., Reader in Physics, Dacca University (on study leave).
26. Bhabani Charan Guha, M.Sc., Acting Reader in Physics, Dacca University (from 23 September, 1924).
27. Anukul Chandra Sircar, M.A., Ph.D., P.R.S., Reader in Chemistry, Dacca University.
28. J. K. Chowdhury, M.Sc., Ph.D., Reader in Analytical Chemistry, Dacca University (from 1 July, 1925).
29. Harendra Nath Datta, M.Sc., Reader in Mathematics, Dacca University.
30. P. C. Guha, D.Sc., Temporary Reader in Organic Chemistry, Dacca University (from 1 July, 1925).

II. Other Ex-officio Members of the Court under Section 16 (1) (c) of the Dacca University Act and Section 2 (1) of the Statutes of the University.

- 1-4. The Members of the Executive Council, Bengal.
5. The Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University.
6. The Commissioner, Dacca Division.
7. The Collector, Dacca.

8. The District and Sessions Judge, Dacca.
9. The Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.
10. The Director of Public Instruction, Assam.
11. The Director of Agriculture, Bengal.
12. The Director of Industries, Bengal.
13. The Civil Surgeon, Dacca.
14. The Superintending Engineer, Eastern Circle, Dacca.
15. The Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education, Bengal.
16. The Chairman, Dacca Municipality.
17. The Chairman, Dacca District Board.
18. The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Dacca Circle.
19. The Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division.
20. The Proctor, Dacca University.
21. The Librarian, Dacca University.
22. The Principal, Dacca Medical School.
23. The Principal, Dacca Madrasah.
24. The Principal, Chittagong Madrasah.
25. The Principal, Calcutta Madrasah.
26. The Principal, Sylhet Madrasah.
27. The Principal, Dacca Eden High School for Girls.
28. The President, Dacca Saraswat Samaj.
29. The Principal, Dacca Intermediate College.
30. The Principal, Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.
31. The Principal, Rajendra College, Faridpur.
32. The Principal, Brajamohan College, Barisal.
33. The Principal, Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
34. The Medical Officer, University of Dacca (from 15 February, 1926).

III. Members elected by the Registered Graduates of the University under Section 16(1) (viii) of the Dacca University Act and Section 2(2) of the Statutes of the University.

(a) MEMBERS ELECTED BY THE MUHAMMADAN REGISTERED GRADUATES.

1. Dr. Abdulla-al-Mamun Suhrawardy, M.A., Ph.D.
2. Abul Muzaffar Ahmad, B.C.L., Bar-at-Law.

3. Khan Bahadur Afzalur Rahman, B.A.
4. Altaf Husain, M.A.
5. Enayeter Rahman, B.L.
6. Mizanur Rahman, M.A.
7. Mjd. Serajul Islam, M.A.
8. Muhammad Sirajul Islam, M.A., B.L.
9. Muhammad Sadiq Khan, M.A., B.L.
10. Mithammad Yusuff, M.A.
11. Nefazuddin Khan, M.A.
12. Naimuddin Ahmad, M.A., B.L.
13. Omdatul Islam, M.Sc.
14. Syed Md. Atiqullah, B.L.
15. Syed Nurul Huq, B.A.

(b) MEMBERS ELECTED BY THE NON-MUHAMMADAN REGISTERED GRADUATES.

1. Amulyakumar Dutta Gupta, M.A., B.L.
2. Amulyaratan Guha, P.L.
3. Amulya Mohan Ray, M.A., B.L.
4. Dinesh Chandra Sen, B.L.
5. Dinesh Chandra Aich Chowdhury, B.L.
6. Nishi Kanta Das Gupta, B.L.
7. Nirmal Chandra Pal, M.A., B.L.
8. Pankoj Comar Ghosh, M.A., B.L.
9. Paresh Nath Ray, B.L.
10. Priyanath Vidyabhusan, M.A.
11. R. K. Doss, B.A., Vidyabinode, Bar-at-Law.
12. Satish Chandra Mazumdar, B.L.
13. Saroj Kumar Bose, B.L.
14. Sriprati prasanna Ghosh, B.A.
15. Sudhir Comar Ghosh, M.A., B.L.

IV. *Members elected by the Teachers of the University under Section (16) (i) (ix) of the Dacca University Act.*

1. Debendra Nath Banerjee, M.A., Lecturer in Politics, Dacca University.
2. Muhammad Shahidullah, M.A., B.L., Lecturer in Bengali, Dacca University.

3. Praphulla Kumar Guha, M.A., Lecturer in English, Dacca University.
4. Sachindra Mohan Chanda, M.A., Lecturer in English, Dacca University.
5. Umesh Chandra Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L., Lecturer in Philosophy, Dacca University.

F. Members appointed by the Chancellor, under Section 16 (1) (x) of the Dacca University Act and Sections 2 (3) and (4) of the University Statutes.

1. The Hon'ble Nawab Bahadur Sayid Nawab Ali Chowdhury Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.
2. Nawabzada K. M. Afzal, Khan Bahadur.
3. Khan Bahadur Khwaja Muhammad Azam.
4. Khan Bahadur Kazi Alauddin Ahmad.
5. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Hemayatuddin Ahmad, B.L.
6. The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Maulvi Amin-ul-Islam.
7. Khan Bahadur Tasaddak Ahmad, B.A., B.T.
8. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Hasan.
9. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Ismail, B.L.
10. Khan Bahadur Quazi Zahirul Huq, B.A., M.L.C.
11. *Khan Bahadur Maulvi Abdul Aziz, B.A. (Deceased).*
12. Altaf Ali, M.L.C.
13. A. K. Fazlul Huq, M.A., B.L., M.L.C.
14. Dr. H. Suhrawardy, M.L.C.
15. Khan Bahadur Chaudhury Kazi-nuddin Ahmed Siddiqi.
16. Khwaja Nazemuddin, M.A. (Cantab.), Bar-at-Law., M.L.C.
17. Mafizuddin Ahmad, M.A., B.L.
18. Hadji Abdul Karim Abu Ahmed Khan Ghuznavi, M.L.C.
19. S. M. Masih, Bar-at-Law., M.L.C.
20. Anwarul Azfar, Bar-at-Law.
21. Hafez Abdur Razzeq.
22. The Hon'ble Mr. Abdul Karim, B.L.
23. Khan Bahadur K. G. M. Farroqui, M.L.C.
24. Khan Bahadur Asaduzzaman, B.L.
25. *Syed Husain Ali, B.L. (Deceased).*

25. Khan Bahadur Kamaruddin Ahmad.
26. Nawab Musharruf Hosain, M.L.C.
27. A. F. M. Abdul Ali, M.A.
28. Khan Bahadur Ataur Rahman.
29. Sir P. C. Mitter, C.I.E., M.L.C.
30. The Hon'ble Maharaja Sasi Kanta Acharjya Chaudhuri.
31. Kumar Pramatha Nath Roy.
32. Rai Lalit Mohan Chatterjee Bahadur, M.A.
33. Khan Bahadur Kazi Imadadul Huq, B.A., B.T.
(Deceased).
34. Rai Pyari Lal Das Bahadur, M.L.C.
35. Jogendra Nath Roy.
36. P. K. Bose, Bar-at-Law.
37. Dewan Bahadur Sarada Prasad Sen, B.L.
38. Tapash Chandra Banerjee, B.L.
39. Rai Rehati Mohan Das Bahadur.
40. Dhirendra Chandra Roy.

VI. Members appointed by the Government of Assam, under Section 16 (i) (xi) of the Dacca University Act.

1. The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Kutubuddin Ahmad.
2. The Hon'ble Maulvi Saiyid Muhammad Saadulla, M.A.,
B.L.
3. Khan Bahadur Alauddin Ahmad Chaudhuri, M.L.C.
4. Rai Bahadur Anag Nath Ray, B.A., M.L.C.
5. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Bukht Muzumadar.
6. F. W. Sudmersen, B.A.
7. The Principal, Murarichand College, Sylhet.
8. Nilmoni Phukan, M.L.C.
9. Ataur Rahman, M.A.
10. The Rev. Oliver Thomas, B.A.

VII. Members appointed by Associations and other bodies, approved in this behalf by the Chancellor under Section 16 (i) (xii) of the Dacca University Act.

(a) BY THE DISTRICT MUSLIM ASSOCIATION:

Hakim Habibur Rahman.

2. Mohidur Rahman Khan, B.L.
3. A. S. A. Hadi.
4. Abdur Razzak.

(b) BY THE PEOPLES' ASSOCIATION, DACCA :

1. Satish Charan Sen, B.L.
2. Paresh Chandra Das Gupta.
3. Satish Chandra Roy, B.L.

(c) BY THE E. B. LANDHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION, DACCA :

1. Rai Keshab Chandra Banerjee Bahadur.
2. Sarat Chandra Chakrabarty, B.L.

(d) BY THE SARASWAT SAMAJ, DACCA.

1. Pandit Sitanath Vidyabinode.

VIII. *Life-members appointed by the Chancellor under Section 16 (1) (xiii) of the Dacca University Act.*

1. Dr. Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., D.Sc., F.R.S.
2. M. A. N. Hydari, B.A.
3. Dr. Sir P. C. Roy, Kt., C.I.E., D.Sc.
4. Dr. Ziauddin Ahmad, C.I.E., D.Sc., M.L.C.
5. Dr. Sir P. J. Hartog, Kt., C.I.E.,
LL.D., M.A., B.Sc. } From 11 March, 1926.
6. Sir Abdur Rahim, K.C.S.I.

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

(Constituted for the period 1 September, 1924 to 31 August, 1927).

Serial No.	Name and Title.	Address.	Category of Act or Statutes under which appointment is made.	REMARKS
1	<p>The Vice-Chancellor, <i>Dr. Sir P. J. Hartog, Kt., C.I.E., I.L.D.,</i> <i>M.A., B.Sc.</i> (up to 31 December, 1925). <i>G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S.</i> (from 1 January, 1926).</p>	3	4	5
2	<p>The Treasurer, <i>Deewan Bahadur S. P. Sen, B.L.</i> (from 21 February, 1922 to, 2 November, 1924). <i>Giris Chandra Nag, B.A.</i> (from 3 November, 1924 to 31 December, 1925). <i>Rai Sasanka Comar Ghosh Bahadur, B.L.</i> (from 1 January, 1926).</p>	<p>Dacca. Do. Do. Do.</p>	<p>Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1. Do. Do. Do. Do.</p>	

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL—(Contd.).

Serial No.	Name and Title.	Address.	Category of Act or Statutes under which appointment is made.	REMARKS.
1				
3	The Commissioner, Dacca Division.	Dacca.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (i).	
4	The Dean of the Faculty of Arts, <i>Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.</i> (up to 5 January, 1925). <i>Dr. N. M. Basu, D.Sc.</i> (from 6 January, 1925).	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (ii).	
5	The Dean of the Faculty of Science, <i>Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc.</i>	Do.	Do.	
6	The Dean of the Faculty of Law, <i>Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L.</i> (up to 7 July, 1924 and again from 30 August, 1924 to 29 October, 1924 and again from 1 May, 1926).	Do.	Do.	

13	<i>J. N. Das Gupta, M.A., M.L.</i> (from 8 July, 1924 to 29 August, 1924 and again from 30 October, 1924 to 30 April, 1926).	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (ii).
	The Provost of Dacca Hall, • • • • •	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (iii).
	<i>Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., I.E.S.</i> (up to 1 September, 1925).	Do.	Do.
	<i>Prof. G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S.</i> (from 2 September, 1925 to 31 December, 1925).	Do.	Do.
	<i>Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc.</i> (from 1 January, 1926.)	Do.	Do.
	The Provost of Muslim Hall, • • • • •	Do.	
	<i>A. F. Rahman, B.A. (Oxon.), M.L.C.</i> (up to 30 January, 1925 and again from 1 April, 1925 to 25 October, 1925 and again from 11 April, 1926).	Do.	Do.
	<i>Fakhruddin Ahmad, M.A.</i> (from 31 January to 31 March, 1925 and again from 26 October, 1925 to 10 April, 1926).	Do.	Do.
9	The Provost of Jagannath Hall, • • • • • <i>Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.</i>	Do.	

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL—(Contd.).

Serial No.	Name and Title.	Address.	Category of Act or statutes under which appointment is made.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5
10	P. K. Bose, Bar-at-Law.	Dacca.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (iv).	
11	Dewan Bahadur S. P. Sen, B.L.	Do.	Do.	
12	Shāms-ul-Ulāma A. N. Waheed, M.A., I.E.S.	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (v).	
13	Khan Bahadur Kazi Zahurul Huq, M.L.C.	Do.	Do.	
14	K. Nazemuddin Ahmad, M.A. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law.	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 3, Sub-Clause 1 (vi).	
15	Khan Bahadur Khwaja Muhammad Azam.	Do.	Do.	
16	Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc. (see also under 7 above).	Do.	Do.	
17	Fida Ali Khan, M.A.	Do.	Do.	

MEMBERS OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL.

(Constituted for the period 9 September, 1924 to 8 September, 1927).

Serial No.	Name and Title.	Address.	Category of Act or Statutes under which appointment is made.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5
1	The Vice-Chancellor, Dr. Sir P. J. Hartog, Kt., C.I.E., LL.D. M.A., B.Sc. (up to 31 December, 1925). G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S. (from 1 January, 1926).	Dacca.	Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause 1.	
2	The Dean of the Faculty of Arts, Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D. (up to 5 January, 1925). Dr. N. M. Basu, D.Sc. (from 6 January, 1925).	Do. Do. Do.	Do. Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause 1. (i). Do.	
3	The Dean of the Faculty of Science, Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc.	Do.	Do.	

MEMBERS OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL—(Contd.).

Serial No.	Name and Title.	Address.	Category of Act or Statutes under which appointment is made.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5
4	The Dean of the Faculty of Law, Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L. (also Professor of Law up to 7 July, 1924 and again from 30 August, 1924 to 29 October, 1924 and again from 1 May, 1926). J. N. Das Gupta, M.A., M.L. (also Head of the Department of Law from 8 July, 1924 to 29 August, 1924 and again from 30 October, 1924 to 30 April, 1926).	Dacca.	Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause 1 (i) & (iii).	
5	The Librarian, Fakhruddin Ahmad, M.A.	Do.	Do.	
6	Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc. (also see under 3 above).	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause 1 (ii). Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause 1 (iii).	

7	Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc.	Do.	Do.
8	Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.	Do.	Do.
9	Prof. A. S. Siddiqi, M.A., Ph.D. (from 1 November, 1924).	Do.	Do.
10	H. D. Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L., P.R.S.	Do.	Do.
11	Dr. N. M. Basu, D.Sc. (also see under 2 above).	Do.	Do.
12	S. C. Chakravarti, B.A. (up to 30 June, 1925).	Do.	Do.
	S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit. (from 1 July, 1925).	Do.	Do.
13	J. C. Sinha, M.A., P.R.S.	Do.	Do.
14	C. L. Wrenn, M.A. (Oxon.).	Do.	Do.
15	P. B. Junnarkar, M.A., LL.B.	Do.	Do.
16	M. P. West, B.A. (Oxon.); I.E.S. (on leave).	Do.	Do.
	M. R. Mitra, B.A., B.T.	Do.	Do.
17	Fida Ali Khan, M.A.	Do.	Do.

MEMBERS OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL—(Contd.).

Serial No.	Name and Title.	Address.	Category of Act or Statutes under which appointment is made.	REMARKS.
1		3	4	5
18	<p>The Provost of Dacca Hall,</p> <p><i>Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., I.E.S. (up to 1 September, 1925).</i></p> <p><i>Prof. G. H. Langley, M.A., I.F.S. (from 2 September, 1925 to 31 December, 1925).</i></p> <p><i>Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc. (from 1 January, 1926).</i></p>	<p>Dacca.</p> <p>Do.</p> <p>Do.</p> <p>Do.</p>	<p>Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause 1 (iv).</p> <p>Do.</p> <p>Do.</p> <p>Do.</p>	
19.	<p>The Provost of Muslim Hall.</p> <p>A. F. Rahman, B.A. (Oxon.), M.L.C. (up to 30 January, 1925 and again from 1 April to 25 October, 1925 and again from 11 April, 1926).</p>	Do.	Do.	

	<i>Fakhruddin Ahmad, M.A., Acting Provost (from 31 January to 31 March, 1925 and again from 26 October, 1925 to 10 April, 1925).</i>	Do.	Do.
20	The Provost of Jagannath Hall.	Do.	Do.
	Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D. (also see under 8 above).		
21	<i>Dr. S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit., P.R.S. (up to 30 June, 1925).</i>	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause (2).
22	Dr. A. C. Sircar, M.A., Ph.D., P.R.S.	Do.	Do.
23	H. D. Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L., P.R.S.	Do.	Do.
24	Dr. P. C. Guha, D.Sc., P.R.S.	Do.	Do.
25	P. K. Guha, M.A.	Do.	Do.
26	Mel. Shahidullah, M.A., B.L. (from 15 September, 1924).	Do.	Under Statutes Clause 5, Sub-Clause (3).
27	Charu Bandyopadhyay, B.A. (from 16 July, 1925).	Do.	Do.

FACULTY OF ARTS.

*Constituted for the period 1 January, 1925 to
31 December, 1927).*

THE DEAN.

R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of History (*ex-officio*) under Statute 7(1) (i) (up to 5 January, 1925).

N. M. Bañu, D.Sc., Acting Head of the Department of Mathematics, under Statute 7(1) (i) (from 6 January, 1925).

MEMBERS.

HISTORY :—

R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D., Professor of History (*ex-officio*) under Statute 7(1) (i).

A. F. Rahman, B.A. (Oxon.), Reader.	} Under Statute 7(1) (ii).
P. C. Mukherjee, M.A., Lecturer	

PHILOSOPHY :—

G. H. Langley, M.A., Professor (*ex-officio*), under Statute 7(1) (i) (up to 31 December, 1925).

H. D. Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L., Reader (and Acting Head of the Department (from 1 January, 1926)).	} Under Statute 7(1) (ii).
Upendra Nath Gupta, M.A., Lecturer.	

ENGLISH :—

C. L. Wrenn, M.A. (Oxon.), Reader and Head of the Department, under Statute 7(1) (ii).

S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit., Reader (up to 30 June, 1925).	} Under Statute 7(1) (ii).
P. K. Guha, M.A., Lecturer.	
U. C. Nag, M.A., Lecturer (on Study leave).	
Mahmood Hasan, M.A., Lecturer (from December, 1925).	

MATHEMATICS :—

N. M. Basu, D.Sc., Reader and
Acting Head of the Department.

H. N. Dutta, M.Sc., Reader.

D. N. Ganguli, M.A., Lecturer
(from 4 September, 1925).

Under Statute 7(1) (ii).

ECONOMICS & POLITICS :—

J. C. Sinha, M.A., Reader and
Head of the Department.

K. B. Saha, M.A., Lecturer.

S. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, M.A.,
Lecturer.

D. N. Banerjee, M.A., Lecturer.

Under Statute 7(1) (ii)

SANSKRIT & BENGALI :—

S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit., Reader and
Acting Head of the Department
(from 1 July, 1925).

S. C. Chakravarti, B.A., Reader and
Acting Head of the Department
(up to 30 June, 1925).

R. G. Basak, M.A., Lecturer.

Md. Shahidullah, M.A., B.L.,
Lecturer.

Charu Bandyopadhyay, B.A., Lec-
turer.

Under Statute 7(1) (ii).

ARABIC AND ISLAMIC STUDIES :—

A. S. Siddiqi, M.A., Ph.D., Professor *(ex-officio)*, under
Statute 7(1) (i).

A. Abdul Wahhab, M.A., B.L., Reader, under Statute 7(1) (ii).

PERSIAN AND URDU :—

Fida Ali Khan, M.A., Reader and Head of the Department,
under Statute 7(1) (ii).

EDUCATION :—

M. P. West, B.A. (Oxon.),
Honorary Reader and Head of
the Department.

Manorānjan Mitra, B.A., B.L.

Under Statute 7(1) (ii).

COMMERCE :—

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| P. B. Junmarkar, M.A., LL.B.,
Reader and Head of the Department. | } Under Statute 7(1) (ii). |
| Abul Hussain, M.A., Lecturer. | |

CHEMISTRY :—

- J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc., under Statute 7(1) (iii).

LAW :—

- J. N. Das Gupta, M.A., M.L., under Statute 7(1) (iii).
- N. K. Bhattasali, M.A., Curator of the Dacca Museum (subject to the condition that his membership of the Faculty shall cease on the vacation of his office as Curator of the Dacca Museum), under Statute 7(1) (iv).

FACULTY OF SCIENCE.

(Constituted for the period 1 January, 1925 to
31 December, 1927).

THE DEAN.

- J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc., Professor of Chemistry (*ex-officio*), under Statute 7(1) (i).

MEMBERS.**CHEMISTRY :—**

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| A. C. Sircar, M.A., Ph.D., P.R.S.,
Reader. | } Under Statute 7(1) (ii). |
| M. N. Niyogi, M.Sc., Reader (up
to 30 June, 1925). | |
| P. C. Guha, D.Sc., Reader. | |
| R. M. Purkayestha, M.Sc., Lecturer. | |
| J. K. Chowdhury, M.Sc., Ph.D.,
Reader in Analytical Chemistry
(from 10 July, 1925). | |
| R. L. De, M.Sc., Lecturer (from
20 November, 1925). | |

MATHEMATICS :—

N. M. Basu, D.Sc., Reader and Acting Head of the Department.	} Under Statute 7(1) (ii).
H. N. Dutta, M.Sc., Reader.	
D. N. Ganguli, M.A., Lecturer.	
Jyotirmay Ghosh, M.A., Lecturer (on Study leave).	

PHYSICS :—

W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., Professor (<i>ex-officio</i>), under Statute 7(1) (i).	
S. N. Ghosh, M.A., Reader.	} Under Statute 7(1) (ii).
B. C. Guha, M.Sc., Acting Reader.	
Hari Prasanna Mukherjee, M.Sc., Acting Lecturer.	
Sasanka Sekhar Mukherjee, M.Sc., Acting Lecturer.	

EDUCATION :—

M. P. West, B.A. (Oxon.), I.F.S., Honorary Reader and Head
of the Department, under Statute 7(1) (ii).

EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY :—

H. D. Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L., Reader, under Statute 7(1) (ii).	
G. P. Hector, M.A., D.Sc., Economic Botanist to the Govern- ment of Bengal.	} Under Statute 7(1) (iv).
S. K. Das Gupta, M.D., Medical Officer, Dacca University.	
Major M. Carbery, M.A., D.Sc., Agricultural Chemist to the Government of Bengal.	
R. S. Finlow, B.Sc., F.I.C., Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.	

FACULTY OF LAW.

(Constituted for the period 1 January, 1925 to
31 December, 1927).

THE DEAN.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L.
(up to 7 July, 1924 and again
from 30 August, 1924 to 29
October, 1924 and again from
1 May, 1926). | } Under Statute 7(1) (i). |
| J. N. Das Gupta, M.A., M.L. (from
8 July, 1924 to 29 August, 1924
and again from 30 October, 1924
to 30 April, 1926). | |

MEMBERS.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| R. K. Doss, B.A., Bar-at-Law. | } Under Statute 7(1) (ii). |
| Amulya Kumar Dattagupta, M.A.,
B.L. | |
| Sukumar Guha, B.L. | |
| Satish Chandra Mazumdar, B.L. | |
| Nirmal Chandra Pal, M.A., B.L.
(from 18 February, 1925). | |
| H. D. Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L. | } Under Statute 7(1) (iii). |
| Md. Shahidullah, M.A., B.L. | |
| The Lecturer in Dharma Sastras
(Guru Prasanna Bhattacharyya,
M.A.). | |
| The Hon'ble Justice Sir W. E.
Greaves, Kt. | } Under Statute 7(1) (iv). |
| The Hon'ble Justice Sir Nalini
Ranjan Chatterjee, Kt. | |
| The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Z. R. H.
Suhrawardy, Bar-at-Law. | |
| The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dwaraka
Nath Chakrabarty. | |
| P. K. Bose, Bar-at-Law. | |
| N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L.
Advocate, High Court, Calcutta. | |

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Treasurer, *Chairman*.

Girish Chandra Nag, B.A. (from 3 November, 1924 to 31 December, 1925).

Rai Sasanka Comar Ghosh Bahadur, B.L. (from 1 January, 1926).

2. The Vice-Chancellor.

P. J. Hartog, Kt., C.I.E., M.A., LL.D. (up to 31 December, 1925).

G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S., (from 1 January, 1926).

3. Dewan Bahadur S. P. Sen, B.L.

4. *A. F. Rahman, B.A.* (up to 25 October, 1925).

4. Fida Ali Khan, M.A.

5. Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.

6. *W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., I.E.S.* (up to 27 January, 1926).

6. *F. Ahmad, M.A.* (from 28 January, 1926 up to 10 April, 1926).

7. Khan Bahadur Zahirul Haq.

PART IV.
The Teaching Staff.

LIST OF TEACHING STAFF.

For the Sessions (July to June) 1924-25 and 1925-26.

ENGLISH.

Reader and Head of the Department.

C. L. Wrenn, M.A. (Oxford) (First Class Honours in English Language and Literature, Queen's College, Oxford); formerly Lecturer in English Language and Literature in the University of Durham; Principal of Pachaiyappa's College, Madras; and Fellow of the Madras University.

Reader.

S. K. De, M.A. (Calcutta), First Class; University Post Graduate Scholar; B.L. (Calcutta) First Class; Griffith Memorial Prizeman, 1915; Premchand Roychand Research Student, 1917 in Bengali; D.Lit. (London) in Sanskrit, 1921; formerly Professor in the Presidency College, Calcutta and Lecturer in English, Post-Graduate Department, Calcutta University (up to 30 June, 1925).

Lecturers.

Prabhulla Kumar Guha, M.A. (Calcutta) in English (Group A); B. L. (Calcutta); formerly Senior Professor of English in A. M. College, Mymensingh.

Mahmood Hasan, M.A. (Calcutta), First Class in English; B.A. (Oxon.).

U. C. Nag, M.A. (Calcutta); formerly Professor of English and Acting Principal, Carmichael College, Rangpur (on study leave).

Basanta Kumar Ray, M.A. (Calcutta); B.L.; formerly Professor in the Bangabasi College, Calcutta and the Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar.

S. M. Chanda, M.A. (Calcutta), First in First Class and University Gold Medallist; formerly Professor of English in the D. A. V. College, Lahore.

Altat Husain (Temporary), M.A. (Dacca), First in First Class.

Assistants.

Sukumar Ganguly (Temporary), M.A. (Dacca) First in First Class.

Quazi Akram Hussain, M.A. (from 4 January, to 28 March, 1926).

Abanimohan Bandyopadhyay, M.A. (from 20 November to 30 April, 1926).

ARABIC AND ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Professor and Head of the Department.

A. Siddiqi, M.A. (Allahabad) ; Ph.D. (Göttingen) ; formerly Government of India Scholar for Arabic ; Research Professor in Arabic, M. A. O. College, Aligarh ; Principal of the Osmania University College, Hyderabad, Deccan ; and Fellow of Allahabad University.

Reader.

A. Abdul Wahhab, M.A. (Calcutta) First in First Class in Arabic ; Gold Medallist and Prizeman of Calcutta University ; B.L. (Patna) ; formerly Senior Professor of Arabic and Persian in B. N. College, Bankipore.

Lecturers.

Munawar Ali, Formerly Senior Professor in the Madrasah Aliah, Rampur State.

Mohd. Saadat Ullah Israely, Formerly Head Muderris in the Madrasah Mohumadia, Agra.

Marghoob Ahmad, M.A. (Punjab) Maulvi Fazil and Munshi Fazil (Punjab) ; M. O. L. (Punjab) ; formerly Professor of Arabic in the Meerut College (from 8 July, 1924).

Assistants.

Abdus Subhan, M.A. (Aligarh).

Muslihuddin, M.A. (from 11 February to 10 April, 1926).

PERSIAN AND URDU.

Reader and Head of the Department.

Fida Ali Khan, M.A. (Calcutta) in Arabic and in Persian ; formerly Professor in Dacca College (B. E. S.).

Lecturers.

S. M. Zafar Hussain Azad, Munshi Fazl (Punjab) ; B.A. (Punjab).

Syed Muzaffar-Uddin, Passed Final Madrasah Examination from Darul Ulum Nadwatul Ulama, Lucknow, 1914, First in First Class ; Passed Final Madrasah Examination from Dacca Madrasah in 1915, First in First Class ; Gold Medallist ; Passed B.A. Examination of the Calcutta University with Honours in Arabic, First in First Class ; Gold Medallist ; M.A. in Arabic (Cal.), First in First Class.

Assistant.

Moayyidul Islam Borrah, M.A. (Dacca), First in First Class.

SANSKRIT.

Professor.

VACANT.

Reader and Acting Head of the Department.

Prish Chandra Chakravarti, B.A. (Calcutta) with Triple Honours in Sanskrit (First Division) English and Philosophy ; Formerly Senior Professor of Sanskrit in Ravenshaw College, Cuttack, Rajshahi and Dacca Colleges (B. E. S.) (up to 30 June, 1925).

S. K. De, M.A. (Calcutta), First Class ; University Post-Graduate Scholar ; B.L. (Calcutta), First Class ; Griffith Memorial Prizeman, 1915 ; Premchand Roychand Research Student, 1917 in Bengali ; D.Lit. (London) in Sanskrit, 1921 ; formerly Professor in the Presidency College, Calcutta, and Lecturer in the Post-Graduate Department, Calcutta University (from 1 July, 1925).

Lecturers.

Radha Govinda Basak, M.A. (Calcutta) Group A, from the Dacca College ; First in order of merit ; awarded 'Sonamoni Prize' of the Calcutta University ; late Government Post-Graduate Scholar ; awarded 'Griffith Memorial Prize' ; formerly Senior Professor of Sanskrit, Rajshahi College, 1910-20 and Calcutta University Lecturer on Indian Epigraphy in the Post-Graduate Department (B. E. S.).

Guruprasanna Bhattacharyya, M.A. (Calcutta) ; formerly Principal, Bhatpara Sanskrit College (1909-13) ; Honorary Principal of the Hindu College of Divinity, the Bharat Dharma Mahamandal, Benares, 1915, and Professor of Sanskrit in the Central Hindu College of the Benares Hindu University.

Md. Shahidullah, M.A. (Calcutta), B.L. (Cal.) ; formerly Research Assistant in Philology in the University of Calcutta.

Charu Bandyopadhyay, B.A. (Cal.) (from 4 September, 1924).

Assistant.

Nanigopal Banerjee, Passed Title Examination in Sanskrit Literature ; formerly travelling Pandit for the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

Prabodh Chandra Lahiri, M.A. (Dacca), First in First Class.

PHILOSOPHY.

Professor and Head of the Department.

G. H. Langley, M.A. (London) 1909, with distinction in Philosophy ; University Scholar in Logic and Psychology ; formerly Professor at the Dacca College (I. E. S.) (up to 31 December, 1925).

Reader and (Head of the Department from Jan. 1, 1926.)

Haridas Bhattacharyya, M.A. (Calcutta) 1914, in Philosophy, First in First Class, University Gold Medallist and Prizeman ; Premchand Roychand Scholar (1919) and, Mouat Medallist ; B.L., 1917 ; Second Examination in Kavya of the Board of Sanskrit Studies 1912, First Class ; formerly Professor of Philosophy, Scottish Churches College, Calcutta, and Lecturer in Philosophy and Experimental Psychology, Calcutta University.

Lecturers.

Umesh Chandra Bhattacharyya, M.A. (Calcutta) ; Post-Graduate Scholar of the University ; formerly Professor at the Dacca College, (S. E. S.).

Upendra Nath Gupta, M.A., (Calcutta) ; formerly Senior Professor of Philosophy and Logic, Jagannath College, Dacca.

Kazemuddin Ahmad, M.A. (Calcutta) ; formerly Professor of Philosophy and Logic in the Carmichael College, Rangpur, and Lecturer in the Rajshahi and Dacca Colleges.

Assistant in Psychology.

Kshirode Chandra Mukherjee, M.A. (Calcutta) First Class, University Medallist and Prizeman.

Assistant in Philosophy.

Benoyendra Nath Roy, M.A. (Calcutta).

HISTORY.

Professor and Head of the Department.

R. C. Majumdar, M.A. (Calcutta) in History, First Class ; Ph.D. ; Premchand Roychand Scholar and Griffith Prizeman ; formerly Professor in the Dacca Training College and Assistant Professor in Calcutta University.

Reader.

A. F. Rahman, B.A. (Oxford) Honours School of Modern History ; formerly Professor of History, M. A. O. College, Aligarh.

Lecturers.

Parash Chandra Mukherjee, M.A. (Calcutta) in History, First Class, University Medallist ; formerly Professor of History at the Hughly College and Dacca College (B. F. S.).

Sajesh Chandra Banerjee, M.A. (Calcutta) in History, First Class ; formerly Professor of History, D. A. V. College, Lahore, and at the Jagannath College, Dacca.

Sudhindra Nath Bhattacharyya, M.A. (Calcutta) in History, First Class ; formerly Professor of History at St. Andrew's College, Gorakhpur.

Assistants.

Jyotirmoya Sen, M.A. (Dacca) in History, First Class.

Muhammad Zahur Islam, M.A. (Dacca) in History, First Class.

ECONOMICS AND POLITICS.

Reader and Head of the Department.

J. C. Sinha, M.A. (Calcutta), in Economics ; First in First Class ; Winner of University Gold Medal and Prize, Cobden Medal, Mouat Medal and Eshan Scholarship ; Premchand Roychand Scholar ; formerly Post-Graduate Lecturer in Economics, Calcutta University.

Lecturers.

S. Vaidyanath Ayyar, M.A. (Madras), University Research Student, Madras University ; Diploma in Economics ; formerly Reader in Economics at the University of Madras.

Devendra Nath Banerjee, M.A. in Economics (Calcutta) First Class, formerly Professor of Economics, Dacca College.

K. B. Saha, M.A. (Calcutta) First Class in Economics, Group A ; formerly Professor of Economics, Cooch-Behar College and Lecturer in Economics at the Calcutta University.

Abul Hussain, M.A. (Calcutta).

Mati Lal Dam, M.A. (Calcutta) First Class in Political Economy and Political Philosophy (Group A).

Assistants.

Ajit Kumar Sen, M.A. (Calcutta), First in First Class in Economics (Group B), University Gold Medallist and Prizeman, formerly Professor of Economics and History in the Bagerhat College (Khulna).

Parimal Roy, M.A. (Dacca) in Economics, First Class.

Hafizur Rahman, M.A. (from 7 December, 1925 to 30 April, 1926).

COMMERCE.

Reader in Accountancy and Business Organisation and Head of the Department.

P. B. Jinnarkar, M.A. (Bombay), Second Class Honours in Mathematics, I.L.B. (Bombay) ; Fellow of Elphinstone College, Bombay ; formerly Accountant Shilotri Bank and Framji and Sons, Bombay.

Lecturer.

Abul Hussain, M.A. (Calcutta).

Assistant.

Dines Chandra Datta, M.A. (Dacca) in Economics, First in First Class.

MATHEMATICS.

Professor.

Vacant.

Reader and Acting Head of the Department.

Nalini Mohan Basu, D.Sc. (Calcutta) ; First in First Class at M.Sc. with University Gold Medal and Prize ; formerly Assistant to the Ghosh Professor of Applied Mathematics and University Lecturer in Applied Mathematics in Calcutta University.

Acting Reader.

Harendra Nath Datta, M.Sc. (Calcutta), First Class in Pure Mathematics ; Griffith Memorial Prizeman, 1924 ; formerly Assistant Professor, Benares Hindu University.

Lecturers.

Dhirendra Nath Ganguly, M.A. (Calcutta) in Pure Mathematics ; formerly Professor, St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh and at Jagannath College, Dacca.

Jyotirmoy Ghosh, M.A. (Calcutta), Second in First Class in Mixed Mathematics ; awarded University Prize and Medal (on study leave).

Hrishikes Sarkar, M.Sc. (Calcutta), formerly Offg. Professor, Krishnagar College.

Subodh Chandra Mitra, M.A. (Calcutta), First Class in Applied Mathematics (Temporary).

Assistant.

Hirendramohan Seng Gupta, M.A. (Dacca), First in First Class (from 26 October, 1925).

PHYSICS.

Professor.

W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc. (Sheffield); formerly Research Exhibitioner and Research Student of Emmanuel College, Cambridge; formerly Professor of Physics, Dacca College (I. E. S.).

Readers.

Satyendra Nath Bose, M.Sc. (Calcutta), Applied Mathematics, First in First Class, awarded University Gold Medal and Hem Chandra Goswain Medal; formerly University Lecturer, Calcutta, in Applied Mathematics and in Physics (on study leave).

Surendra Nath Ghosh, M.A. (Calcutta) First Class in Physics; Laha Scholar in Physics in the Presidency College, Calcutta; formerly Professor of Physics at the Dacca College (B. E. S.).

Acting Reader.

Bhabani Charan Guha, M.Sc. (Calcutta) Physics, First in First Class with the University Gold Medal, and Matilal Mallik Gold Medal, formerly Acting Professor of Physics in the Vidyasagar College, Calcutta.

Temporary Lecturers.

Hariprasanna Mukherjee, M.Sc. (Calcutta) in Physics, First Class; formerly Government Research Scholar in Physics.

Sasanka Sekhar Mukherjee, M.Sc. (Calcutta) in Physics, First in First Class, Gold Medallist; sometime Professor of Physics, Vidyasagar College, Calcutta.

Assistant-Lecturers.

Upendra Nath Bhattacharyya, M.Sc. (Calcutta) in Physics; formerly Demonstrator, Dacca College (S. E. S.).

Quazi Motahar Hussain, M.A. (Calcutta); formerly Government Post-Graduate Scholar.

Sasi Bhushan Mali, D.Sc. (Calcutta), M.Sc. in Physics, First in First Class, Gold Medallist and Prizeman; formerly Calcutta University Research Assistant in Physics and sometime Lecturer at M. C. College, Sylhet.

Suryya Kanta Mukherjee, M.Sc. (Calcutta), Second in First Class, 1921; B.Sc. First Class Honours in Mathematics; Research student, Presidency College, Calcutta 1922-23.

Phanindra Kumar Mitra, M.Sc. (Dacca).

Sudhendu Kumar Basu, M.Sc. (Dacca) First Class (from 30 October, 1924).

Surendra Chandra Chakravarti, M.Sc. (Dacca) First in First Class (from 18 August, 1924).

Arun Kumar Datta, M.Sc. (Dacca) (from 13 January to 23 March, 1926).

CHEMISTRY.

Professor.

J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc. (Calcutta), M.Sc. (Calcutta) First in First Class; awarded the University Gold Medal and Prize; Elliot Prizeman and Medallist of the Asiatic Society for original investigations; Premchand Roychand Scholar of the Calcutta University; formerly Lecturer in the Post-Graduate Department, Calcutta University.

Reader.

A. C. Sircar, M.A. in Chemistry (Calcutta); Ph.D. (Calcutta); Premchand Roychand Scholar, Calcutta University; Mouat Gold Medallist, Calcutta University; formerly Professor at the Dacca College (B.E.S.).

P. C. Guha, D.Sc. (Calcutta) M.Sc. (Calcutta), First in First Class with University Gold Medal; Sir T. N. Palit Research Scholar in Chemistry; Premchand Roychand Scholar (Temporary).

Reader in Analytical Chemistry.

J. K. Chowdhury, M.Sc. (Cal.) ; Ph.D. (Berlin) ; formerly Chief Chemist of Assam Oil Co., Ltd. (from 1 July, 1925).

Lecturers.

Rajendra Lal De, M.Sc. (Calcutta), Second Class, Palit Research Scholar, Research Scholar of the Government of Bengal; formerly Professor of Chemistry at the Islamia College, Peshawar.

R. M. Purkayestha—(Temporary), M.Sc. (Calcutta), First Class; formerly Government Research Scholar.

Assistant Lecturers.

Ranjit Kumar Chakravorty, M.A. (Calcutta).

Bholanath Saha, M.Sc. (Calcutta), late Government Post-Graduate Scholar, formerly Senior Professor of Chemistry at the Edward College, Pabna.

Jogesh Chandra Sarma, M.Sc. (Calcutta), late Government Post-Graduate Scholar.

Surendra Kumar Basak, B.A. formerly Laboratory Assistant, Dacca College (S. E. S.).

Kali Pada Basu, M.Sc. (Dacca) First Class.

A. N. Khappanna, M.Sc. (Dacca) First Class.

Pareesh Chandra Banerjee, M.Sc. (Calcutta), First in First Class.

Pradosh Chandra Roy Chaudhury, M.Sc. (Calcutta) (from 18 August, 1924).

EDUCATION.

Honorary Reader and Head of the Department.

M. P. West, B.A. (Christchurch, Oxford); formerly Professor, David Hare Training College, Vice-Principal, Dacca Training College, Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division; at present Principal, Teachers' Training College, Dacca (I. E. S.).

Honorary Teachers.

Manoranjan Mitra, B.A., B.T.

Prasanna Kumar Deb, M.A., B.T.

Aswini Kumar Datta, M.Sc., B.T.

G. B. Bhattacharya, M.A., B.T.

LAW.

Professor.

Nares Chandra Sen Gupta, D.L. (Calcutta) 1913, M.L. First in First Class; M.A. (Calcutta) 1902 in Philosophy, second in First Class; Medallist; awarded Pyari Chandra Mitra Medal; University Gold Medal in M. L., Kedar Nath Banerjee Medal with D. L. degree. Formerly Professor of Jurisprudence and

Roman Law in the University Law College, Calcutta and Vice-Principal, Dacca Law College ; Vakil, High Court, Calcutta (on leave).

Lecturer (and Acting Professor and Head of the Department from 8 July to 29 August, 1924 and again from 29 October, 1924 to 30 April, 1926).

Jitendra Nath Das Gupta, M.A. (Calcutta), First Class in Philosophy ; M. L. (Calcutta) ; formerly Professor at the University Law College and Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

Amulya Kumar Datta Gupta, M.A. in English ; B.L., First Class (Calcutta).

Nirmal Chandra Pal, M.A., B.L. (Calcutta), First in First Class ; Gold Medalist, Ritchie Prize-winner ; Prasanna Tagore Law Scholar (from 8 July, 1924).

Part-time Lecturers.

R. K. Doss, B.A. (Calcutta), Advanced Scholar in Law at the University of Cambridge, Fitzwilliam Hall ; Barrister-at-Law ; formerly Advocate at the Calcutta High Court.

Taraprasanna Das, B.L. (Calcutta), Pleader at the Dacca Bar, Lecturer in Transfer of Property.

Sukumar Guha, B.A., B.L. (Calcutta), Pleader at the Dacca Bar, Lecturer in Land Laws.

Satish Chandra Majumdar, B.A., B.L. (Calcutta), Pleader at the Dacca Bar, Lecturer in Law of Crimes.

A. Razzaq, Barrister-at-Law (from 28 November, 1924).

Md. Ibrahim, M.A., B.L. (Calcutta) (from 29 July, 1924).

Medical Officer.

S. K. Das Gupta, M.D., College of Medicine and Surgery, Chicago, U.S.A. Formerly Senior Resident Physician and Surgeon in the St. Francis Hospital, Pittsburgh, Senior Demonstrator in the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh.

PART V.
Courses of Study.

SYLLABUS FOR SESSION, 1924-25.

DEPARTMENT OF ARABIC AND ISLAMIC STUDIES.

I.—ARABIC.

ARABIC FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. DEGREE.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Grammar, Composition and Translation of unseen passages.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Palmer's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (2) Mabádi'ul-'Arabiyyah. (Sálisah).

Paper II.—Prose.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Qur-án-ul-Karím—Last two parts.
- (2) Khutab-un-Nabíy was-Sihábah.
- (3) Salásil-ul-Qiráah—Selections from Parts V and VI.

Paper III.—Poetry.

- (1) Diwán-u-Hassán—Selections.
- (2) Qasidat-ul-Burdah.
- (3) Qasidat-ul-Farazdaq, on Imam Zai'nul' Abedin.
- (4) Diwán-u-Abil-'Atáhiah—Selections.

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ARABIC.

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects for 1925.)

- (1) English.
- (2) Philosophy.
- (3) History.
- (4) Persian.

Paper I.—Arabic Grammar and Composition.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Wright's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (2) Palmer's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (3) Mab diul-'Arabiyah.

*Paper II.—Essay in Arabic and Translation of unseen passages.**Paper III.—Prose with prescribed books.*

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) *Al-Qur-án-ul-Karim*,—5 parts from the beginning.
- (2) *Sirat-u-Ibn Hisham*, 50 pages from *Ba'sat-un-Nabiy*.
- (3) *Maqámát-ul-Haririy*—5 *maqámát*.
- (4) *Aṭḥáq-uz-Zahab*—1st half.
- (5) *Shahíd-ul-Gharám*—Whole.
- (6) *Salásil*—Selections.

Paper IV.—Poetry with prescribed books.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) *Hamásah*—*Báḥ-ul-Azyáf wal-Madih*.
- (2) *Mu'allaqát*—*Imra-ul-Qais*, *Zuhair*, *Labid* and *'Antarah*.
- (3) *Saqt-uz-ZanJ*—Selections.

Paper V.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Text-books prescribed :—

'Ilm-ul-Adab—(i) Up to the end of *Kinayah* and (ii) Chapters on Prosody.

Paper VI.—History of Arabic Literature.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) *Tárikh-u-Adábil-Lugpatil-'Arabiyah*. (Zaidán.)
Ditto ditto (Dayáb.)
- (2) *Nicholson's History of Arabic Literature*.
- (3) *C. Huart's History of Arabic Literature*.

Paper VII.—Outlines of the History of Islam, down to the decline of the Abbasid Dynasty.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) *Tabaqát-u-Ibn Sa'd.*
- (2) *Kamil of Ibn Asir.*
- (3) *Tabari.*
- (4) *History of the Saracens, by Syed Amir Ali.*

Paper VIII.—Arabic Philology.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) *Al-Bulghah fi Usul-il-Lughah, by Siddiq Hasan.*
- (2) *Fiqh-ul-Lughah, by Tha'alibiy.*
- (3) *Al-'Alam-ul-Khaffáq fi 'Ilm-il-Ishteqáq.*
- (4) *Al-Falsafat-ul-Lughawiah, by Zaidán.*
- (5) *Wright's Grammar of the Semitic Languages.*

M.A. DEGREE IN ARABIC.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION.

Paper I.—Prose, including an outline of the History of Arabic Literature, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours Papers III and VI.

Paper II.—Poetry, including Rhetoric and Prosody, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours Papers IV and V.

Paper III.—Essay, Composition and Translation, corresponding to B.A. Honours Paper II and part of Paper I.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION.

Paper I.—Poetry.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) *Ramát-ul-Masáalis wal-Masáui, Vol. I.*
- (2) *Mu'allaqát—Whole.*
- (3) *Hamásah—Báb-ul-Hamásah.*
- (4) *Diwan-ul-Nábighah.*

Paper II.—Prose.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Qur-án-ul-Karim—Last 10 parts.
- (2) Maqámát-ul-Haririya—20 Maqámát.
- (3) Irshad-ul-Arib, by Yaqut Rumi, Vol. I.
- (4) Fatát-u-Ghassán—Whole.

Paper III.—History of Arabic Literature.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Kitab-ul-Agháni.
- (2) Tarikh-u-Ad'ábil-Lughatil-'Arabiyah' (Zaidán).
- (3) Ditto ditto (Dayáb).
- (4) Nicholson's History of Arabic Literature.

Paper IV.—History of Islamic Civilization.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Contributions to the History of Islamic Civilization (from Von Kremer).
- (2) Encyclopædia of Islam, by T. W. Arnold and Houtsma.
- (3) Ibn Khaldoon.
- (4) At-Tamaddun-ul-Islámiy.

Paper V.—Essay in Arabic and Oral Test.

II.—ISLAMIC STUDIES.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects for 1925.)

- (1) English.
- (2) Persian.
- (3) History.
- (4) Philosophy.

Paper I.—Hadis and Usul-i-Hadis.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Tirmizi Shareef—Whole.
- (2) Sharih-u-Nukhbat-il-Fikr.

Text-books recommended :—

Nasáyi Shareef.

Papers II and III.—Qurán Shareef, Tafsir and Usul-i-Tafsir.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Qurán Shareef—Whole.
- (2) Baizáwi Shareef—Al-Baqarah.
- (3) Usul-i-Tafsir—General lectures.

Paper IV.—Kalám.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Hujjatullah-il-Bálighah—Mabhas V, up to the end of Chapter VIII, and Mabhas VI, up to the end of Chapter IV.
- (2) Rasáil-i-Hamidiah—Important portions.

Paper V.—Fiqh.

Text-books prescribed :—

Hedáyah—Kitáb-ul-Buyu', Kitáb-u-Adabil-Qáziy to Kitáb-ul-Wakálah, Kitáb-ud-Da'wá, Kitáb-ul-Hibah to Kitáb-ul-Ijarah.

Paper VI.—Usul.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Tawzih—Báhs-ul-Qayás.
- (2) Al-Insáf fi Sabab-il-Ikhtiláf.

Paper VII.—History of Islamic Civilization.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Tabaqát-i-Ibn Sa'd.
- (2) Tarikh-i-Kámil.
- (3) Ad-Tamaddun-ul-Islámiy (Zaidán).
- (4) Tarikh-i-Tabari.

Paper VIII.—Islamic Philosophy.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) *Ishārāt of Avicenna*, as edited by Imam Razi (Taby'iat and Ilāhiāt).
- (2) *Al-Munqiz Min-ad-Dalāl*, by Imam Ghazzālī.

Or

Paper VII.—Arabic Prose (Paper III of the Honours Course in Arabic).

Paper VIII.—Arabic Poetry (Paper IV of the Honours Course in Arabic).

ISLAMIC STUDIES FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREES.

Paper I.—Hadis, Tafsir and Quran Shareef.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Tirmizi Shareef.
- (2) Baizāwī Shareef—The 1st part only.
- (3) Qurān Shareef—Up to the 15th part and the last two parts.

Paper II.—Fiqh, Ūsul and Kalām.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Hedāyah—Kitāb-ul-Buyū', Kitāb-u-Adabil-Qaziy up to Kitāb-ul-Wakālah.
- (2) Tawziḥ,—Bahs-ul-Qayās, up to Bāb-ul-Mahkum bihi.
- (3) Hujjatullah-il-Bālighah—Mabhas V up to the end of Chapter VIII, and Mabhas VI up to the end of Chapter IV.

Paper III.—Either (A) Islamic Philosophy, or (B) Arabic Literature.

(A) *Islamic Philosophy.*

Text-books recommended :—

Ishārāt of Avicenna, as edited by Imam Razi—Selections.

(B) *Arabic Literature.*

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Maqāmāt-i-Hariry—5 maqāmāt.
- (2) Naḥjul-Balāghah—Selections.
- (3) Mu'allqat—Imra-ul-Qais, Labid and 'Antarah.
- (4) Hamāsah—Bab-ul-Azvāf.

M. A. DEGREE IN ISLAMIC STUDIES.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION.

Five Papers.

GROUP A.

Hadis and Tafsir.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Bukhari Shareef.
- (2) Muslim Shareef.
- (3) Abu Dawood Shareef.
- (4) Ibn Majah Shareef.
- (5) Tafsir Kashsháf.
- (6) Itqán, by Suyutiy.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Sharh-u-Ma'aniil-Asár.
- (2) Muattá by Imám Muhammad.
- (3) Muqaddama-i-Ibn Saláh.
- (4) Tafsir-i-Ibn Jarir.
- (5) I'jázul-Qur-án.

GROUP B.

Fiqh, Usul and Kalam.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Majallat-ul-Ahkám.
- (2) Kashf-ul-Asrar.
- (3) Sharh-ul-Mawáqif.
- (4) Al-Madaniyat-u-wal-Islam.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Al-Muqábalah (baina Qanun-il-Islam wa ghairihi).
- (2) Legal Decisions of the Courts of Egypt.
- (3) Sir Abdur Rahim's book on Jurisprudence.

GROUP C.

Philosophy.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Sharh-i-Ishárát.
- (2) Fasl-ul-Maqál and two other treatises by Averroes.
(Edited by M. J. Mueller.)

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Tahafut-ul-Falásifah, by Inam Ghāzzāli.
- (2) Tahafut-ul-Taháfut, by Averroes.
- (3) Mūhákamah, by Khajāhzada.
- (4) Radd-ul-Mantiq, by Ibn Taimiah.
- (5) History of Philosophy in Islam, by T. De Boers.
- (6) History of Greek Philosophy, with special reference to Platonic, Aristotelian and neo-Platonic systems.

GROUP D.

Arabic Literature.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Diwán-u-Imra-il-Qais.
- (2) Diwán-un-Nabighah.
- (3) Kitáb-ul-Aghani.
- (4) Luzumiyát, by Al-Ma'arriy.
- (5) Maqámat-ul-Hariry.
- (6) Al-Muázanah baina Abi Tammám wal Buhtariy.
- (7) Asrár-ul-Balaghah.
- (8) Falsafat-ul-Balaghah, by Dumit.
- (9) Translation of Aristotle's Rhetoric, by Averroes.
- (10) Arabic Philology, including a knowledge of one of the cognate languages.

Or

History of Arabic Literature and literary criticism from such books as—

- (i) Kitábush-She'r wash-Shu'ará, by Ibn' Qutaibah
(Edited by De Goeje.)
- (ii) Tárikh-ul-Adab, by Qerwáníy.
- (iii) Naqdush-She'r wash Shu'ará.
- (iv) Al-'Umdah.

DEPARTMENT OF PERSIAN AND URDU.

PERSIAN FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

Examinations to be held in 1925 and 1926.)

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—Persian Grammar.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) Palmer's Persian Grammar.
- (2) Ahsan-ul-Qawaid.
- (3) Miftah-ul-Qawaid.

Paper II.—Persian Literature.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

Prose.

- (1) Safarnamah of Shah Nasiruddin Qachar, Shamsul Muzaffari Press, 1st ten pages of the English trip.
- (2) Nafahat-ul-Uns of Jami, Naval Kishore Press, pp. 313-33.
- (3) Sarguzarhat-i-Khanam-i-Englisidar Balwah-i-Hind, Shamsul Muzaffari Press, 1st fifteen pages.
- (4) Mehr-i-Neemroz of Gholib, Naval Kishore Press, 1st twenty pages.

Poetry.

- (1) Bostan of Saadi, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning of Bab 7.
- (2) Shahnamah of Fardausi—the last fight between Rustam and Isphandiyar up to Madh-i-Sultan-i-Mahmood.
- (3) Kusrau Sheerin of Nizami, Naval Kishore Press, 10 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Qiran-ul-Saadain of Khisrau, Aligarh Institute Press, pp. 48-63.

Paper III.—Outlines of the History of Persian Literature in India during the reigns of Akbar, Jahangir and Shahjahan.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Khizanah-i-Amirak.
- (2) Maasir-i-Kiram.
- (3) Maikhanah.
- (4) Akbar Namah (lives of poets).

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN PERSIAN AND URDU.
(Examinations for 1927.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

Paper I.—Persian Grammar.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Persian Grammar by Platt and Ranking.
- (2) Dastoor Namah-i-Farsi, Mujtabai Press.

- (3) Sharh-i-Abdul Wasi—Naval Kishore Press.
- (4) Persian Grammar by Phillott.

Paper II.—Outlines of Persian Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Literary History of Persia, by Browne, Parts I and II.
- (2) History of Persian Literature under Tartar Dominion, by Browne.
- (3) Shiar-ul-Ajam, by Shibli.
- (4) Sukhandan-i-Fars, by Azad.
- (5) Tazkirah of Daulatshah.

Paper III.—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Kimiya-i-Saadat of Ghazzali, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning.
- (2) Chachar Maqalah, Gibb Memorial Series, 20 pages of the Maqalah dealing with poetry.
- (3) Khan-i-Langaran, Shamsul Muzaffari Press, the 1st fifty pages.
- (4) Jahan Kusha-i-Nadiri, Shamsul Muzaffari Press, 1st fifty pages of the invasion of India.

Paper IV.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Qasaid-i-Arwari, the first 7 Qasidahs.
- (2) Diwan-i-Hafiz, Urdu Guide Press, 20 odes beginning from page 63.
- (3) Intikhab-i-Kulliati-Qaani, Majidi Press, Cawnpore, 1st 12 pages.
- (4) Taqdees by Naraqi, 20 pages from the beginning, excluding Hamd and Naat.

Paper V.—Either (A) Persian Rhetoric, or (B) Urdu Grammar.

(A) Persian Rhetoric.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Hadaiq-ul-Balaghat.
- (2) Al-Moajam, by Shams-i-Qais.
- (3) Bahr-ul-Fasahat, by Najm-ul-Ghani.

(B) *Urdu Grammar.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) Platt's Urdu Grammar.
- (2) *Mishah-ul-Qawaid*, by Fath Mohammad Khan.
- (3) *Qawaid-i-Urdu*, by Abdul Haq.

Paper VI.—Either (A) Persian Prosody, or (B) Urdu Literature.(A) *Persian Prosody.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) *Hadaiq-ul-Balaghat*.
- (2) *Arooz-i-Saifi*.
- (3) *Al-Moajam*, by Shams-i-Qais.

(B) *Urdu Literature.*

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

Prose.

- (1) *Ud-i-Hindi*.
- (2) *Darbar-i-Akbari*.
- (3) *Ibn-ul-Waqt*.

Poetry.

- (1) *Kulliat-i-Meer*.
- (2) *Kulliat-i-Sauda*.
- (3) *Marsihs of Anis*, Vol. I.
- (4) *Diwan-i-Ghalib*.
- (5) *Shikwah-i-Hindi of Hali*.

Paper VII.—Persian Philology.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Platt's Persian Grammar.
- (2) Browne's Literary History of Persia, Part I.
- (3) *Sukhandan-i-Fars*.
- (4) *Jawahir-ul-Huroof Val Masadir*, by Teckchand Bahar.

Paper VIII.—Composition and translation of unseen Persian passages.

M. A. DEGREE.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION (TO BE HELD IN 1925).

Paper I.—Persian Composition and translation of unseen passages
(corresponding to B.A. Honours Paper VIII).

Paper II.—Persian Philology (corresponding to B.A. Honours Paper VII).

Paper III.—Outlines of Persian Literature (corresponding to B.A. Honours Paper II).

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION (TO BE HELD IN 1926).

Paper I.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Qasaid-i-Khaqani, pp. 35—47, Naval Kishore Press.
- (2) Masnavi-i-Roomi, Naval Kishore Press, 30 pages from the beginning.
- (3) Hadiqa of Sanai, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Qasaid-i-Zahir-i-Faryabi, the first 7 Kasidahs.
- (5) Saqi Namah of Zahoori, Naval Kishore Press, the first 15 pages.

Paper II.—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Nasikh-ul-Tawarikh, Vol. 9, the first 30 pages (Shamsul Muzaffari Press).
- (2) Silnash-i-Zuhoori, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning.
- (3) Tarikh-i-Wassaf (Calcutta Madrasah Selections), 20 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Roger's Persian Plays (the whole).
- (5) Akhlaq-i-Jalali, Lamiah III, 15 pages, Naval Kishore Press.

*Paper III.—(A) Outlines of the Political History of Persia, or
(B) Special study of the Seljuki period.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) Sykes' History of Persia.
- (2) Malcolm's History of Persia.
- (3) Rauzat-ul-Safa.
- (4) Nasikh-ul-Tawarikh.
- (5) Habib-ul-Seer.

Paper IV.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Hadaiq-ul-Balaghat.
- (2) Al-Moajam of Shams-i-Qais.
- (3) Meeran-ul-Afkar, by Mufti Sardullah.
- (4) Ijaz-i-Khusravi.

Paper V.—An essay in Persian and oral test.

DEPARTMENT OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

B.A. DEGREE (PASS).

[Bengali (Pass), 1926.]

*Compulsory for all students taking B.A. (Pass•Course).**One paper only.*

- (1) Text-books.
- (2) Essay-writing.
- (3) Translation from English to Bengali.
- (4) Grammar and Composition.

Text-books prescribed :—

Bankim Chandra Chatterjee—Krishna Kanter Uil.
 Kaliprasanna Ghosh—Probhat Chinta.
 Mir Musharraf Husain—Vishada Sindhu.
 Michael Madhusudan Dutt—Krishna Kumari Nataka.
 Rabindra Nath Tagore—Chayanika.

[Sanskrit (Pass), 1926.]

Paper I.—Dramas.

- (1) Text-books.
- (2) Translation from English to Sanskrit.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Sakuntala of Kalidasa. (Text as in Vidyasagara's edition).
- (2) Mudrarakshasa of Visakhadatta.

Paper II.—Poetry and Prose.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Kalidasa's Meghaduta.
- (2) Kiratarjuniya, Canto XI.
- (3) Kadambari, the Upakramanika portion only.

Paper III.—

- (1) History of Sanskrit Literature.
- (2) Grammar, composition and translation of unseen Sanskrit passages into English.

Prescribed :—

Macdonell's History of Sanskrit Literature.

Recommended for Grammar :—

Vidyasagara's Vyakarana Kaumudi (original text).

B.A. DEGREE (HONOURS).

[Honours School of Sanskritic Studies, 1927.]

Paper I.—Selections from Vedic Samhitas and Brahmanas with elements of Vedic Grammar.—

Prescribed :—

- (1) Suktas from Riksamgraha, by Vishnu Govinda Bijapurkar, M.A.
- (2) Aitareya Brahmana, 39th Chapter, Pancika VIII.
- (3) A Vedic Grammar for Students, by Macdonell.

Paper II.—Drama and unseen passages.—

Prescribed :—

Kalidasa's Sakuntala.
Bhasa's Swapna-Vasavadatta.
Bhavabhuti's Uttara-Rama-Charita.

Paper III.—Poetry, Prose and Translation.—

Magha's Sisupālavadhā, Canto III, in addition to the works in Paper II of Sanskrit Pass Course.

Paper IV.—Selections from Prakrit works including Pali with elements of Comparative Philology.—

Prescribed :—

- (1) Introduction to Prakrit, by Woolner.
- (2) Introduction to Comparative Philology, by Dr. P. D. Gune.

Paper V.—Sanskrit Grammar.—

Prescribed :—

Bhashavṛtti (Varendra Research Society's Publication, Rajshahi). The sutras on Sandhi, Subanta, Tīganta, Streepratyaya and Karaka.

Paper VI.—History of Sanskrit Literature.—

Prescribed Texts :—

- (1) Macdonell's History of Sanskrit Literature (to be studied critically).
- (2) Weber's History of Sanskrit Literature.

Papers VII-VIII.—Any two of the following special subjects to be studied from original texts :—

- (a) Rhetoric, Prosody and Rules of Dramaturgy.
- (b) One system of Indian Philosophy.
- (c) Indian Archæology including historical texts.
- (d) Selections from Manu and Dharmasastras.
- (e) Selections from Arthasastras.

Prescribed :—

- (a) Vamana's Kavyalamkara-Sutra-Vritti, Dasarupaka, Chapter I, and Kedara Bhatta's Vritti-Ratnakara.
- (b) Sankhyasara of Vijnanabhikshu or Vedantasara of Sadananda Yati or Bhashapariichheda.
- (c) Thirteenth Rock Edict, and Seventh Pillar Edict of Asoka and Kharavela's Hathigumpha Rock Inscription. Junagadh Rock inscriptions of Rudradaman and Skandagupta, Amgachhi copper-plate—(i) inscription of Vigrahapala III and Deopara inscription of Vijayasena and (ii) Harshacharita, Chapter I.
- (d) Gotama's Dharmasutra and Manu, Chapter X.
- (e) Arthasastra of Kautilya, first Adhikarana only with Raghuvamsam, Canto XVII.

[Honours School of Sanskrit and Bengali, 1927.]

Paper I.—Sanskrit Grammar.—

Prescribed :—

As in Paper V of Honours in Sanskrit Studies.

Recommended for private study :—

Vidyasagara's Vyakarana Kaumudi.

Paper II.—Principles of Comparative Philology with elements of Prakrit and Pali.—

Prescribed :—

- (1) Dr. P. D. Gune—Introduction to Comparative Philology.

- (2) H. Sweet—History of Language.
- (3) Woolner—Introduction to Prakrit.

Paper III.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.—

Prescribed :—

As in Paper III of Honours in Sanskritic Studies.

Paper IV.—Sanskrit Drama.—

Prescribed :—

As in Paper II of Honours in Sanskritic Studies.

Paper V.—History of Bengali Literature.—

Recommended for study :—

- (1) Rai Bahadur D. C. Sen—Bangabhasa O Sahitya (latest edition).
- (2) Susil Kumar De—Bengali Literature, 19th century.
- (3) The article on “Banglar Sahitya” in the Visvakosha.

Paper VI.—Old Bengali Poetry.—

Prescribed :—

Selections from Baudha Gau, Krishna-Kirtan, Ramayana of Krittivasa and Goraksa-Vijaya edited by Munshi Abdul Karim Sahitya-Visharada.

Paper VII.—Bengali Prose Literature.—

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Tekchand Thakur—Alaler Gharer Dulal.
- (2) Isvara Chandra Vidyasagara—Sitar Vanavaca.
- (3) Bhudev Mukhopadhyaya—Samajik-Prabandha.
- (4) Mm. H. P. Shastri—Valmikir Jaya.
- (5) Ekramuddinf—Rabindrapratibha.
- (6) Rabindra Nath Tagore—Raja O Rani.
- (7) Akshaya Kumar Datta-Gupta—Bankim Chandra.

Paper VIII.—Bengali Poetry Literature from 1850 to the present time with prescribed books for special study.—

- (1) Michel Madhusudan Datta—Tilottama-Sambhava.
- (2) Nabin Chandra Sen—Amitabha.
- (3) Akshaya Kumar Boral—Esha.
- (4) Satyendra Nath Dutt—Tirtha-Renu.
- (5) Bihari Lal Chakravarti—Sarada Mangala Sangita (Vasumati edition).
- (6) Surendra Nath Mazumdar—Mahil.
- (7) Rabindra Nath Tagore—Chayanika.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION IN SANSKRITIC STUDIES, 1925.

Paper I.—Selections from Sanskrit Literature.—

• Prescribed Texts :—

- Lanman's Sanskrit Reader, from p. 45 to the end.
- Bhasa's Svapna-Vasavadatta.
- Bana's Harshacharita, Chapter V only.

Paper II.—General Sanskrit Grammar and Elements of Prakrit Grammar with selected Prakrit Texts.—

Texts recommended :—

- Bhashavritti of Purushottamadeva as in Honours in Sanskritic Studies.
- Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit.

Paper III.—(a) History of Sanskrit Literature. (b) Composition and Translation.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION IN SANSKRITIC STUDIES, 1926.

Paper I.—Selections from the Vedic Literature.—

Text-books prescribed :—

- Rigveda, Anuvaka I—II of Mandala II and the Purusha Sukta.
- Atharvaveda, Chapter XV.
- Satapatha-Brahmana, first five Brahmanas.
- Tandyamaha-Brahmana, Chapter XVII, 1—4.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Drama, Poetry and Prose.—

Text-books prescribed :—

- Bhasa—Pratiṣṭha-Lakṣaṇa.
- Bhattanarayana—Veni-Samhara.
- Bharavi—Kiratarjuniyam, Cantos I—IV.
- Naishadhacharitam, Canto XVII.
- Banabhatta's Harshacharitam, Chapters VII-VIII.

Paper III.—Grammar, Rhetoric and Prosody.—

Text-books prescribed :—

- Bhashavritti—The portions on Samasa, Kṛti and Taddhiti.
- Mammata's Kavyaprakasa.
- Pingala—Chhanda, omitting the Vaidika metres.

Paper IV.—Selections from Prakṛita and Pālī Literature.—

Text-books prescribed :—

Karpuramanjari of Rajasekhara.

Hala's Saptasati, 5th Sataka.

Anderson's Pālī Reader, Nos. 4, 11, 17, 21, 22, 26, 27, 35, 44, 61, 66 and 67.

Paper V.—Special Paper.—One of the following subjects :—

(a) Vedic Grammar :—

Text-books prescribed :—

Panini's Vaidika Sūtras with Kaśika-vṛitti.

Recommended for private study :—

Vaidika prakriya of the Sīdhanta-Kaumudī of Bhaṭṭoji-Dikṣita.

(b) Dharmasastra :—

Apastamba—Dharma Sūtras.

Yājñavalkya—Chapter on Āchāra.

Jimutavahana—Dayabhaga.

(c) Arthasastra :—

Kautilya—Arthasastra, Books II and VI.

Bṛihaspati—Arthasastra.

(d) Indian Epigraphy and Palaeography :—

Asoka's Edicts and the following selected inscriptions :—

(1) Nanaghat Cāve inscription (Lüders' list No. 1112).

(2) Allahabad Pillar-inscription of Samudra Gupta.

(3) Mandasor inscription of Naṣavarman.

(4) Mandasor inscription of Yaśodharman.

(5) Khalimpur copper-plate grant of Dharmapala.

(6) Manapoli copper-plate grant of Maṇapala.

(7) Barrackpore copper-plate inscription of Vijayasena.

(8) Belava copper-plate grant of Bhojavarman.

(9) Rampal copper-plate grant of Śrīchandā.

(e) Indian Philosophy :—

Gautama—Nyāyasūtra, Chapter I.

Vedānta Sūtras—The first four sūtras with Sāṅkara's Bhaṣya.

Sāṅkhyakārika of Īśvara Kṛṣṇa with the Tattva-Kaumudī.

PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATION IN SANSKRIT AND
BENGALI, 1925.

Paper I.—

- (a) Sanskrit Kavya—Raghuvamsam, Cantos X—XIX.
- (b) Elements of Sanskrit Grammar.

Paper II.—

- (a) Old Bengali—

- (1) Selections from Baudha Gan O Doha. (As in Honours Course, 1925.)
- (2) Selections from Sri Krishnakirtana. (As in Honours Course, 1925.)

- (b) Comparative Philology with elements of Prakrit—

- (1) Gune: Introduction to Comparative Philology.
- (2) Elements of Prakrit—Woolner. (Grammatical portion.)

Paper III.—

- (a) Modern Bengali—

- (1) Tilottama-sambhava Kavya.
- (2) Amitabha.
- (3) Esha.
- (4) Pushpanjali.
- (5) Panchabluta and Valaka.

- (b) History of Bengali Literature—

Vanga Bhasha O Sahitya.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION IN SANSKRIT AND BENGALI, 1926.

Paper I.—Selections from Vedic and Classical Sanskrit with knowledge of Grammar.—

- (1) Lanman's Sanskrit Reader, pp. 45-106.
- (2) Mricchakatikam.

Recommended for grammatical studies :—

- (1) Vaidika-Prakṛtya of Siddhanta Kaumudi.
- (2) A Vedic Grammar for Students by Macdonell.

Paper II.—Comparative Philology with elements of Prakrit and Pali.—

- (1) Grierson's Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. V, Part I.
- (2) Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar's Wilson Philological Lectures.
- (3) Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit (Text portion).
- (4) Anderson's Pali Reader. A selected portion (as in Paper IV of M. A. in Sanskritic Studies).
- (5) Grierson's article on Prakrita in Encyclopædia Britannica.

Paper III.—Old and Mediæval Bengali.—

- (1) Chaitanya-Charitamrita (selected portions).
- (2) Sunya-Purana.
- (3) Critical study of Vidyapati's Padavali and Kirtilata.
- (4) Critical study of Kavikankan.

Paper IV.—Modern Bengali Literature from 1750 A.D. (Prose, literary criticism and Essay).—

A special study of the following books is recommended :—

(a) *Prose*—

- (1) Pratapaditya Charitra.
- (2) Kamalakanter Daptar.
- (3) Prachin Sahitya and Adhunik Sahitya, by Tagore.

(b) *Vangavani*, by Sasanka Mohan Sen.

Paper V.—Modern Bengali Literature from 1750 A.D. (Poetry, Drama and translation).—

A special study of the following books is recommended :—

(a) *Poetry*—

- (1) Manasingha of Bharat Chandra.
- (2) Gitanjali of Rabindranath Tagore.
- (3) Mañdra of D. L. Roy.

(b) *Drama*—

- (1) Rai Unmadin of Krishnakamal Goswami.
- (2) Lilavati of Dinabandhu Mitra.
- (3) Balidan of Girish Chandra Ghose.

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH.

B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION OF 1920 AND AFTER.

Three Papers.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—19th Century Poetry.

Palgrave's "Golden Treasury" (Oxford), Book IV.

Browning—Pippa Passes.

Tennyson—Lancelot and Elaine (from *The Idylls of the King*).*Paper II.—Shakespeare.*

As you like it.

Macbeth.

*Paper III.—(a) 19th Century Prose, and (b) an Essay.**

"Essays in Modern English" (Oxford University Press, 1920), Ed. by Page and Rien.

R. L. Stevenson ... *Virginibus Puerisque*. (Chatto and Windus.)

Note—Candidates for the ordinary degree will be expected to show only such general knowledge of the periods or authors they offer as will suffice to relate their prescribed texts to the general literary history involved.

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS.

Eight papers on the subject of the Honours course, and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects allowed.)

(a) English History ;

(b) Bengali Literature, or (for candidates whose vernacular is not Bengali) the literature of an approved vernacular, or (for candidates whose vernacular is English) either French or Latin.†

*Candidates are expected to spend half the time in Paper III on the Essay.

†Syllabuses of subsidiary subjects may be had from the teachers.

B. A. (HONOURS) EXAMINATIONS OF 1927 AND AFTER.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—Elements of Old English Language and Literature.

Wyatt ... Anglo-Saxon Reader (Cambridge, 1910), selections Nos. I., XII., XXIV. and XXVI.

Books recommended:—

Wright ... An Elementary Old English Grammar (Oxford, 1923).
 Wardale ... Old English Grammar (Methuen).
 Wyld ... Short History of English (Murray).
 Kellner ... Historical Outlines of English Accidence (Macmillan).

Paper II.—Elements of Middle English Language and Literature.

Sweet ... First Middle English Primer (Oxford).
 Sisam (editor) ... Havelok the Dane (Oxford).
 Chaucer ... Prologue to the Canterbury Tales, the Nun's Priest's Tale.
 Langland ... Piers Plowman, Prologue only (B Text).

Paper III.—Elizabethan Drama, with special reference to Shakespeare.

Marlowe ... Faustus.
 Shakespeare ... Much Ado About Nothing; King Lear.
 Ben Jonson ... Every Man in his Humour.
 Webster ... The Duchess of Malfi.

Paper IV.—Elizabethan and 17th Century Literature.

Spenser ... Faerie Queene, Book I.
 Milton ... Paradise Lost, Book IV.
 Palgrave ... "Golden Treasury", Books I and II (Oxford).
 Sir Thomas Browne ... Religio Medici.
 Dryden ... Essay of Dramatic Poesy.

Paper V.—18th Century Literature.

Pope ... "Rape of the Lock.

Selections in Ward's English Poets from the following poets:—

• Pope,	Thomson, Gray, Collins, Burns, Blake.	•
Swift	... Tale of a Tub.	•
Addison and Steele	... Coverley Papers (Clarendon Press).	•
Fielding	... Tom Jones.	•
Sheridan	... The Rivals.	•

Paper VI.—Literature from 1800 to 1832.

Wordsworth	... Selections in Matthew Arnold's ed.	
Coleridge	... The Golden Book of Coleridge, ed. Stopford Brooke, omitting the "Occasional and narrative poems" (Everyman Library).	
Shelley	... Prometheus Unbound.	
Byron	... Childe Harold's Pilgrimage, Book IV.	
Keats	... Odes.	
Lamb	... Selections in the Oxford edition (ed. Gordon).	
Jane Austen	... Pride and Prejudice.	

Paper VII.—Literature from 1832 to 1911.

Tennyson	... In Memoriam.	
Browning	... Selections, ed. W. Young (Cambridge University).	
Ward's English Poets,	Vol. V (the whole).	
Matthew Arnold	... Essays, 2nd series.	
Pater	... Appreciations.	

Paper VIII.—An Essay.

NOTE.—Candidates for the Degree with Honours will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general history of English Literature, and of the outstanding authors, as well as of the prescribed texts. Every candidate will be examined *viva voce*. No fixed number of marks is assigned to the *viva voce* examination, but it may be used by the examiners as a guide in classifying the candidates.

PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATIONS FOR 1925 AND AFTER.

Three Papers.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—Chaucer and his Contemporaries.

Chaucer	... Prologue to The Canterbury Tales; Parliament of Faules.
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Langland ... Piers Plowman, Prologue and Passus
I to III (B text).
The Pearl.

Paper II.—Literature from 1800 to 1832.

The same as for B.A. (Honours), *Paper VI.*

Paper III.—Elizabethan Drama, with special reference to Shakespeare.

The same as for B.A. (Honours), *Paper III.*

FINAL M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS IN 1926 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *five* papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Committee of Courses and Studies, in lieu of *two* of these, such dissertation carrying 200 marks.

All candidates will, in addition to their written work, be examined *viva voce*. This *viva voce* test will not carry any fixed number of marks, but may be used by the examiners as an aid in placing the candidates in the class lists.

Candidates may, with the approval of the Head of the department, select *either* of the following alternative courses, according to whether they wish to make the language *or* the literature the main subject of their study.

GROUP A.

Paper I.—The History of English Literature from its origins to 1700.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper II.—The History of English Literature from 1700 to 1911.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper III. } —A special subject selected by the candidate from
Paper IV. } the following list :—

- (a) Literary Criticism.
- (b) The Scottish Chaucerians.
- (c) Elizabethan Tragedy.
- (d) The 18th Century Novel (1740 to 1780).
- (e) The Romantic Revival.
- (f) The Victorian Novel (1850 to 1890).
- (g) Victorian Poetry (1850 to 1888).

No texts are prescribed for this special subject.

Paper V.—An Essay.

GROUP B.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—Gothic, and the outlines of Germanic Philology.

Wright ... Gothic Grammar and selections (Oxford, 1917), with a special study of St. Mark's Gospel, chapters I to VI inclusive.

Paper II.—Old English Language and Literature.

Wyatt ... Anglo-Saxon Reader (Cambridge, 1919), selections Nos. I to III inclusive, VII, VIII, X to XII inclusive, and XVIII to XXXV inclusive.

Paper III.—Middle English Language and Literature.

Gollancz (editor) ... Sir Gawayne and The Green Knight (Oxford).
Sisam ... 14th Century Verse and Prose (Oxford, 1921), selections Nos. I to V inclusive, IX, X, XV and XVII.

Paper IV.—History of the English Language.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper V.—An Essay.†

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY.

HISTORY FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. DEGREE.

(Examinations to be held in 1926.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—History of India.

Text-book prescribed:—

V. A. Smith ... Oxford History of India.

Text-books recommended (as in the Honours School).

*The dissertation is to be offered in place of the special subject of Papers III and IV.

†The dissertation to be offered in lieu of any two of the above, and to carry 200 marks.

Paper II.—History of England from 1485 to 1815.

Text-book prescribed :—

Green ... Short History of the English People
(abridged edition).

Paper III.—Modern History from 1815 to 1914.

Text-book prescribed :—

C. D. Hazen ... Modern European History.

(Candidates must possess a general knowledge of the History of Japan and the United States in the Nineteenth Century. No text-books are prescribed but a detailed syllabus with full reference to authorities will be supplied by the teacher.)

Text-books recommended (as in the Honours School).

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN HISTORY.

(Examinations for 1927.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

Paper I.—The History of India to 1200 A.D. with special reference to Bengal.

Text-books prescribed :—

Cambridge History of India, Vol. I, pp. 77—226.

V. A. Smith ... Early History of India.

Rama Prosad Chanda ... Gauda Rajamala.

Text-books recommended :—

Cambridge History of India.

G. J. Dubreuil ... Ancient History of the Deccan.

Megasthenes ... Indica.

Barnett ... Indian Antiquities.

Rhys Davids ... Buddhist India.

Kaegi ... Rigveda.

R. D. Banerjee ... Banglar Itihash.

R. G. Bhandarkar ... Early History of the Deccan.

P. T. S. Iyengar ... Life in Ancient India.

Fick ... Social Life in North Eastern India as depicted in the Jatakas (translated by the Calcutta University).

Paper II.—The History of India from 1200 A.D.

• Text-books prescribed :—

V. A. Smith	...	Oxford History of India, Books IV—IX.
Elphinstone	...	History of India (omitting the Hindu Period).
Lyall	...	Development of British Dominions in India.

Text-books recommended :—

• Elliot and Dowson	...	History of India as told by its own Historians.
V. A. Smith	...	Akbar.
J. N. Sarkar	...	Aurangzeb.

Rulers of India Series—Haidar Ali, Mahdaji Sindhia, Warren Hastings, Dalhousie, Wellesley.

Malleson	...	Fifteen Decisive Battles.
Cunningham	...	History of the Sikhs.
Grant Duff	...	History of the Mahrattas (revised edition).
G. Forest	...	Clive.
P. F. Roberts	...	Historical Geography.
J. N. Sarkar	...	Shivaji and His Times.

Paper III.—Political History of England (including the Colonies) from 1815 to 1914.

Text-books prescribed :—

Political History of England, Vol. XI (Chap. VIII-XX), Vol. XII.

J. A. R. Marriott	...	England since Waterloo.
Egerton	...	Rise and Growth of British Colonies.

Text-books recommended :—

Traill	...	Social England (last volume).
Mahan	...	Influence of Sea Power upon History.
Peel (Twelve Statesmen Series).		
Morley	...	Life of Gladstone.
Walpole	...	History of England.

Paper IV.—Constitutional History of England (including the Colonies) from 1485 to 1911.

Text-books prescribed :—

Hallam	...	The Constitutional History of England.
Erskine May	...	The Constitutional History of England since the accession of George III (edited and continued to 1911 by F. Holland).
J. A. R. Marriott	...	English Political Institutions.
A. B. Keith	...	Responsible Government in the Dominions.

Text-books recommended :—

Medley	...	The Constitutional History of England.
Gneist	...	Constitutional History of England.
Prothero	...	Select Statutes and other Constitutional Documents.
Gardiner	...	Constitutional Documents of the Puritan Revolution.

Paper V.—History of Greece (479—404 B.C.) and History of Rome (264—146 B.C.).

Text-books prescribed :—

J. B. Bury	...	History of Greece.
W. W. How and Leigh	...	History of Rome.
Shuckburgh	...	History of Rome.

Text-books recommended :—

Grote	...	History of Greece.
J. P. Mahaffy	...	Social Life of Greece.
Tucker	...	Life in Ancient Athens.
Zimmern	...	The Greek Commonwealth.
Greenidge	...	Roman Public Life.
R. G. Niebuhr	...	The History of Rome.
T. Arnold	...	The History of Rome.
F. F. Abbott	...	Society and Politics in Ancient Rome.
Mommsen's History of Rome	...	Translated by W. P. Dickson.

Paper VI.—Middle Ages in Europe.

Text-books prescribed :—

Duroy	...	Middle Ages (translated by Whitney).
Myers	...	The Middle Ages.
Draper	...	The Intellectual Development in Europe.

Text-books recommended :—

Hallam	...	Middle Ages in Europe.
A. L. Smith	...	Church and State in the Middle Ages.
Oman	...	Dark Ages.
Tout	...	Empire and the Papacy.
Gibbon	...	Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire.
Adams	...	Civilization during the Middle Ages.
Cambridge Mediæval History.		

Paper VII.—History of Europe from the fall of Constantinople to the Treaty of Vienna (1815).

Text-books prescribed :—

Robinson and Beard	...	Outline of European History.
Morse Stephens	...	Revolutionary Europe.
Lodge	...	Modern Europe.

Paper VIII.—Modern History from the Treaty of Vienna to the outbreak of the Great European War.

Text-books prescribed :—

C. D. Hazen	...	Europe since 1915.
Marriott	...	Eastern Question.
Edward Channing	...	A Student's History of the United States.
Porter	...	Rise of Japan.

Text-books recommended (Papers VII-VIII) :—

Cambridge Modern History.		
Hassall	...	The Balance of Power.
Mahan	...	Influence of Sea Power upon History.
Hawkesworth	...	The Last Century in Europe.
Pollard	...	Factors in Modern History.
Acton	...	Lectures on Modern History.
Makers of Modern Europe Series—Cavour, Bismarck.		

PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATION.

(Examinations for 1925.)

A.—Those students who have taken the ordinary degree.

Papers IV, V and VI of the Honours School (1926).

B.—For Honours students of other Universities.

Papers IV and VIII of the Honours School and a paper on History of India corresponding to Honours Papers I and II.

FINAL M. A. EXAMINATION.

(Examinations for 1926.)

Paper I.—Principles of International Law.

Books recommended :—

- | | | |
|----------------|-----|---|
| 1. Hall | ... | International Law. |
| 2. Nippold | ... | Development of International Law after the War. |
| 3. Pitt Cobett | ... | Leading Cases in International Law. |
| 4. Lawrence | ... | Documents illustrative of International Law. |
| 5. John Walker | ... | State Morality and League of Nations. |

Paper II.—Either (a) History of the Ancient East, or (b) History of the Abbasside Caliphs.

Books recommended :—

- | | | |
|-----------------|-----|--|
| (a) Breasted | ... | History of Egypt. |
| Jastrow | ... | Civilisation of Babylonia and Assyria (omitting the first two chapters). |
| Rogers | ... | History of Babylonia and Assyria. |
| Breasted | ... | Development of Religion and Thought in Ancient Egypt. |
| (b) Margoliouth | ... | History of the Abbasside Caliphs. |
| Amcer Ali | ... | History of the Saracens. |
| Von Kromer | ... | Islamic Civilisation (translated by S. Khuda Buksh). |
| Muir | ... | History of the Caliphate. |
| S. Khuda Buksh | ... | History of the Islamic People. |

Papers III—V.—

GROUP A.

Special study of Ancient Indian History from the establishment of the Maurya Empire to the downfall of the Gupta Empire.

Paper III.—The Maurya Kshatras, Kusnan and Gupta Inscriptions, Inscriptions of Heliödorus, Gondophares and Kharavela.

(Students are expected to possess a general knowledge of palæography.)

Paper IV.—Art, Architecture and Coins.

V. A. Smith	...	Catalogue of Coins in the Indian Museum, sections I—IX.
Fergusson	...	History of Indian and Eastern Architecture, Book I.
V. A. Smith	...	Fine Art in India and Ceylon, Chapters I—VI.
Allan	...	Catalogue of the Coins of the Guptas.

Paper V.—Original texts.

Kautilya	...	Arthasastra (translated by Shamasastri, pp. 1—185, 297—336).
Manu Samhita	...	(Translated by Bühler) Chapter VII.

Periplus of the Erythraean Sea (edited by Schoff).

Travels of Fa-Hian (translated by Legge).

GROUP B.

Paper I & II.—History of India from 1200 to 1707 with special reference to Bengal.

Books recommended :—

Thomas	...	Chronicles of the Pathans.
Kennedy	...	History of the Great Moguls.
V. A. Smith	...	Akbar the Great Mogul.
Sarkar	...	Aurangzeb.
Oaten	...	European Travellers in India.
R. D. Banerjee	...	Banglar Itihas, Vol. II.
Stewart	...	History of Bengal.
Briggs	...	Ferishta.
Quanungo	...	Sher Sha.
Foster	...	European Travellers.
Sarkar	...	Shivaji.
Bhattachasali	...	Coins and Chronology of the Early Independent Sultans of Bengal.
Sarkar	...	Mogul Administration.

Papers IV and V.—The period from Babar to Jehangir to be studied with reference to original authorities.

Books prescribed :—

Erskin & Leyden	...	Babarnamah (edited by King).
Beveridge	...	Humayunnamah of Galbadan Begam.
Al Badaoni	...	Selected Chapters and Vol. II.
Rogers	...	Tuzk-i-Jehangiri.
Elliott and Dowson	...	History of India, Vols. IV—VI.

Books recommended :—

Rushbrook	Williams	Empire Builder of the 16th Century.
Stewart	...	Jowhar's Humayun.
Akbar Nama	...	(Translated by Beveridge).
V. Smith	...	Akbar the Great Mogul.
Narendra Law	...	Promotion of Learning in India during Mahomedan Rule.
Blochmann	...	Ain-i-Akbari.
Moreland	...	Economic Condition of India upto the Death of Aurangzeb, 2 volumes.
Beni Prasad	...	Jehangir (Allahabad University).

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY.

PHILOSOPHY FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. DEGREE.

(Examination to be held in 1926.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Problems of Philosophy.

Study of the more important metaphysical problems arising from the experience of nature, life and mind. Comparison of answers to these problems with characteristic solutions in Indian thought.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (a) Descartes' Method.
- (b) Locke's Essay on the Human Understanding : Book I, Chapter I ; and Book II, Chapter II.

Paper II.—Ethics.

Explanation of the nature of the study. Introductory discussion of chief problems. Evolution of ethical ideas.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (a) Bhagavadgita.
- (b) Mill's Utilitarianism.
- (c) Butler's Sermons on Human Nature.
- (d) Ethics of Islam from Texts to be selected.

(The subject will be studied with special reference to the prescribed texts.)

Paper III.—Psychology.

Study of general problems.

Prescribed Text :—

Stout's Manual of Psychology

HONOURS SCHOOL IN PHILOSOPHY.

(Examination for 1927.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects.)

- 1. English.
- 2. History.
- 3. Politics.
- 4. *Either Sanskrit or Islamic Studies.*
- 5. Economics.

Paper 4.—Either (a) Upanishads.

General and historical introduction. Special study of selected texts of the Upanishads. Study of the systematic philosophy arising therefrom.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (a) Upanishads ... Svetasvatara, Chhandogya,
Brihadaranyaka.
- (b) Vedanta Sutras, with commentaries.

Or (b) Introduction to Islamic Thought.

The social and political conditions under which Philosophy and Science developed in Islam. Origin and development of the various Theological and Philosophical schools, and a comparative study of the important problems raised by them.

Book recommended :—

Arabic Thought ... D. L. O'Leary.

Paper II.—Eitler (a) Indian Metaphysics.

General study of the Principal Philosophical systems and special study of selected texts.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (a) Iswara Krishna's Sankhya-karika.
- (b) Nyayakusumanjali.

Or (b) *Islamic Metaphysics.*

Critical and advanced study of M'utazillaism, Asharism and Sufism.

Books recommended :—

- | | | |
|-----------|-----|---------------------|
| Macdonald | ... | Muslim Theology. |
| Bogdadi | ... | Fark bain at Firak. |

Paper III.—Historical Introduction to Western Thought.

The study to be developed around important problems as they appear in the various systems.

Paper IV.—Metaphysics (Western).

A careful study will be made of the metaphysical problems which are discussed in the prescribed texts and the development of thought within the periods from which they are selected.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Plato's Republic, Books V—X.
2. Hume's Inquiry.
3. Descartes' Method and Meditations.
4. Kant's Prolegomena.

Paper V.—Ethics.

Explanation of the nature of the study. Introductory discussion of chief problems. Evolution of ethical ideals.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Bhagavadgita; or Ethics of Islam from Texts to be selected.
2. Plato's Republic, Books I—IV.
3. Mill's Utilitarianism.
4. Kant's Foundations of the Metaphysics of Ethics.

The subject will be studied with special reference to the prescribed texts.

Paper VI.—Psychology.

Introductory study of general problems. Modern developments in psychology. Practical demonstrations.

Prescribed Text :—

* Wundt ... Lectures on Human and Animal Psychology.

*Paper VII.—Logic.**

Development of the conception of Logical Science and advanced study of important logical problems.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Joseph's Introduction to Logic.
2. Bosanquet's Implication and Linear Inference.
3. Schiller's Formal Logic.

Paper VIII.—Essay and Current Philosophical Tendencies.

MASTER OF ARTS.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION (to be held in 1925).

Paper I.—Either (a) Upanishads.

General and historical introduction. Special study of selected texts of the Upanishads. Study of the systematic philosophy arising therefrom.

Prescribed Texts :—

(a) Upanishads ... Svetasvatara, Chhandogya,
Brihadaranyaka.

(b) Vedanta Sutras, with commentaries.

• Or (b) *Introduction to Islamic Thought.*

Origin and development of the various Philosophical and Theological schools in Islam, with special reference to Mutazillism, Asharism and Sufism.

Books recommended :—

Al-Bagdadi	...	Fark bain at Firak.
Macdonald	...	Muslim Theology.
D. L. O'Leary	...	Arabic Thought.

Paper II.—History of Western Philosophy.

Chief problems discussed historically with special reference to the periods from which the prescribed texts for Paper III of this Preliminary M.A. Examination and Paper II of the Final M.A. Examination are selected.

*In the place of 'Philosophy of Religion' of 1921, 1925 and 1926 examinations.

Paper III.—Metaphysics.

Prescribed Texts :—

Plato's Republic.
Hume's Inquiry.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION (to be held in 1926).

Five Papers.

Paper I.—Either (a) Indian Metaphysics.

General study of the Principal Philosophical systems and special study of selected texts.

Prescribed Texts :—

(a) Iswara Krishna's Sankhya-Karika.
(b) Nyaya-Kusumanjali.

Or (b) *Metaphysics in Islam.*

Detailed study of the origin and history of Sufism.

Paper II.—(a) Metaphysics (Western).

A careful study will be made of the metaphysical problems which are discussed in the prescribed texts and of the development of thought within the periods from which they are selected.

Prescribed Texts :—

(1) Selections from Plotinus.

Kant's Prolegomena.

(b) *Current Philosophical Tendencies.*

Paper III.—Ethics and Sociology.

Ethics.—An advanced study of the leading problems with special reference to Indian Thought. These problems will be treated with special reference to the prescribed texts. Comparative study of Christian and non-Christian ethical ideals.

Prescribed Texts :—

(1) Bhagavadgita or Ethics of Islam.

(2) Aristotle's Ethics.

(3) Kant's Foundations of the Metaphysics of Ethics.

Sociology.—History of the science ; Origin and nature of society ; Functions and organs of society ; Psychology of association ; History of the Social Products ; and Laws of the Social Process.

Paper IV.—Psychology.

Modern treatment of General Problems with experimental work.

Prescribed Text :—

Rand ... Classical Psychologists.

Paper V.—Logic.

Development of the conception of Logical Science and advanced study of important logical problems.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (1) Joseph's Introduction to Logic.
- (2) Bosanquet's Implication and Linear Inference.
- (3) Schiller's Formal Logic.

Paper VI.—Philosophy of Religion.

Comparative study of the origin and development of religious ideas and institutions. Discussion of important problems as they appear in the principal religions in ancient and modern India, and a treatment of metaphysical problems arising out of religious experience.

Works recommended :—

- (1) Ward ... Realm of Ends.
- (2) James ... Varieties of Religious Experience.

Note.—Papers I and II are compulsory for all students, and three must be selected from Papers III to VI.

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS.

ECONOMICS FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. DEGREE.

(Examination to be held in 1926.)

*Three Papers.**Papers I & II.—General Principles of Economics.***Books prescribed :—**

Gide ... Principles of Economics (Archibald's translation).
 Marshall ... Economics of Industry.

Books for reference :—

Seligman ... Principles of Economics.
 Clay ... Economics for the General Reader.
 H. Withers ... Meaning of Money.

Paper III.—Indian Economics.

Books prescribed :—

P. Banerjee	...	Introduction to Indian Economics.
Keynes	...	Indian Currency and Finance.
Panandikar	...	Economic Consequences of the War for India.
Wolff	...	The Co-operative Movement in India.
The Report of the Indian Industrial Commission.		
Mackenna	...	Agriculture in India.

Books for reference :—

Jack	...	Economic Life of a Bengal District.
Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking.
Baden-Powell	...	Land Revenue Administration in British India.
H. S. Jevons	...	Money, Banking and Exchange in India.

POLITICS FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. DEGREE.

(Examination to be held in 1926.)

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—General Principles of Political Science.*

Text-books prescribed :—

Leacock	...	Elements of Political Science.
W. Wilson	...	The State (Ch. I—V, XXI, XXII).

Books for reference :—

Garner	...	Introduction to Political Science.
Gettell	...	Introduction to Political Science.

Paper II.—Outlines of the present Constitutions of the United Kingdom, France, the United States and British Self-Governing Dominions (Canada, Au Italia, South Africa).

Text-books prescribed :—

W. Wilson	...	The State.
Keith	...	Responsible Government in the Dominions.
Lowell	...	Greater European Governments.

Books for reference :—

- Egerton Federations and Unions within the
British Empire.
•Sidney Low The Governance of England.

Paper III.—Indian Administration.

Text-books prescribed :—

- A. Rangaswamy
Ayangar ... Indian Constitution.
Mr. Montagu and
Lord Chelmsford ... Report on Indian Constitutional Re-
forms.
The Bengal Legislative Council Manual, 1923.
Manuals of Business and Procedure of Legislative Assembly
and Council of State.

Books for reference :—

- Imperial Gazetteer of India, Vol. IV.
V. G. Kalle ... Indian Administration.
P. Mukherjee ... (1) Constitutional Documents, Vols.
I and II.
(2) The Indian Constitution:

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ECONOMICS.

(Examination for 1927.)

*Eight papers on the subject of the Honours School and two
papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.*

(Subsidiary subjects for 1926.)

- (1) Politics.
(2) History or Mathematics.

Papers I & II.—Principles of Economics.

Books prescribed :—

- Taussig's Principles of Economics.
Marshall's Principles of Economics.
Cannan's Wealth.

Books for reference :—

- Pierson Principles of Economics (certain
chapters), 2 vols.
Carver Distribution of Wealth.

Paper III.—Indian Economics.

Books prescribed :—

Keynes	...	Indian Currency and Finance.
Panandikar	...	Economic Consequences of the War for India.
H. S. Jevons	...	Money, Banking and Exchange in India.
Reports of the Currency Committees, 1898, 1913, 1919.		
Report of the Indian Industrial Commission, 1916-18.		
Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission.		
Wolff	...	The Co-operative Movement in India.
Baden-Powell	...	Land Revenue Administration in British India.
Loveday	...	History of Indian Famines.
Mackenna	...	Agriculture in India.
Jack	...	Economic Life of a Bengal District.

Books for reference :—

Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking.
H. S. Jevons	...	The Future of Exchange and Indian Currency.
Cotton	...	Hand-book of Commercial Information for India.
Morison	...	Industrial Organisation of an Indian Province.
Annual Review of the Trade of India.		
Report of the Controller of Currency.		
Report of the Committee on Co-operation in India, 1915.		

Paper IV.—Public Finance.

Books prescribed :—

Adams	...	Science of Public Finance.
Post-war Financial Statements of the Government of India.		

Books for reference :—

Bastable	...	Public Finance.
Higgs	...	Primer of National Finance.
Shah	...	Sixty Years of Indian Finance.
Seligman	...	Essays in Taxation.

Paper V.—Modern Economic History of England and India.

Books prescribed :—

Meredith	...	Economic History of England. (Book IV only.)
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Knowles	...	Industrial and Commercial Revolutions in Great Britain.
Ascoli	...	Early Revenue History of Bengal and the Fifth Report.
R. C. Dutt	...	India in the Victorian Age.
Imperial Gazetteer, Vol. III.		
Shirras.	...	Indian Finance and Banking. (Historical portion).

Books for reference :—

Cunningham	...	Growth of English Industry and Commerce, Part II, Vol. III.
Dutt	...	India under the Early British Rule.
Hamilton	...	The Trade Relations between England and India (1600—1896).
Joshi	...	Indian Export Trade.

Paper VI.—Currency and Banking.

Books prescribed :—

Fisher	...	Purchasing Power of Money.
Conant	...	Principles of Money and Banking.

Books for reference :—

Scott	...	Principles of Money and Banking.
Withers	...	Stocks and Shares.
Widness	...	Meaning of Money.
Layton	...	Introduction to the Study of Prices.
Hirst	...	Stock Exchange.

Paper VII.—International Trade.

Books prescribed :—

Bastable	...	Theory of International Trade.
Brown	...	International Trade and Exchanges.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills.
Annual Review of the Trade of India.		

Books for reference :—

Marshall	...	Money, Credit and Commerce.
Taussig	...	Selected Readings in International Trade.
Gregory	...	Foreign Exchange before, during and after the War.

Stephenson	...	Principles and Practice of Commerce.
Spalding	...	Eastern Exchanges.

Paper VIII.—Essay.

One Paper on questions of current economic interest with special reference to India.

Candidates will be expected to have a general knowledge of current economic problems.

M. A. DEGREE.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION (to be held in 1925).

Paper I.—Principles of Economics.

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the B. A. Honours.

Paper II.—Modern Economic History of England and India.

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the B. A. Honours.

Paper III.—International Trade and Public Finance.

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the B. A. Honours.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION (to be held in 1926).

Paper I.—General Principles of Economics.

Book prescribed :—

Marshall	...	Principles of Economics and Industry and Trade.
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Books for reference :—

Carver	...	Distribution of Wealth.
Pigou	...	Economics of Welfare.

Paper II.—History of Economic Thought.

Books prescribed :—

Gide and Rist	...	History of Economic Doctrines.
Haney	...	History of Economic Thought.

Books for reference :—

Cannan	...	Theories of Production and Distribution.
Price	...	Political Economy in England.
Ingram	...	History of Political Economy.

Papers III & IV.—Special subject.

One subject to be selected from the following :—

- (a) The History, Theory and Present System of Banking and Currency.
- (b) The History, Theory and Present Organization of International Trade.
- (c) The History, Theory and Present Organization of Industry.

The following books are recommended for the special papers in Currency and Banking :—

Fisher	...	The Purchasing Power of Money.
Conant	...	The Principles of Money and Banking, 2 Vols.
Cassel	...	Money and Foreign Exchange After 1914.
Keynes	...	A Tract on Monetary Reform.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice.
Agace	...	Organised Banking.
Dunbar	...	The Theory and History of Banking (4th edition).
Andreades	...	History of the Bank of England.
Withers	...	Meaning of Money.
Spalding	...	London Money Market.
Withers	...	Stocks and Shares.
Burton	...	Crises and Depressions.
Kemmerer	...	A. B. C. of the Federal Reserve System.
Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking.

The Imperial Bank Act, 1920.

Reports of the Chamberlain Commission and of the Babington Smith Committee.

Paper V.—Essay.

One Paper on questions of current economic interest.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.

MATHEMATICS FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. AND B.Sc. DEGREES.

(Examinations to be held in 1925 and 1926.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Plane Trigonometry and Co-ordinate Geometry.

Paper II.—Differential and Integral Calculus and Differential Equations.

Paper III.—Hydrostatics and Astronomy.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained :—

Loney	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Loney	...	Co-ordinate Geometry.
Edwards	...	Differential Calculus.
Edwards	...	Integral Calculus.
Loney	...	Hydrostatics.
Parker	...	Astronomy.

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN MATHEMATICS.

(Examination to be held in 1927.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects. The eight papers are the same as for the B.Sc. degree. (See below).

(*Subsidiary subjects for 1927.*)

Any combination of subjects for the Pass B. A. degree, except the following may be allowed :—

1. Philosophy and Economics.
2. Politics and Sanskrit or Persian or Arabic or Islamic Studies.
3. Any two classical subjects (including Islamic Studies and Sanskrit and Bengali.)

B. Sc. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN MATHEMATICS.

The following eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and all the papers in Physics and Chemistry for the ordinary B.Sc. Degree :—

Paper I.—Higher Algebra and Theory of Equations.

Paper II.—Higher Plane Trigonometry, Pure Geometry and Vectors.

Paper III.—Co-ordinate and Solid Geometry.

Paper IV.—Mathematical Analysis (Differential and Integral Calculus).

Paper V.—Mathematical Analysis (Differential Equations and Functions of a Complex Variable).

Paper VI.—Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics.

Paper VII.—Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.

Paper VIII.—Spherical Trigonometry and Astronomy.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained :—

Hall and Knight	... Higher Algebra.
Burnside & Panton	... Theory of Equations, Vol. I.
Loney	... Plane Trigonometry.
Askwith	... Pure Geometry.
Kelland and Tait	... Quaternions.
Coffin	... Vector Analysis.
Smith	... Conic sections.
Salmon	... Conic sections.
Bell	... Geometry of Three Dimensions.
Williamson	... Differential Calculus.
Williamson	... Integral Calculus.
Coursey and Hedrick	Course of Analysis, Vols. I & II (Selected portions).
Hardy	... Pure Mathematics.
Murray	... Differential Equations.
Loney	... Analytical Statics.
Routh	... Statics, Vol. I.
Besant and Ramsey	... Hydrostatics.
Loney	... Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.
McClelland and Preston	... Spherical Trigonometry, Part I.
Godfray	... Astronomy.

M. A. AND M. SC. DEGREES
(Applied Mathematics.)

PRELIMINARY M. A. AND M. SC. EXAMINATIONS.
(to be held in 1925.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Mathematical Analysis. (Honours Papers V, VI and VII).

Paper II.—Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics.

Paper III.—Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.

FINAL M. A. AND M. SC. EXAMINATIONS (to be held in 1925).

Five Papers.

Paper I.—Statics including the theory of the Potential.

*Paper II.—Advanced Dynamics.**

Paper III.—Hydrodynamics or Electrodynamics.

Papers IV & V.—Two papers on one of the following subjects :—

1. Elasticity.
2. Advanced Hydrodynamics, including the Theory of Tides.
3. Celestial Mechanics.
4. Theory of Electrons and Radiation.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained :—

Minchin	... Statics.
Besant	... Dynamics.
Loney	... Dynamics of a Particle and of Rigid Bodies.
Routh	... Analytical Statics.
Routh	... Rigid Dynamics, Part I.
Besant and Ramsey	... Hydromechanics, Parts I and II.
Lamb	... Dynamical Theory of Sound.
Jeans	... Electricity and Magnetism.
Richardson	... Electron Theory of Matter.
Love	... Theory of Elasticity.
Lamb	... Hydrodynamics.
Planck	... Theory of Heat Radiation.
Planck	... Thermodynamics.
Lorentz	... Theory of Electrons.

*For the Final M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations to be held in 1926, this subject is to be replaced by "Theory of Vibrations."

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

B. T. DEGREE AND L. T. DIPLOMA (1924-25).

Course 1.—Educational Psychology.

I. The Relation of Psychology and Education. The Evolution of the Nervous System. Description of the nervous system and its functions. The Evolution and nature of Intelligence, Heredity and Environment. Individual differences and correlation of capacities.

II. The Instincts. Emotions, sentiments, the Complex, and the structure of character. The mental development of the child and the adolescent. Suggestion, Imitation and Habit in character formation. Social Psychology.

III. The problems of Learning. The Motives of Learning. Interest. Play. Sensation. Perception. Attention. Fatigue. Memory. Practice. Overpractice. Forgetting. Transference and Interference. Imagery. Association. Imagination. Reasoning.

IV. Applications of psychology to the teaching of school subjects.

Course 2.—Principles of Teaching.

I. Teaching and Learning.

The influence of the aim of education on methods, curriculum and system of discipline. The curriculum.

The classes. Methods of classification. The problem of individual differences: various attempts at solution. Modern individualistic tendencies. The class teacher and the specialist.

The Time-Table. Home work and "Teaching how to study." Private tuition.

General principles of teaching and learning.

Teaching—The framing of courses. Units of teaching and notes of lessons. Type of lesson. Devices. The teacher's note book and diary.

Learning—Notes. Practice exercises. Tests. Examinations. Marks. Class discipline.

The Teacher's duties outside the class room; games, occupations, contact with parents and guardians.

II. School Organisation.

Supervision and control of teaching, of home work.

Tests. Reports. Promotion. The Teacher's conference.

The discipline of the school. Monitors. Prefects. Punish-

ments and Rewards. Recent tendencies and experiments in school self-government.

The Hostels.

The School office.

III. Methods of teaching the fundamental subjects.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and the elements of other selected subjects.

IV. School Inspection.

Course 3.—History of Education.

Part I to be treated very briefly merely as an introduction to Part II.

I.—Outline of the main theories of education—specific, disciplinary, cultural. The child as by nature bad, as by nature good. Uniformity or social adaptation *versus* individualism.

Greek education—The Spartan and the Athenian.

The Greek educational theories—Socrates, Plato, Aristotle.

Roman education.

Early Christian Education. Christ's teaching.

The ascetic ideal. Monasticism.

The origins and influence of the Universities.

The Renaissance—educational significance. The narrow humanistic education. Some prominent Realists.

Locke and Education as formal discipline.

The Naturalistic Tendency: Rousseau.

The Psychological Tendency. Pestalozzi. Froebel. Montessori.

II.—Educational tendencies during the 19th century. Arnold and the aristocratic tendency. The scientific and specific tendency. The democratic tendency. Origins of popular education. Selective education.

Educational tendencies during the twentieth century. The Public School tradition and its critics. The failure of popular education. The individualistic tendency: its relation to the new psychology: its influence on curriculum, on method. The Self-Government ideal of discipline. Education for social service.

A brief review of the progress of education (Primary, Secondary and University) in Bengal leading up to a consideration of the present position, with special reference to the industrial future and to the new system of Government.

Course 4.—Educational Measurement.

(For B. T. Candidates only.)

A.

1. The collection of educational facts.
2. The tabulation and classification of educational facts.
3. Measure of central tendency. The Average, the Median and the Mode.
4. Measure of variability—the Mean Deviation, the Quartile Deviation and the Standard Deviation.
5. The frequency curve and its educational application.
6. Correlation: Spearman's Foot-rule, Pearson's Correlation of Grades, the Product Moment, the Correlation Ratio Method.
7. Partial and Multiple Correlations.

B.

1. Marks as measures of school work. Overlapping of classes and age groups.
2. Standard Tests and Scales. The measurement of ability in (i) Hand-writing, (ii) Arithmetic, (iii) Algebra, (iv) Composition, (v) Spelling, (vi) Reading, (vii) Language.
3. Tests of Intelligence.
4. The distribution and relations of educational abilities.
5. Measurement in classification, teaching, inspection.
6. Fundamentals of Experimental Method.

Course 5.—School Hygiene.

1. A general idea of the mechanism and working of the human body.
2. Exercise, its regulation and effects.
3. Common minor ailments and accidents.
4. Infectious diseases of childhood.
5. Diseases specially prevalent in Bengal.
6. The hygiene of the Day school.
7. The hygiene of the Home and the Hostel.

SPECIAL SUBJECTS.

1. *Advanced English.*

- I. A. The diagnosis and cure of wrong pronunciation.
Lectures. Demonstrations. Practice Classes.
- B. Reading aloud. Recitation. Lecture. Demonstration.
Practice Classes.

- II. Teaching of Idiom by oral translation. Practice Classes.
- III. Composition. Style. The description (technical). The description (artistic). Conversation. Character. Short Story. Letters. The Précis.
- IV. The Teaching of English.
The student will be required to present periodically a record of private reading of general literature. This record will be marked and will affect the final grading in this subject.

2. *Geography.*

- I. The method of teaching Geography.
- II. Elementary Physical Geography—
 - (1) Configuration of the great land-masses and oceans. Seasons. Wind and Water Currents. Climate. Distribution of Flora and Fauna of mankind.
 - (2) Map-drawing and Map-reading.
 - (3) Physical characteristics of India—Detailed study. Commercial Geography of India.
 - (4) Main features of other continents.
 - (5) Trade routes.
 - (6) Commercial Geography. Present-day production of the chief countries—in agriculture, mining, industry, commerce, with special reference to the United Kingdom, United States, Germany, France, Japan, Russia.

III. Advanced Geography—

Physical Geography as a basis of the various types of civilisation and as a determining factor of national and economic development.
Detailed study of the physical character of the chief countries of the world.
Advanced Commercial Geography of the World.
Meteorological observations and charts.
Trigonometrical survey. Map-making and Mercator's Projection.

3. *Science.*

The method of teaching science with special reference to the curriculum given below.

Framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on the curriculum.

Physics.—Measurement of length, area, volume, time, mass, gravitation, centre of mass, levers, pulley, inclined plane. Friction. Triangle and parallelogram of forces. Density and Specific gravity. Principle of Archimedes. Fluid pressure. Air and water pumps. Barometer. Boyle's Law.

Effects of heat on solids, liquids and gases. The thermometer. Change of state. Calorimetry. Specific heat. Latent heat. Transference of heat. Magnets. Primary laws of magnetism. Static electricity. Simple experiments of electrification. The electroscope. The electrophorus. The Leyden Jar. Simple electric machine. Voltaic electricity. Production of electric current. Voltaic cells. Current strength. E. M. F. Resistance. Ohm's Law. Electrolysis. Heating effect of currents. Electric magnets.

Chemistry.—Physical and chemical changes. Mixtures and compounds. Elements. Combustion. Oxygen. Nitrogen. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen. Water. Common acids and bases. Salts.

4. History.

The teaching of History.

A course of reading in general history or history of India to be arranged by the instructor.

Lectures on the method of teaching history.

The framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on Indian History from ancient times to the institution of the Reformed Councils.

5. Bengali.

The teaching of Bengali.

A course of reading in Bengali literature and its history to be arranged by the instructor. Lectures by the instructor or by students on selected topics.

A course of original composition in Bengali.

Framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on Bengali language and literature.

6. Mathematics.

The teaching of Mathematics.

The framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on the following courses:—

L. T.—

• Arithmetic

Decimal and vulgar fractions, including contracted methods. Simple

and Compound proportion. Simple and Compound interest. Present Worth and Discount. Stocks and Shares. Problems on time, work, speed, clocks, etc. Use of Logarithm tables.

- | | | |
|----------|-----|---|
| Algebra | ... | Simple factors, fractions, linear graphs, simultaneous equations. Problems. Theory of indices. Square root. |
| Geometry | ... | Adaptation of the first four books of Euclid with simple exercises on the same. |

B. T.—

The whole of L. T. Course with the following additions :—

- | | | |
|----------|-----|---|
| Algebra | ... | Logarithms. Theory of quadratic equations. Ratio and Proportion. Variation. A. P. and G. P. |
| Geometry | ... | Adaptation of the first six books of Euclid. |

7.* *Art and Manual Work.*

A short course of illustrated lectures on Perspective. The technique of pastel, the technique of water colour.

A course of out-of-door instruction in charcoal, pastel, water colour.

A course of indoor instruction in manual work in plasticine, card-board, wood, and in mixed materials. Construction of didactic apparatus.

Framing of courses and lessons in manual work and drawing.

A short course of reading (to include Indian Art) to be framed by the instructor.

8.† *Drill and Organisation of Games.*

The student will be required to perform drill, to conduct and criticise classes in drill and in junior games, to organise and supervise senior games.

*A preliminary test will be made of those wishing to take up this course. Only those of superior ability in the subject will be admitted. Students will be required to provide their own materials.

†May be taken as a fourth subject.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE.

(Examination to be held in 1926.)

I. Elements of Economics	...	One paper.
II. Commercial Geography	...	Ditto.
III. Commercial Correspondence	...	Ditto.
IV. Business Organization and Scientific Management	...	Ditto.
V. Commercial and Industrial Law	...	Ditto.
VI. Currency and Banking	...	Ditto.
VII. Trade and Transport	...	Ditto.
VIII. Accountancy	...	Two papers.

Books will be recommended in the class.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS.

PHYSICS FOR THE ORDINARY B. SC. DEGREE.

First Year Course.

I. Properties of Matter and Sound.

(a) Properties of Matter.

Laws of motion ; Work, Power, and Energy ; Units and Dimensions of Physical Quantities ; Motion in straight and circular paths ; Friction ; Machines ; Elasticity ; Moments of Inertia (simple cases only) ; Simple Harmonic Motion ; Pressure in liquids and gases ; Archimedes' Principle ; Specific gravities ; Liquids in motion ; Capillary action.

Text-books recommended :—

Watson—Text-book of Physics.

Duncan and Starling—Text-book of Physics, Part I.

(b) Sound.

Wave motion ; Production and Propagation of Sound ; Noises and Musical Notes and their Characteristics ; Musical Scale and Intervals ; Interference ; Consonance and Dissonance ; Vibrations of Strings and Air Columns ; Resonance.

Text-books recommended :—

Poynting and Thomson—Sound.

Duncan and Starling—Text-book of Physics, Part IV.

II. Heat.

Temperature and Thermometry ; Expansion ; Calorimetry ; Change of state ; Properties of Vapours ; Hygrometry ; Elementary Principles of Thermo-dynamics ; Conduction, Convection and Radiation ; Steam and other Heat Engines.

Text-book recommended :—

Edser—Heat for Advanced Students.

Laboratory work.

The Spherometer ; Specific gravities ; Young's Modulus Simple Pendulum and determination of 'g' ; Atmospheric pressure and Boyle's Law. Velocity of Sound ; Determination of pitch ; Kundt's Tube ; The Sonometer ; Melde's Experiment. Expansion of solids, liquids and gases ; Determination of specific and latent heats ; Cooling ; Hygrometers.

Text-books recommended :—

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Harrison—Course of Practical Physics.

Second Year Course.

III. Light.

Propagation of Light ; Photometry ; Reflection and Refraction ; Prisms, mirrors and lenses ; The Human Eye and Defects of Vision ; Optical Instruments, Dispersion and Chromatic Aberration ; Velocity of Light ; Wave Theory ; Interference ; Diffraction, Polarisation and Double refraction (elementary ideas only).

Books recommended :—

Edser—Light.

Watson—Text-book of Physics.

IV. Magnetism and Electricity.

Fundamental Theory of Magnetism and General Theories ; Magnetic Measurements ; Terrestrial Magnetism ; Fundamental Theory and General Theorems in Electrostatics ; Capacity and Condensers ; Electrical Machines ; Electrometers ; Atmospheric Electricity ; Primary and Secondary Cells ; General effects of Currents ; Fundamental Definitions and Units ; General Theory ; Currents and Magnets, Ampere's Hypothesis ; Galvanometers ;

Divided Circuits ; Ohm's Law ; Electromotive Force ; Resistances ; Joule's Law ; Thermo-Electricity ; Electromagnetic induction ; Induction Coils ; Electromagnetic Machinery ; Electrical units ; Electrolysis ; Radio-activity (elementary theory only).

Text-books recommended :—

Hadley—Electricity and Magnetism.

Hutchinson—Intermediate Text-book of Electricity and Magnetism.

Laboratory work.

The Sextant ; Refraction through Prisms ; Refractive Indices ; Focal lengths of Mirrors and Lenses ; The Optical Bench ; Magnifying powers ; The Spectrometer ; Law of Inverse Squares ; Determination "H" ; Spring Magnetometer ; Dip, Simple determination ; The Tangent Galvanometer ; Comparison of Resistances and Electromotive forces ; The Potentiometer, Wheatstone's Bridge ; Electro-Chemical Equivalents.

Text-books recommended :—

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Harrison—Course of Practical Physics.

The final examination at the end of the 2nd year will consist of two Theoretical papers of 3 hours each and one Practical Examination for six hours.

Paper I.—

Part I. Properties of Matter and Sound.

Part II. Heat.

Paper II.—

Part I. Light.

Part II. Magnetism and Electricity.

Practical Examination.

• HONOURS SCHOOLS OF PHYSICS.

First Year Course.

I. Mechanics and Properties of Matter :

Motion in straight and circular paths ; Laws of Motion, Work, Power, and Energy ; Units and Dimensions of Physical Quantities ; Collision and Impact ; Rotatory Motion ; Moments and Products of Inertia ; Simple Harmonic Motion and Motion

about a Fixed Axis ; Simple and Compound Pendulums ; Attraction, Potential, Gravitation ; Theory of Elasticity ; Hydrostatics ; Pressure in Liquids ; Centre of Pressure ; Hydraulic transmission of Energy ; Barometer ; Pumps ; Archimedes' Principle ; Liquids in Motion ; Total Energy of a liquid ; Bernoulli's Theorem ; Discharge through an Orifice ; Waterwheels, Turbines, Centrifugal pumps ; Surface-tension and Capillarity ; Laplace's Theory of Capillarity ; Diffusion of liquids and gases ; Viscosity of liquids.

Text-books recommended :—

Loney—Elementary Dynamics.

Poynting and Thomson—Properties of Matter.

For reference :—

Loney—Dynamics.

Loney—Statics.

II. Heat :

Temperature and thermometers ; Expansion ; Calorimetry ; Changes of state ; Properties of Vapours ; Hygrometry ; Kinetic Theory of gases ; On the Continuity of State ; The Principles of Thermodynamics ; Convection, Conduction, and Radiation of Heat ; Steam and Heat Engines.

Text-book recommended :—

Poynting and Thomson—Heat.

For reference :—

Preston—Theory of Heat.

Laboratory work :

The Balance ; Sensibility curve ; Calibration of weights ; The Cathetometer ; Measurement of vertical length by a scale and reading telescope ; Density determination with corrections ; Determination of elastic constants ; Determination of 'g' by simple and compound pendulums and by ball rolling on a concave mirror ; Surface-tension ; Viscosity ; Moments of Inertia ; Heat Expansion of liquids ; expansion of solids by the Weight Thermometers ; Calibration of Thermometer tubing ; Experiments on Specific heat ; Berthelot's steam calorimeter ; Hygrometry ; Vapour Density ; Conductivity experiments ; Mechanical equivalent of heat.

Text-books recommended :—

Watson—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Second Year Course.

III. • Light.

• (a) Geometrical Optic :

Propagation of light; Reflection and Refraction; Mirrors, Prisms, Lenses; Fermat's Law; Caustics; Dispersion and Achromatism; Optical Instruments; Velocity of Light. •

Text-book recommended :—

Heath—Elementary Treatise on Geometrical Optics.

For reference :—

Southall—Mirrors, Prisms, and Lenses.

(b) Physical Optics :

Wave Theory; Interference and Diffraction; Polarisation and Double Refraction; Spectroscopy of the Ultra Violet; Theories of Dispersion and Radiation.

Text-book recommended :—

Houston—Text book of Light.

For reference :—

Preston—Theory of Light.

Wood—Physical Optics.

IV. • Sound:

Wave Motion; Dynamical Theory; Propagation of Sound; Noises and Musical Notes; Musical Scale; Interference; Transverse Vibration of Strings, Dynamical Investigation; Longitudinal and Torsional Vibrations of Bars; Plane Waves of Sound Vibrations of Air columns in Pipes. Resonance and Analysis of Vibrations, Combination Tones. Consonance and Resonance. The Ear and Musical Instruments.

Text-book recommended :—

Poynting and Thomson—Sound Book.

For reference :—

Helmholtz—Sensations of Tone.

Lamb—Dynamical Theory of Sound.

V. Statical Electricity and Magnetism :

(a) Statical Electricity.—General Phenomena and General theorems; Potential and Energy in electrified system, Capacity; The Dielectric and Specific Inductive Capacity, Atmospheric Electricity.

(b) Magnetism : General Phenomena and General Theorems, Inverse Square Law, Magnetic fields, Induced Magnetization, Magnetic Properties of Materials, Magnetic Susceptibility and Permeability, Terrestrial Magnetism, Magnetism and Light.

Text-books recommended :—

Poynting and Thomson—Electricity⁶, Parts I and II.
 Starling—Electricity and Magnetism.
 Wetham—Theory of Experimental Electricity.
 Hutchinson—Advanced Text-book of Electricity and Magnetism.

Laboratory work.

Light, Laws of geometrical optics, Mirrors, Prisms and Lenses.

The Optical Bench, Optical instrument, Magnifying powers, The Spectroscope and the spectrometer, Biprisms, Newton's Rings, Polarimeter.

Sound, Velocity of Sound, Frequency, Vibrations of Strings, Vibrations of Air column.

Magnetism, Fundamental properties and laws, Magnetometry, Oscillations of a magnet in a magnetic field. The Earth's Magnetic Field.

Text-books recommended :—

Watson—Text-book of Practical Physics.
 Allen & Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Third Year Course.

VI. Current Electricity :

The Electric current, Ohm's Law, Electromotive Force and Resistance. Electrolysis, Thermo-Electricity, Electromagnetics. Varying Currents. Alternating Currents, Units and Dimensions, Electromagnetic Radiation.

Text-books recommended :—

Starling—Electricity and Magnetism.
 Wetham—Theory of Experimental Electricity.

Laboratory work.

Current Electricity, Measurement of Current, Electromotive force and resistance. Electrolysis, Induced currents, Comparison of capacity.

Text-books recommended :—

- Watson—Text-book of Practical Physics.
- Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

VII. Special Courses—On Modern Physics.

1. Structure of Matter.
2. Radio-Activity.
3. X-Rays.

Examinations—

Five papers of 4 hours each and a Practical Examination for three days.

PHYSICS FOR THE M. SC. DEGREE.

Two Years' course for Ordinary B.Sc. students.

First Year Course.

Light: Covering the Honours B.Sc. Course.

Magnetism and Electricity: Covering the Honours B.Sc. Electrostatics.

Magnetism.

Electro-Magnetic Theory.

Laboratory Work, covering the above courses.

Second Year Course.

Photo-Electricity.

Quantum Theory and Thermodynamics.

Physical Optics.

Relativity.

Modern Researches.

M.Sc.—One Year's Course for Honours B.Sc. students of the Dacca University.

Lectures as for the Second Year Course.

Practical course. Experiments upon the above subjects.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY.

B. SC. HONOURS.

Physical Chemistry.

Theoretical—

Laws of conservation of mass and conservation of energy.

Laws of chemical combination by weight and volume;
Atomic theory and Avogadro's hypothesis; molecular weights of gases.

Kinetic theory of gases.

Liquefaction of gases: viscosity and surface tension of liquids. Law of conservation of energy; energy changes in chemical transformations.

Second law of Thermodynamics; vaporisation of liquids and fusion of solids.

Osmosis; theory of solution; thermodynamic treatment of the properties of solutions.

Laws of electrolysis; molecular conductivity of electrolytic solutions.

Transport number of ions; electrolytic dissociation theory.

Chemical changes in homogeneous systems:—Law of mass action; reaction isochore, velocity of mono- and dimolecular reactions; determination of the order of reaction, equilibrium in electrolytic solutions; theory of indicators.

Chemical changes in heterogeneous systems:—Phase Rule; catalysis; colloidal solutions.

Technical gas reactions; manufacture of sulphur trioxide, ammonia; oxides of nitrogen, oxidation of ammonia to nitric acid, Deacon process for the manufacture of chlorine, manufacture of formaldehyde.

Theory of galvanic cells; absolute value of single electrode potential, decomposition potential; concentration and gas cells.

Determination of Avogadro's number. Structure of the atom. Radio-active transformations.

Practical work in the laboratory to cover the whole subject.

Books recommended as text-books for B.Sc. Honours in Physical Chemistry:—

1. Introduction to Physical Chemistry, by Sir James Walker.

- 2. Thermochemistry and thermodynamics, by Sackur.
- 3. Theoretical Chemistry, by Nernst.
- 4. Physico-chemical Calculations, by Knox.

Books recommended for reference :—

- 1. A system of Physical Chemistry, by Lewis.
- 2. Phase Rule, by Findlay.
- 3. Principles of the Phase Theory, by Douglas A. Clibbens.
- 4. Osmotic Pressure, by Findlay.
- 5. Electro-Chemistry, by Leblanc.
- 6. Chemical Statics and Dynamics, by Mellor.
- 7. Colloidal Solutions, by Taylor.
- 8. Catalysis, by Jobling.
- 9. Catalysis in Theory and Practice, by Rideal and Taylor.
- 10. Thermodynamics of Technical Gas Reactions by Haber.
- 11. Atoms, by Perrin.
- 12. Electron, by Millikan.
- 13. Annual Reports on the Progress of Chemistry issued by the Chemical Society, London.
- 14. Radioactive substances and their transformation, by Rutherford.
- 15. Ions, Ionising Substances and their Radiations, by Crowther.
- Practical text-books :—
 - 1. Practical Physical Chemistry, by Spencer.
 - 2. Physical Chemistry, by Findlay.
- Reference books :—
 - K. Arndt—Handbuch der Physikalisch-chemischen Technik.

Organic Chemistry.

Theoretical—

A thorough knowledge of the following :—

Aliphatic saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons and their derivatives, *viz.*, haloid derivatives, alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, esters, acid chlorides, amides, amines, cyanogen compounds and sulphur compounds. Organo-metallic compounds of zinc and magnesium. Polyhydric alcohols and their oxidation products, carbohydrates, hydroxy and amino acids, aldehydic and ketonic acids, di-ketones, polybasic acids, and their derivatives, purines.

Aromatic hydrocarbons and their derivatives, viz., haloid, nitro, amino, sulphonic acid and hydroxy derivatives; diazo and azo-compounds; aromatic alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, acids (including substituted acids), esters, acid chlorides, anhydrides, amides, quinone, multinuclear hydrocarbons, benzidine, di- and tri-phenyl methanes and their derivatives, naphthalene and its derivatives, anthracene, anthraquinone, alizarin, indigo, phenanthrene; pyridine and quinoline and their derivatives; furfuran, thiophene, pyrol, diazoles, oxazoles, thiazoles, diazines, oxazines, thiazines. A general knowledge of the essential oils, monocyclic terpenes, pinene, camphor and citral. A general knowledge of the alkaloids, piperine, cocaine, quinine and papaverine. A general knowledge of the synthetic drugs and synthetic dyes; stereo-chemistry of carbon, nitrogen and sulphur. A general knowledge of the principles of organic analysis, wood distillation, fermentation, distillation of coal-tar, theory of dyeing and bleaching.

Practical—

Identification of any of the simpler substances covered in the theoretical syllabus.

Estimation of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, halogens and sulphur in organic compounds. Determination of the molecular weights of organic acids and bases. Preparation of the following substances:—nitro-benzene, aniline, acetanilide, sulphanilic acid, ethyl acetate, anthraquinone, phenol-phthalein, p-nitraniline, acetyl chloride, p-amino-azo-benzene, p-iodo-toluene, benzil, phenylglucosazone, phenyl mustard oil, phthalic acid.

Estimation of the common radicals in organic compounds.

Analysis of oils, fats, soaps, valuation of tannin-materials, sugar, starch, phenol.

Recommended as text-books:—

Theoretical Organic Chemistry—By J. B. Cohen:
 „ Wade.
 „ Holleman.
 „ Bernthsen.
 „ Sudborough.

Reference books:—

Richter's Organic Chemistry, Vols. I, II and III.
 Cohen's Organic Chemistry, Vols. I, II and III.
 Stewart's Recent Advances on Organic Chemistry.
 Pope's Modern Researches.
 Annual Reports on the Progress of Chemistry, issued by
 Chemical Society, London.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Classification and mutual relations of all the elements (including the radio-elements) and the study of the elements and their important compounds.

Metallurgy of Copper, Silver, Gold, Iron, Zinc, Lead ; manufacture of sulphuric acid, bleaching powder, sodium carbonate, caustic soda, paints and pigments, porcelain, glass, cement, manufacture of fuel gases, calorific value of fuels.

Study of the theory of valency, allotropy, colloids, inter-metallic compounds, isotropism, crystalline structure, isomorphism and isotopic elements.

Practical—

Qualitative analysis of inorganic substances or mixtures containing not more than five radicals.

A thorough knowledge of volumetric and gravimetric analysis, including analysis of minerals and gases.

Preparation of important inorganic compounds, as for example, anhydrous ferric chloride, magnesium chloride, potassium persulphate, sodium thiosulphate, cobaltammine colloidal ferric hydroxide, colloidal red gold.

The following books are recommended, the first as text :—

1. Inorganic Chemistry, by T. Martin Lowry.
2. Rare Elements, by Browning.
3. The Chemistry of Radio Elements, by Soddy.
4. Isotopes, by Aston.
5. Peracids and their Salts, by S. Price.
6. Intermetallic Compounds, by C., H. Desch.
7. Systematic Inorganic Chemistry, by Caven and Lander.
8. Catalysis in Theory and Practice, by Rideal and Taylor.
9. Outlines of Industrial Chemistry, by Thorpe.
10. Treatise on Inorganic Chemistry, by Roscoe.
11. Text-book of Inorganic Chemistry, by J. N. Friend.
12. Dictionary of Applied Chemistry, by Thorpe.

Practical—

Treadwell—Inorganic Analysis.

Biltz—Inorganic Preparations.

B. SC. PASS.

Physical Chemistry.

Theoretical—

Essential features of chemical and physical change. Laws of chemical combination by weight and volume, Atomic theory, Avogadro's hypothesis and its application, Determination of molecular weights; Diffusion of gases; Elementary knowledge of (1) the kinetic theory of gases, (2) theory of solutions and (3) electrolytic dissociation theory. Conditions of chemical change and thermal changes accompanying it; Dissociation of gases; Colloidal solutions; Dialysis.

Books recommended as texts :—

(1) Introduction to Physical Chemistry, by Sir James Walker,

Or

(2) Physical Chemistry, by G. Senter.

Organic Chemistry.

Theoretical—

General principles of organic analysis.

Preparation and properties of the following :—

Methane and ethane and their simple derivatives, *viz.*, haloid derivatives, alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, acids, esters, acetyl chloride; acetic anhydride; acetamide; amines, cyanogen compounds, ethylene, acetylene, glycol, glycerine, cane-sugar, dextrose, fructose, starch, lactic acid, oxalic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid, urea, benzene and toluene and their simple derivatives, *viz.*, mono-haloid, nitro-, amino-hydroxy- and sulphonic acids; Benzyl alcohol, benzaldehyde, acetophenone, benzoic acid, salicylic acid.

Practical—

Identification of the following organic substances given single :—Methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, chloroform, ether, acetone, formaldehyde, glycerine, formic acid, acetic acid, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, cane-sugar, glucose, starch, urea, benzene, aniline, phenol, benzoic acid.

Determination of melting and boiling points of organic compounds.

Qualitative detection of the elements present in an organic compound.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Preparation and properties of the following elements and their chief compounds:—Oxygen, Hydrogen, Nitrogen, Argon, Fluorine, Chlorine, Bromine, Iodine, Sulphur, Boron, Carbon, Silicon, Phosphorus, Arsenic, Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Magnesium, Manganese, Iron, Nickel, Cobalt, Tin, Lead, Antimony, Bismuth.

Chemical notation and nomenclature. Interpretation of chemical formulae. Classification and mutual relation of elements. Compound radicals. Double decomposition, Allotropy.

Book recommended:—

Meller—*Inorganic Chemistry*.

Practical—

Preparation of ferrous sulphate, caustic soda, ammonium carbonate, and lead, potassium permanganate and substances of similar nature.

Qualitative analysis of inorganic substances containing not more than two salt radicals.

Volumetric estimation of alkalis, alkaline carbonates, acids, iron and silver.

Gravimetric estimation of copper sulphate or any similar substance.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW.

B. L. DEGREE COURSE.

Jurisprudence—

Holland—*Jurisprudence*.

Historical and Comparative Jurisprudence—

Maine—*Ancient Law*.

Kocourek and Wigmore—*Primitive and Ancient Legal Institutions*, Chapters X, XII, XV, XXI and XXVII.

Roman Law—

Walton—*Historical Introduction to Roman Law*.

Girard—*History of Roman Law*.

Sohm—*Institutes*, Book I, Chapter I; Book II, Chapter I, Sections 46-57, Chapter II, Chapter III; Book III, Chapter II.

Book of reference :—

Justinian—Institutes (translation by Moyle).

History of English Law—

Maitland and Montagu—History of English Law.

Books of reference :—

Holdsworth—History of English Law.

Jenks—Short History of English Law.

Constitutional Law and History—

Dicey—Law of the Constitution.

Montagu and Chelmsford—Report, Part I, Chapters II-V.
Government of India Act with Regulations.

Books of reference :—

Maitland—History of the English Constitution.

Acharyya—Codification in British India.

Cowell—Courts and Legislative Authorities in British India.

Ilbert—Government of India.

P. Mukherjee—Indian Constitution.

Hindu Law—

G. C. Sastri—Hindu Law.

Mayne—Hindu Law.

P. N. Sen—Hindu Jurisprudence.

Books of reference :—

Bhattacharyya—Hindu Law.

Mandlik—Hindu Law.

Sen Gupta—Sources of Law and Society in Ancient India.

J. C. Ghose—Hindu Law.

Muhammadan Law—

Abdur Rahim—Muhammadan Jurisprudence, Pages 1
to 192.

Mullah—Muhammadan Law.

Abdul Latif—Muhammadan Law.

Books of reference :—

Amir Ali—Muhammadan Law.

Wilson—Anglo-Muhammadan Law.

Contracts and Torts—

Indian Contract Act.

Pollock—Law of Contract.

Pollock—Law of Torts.

Law of Real Property, Trust and Transfer—

Digby—History of Real Property, Chapter I, Sections I and II ; Chapter II, Sections 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8 ; Chapter III, Sections 1 and 2 ; Chapter IV, Paras 2, 3 and 5 ; Chapter V, Paras 2, 3 and 4 ; and Chapters VII to X.

Maitland—Equity.

Indian Trust Act.

Transfer of Property Act.

Registration Act.

Law of Persons and Testamentary and Intestate Succession—

Campbell—Principles of English Common Law.

Indian Majority Act.

Guardians and Wards Act.

Indian Succession Act.

Hindu Wills Act.

Probate and Administration Act.

Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure—

Indian Evidence Act.

Civil Procedure Code.

Limitation Act.

Best—Law of Evidence.

Land Laws—

Regulation I of 1793.

Preamble to Regulation II of 1793.

Regulation VIII of 1793.

„ XIX of 1793 (Secs. 1—7).

„ XXXVII of 1793 (Secs. 1—3).

„ VIII of 1819.

„ XI of 1825.

Act VIII of 1885. (Bengal Tenancy Act.)

Act XI of 1859.

Act XV of 1877 (Secs. 26—28.)

U. N. Mitra—Law of Prescription and Easements.

Field—Introduction to the Pungal Regulations (portions relating to Land Tenures).

Guha—Land Systems of Bengal and Behar, omitting appendices.

Law of Crimes—

Indian Penal Code, Chapters I—V and such portion of Chapters VI—XXIII as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted.

Criminal Procedure Code, omitting Chapters I, IX, XIV, XXXIII—XL, XLII, XLIII, XLVI (except Sec. 562).

Stephen—General View of the Criminal Law of England.

Huda—Law of Crimes.

Legislation—

Bentham—Theory of Legislation.

Brown—Underlying Principles of Modern Legislation.

The examination for the degree shall embrace the following papers all of which shall be compulsory :—

Roman Law	...	...	...	1 Paper
Hindu Law	...	...	...	" "
Constitutional Law and English Legal History	...	...	...	" "
Muhammadian Law	...	...	...	" "
Law of Contracts and Torts	...	...	...	" "
Law of Real Property and Trust and Transfer	...	...	...	" "
<i>inter vivos</i>	...	...	...	" "
Jurisprudence	...	...	...	" "
Law of Persons and the Law of Testamentary	...	...	...	" "
and Intestate Succession	...	...	...	" "
Land Laws of Bengal	...	...	...	" "
Law of Crimes	...	...	...	" "
Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure	...	...	...	" "

The whole examination may be taken either (i) at the end of the third academic year, or (ii) in two parts, the first part at the end of the second academic year and the second part at the end of the third academic year. No candidate shall be allowed to offer less than four papers for either part of the examination.

The following Leading Cases will have to be studied in connection with the final examination in Law.

Law of Evidence, Civil Procedure and Limitation.

1. Raja Parymohan *versus* Narendra Nath, 9 C. W. N. 421.
2. Balkissen Das *versus* Legge, 22 All. 149 (P.C.).
3. Amrit Lal Hazra *versus* Emperor, 42 Cal. 957.
4. Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs *versus* Lalimohon Sing Roy, 25 C. W. N. 788.
5. Ram Ranjan Chakraborty *versus* Ram Narain Singh, 22 Cal. 533 (P.C.).
6. Tepu Khan *versus* Rajani Mohon Das, 25 Cal. 522 (F.B.).
7. Sarat Chandra Dey *versus* Gopal Chandra Laha, 20 Cal. 296 (P.C.).

8. Emperor *versus* Panchu Das and Gobordhan Singh, 31 C. L. J. 402 (F.B.).
9. Chhayammiessa Bibi *versus* Basirār Rahman, 37 Cal. 309.
10. In the matter of Tarini Mohon Barari and others, 26 C. W. N. 580 (F.B.).
11. Tantrodhari Sing *versus* Sundar Lal Misser, 7 C. L. J. 384.
12. Hriday Nath Roy *versus* Ram Chandra Barnasarma, 31 C. L. J. 482 (F.B.).
13. Kamini Debi *versus* Promotho Mukherjee and others, 20 C. L. J. 476.
14. Balwant Rao *versus* Puran Mal, 6 All. 1. (P.C.).
15. Maniram Seth *versus* Seth Rup Chand, 33 Cal. 1047.
16. Lala Sani Ram *versus* Kanhaiya Lal, 17 C. W. N. 605 (P.C.).
17. Madhabmani *versus* Lambert, 37 Cal. 706.
18. Ghuznavi *versus* Allahabad Bank, 44 Cal. 929.
19. Ram Sagar Mondal *versus* Alek Naskar, 26 C. W. N. 442.
20. King-Emperor *versus* Fatehchand Agarwalla, 21 C. W. N. 33. (It covers Cal. 121).
21. Kanta Prasad *versus* Jagat, 23 Cal. 335.
22. Abinashi Chandra *versus* Paresih Nath, 9 C. W. N. 402.

Land Laws.

1. Hurryhar Mukhopadhyaya *versus* Madhab Chandra Baboo, 14 M. I. A. 152.
2. Joy Kissen Mukherjee *versus* Collector of East Burdwan, 10 M. I. A. 16.
3. Lopez *versus* Madan Mohan Thakur, 13 M. I. A. 467.
4. Maharani Rajroop Koer *versus* Abdul Hosen, 6 Cal. 304.
5. Moho Narain *versus* Nowbhatt, 32 Cal. 307.
6. Narendra N. Roy *versus* Isan Ch. Sen, 22 W. R. 22.
7. Nagendra Ghosh *versus* Esaff, 18 W. R. 113.
8. Radha P. Singh *versus* Bal Kower, 17 Cal. 726.
9. Lelamund *versus* Government of Bengal, 4 W. R. 77.
10. Sham Koondoo *versus* Brojanath, 21 W. R. 94.
11. Sonet Koer *versus* Hinmath, 1 Cal. 391.
12. Watson *versus* Ramchand, 18 Cal. 10.
13. Thakurain Ritraj *versus* Thakurain Sarfaraj, 32 I. A. 165.
14. Kripasindhu *versus* Ananda, 35 Cal. 34.
15. Secretary of State *versus* Kritibas, 42 I. A. 30.
16. Srinath *versus* Dinabandhu, 42 I. A. 221.
17. Paul *versus* Robson, 18 C. W. 42 I. A. 180.
18. Jabanand *versus* Kalidas, 42 Cal. 164.
19. Midnapur Zamindary Co. *versus* Hrisikes, 41 Cal. 1108.
20. Amulya *versus* Tarini, 42 Cal. 254.

21. Mahsenuddin *versus* Bhagabanchandra, 32 C. L. J.
22. Chandrabenode *versus* Alabux, 31 C. L. J. 510.
23. Chandra Kanta *versus* Amzad, 32 C. L. J.
24. Nilmani Kar *versus* Sati Prasad, 32 C. L. J.
25. Ranjit *versus* Kalidasi, 44 I. A. 117.
26. Ranjit Singh *versus* Maharaj Bahadur, 45 I. A. 162.

Law relating to persons.

1. Udny *versus* Udny, L. R., H. L. Sc. 441.
2. Skinner *versus* Orde, L. R., 4 P. C., 60.
3. Abraham *versus* Abraham, 9 M. I. A. 195.
4. Khunnilal *versus* Koer Gobind, L. R. 38 I. A. 87.
5. Surendra Nath Ray *versus* Krishna Sakhi Dasi, 15 C. W. N. 239.

Law relating to Real Property and Succession.

1. London and S. W. Railway Co. *versus* Gomm, 20 Ch. D. 562.
2. Walsh *versus* Lonsdale, 21 Ch. D. 9.
3. Bhagabati Barmania *versus* Kalicharan Singh, L. R. 38 I. A. 54.
4. Narendra Nath Sarkar *versus* Kamal Basini, I. L. R. 32, Cal. 563.
5. Bai Mativahoo *versus* Mamubai, I. L. R. 21, Bom. 709.
6. Mirza Kurratulain *versus* Nawab Nuzhar-ud-Dowl, L. R. 32, I. A. 244.
7. South Eastern Railway Co. *versus* Associated Portland Cement Manuf. (1910) 1 Ch. 28.
8. Bhupendra Krishna Ghosh *versus* Amarendra Nath Dey, 20 C. W. N. (P.C.) 169.
9. Van Gruttan *versus* Foxwell, (1897) A. C. 658.

Law of Trust.

1. Gopce Kristo *versus* Gunga Pershed, 6 M. I. A. 53.
2. Fox *versus* Mackreth, 2 Wh. and T. L. C. 500.
3. Ramkumar Koondoo *versus* Mc Queen, L. R. I. A. Sup. 40.
4. In re Hallet's Trust, 12 Ch. D. 696.
5. Le Neve *versus* Le Neve, 2 Wh. and I. L. C. 175.
6. Cooper *versus* Phibbs, 2 L. R. H. L. 150.
7. Penn *versus* Baltimore, 1 White and Tudor L. C.
8. Vidya Varuthi *versus* Balusami Ayyar, I. L. R. 44 Mad. 831.

Muhammadan Law.

1. Hayatun Nisa *versus* Muhammad, (1890) 12 All. 290, 17 I. A. 73.
2. Hamir Singh *versus* Zakaia, (1875) 1 All. p. 57 (F.B.).
3. Abdul Husein Khan *versus* Sona Dero, (1918) 45 Cal. 450, 45 I. A., 10.
4. Skinner *versus* Orde, (1871) 14 M. I. A. 309.
5. Ashrafoodowla *versus* Hyder Hussain, 11, M. I. A. 94.
6. Azizullah Khan *versus* Ahmed Ali Khan, I. L. R. 7 A. M. 353.
7. Abdul Fata Md. Ishak *versus* Rasamay Dhar Choudhury, (1895) 22 Cal. 619, 22 I. A. 76.
8. Rance Khunjoorun Nissa *versus* Rowshan Jehan, I. L. R. 2 Cal. 184, 3 I. A. 291.
9. Nawab Amjad Ali *versus* Mohumdee Begum, (1867) 16 M. I. A. 517.
10. Bakar Ali *versus* Anjuman Ara, (1902) 25 All. 236, 30 I. A. 94.
11. Hasarat Bibi *versus* Golam Jaffar, (1898) 3 C. W. N. 57.
12. Mullik Abdul Gaffur *versus* Musst. Maleka, (1884) 10 Cal. 112.
13. Nimai Chand *versus* Golam Husein, (1909) 37 Cal. 179.
14. Mahomed Ismail *versus* Ahmed Molla, (1916) 43 I. A. 127, 43 Cal. 1085.
15. Abdul Rezak *versus* Aga Mahomed Jaffar Bindanin, 21 Cal. 566, 21 I. A. 56.
16. Khafeh Salimullah *versus* Abul Khair M. Mustafa, 37 Cal. 263.
17. Imami Bandi *versus* Hazi Mutsaddi, 45 I. A. 73.
18. Kulsum Bibi *versus* G. H. L. Ariff, 10 C. W. N. 449.
19. Jadu Lal *versus* Janki Koer, 30 Cal. 615, 39 I. A. 101.
20. Govinda Dayal *versus* Inayatulla, 7 All. 775 (F.B.).
21. Sadiq Hussein *versus* Hashim Ali, (1916) 43 I. A. 212, 38 A. M. 627.

Criminal Law.

1. Gonwari Lal Das *versus* Queen, 16 Cal. 206.
2. Prasanna Kumar Patra *versus* Uday Saunt, 22, Cal. 669.
3. Queen *versus* Bal Gangadhar Tilak, 22 Bom. 112.
4. Queen *versus* Nayamuddin, 18 Cal. 484.
5. Queen *versus* Gorachand Gope, B. L. R. Supp. Vol. 448, 5 W. R. Cr. 45.
6. Queen *versus* Sricharan Chango, 22 Cal. 1017.
7. Queen *versus* Haradhan, 19 Cal. 380.

8. *Queen versus Sashj Bhusan*, 15 All. 210.
9. *Queen versus Abbas*, 25 Cal. 512.
10. *Empress versus Raisatali*, 7 Cal. 352.
11. *Khosh Mahammad versus Nasir Mahammad*, 33 Cal. 352.
12. *Vaithinath Pillai versus Emp.*, 40 I. A. 193.
13. *Amritlal Hazra versus Emp.*, 42 Cal. 957.
14. *Pulin Behari Das versus Emp.*, 15 C. L. J. 517, 16 C. W. N. 1107.
15. *Barindra K. Ghosh versus Emp.*, 37 Cal. 467, 14 C. W. N. 1114.
16. *Re Mati Lal Ghosh*, 45 Cal. 169.
17. *Amrita Lal Bose versus Corporation of Calcutta*, 44 Cal. 1025.
18. *Satis Chandra Chakraborty versus Ram Dayal Dey*, 32 C. L. J. 94.
19. *Ram Sagar Mandal versus Alak Naskar*, 26 C. W. N. 442.
20. *King-Emperor versus Shek Abdul*, 20 C. W. N. 725.
21. *Fatechand Agarwallah versus Emp.*, 21 C. W. N. 33.
22. *Empress versus Dhunno Kazi and another*, 8 Cal. 121.

Law of Transfer inter vivos.

1. *Bellamy versus Sabine*, 1 De. G. and J. 566.
2. *Ishan Chandra Das Sirkar versus Bidhu Sirdar*, I. L. R. 24 Cal. 825.
3. *Hakim Lal versus Mooshahar Sahu*, I. L. R. 34 C. 999, 23 C. L. J. 406.
4. *Jadunath Poddar versus Ruplal Poddar*, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 967, 10 C. W. N. 650.
5. *Petherpermal Chetty versus Muniandi*, I. L. R. 35 Cal. 55, 12 C. W. N. 562.
6. *Gokuldas Gopaldas versus Puratmal Premeuk Das*, I. L. R. 10 Cal. 1035.
7. *Ashutosh Sikdar versus Behari Lal Kirtania*, I. L. R. 35 Cal. 61.
8. *Gurdeo Singh versus Chadrika Singh*, I. L. R. 36 Cal. 193.
9. *Mahamaya versus Haridas Halder*, I. L. R. 42 Cal. 455.
10. *Lal Achal Ram versus Kazim Husein Khan*, I. L. R. 27 All. 271.
11. *Beniram versus Kundan Lal*, I. L. R. 21 All. 496.
12. *Joitaram Ram Krishna versus Ram Krishna Nand Lal*, I. L. R. 27 Bom. 31.

Hindu Law.

1. *Hunooman Pershad Panday versus Babooi Munraj Kunwar*, 6 M. I. A. 393, 18 W. R. 81.

2. Bhagwandeem Dobey *versus* Myna Bai, 11 M. I. A. 487, 9 W. R. P. C. 23.
3. Gurugobind *versus* Anund Lal, 5 B. L. R. 15.
4. Tagore *versus* Tagore, L. R. I. A. ; Sup. Vol. 47 W. R. 359.
5. Moniram Kolita *versus* Keri Kolitani, 7 I. A. 115, I. L. R. 5 Cal 776.
6. Sree Balusu Gurulingaswami *versus* Sri Balusu Ramalakshamma, I. L. R. 22 Mad. 398.
7. Hiralal *versus* Tripura, I. L. R. 40 Cal. 615.
8. Debiprasad *versus* Golap Bhagat, I. L. R. 40 Cal. 721.
9. Ram Chandra *versus* Vinayak, L. R. 41, I. A. 290.
10. Bhupatinath *versus* Ramlal, I. L. R. 37 Cal. 128.
11. Bhagwan Singh *versus* Bhagwan Singh, L. R. 26, I. A. 153.
12. Bhubenmoyee Debi *versus* Ramkishore, 10 M. I. A. 279.
13. The Collector of Madura *versus* Mootoo Ramalinga, 12 M. I. A. 397.
14. Katama Natchiar *versus* Raja of Shivaganga, 9 M. I. A. 543.
15. Manikya Mala Bose *versus* Nanda Kumar Bose, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 1306.
16. Omrit Kumaree Debi *versus* Luckhee Narayan, 10 W. R. 76 F. B.
17. Radha Mohan *versus* Hardai Bibi, I. L. R. 21 All. 460.
18. Suraj Bunsii Koer *versus* Sheo Pershad Singh, L. R. 6 I. A. 88.
19. Ram Gopal Bhattacharyee *versus* Narayan Chandra, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 315.
20. Hari Kissen *versus* Kashipershad, L. R. 42 I. A. 64.
21. Rajaninath *versus* Nitaichandra, 32 C. L. J.
22. Metherran *versus* Rewachand, L. R. 45 I. A. 41.
23. Sahu Ram *versus* Bhup Singh, L. R. 44 I. A. 126.
24. Rangasami *versus* Nachinappa, L. R. 46 I. A. 72.
25. Nagindas *versus* Bachoo, L. R. 43 I. A. 56.
26. Rama Rao *versus* Raja of Pittapur, L. R. 45 I. A. 148.
27. Pucko Kumari *versus* Court of Wards, L. R. 8 I. A. 229.
28. Madanmohan *versus* Purushoththama, L. R. 45 I. A. 156.

Contracts and Torts.

1. Ashby v. White—1 Sm. L. C. 231.
2. Barwick v. English Joint Stock Bank E. R. 2 Ex. 259.
3. Canadian Pacific Railway v. Roy (1902) A. C. 220.
4. Coggs v. Bernard—1 Sm. Leading Cases 167.
5. Dhanigopal v. Raja Maneshar, L. R. 331 A. 118 ; I. L. R. 28 All. 520.
6. Hadley v. Banendale 9 Exch. 241 ; 96 L. R. 742.

7. *Cundy v. Lindsay*, L. R. 3 App. Case 459.
8. *Smith v. Baker* 1891 A. C. 325.
9. *Keighly Moxsted & Co. v. Durant* 1901 A. C. 240.
10. *Moghul Steamship Co. v. McGregor* 1892 A. C. 25.
11. *Mohori Bibee v. Dharmadas* L. R. 30 I. A. 114 ; I. L. R.
30 Cal. 639.
12. *Quinn v. Leatham* 1901 A. C. 495.
13. *Smith v. Hughes* L. R. 6 Q. B. 597.
14. *Gaekwar of Baroda v. Gandhi* I. L. R. 27 Bom. 344 ; L. R.
30 I. A. 60.
15. *Derry v. Peek* L. R. 14 A. C. 337.
16. *Armory v. Delamirie* 1 Strange 505.
17. *Shaikh Kalu v. Ramsaran* 9 C. L. J. 216.
18. *Seth Kanhaya Lal v. National Bank of India* L. R. 40 I. A.

SYLLABUSES FOR SESSION 1925-26.

DEPARTMENT OF ARABIC AND ISLAMIC STUDIES.

I.—ARABIC.

ARABIC FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Grammar, Composition and Translation of unseen passages.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Palmer's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (2) Mahádiul-'Arabiya No. 3.
- (3) Hidáyat-un-Nahw.

Paper II.—Prose.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quran-ul-Karim—The Suras : Al-Qalam, an-Nuh, al-Muzzammil, al-Muddaththir, al-Qiyamah, al-Dahr, an-Naba and al-Ghashiah to an-Nás.
- (2) Khutab-un Nabiyy was-Sihabah—~~19~~ 1-18. Published by Kazi Abdur Rashid, Dacca 1910.
- (3) Salasil-ul-Qir'ah—Part V, pp. 1-25, 87-106, and Part VI, pp. 3-27.

Paper III.—Poetry.

- (1) Diwan-u-Hassan—from the beginning to the end of Qafiyat-ul-Jim.
- (2) Qasidat-ul-Burda of al-Busiri.
- (3) Qasidat-ul-Farazdaq on Imam Zainul 'Abidin.
- (4) Diwan-u-Abil 'Atafiyah, (Lahore edition) from the beginning of Qafiyat-ul-yá to the end of the Diwan. PP. 238-279.

B.A. DEGREE WITH 'HONOURS IN ARABIC.

Paper I.—Arabic Grammar and Composition.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Wright's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (2) Palmer's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (3) Mabadiy-ul-Arabiya No. 4.
- (4) Hidáyat-un-Nahw.
- (5) Ibn 'Aqil's Commentary on Ibn-i-Málek's Alfiyah.

*Paper II.—Essay in Arabic and Translation of unseen passages.**Paper III.—Prose.*

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Qurán-ul-Karim—The suras: al-Baqarah and Al-Ghashiyah to an-Nás.
- (2) Tárikh-ul-Fakhri—from the beginning to the end of al-Faslul-Awwal.
- (3) Maqámat-ul-Hariri—The Khutba and the 1st 5 maqámás.
- (4) Atbáq-uz-Zahab—1st 50 maqálás including the Khutbá.
- (5) Ummul-Qurá—by Abdur Rahman-ul-Kawákibi. (Published by Ibráhim Fáris, Cairo.)
- (6) Salásil-ul-Qiráah—Part VI. PP. 3-63 and 134-155.

Paper IV.—Poetry.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Hamasa of Abu-Tammám—Báb-ul-Azyaf waí Madih.
- (2) Mu 'allaqát.—Imru-ul-Qais, Zuhair, 'Amr b-Kulthum and 'Antarah.
- (3) Saqtuz-Zand—PP. 7-11, 38-42 and 50-58. (Cairo, edition, 1910).

Paper V.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Book prescribed :—

- 'Ilm-ul-Adab—(i) up to the end of Kináyah and (ii) chapters on Prosody (Beyrouth edition).

Paper VI.—History of Arabic Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) *Tārikh-u-Adābil-Lughaatil-'Arabiyah*, by Zaidan.
- (2) *Tā'ikh-u-Adābil-Lughaatil-'Arabiyah*, by Dayyab.
- (3) Nicholson's *History of Arabic Literature*.
- (4) C. Huart's *History of Arabic Literature*.

Paper VII.—Outlines of the History of Islām, down to the decline of the Abbāsīd Dynasty.

Books recommended :—

- (1) *Tārikh-u-Abil-Fidā*.
- (2) *Tārikh-ul-Khulafā*, by Suyuti.
- (3) *Duwal-ul-Arab*.
- (4) *History of the Saracens* by Amir Ali.

Paper VIII.—Arabic Philology, with elementary knowledge of Hebrew Grammar.

Book prescribed :—

Wright's *Comparative Grammar of the Semitic Languages*.

Books recommended :—

- (1) *Al-Falsafat-ul-Lughawiya* by Zaidān.
- (2) Noeldeke, *Semitic Languages*, in the *Encyclopædia Britannica*.
- (3) *Arabic Language and Literature* (*Encyclopædia of Islam* under the article "Arabia.")

M.A. DEGREE IN ARABIC.

I. PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION.

- *Paper I.—Prose including an outline of the History of Arabic Literature, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours, Papers III and VI.*

Paper II.—Poetry, including Rhetoric and Prosody, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours, Papers IV and V.

- *Paper III.—Essay, Composition and Translation, corresponding to B.A. Honours, Paper II and part of Paper I.*

2. FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION.

Paper I.—Poetry.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Rannát-ul-Mathálith wal Matháni, Vol. I.
- (2) Mu'allaqat—whole.
- (3) Hamasa of Abu Zammam—Babul-Hamasa, first half, and Babul Adab.
- (4) Diwan-u-Nabighat-idh-Dhubyani—Ahlwardt's edition of the six Diwans—Nabigha—Poems 1-5, 8, 17 and 23.

Paper II.—Prose.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quran-ul-Karim—The Sura's Alu Inuran, Yasin and al-Fath.
- (2) Maqamat-ul-Hariri—The Khuth'a and Maqamas 1-7, 11, 12.
- (3) Al-Muwazanah-baina-abi-Tammam wal Buhturi, by al-Hasan b. Bishr, Beyrouth 1332, pp. 2-103.
- (4) Fatát-u-Ghassán by Zaidan—whole.

Paper III.—History of Arabic Language and Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Kitab-ul-Aghani.
- (2) Tarikh-u-Adabil-Lughatil-Arabiya (Zaidan).
- (3) Ditto ditto (Dayyab).
- (4) Tarikhul-Lughatil-Arabiya by Zaidan.
- (5) Nicholson's History of Arabic Literature.
- (6) Arabic Literature, under the article "Arabia" in the Encyclopædia of Islam.
- (7) Noeldeke, Semitic Languages in the Encyclopædia Britannica.

Paper IV.—History of Islam and Islamic civilization.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Tabari.
- (2) Ibn Athir, Kámil.
- (3) Baladhuri, Futuhul-Buldán.
- (4) Ibn Kaldun.
- (5) At-Tamaddun-ul-Islami (Zaidan) with Shibli Nu'mani's criticism of the book.

- (6) Contributions to the History of Islamic civilization
(from Von Kremer).

Paper V.—Essay in Arabic.

II.—ISLAMIC STUDIES.

ISLAMIC STUDIES FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

Paper I.—Hadith, Tafsir and Quran Karim.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quran-ul-Karim—The Suras : Maryam, Táhá, al-Hajj, an Nur, an-Naml and al-Ahzáb.
- (2) Tirmizi Sharif—from the beginning to the end of Abwab-us-Salat.
- (3) Tafsir Madarik, first half of para. Alif-Lam-Mim.

Books prescribed for non-detailed study :—

- (1) Al-Quranul Karim—Paras : 16-25, excluding the prescribed portions.
- (2) Tafsir Madarik—2nd half of para. Alif Lam-Mim.

Paper II.—Fiqh, Usul and Kalam.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Hidayah—Kitab-ul-Buyu', from the beginning to the end of Bab Khiyar-ush-Shart, Bab Khiyar-ul-'Aib and Bab-ul-Bai'il Fasid to the end of Bab-u-Mayukrahu.
- (2) Hujjatullah-il-Balighah—Mabhath V, Chapters I and II.
and Mabhath VI, Chapters I and II
- (3) Usul-ul-Fiqh—general lectures.

Paper III.—Either (A) Islamic Philosophy, or (B) Arabic Literature.

(A) Islamic Philosophy.

Text-books recommended :—

Ishárát of Avicenna, as edited by Imam Razi—Selections.

(B) *Arabic Literature.*

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Maqamatul-Hariry—5 maqamat.
- (2) Nahjul-Balaghah—Selections.
- (3) Mu'allqat—Imra-ul-Qais, Labid and 'Antarah.
- (4) Hamasah—Bab-ul-Azyáf.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Paper I.—Hadith and Usulul-Haith.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Tirmizi Sharif,—from the beginning up to the end of Abwab-us-Salat.
- (2) Usulul-Hadith—General lectures.

Papers II and III.—Al Quran-ul-Karim, Tafsir and Usulut-Tafsir.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quranul-Karim—Suras : Maryam, Taha, al-Hajj an-Nur, an-Naml, al-Ahzab, Yasin, al-Mu'min, Al-Fath, Al-Hujurát, an-Najm al-Waqi'a, al-Mujádilah, al-Talaq and al-Tahrim.
- (2) Baidhawi Sharif—Tafsir Surah Fatihah and $\frac{1}{4}$ para Alif-Lam-Mim.
- (3) Usul-ut-Tafsir—General lectures.

Books prescribed for non-detailed study :—

- (1) Al-Quranul Karim—the whole excluding the prescribed portions.
- (2) Baidhawi Sharif—Last $\frac{3}{4}$ para Alif-Lam-Mim.

Paper IV.—Kalam.

Books prescribed :—

- Hujjat-ullah-il-Bálighah—Mabhath V, Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and Mabhath VI, Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4.

Paper V.—Figh.

Books prescribed :—

- Hadayah—Kitab-ul-Buyu' from the beginning to the end of Bab-u-Khiyar-i-shshart, Bab-u-Khiyaril-'Aib and

Babul-Bai'il Fasid* to the end of Bab-u-ara yukrahu ; Kitab-ul-Da'wa from the beginning to Faslu-fi man la yakunu Khasman, Kitabul Hibah, whole ; Kitab-ul-Ijarah, from the beginning to the end of Bahth-ul-Ijarat-il-fasidati, Kita'b ush-Shuf'a and Kitab-ul-Wa-Siyah.

Paper VI.—Usul-ul-Fiqh.

General lectures on Bahth-ul-Qiyas.

Paper VII.—History of Islamic Civilization.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Tabaqat-i-Ibn Sa'd.
- (2) Tarikh-i-Kamil.
- (3) Ad-Tamaddun-ul-Islamiy (Zaidan).
- (4) Tarikh-i-Tabari.

Paper VIII.—Islamic Philosophy.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Isharat of Avicenna, as edited by Iman Razi (Tahy'iat and Ihaiat).
- (2) Al-Munqiz Min-ad-Dalal, by Iman Ghazzali.

Or

Paper VII.—Arabic (Prose Paper III of the Honours Course in Arabic).

Paper VIII.—Arabic Poetry (Paper IV of the Honours Course in Arabic).

M.A. DEGREE IN ISLAMIC STUDIES.

I. M.A. PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN ISLAMIC STUDIES.

GROUP A.

Paper I.—Hadis and Usulul-Hadis.—Generally corresponding to Paper I of the Honours Islamic Studies.

Paper II.—Quran Karim, Tafsir and Usulul-Tafsir, corresponding to Papers II and III of the Honours Islamic Studies.

Paper III.—Fiqh and Usulul-Fiq, corresponding to Papers V and VI of the Honours Islamic Studies.

GROUP B.

Three papers, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours, Papers IV, V and VI.

GROUP C.

Two papers on General Philosophy, and the third paper on Imam Ghazali's *al-Munqiz Min-az-Zalal*.

GROUP D.

Three papers—same as for the M.A. (Preliminary) Examination in Arabic.

2. M.A. Final Examination in Islamic Studies.

Five Papers.

GROUP A.

Tafsir and Hadith.

Paper I.—Bukhari Sharif.

Portions prescribed :—

Bab-u-Bad'il Wahy, Kitáb-ul-Īman, Kitáb-ul-'Ilm, Kitáb-ul-Shuf'a, Kitáb-ul-Ijārah, Kitáb-ul-Hawālāh, Kitáb-ul-Kifālah, Kitáb-ul-wakalah, Abwab-ul-Harth wal-Muzāra'ah, Al-Musāqāt, Bab-u-'Alāmāt-in-Nubuwwah, Kitáb-ul-Ahkām and Kitáb-ul-Radd'al-al-Juhamiyya.

Prescribed for non-detailed study :—

The corresponding portions of Muslim Sharif, Tirmizi Sharif and Abu Dā'ud Sharif.

Paper II.—Muslim Sharif.

Portions prescribed :—

Kitáb-u-Fazá'il-il-Quran, Kitáb-un-Nikáh, Kitáb-ut-Taláq, Kitáb-ul-Li'án, Kitáb-ul-'Itq, Kitáb-ul-Buyu', Kitáb-ul-Ijārah, Kitáb-ul-Fazá'il, Kitáb-ul-Hudud and Kitáb-ul-Tafsir.

Prescribed for non-detailed study :—

The corresponding portions of Bukhari Sharif, Tirmizi Sharif, and Abu Dā'ud Sharif.

Paper III.—Tirmizi Sharif.

Portions prescribed :—

- Abwab-uz-Zakat, Abwab-us-Saum, Abwab-ul-Hajj
Abwab-ul-Jana'iz, Abwab-ul-At'imah, Abwab-ul-
Ashribah, Abwab-ul-Libás, Abwab-ul-Fitan, Bab-
u-Sifat-il-Jannah and Bab-u-Sifat-in-Náf.

Prescribed for non-detailed study :—

The corresponding portions of Bukhari Sharif, Muslim Sharif and Abu Da'ud Sharif.

Paper IV.—Tafsir Kashshaf.

Portion prescribed :—

From the beginning of Parah. 2, up to the end of Surah al Baqarah.

Paper V.—'Inqan, by Suyuti.

Chapters prescribed :—

1, 7, 8, 9, 18, 42, 47, 52, 53, 62-64.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Sharh-u-Ma'anil-A'thar.
- (2) Muatta by Imám Muhammad.
- (3) Muqaddimah Ibn Salah.
- (4) Tafsir Ibn Jarir.
- (5) Tafsir-ul-Qur'an.

GROUP B.

*Papers I and II.—Fiqh.**Paper III.—Usul.**Papers IV and V.—Kalam.*

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Majallat-ul-Ahkám.
- (2) Kashf-ul-Asrar.
- (3) Sharh-ul-Mawaqif.
- (4) Al-madaniyat-ul-wal-Islam.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Al-Muqabalah (baina Qanun-il-Islam wa ghairihi).
- (2) Legal Decisions of the Courts of Egypt.
- (3) Sir Abdur Rahim's book on Jurisprudence.

GROUP C.

Paper I.—*Mantiqiyyât.*

Paper II.—*Kâinât'ul-Arz.*

Paper III.—*Kâinât'ul-Jaww (Unsurîyyât).*

Paper IV.—*Falakiyyât.*

Paper V.—*Ilahiyyât.*

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Sharh-i-Isharat.
- (2) Fasl-ul-Maqal and two other treatises by Averroes.
(Edited by M. J. Mueller).

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Tahâfut-ul-Falâsifah by Imam Ghazzali.
- (2) Tahafut-ut-Tahafut, by Averroes.
- (3) Muhakamah, by Khajabzâda.
- (4) Radâ-ul-Mantiq, by Ibn Taimiah.
- (5) History of Philosophy in Islam by T. De Boers.
- (6) History of Greek Philosophy, with special reference to Platonic, Aristotelian and neo-Platonic systems.

GROUP D.

Paper I.—*Poetry.*

Paper II.—*Prose.*

Paper III.—*Rhetoric.*

Paper IV.—*Arabic Philology, including a knowledge of one of the cognate languages.*

Or

History of Arabic Literature.

Paper V.—*Essay in Arabic.*

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Diwân-u-Imra-il-Qâis.
- (2) Diwan-un-Nabighah.
- (3) Kitâb-ul-Aghani.

- (4) *Luzumiyat* by Al-Ma'arri.
- (5) *Maqamat-ul-Hariri*.
- (6) *Al-Muazanaḥ baina Abi Tanmām wal-Buhturīy*.
- (7) *Asrār-ul-Balāghah*.
- (8) *Falsafat-ul-Balāghah*, by Dumit.
- (9) Translation of Aristotle's *Rhetoric*, by Averroes.
- (10) Arabic Philology, including a knowledge of one of the cognate languages.

Or

History of Arabic Literature and literary criticism from such books as—

- (i) *Kitabush-She'r wash-Shu'ara*, by Ibn Qutaibah.
(Edited by De Goeje.)
- (ii) *Tarikh-ul-Adab*, by Qerwaniy.
- (iii) *Naqdush-She'r wash Shu'ara*.
- (iv) *Al-'Umdah*.

DEPARTMENT OF PERSIAN AND URDU.

PERSIAN FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Persian Grammar and Translation.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Palmer's Persian Grammar.
- (2) *Ahsan-ul-Qawaid*.
- (3) *Miftah-ul Qawaid*.

Paper II(a).—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) *Safarnamah* of Shah Nasiruddin Qachar, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press, first ten pages of the English trip.
- (2) *Nafahat-ul Uns* of Jami, Naval Kishore Press, pages 313-333.
- (3) *Sarguzasht-i Khanam-i Englisi dar Balwa-i Hind*, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press, first twenty pages.
- (4) *Milr-i-Nimroz* of Ghalib, Naval Kishore Press, first twenty pages.
- (b) *Outlines of the History of Persian Literature in India during the reigns of Akbar, Jahangir and Shahjahan.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) Khizanal-i'Aamirah.
- (2) M'aasir-i Kiram.
- (3) Maikhanah.
- (4) Akbarnamah (lives of poets).

Paper III.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Bastan-i Sa'adi, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning of Bab 7.
- (2) Shahnamah of Firdausi—the last fight between Rustam and Isfandiyar up to Madh-i Sultan-i Mahmud.
- (3) Khusran-Shirin of Nizami, Naval Kishore Press, 10 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Qiran-ul Sa'adin of Khusrau, Aligarh Institute Press, pages 48-63.

URDU FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Rahm-o Insaf and 20 odes from the Diwan of Hali.
- (2) Ruba'iyat-i Anis (selections).
- (3) Bang-i Dira by Sir Iqbal (selections).

Paper II.—Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Urdu-i Mu'alla, 25 pages.
- (2) Mazamin-i Sir Syed—Selections for 'Usmaniah University (selections).
- (3) Firdaus-i Barin by Sharar (selections).

Paper III.—Composition and Translation.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN PERSIAN AND URDU.

Paper I.—Persian Grammar.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Persian Grammar by Platt and Ranking.
- (2) Dastur Namah-i Farsi, Mujtabai Press.

- (3) Sh'rh-i 'Abaul Wasi, Naval Kishore Press.
- (4) Persian Grammar by Phillott.

Paper II.—Outlines of Persian Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Literary History of Persia (all the 4 vols.) by Browne.
- (2) Shi'ar-ul 'Ajam (5 vols.) by Shibli.
- (3) Sukhandan-i Fars by Azad.
- (4) Tazkirah of Daulat Shah.
- (5) Tazkirah of 'Aufi.

Paper III.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Qasaid-i Anwari, first 7 Qasidahs.
- (2) Shahnamah of Firdausi, Jang-i Ardshir-o Ardawan, 200 couplets.
- (3) Qasaid-i Salman-i Sauji, Qasidahs, first 7 Qasidahs.

Paper IV.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books recommended :—

- (1) Diwan-i Hafiz, Urdu Guide Press, 20 odes, beginning from page 63.
- (2) Ghazaliyat-i Sa'adi, 20 odes.
- (3) Intikhab-i Kuliyat-i Qaani, Majidi Press, Cawnpore, first 12 pages.
- (4) Diwan-i Khizr Khan, of Amir Khusrav.

Paper V.—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Kimiya-i Saadat of Ghazzali, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning.
- (2) Ruq'at-i 'Aalamgiri (whole).
- (3) Khan-i Langaran, Shams-ul Mazaffari Press, first 50 pages.
- (4) Jahankusha-i Nadiri, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press, first 50 pages of the invasion of India.

Paper VI.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Hadaiqul Balagh.
- (2) Al-Mo'ajam by Shams-i Qais.

- (3) Bahr-ul Fasahat, by 'Najm-ul Ghani.

Or

Urdu Literature.

Selections from books prescribed :—

Prose.

- (1) 'Ud-i Hindi of Ghalib.
- (2) Darbar-i Akbari by Azad.
- (3) Ibn-ul Waqt by Naidr Ahmad.

Poetry.

- (1) Kuliyat-i Meer.
- (2) Kuliyat-i Sauda.
- (3) Marsiahs of Anis, Vol. I.
- (4) Diwan-i Ghalib.
- (5) Shikwa-i Hind of Hali.

Paper VII.—Persian Philology.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Platt's Persian Grammar.
- (2) Browne's Literary History of Persia, Part I.
- (3) Sukhandan-i Fars by Azad.
- (4) Jawahirul Huruf and Nawadir-ul Masadir of Tekchand Bahar.

Or

Urdu Grammar.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Platt's Urdu Grammar.
- (2) Misbah-ul Qawaid by Fath Muhammad Khan.
- (3) Qawaid-i Urdu by Abdul Haq.

Paper VIII.—Composition and Translation of unseen Persian passages.

M.A. DEGREE.

I. PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

Paper I.—Persian Composition and Translation of unseen passages (corresponding to B.A. Honours; Paper VIII).

Paper II.—Persian Philology (corresponding to B.A. Honours, Paper VII).

Paper III.—Outlines of Persian Literature (corresponding to B.A. Honours, Paper II).

II. FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

Paper I.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Qasaid-i Khaqani, pages 35-47, Naval Kishore Press.
- (2) Masnavi-i Rumi, Naval Kishore Press, 30 pages from the beginning.
- (3) Hadiqa of Sanai, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Qasaid-i, Zahir-i Faryabi, the first, Qasidahs.
- (5) Saqi Namah of Zuhuri, Naval Kishore Press, the first 15 pages.

Paper II.—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Siyasat Nama of Nizam-ul Mulk (account of the Mazadakian Heresy).
- (2) Sih Nasr-i Zuhuri, the first Nasr.
- (3) Tarikh-i Wassaf (Calcutta Madrasah Selections), 20 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Roger's Persian Plays (the whole).
- (5) Akhlaq-i Jalali, Pami'ah III, 15 pages, Naval Kishore Press.

Paper III.—Outlines of the Political History of Persia.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Sykes History of Persia.
- (2) Malcolm's History of Persia.
- (3) Rauzat-ul-Safa.
- (4) Nasikh-ul Tawarikh.
- (5) Habib-ul Siyar.

Paper IV.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Hadaiq-ul Balaghat.
- (2) Al Moa'jam of Shams-i Qais.
- (3) Mizan-ul Afkar by Mufti Sa'adullah.
- (4) I'ajaz-i Khusravi.

Paper V.—An essay in Persian.

SYLLABUSES FOR SESSION 1925-27

DEPARTMENT OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

B.A. DEGREE (PASS).

[Bengali (Pass), 1926.]

Compulsory for all students taking B.A. (Pass Course).

One paper only.

- (1) Text-books.
- (2) Essay-writing.
- (3) Translation from English to Bengali.
- (4) Grammar and Composition.

Text-books prescribed :—

Bankim Chandra Chatterjee—Krishna Kanter Uil.
Kaliprasanna Ghosh—Prabhat Chinta.
Miy. Musharraf Husain—Vishada Sindhu.
Michael Madhusudan Dutt—Krishna Kumari Nataka.
Rabindra Nath Tagore—Chayanika.

[Sanskrit (Pass), 1926.]

Paper I.—Dramas.

- (1) Text-books.
- (2) Translation from English to Sanskrit.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Sakuntala of Kalidasa. (Text as in Vidyasagara's edition.)
- (2) Mudrarakshasa of Visakhadatta.

Paper II.—Poetry and Prose.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Kalidasa's Meghaduta.
- (2) Kiratarjuniya, Canto XI.
- (3) Kadambari, the Kathamukha only.

Paper III.—

- (1) History of Sanskrit Literature.
- (2) Grammar, composition and translation of unseen Sanskrit passages into English.

Prescribed :—

Macdonell's History of Sanskrit Literature.

• Recommended for Grammar :—

Vidyāsāgara's Vyākaraṇa Kaumudī (original text).

B.A. DEGREE (HONOURS).

[Honours School of Sanskritic Studies, 1927.]

Paper I.—Selections from Vedic Samhitas and Brahmanas with elements of Vedic Grammar.

Prescribed :—

(1) Suktas from Riksamgraha, by Vishnu Govinda Bijapurkar, M.A.

(2) Aitareya Brahmana, 39th Chapter, Pancika VIII.

(3) A Vedic Grammar for Students, by Macdonell.

Paper II.—Drama and unseen passages.

Prescribed :—

Kalidasa's Sakuntalā.

Bhāsa's Svapna-Vasavadatta.

Bhāvabhūti's Uttara-Rāma-Carita.

Paper III.—Poetry, Prose and Translation.

Magh's Śiśupālavadhā, Canto III, in addition to the works in Paper II of Sanskrit Pass Course.

Paper IV.—Selections from Prakrit works including Pali with elements of Comparative Philology.

Prescribed :—

(1) Introduction to Prakrit, by Woolner.

(2) Introduction to Comparative Philology, by Dr. P. D. Gune.

Paper V.—Sanskrit Grammar.

Siddhanta-Kaumudī, Kārakā, Samasa, Strī-pratyāyā, Lakārārthābhīnaya, and Atmanepada-Parasmaipada-Vidhāna.

Paper VI.—History of Sanskrit Literature.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (1) Macdonell's History of Sanskrit Literature (to be studied critically).
- (2) Weber's History of Sanskrit Literature.

Papers VII-VIII.

Any two of the following special subjects to be studied from original texts :—

- (a) Rhetoric, Prosody and Rules of Dramaturgy.
- (b) One system of Indian Philosophy.
- (c) Indian Archaeology including historical texts.
- (d) Selection from Manu and Dharmasastras.
- (e) Selections from Arthasastras.

Prescribed :—

- (a) Vamana's Kavyalamkara-Sutra-Vritti, Dasarupaka, Chapter I, and Kedara Bhatta's Vritti-Ratnakara.
- (b) Sankhyasara of Vijnanabhikshu or Vedantasara of Sadananda Yati or Bhashaparichheda.
- (c) (i) Thirteenth Rock Edict and Seventh Pillar Edict of Asoka and Kharavela's Hathigumpha Rock Inscription. Junagadh, Rock inscriptions of Rudradaman and Skandagupta, Angachhi copper-plate inscription of Vignrahapala III and Deopara inscription of Vijayaseua and (ii) Harshadrita, Chapter I.
- (d) Gotama's Dharmasutra and Manu, Chapter X.
- (e) Arthasastra of Kautilya, first Adhikarana only with Raghuvarsam, Canto XVII.

[Honours School of Sanskrit and Bengali, 1947.]

Paper I.—Sanskrit Grammar.

Prescribed :—

As in Paper V of Honours in Sanskrit Studies.

Paper II.—Principles of Comparative Philology with elements of Prakrit and Pali.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Dr. P. D. Gune—Introduction to Comparative Philology.

- (2) H. Sweet—History of Language.
- (3) Woolner—Introduction to Prākrit.

Paper III.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Prescribed as in Paper III of Honours in Sanskrit studies.

Paper IV.—Sanskrit Drama.

Prescribed as in Paper II of Honours in Sanskrit studies.

Paper V.—History of Bengali Literature.

Recommended for study :—

- (1) Rai Bahadur D. C. Sen—Bangabhasa O Sahitya (latest edition).
- (2) Susil Kumar De, M.A.—Bengali Literature, 10th century.
- (3) The article on “বঙ্গলি সাহিত্য” in the Visvakosha.

Paper VI.—Old Bengali Poetry.

Prescribed :—

Selections from Baudelha Gan, Krishna Kirtan, Ramayana of Krittivasa and Goraksha-Vijaya edited by Munshi Abdul Karim Sahitya-Visharada.

Paper VII.—Bengali Prose Literature.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Tekchand Thakur—Alaler Gharer Dulal.
- (2) Isvara Chandra Vidyasagara—Sitarbanabasa.
- (3) Bhudev Mukhopadhyaya—Samajik-Prabandha.
- (4) Mm. H. P. Shastri—Valmikir Jaya.
- (5) Ekramuddin—Rabindrpratibha.
- (6) Rabindra Nath Tagore—Raja O Rani.
- (7) Akshaya Kumar Datta-Gupta—Bankim Chandra.

Paper VIII.—Bengali Poetry Literature from 1850 to the present time with prescribed books for special study.

- (1) Michael Madhusudan Datta—Tilottama-Sambhava.
- (2) Nabin Chandra Sen—Amittabha.
- (3) Akshaya Kumar Borah—Esha.
- (4) Satyendra Nath Dutt—Svapna-prayana.
- (5) Bihari Lal Chakravarti—Sarada Mangala Sangita (Vasumati edition).
- (6) Surendra Nath Mazumdar—Mahila.
- (7) Rabindra Nath Tagore—Chayanika.

M.A. EXAMINATION IN SANSKRITIC STUDIES, 1926.

Paper I.—Selections from the Vedic Literature.

Text-books prescribed :—

- Rigveda, Anuvāka I—II of Mandala II and the Puruṣa Sukta.
- Atharvaveda, Chapter XV.
- Satapatha-Brahmana, first five Brahmanas.
- Tandya-maha-Brahmana, Chapter XVII, 1—4.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Drama, Poetry and Prose.

Text-books prescribed :—

- Bhāsa—Pratijñā-Jaṅgandharayana.
- Bhāṭṭanarayana—Veni-sambhara.
- Bhāṣavi—Kīrtitarjuniyam, Cantos I—IV.
- Naishadhacaritam, Canto XVII.
- Bāṇabhaṭṭa's Harshacaritam, Chapters VII—VIII.

Paper III.—Grammar, Rhetoric and Prosody.

Text-books prescribed :—

- Bhāṣavṛitti—The portions on Samasa, Kṛitanta and Taddhita.
- Mammata's Kavyaprakasa.
- Pīṅgala—Chāṇḍa, omitting the Vaidika metres.

Paper IV.—Selections from Prakṛita and Pālī Literature.

Text-books prescribed :—

- Karpuṛamanjari of Rājasekhara.
- Hala's Saptasati, 5th Sataka.
- Andersen's Pālī Reader, Nos. 4, 11, 17, 21, 23, 26, 27, 35, 44, 61, 66 and 67.

Paper V.—Special Paper—One of the following subjects :—

(a) Vedic Grammar :—

Text-books prescribed :—

- Pāṇini's Vaidika Sūtras with Kāśika-vṛitti.

Recommended for private study :—

Vaidika prakriya of the Siddhanta-Kaumudi of Bhattoji-Dikshita.

(b) Dharmasastra :—

Apastamba—Dharma Sūtras.

Yajñavalkya—Chapter on Achara.

Jinutavalhana—Dayabhaga.

(c) Arthasastra :—

Kautiliya—Arthasastra, Books II and VI.

Brihaspati—Arthasastra.

(d) Indian Epigraphy and Palaeography :—

Asoka's Edicts and the following selected inscriptions :—

(1) Nanaghat Cave inscription (Lüders' list No. 1112).

(2) Allahabad Pillar-inscription of Samudragupta.

(3) Mandasor inscription of Naravarman.

(4) Mandasor inscription of Yasodharman.

(5) Khalimpur copper-plate grant of Dharmapala.

(6) Manabali copper-plate grant of Madanapala.

(7) Barrackpore copper-plate inscription of Vijayasena.

(8) Belava copper-plate grant of Bhojavarmān.

(9) Rampal copper-plate grant of Srichandra.

(e) Indian Philosophy :—

Gautama—Nyayasutra, Chapter I.

Vedānta Sūtras—The first four sūtras with Sankara's Bhashya.

Saukhyakarika of Isvara—Krishna with the Tattva-Kaumudi.

M.A. EXAMINATION IN SANSKRIT AND BENGALI, 1926.

Paper I—Selections from Vedic and Classical Sanskrit with knowledge of Grammar :—

(1) Macdonell's Vedic Reader, Nos. ii, 33, 35 ; iv 50 ; v 83 ; vi 54 ; vii 49, 61 ; x 15, 127, 168.

(2) Mṛichhakatikā.

(3) A Vedic Grammar for students by Macdonell.

Paper II.—Comparative Philology with elements of Prakrit and Pali:—

- (1) Grierson's Linguistic Survey of India, Vol. V, Part I.
- (2) Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar's Wilson Philological Lectures.
- (3) Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit (Text portion).
- (4) Andersen's Pali Reader. A selected portion (as in Paper IV of M.A. in Sanskritic Studies).
- (5) Grierson's article on Prakrita in Encyclopædia Britannica.

Paper III.—Old and Mediæval Bengali.

- (1) Chaitanya-Charitamrita (selected portions).
- (2) Sunya-Puran.
- (3) Critical study of Vidyapati's Padavali and Kirttilata.
- (4) Critical study of Kavikankan.

Paper IV.—Modern Bengali Literature from 1750 A.D. (Prose, literary criticism and Essay).

A special study of the following books is recommended:—

(a) Prose:—

- (1) Pratapaditya-Charita.
- (2) Kamalakāntar Daptar.
- (3) Prachin Sahitya and Adhunikā Sahitya, by Tagore.

(b) Vangavani, by Mr. Sasanka Mohan Sen.

Paper V.—Modern Bengali Literature from 1750 A.D. (Poetry, Drama and translation).^a

A special study of the following books is recommended:—

(a) Poetry:—

- (1) Manasimha of Bharat Chandra.
- (2) Gitanjali of Tagore.
- (3) Mandra of Mr. D. L. Roy.

(b) Drama:—

- (1) Rati Unmadini of Krishnakamal Goswami.
- (2) Lilavati of Dinabandhu Mitra.
- (3) Balidan of Girish Chandra Ghose.

B.A. DEGREE (HONOURS).

[Honours School of Sanskritic Studies, 1926.]

Paper I.—Selections from Vedic Samhitas and Brahmanas with elements of Vedic Grammar.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Suktas from Riksamgraha by Vishnu Govinda Bijapurkar, M.A.
- (2) Aitareya Brahmana—39th Chapter, Pañcika VIII.
- (3) A vedic Grammar for Students by Macdonnell.

Paper II.—Works on Kavya and Nataka in Classical Sanskrit.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Bhasa's Svapna-Vasavadatta in addition to the works in Paper I of Sanskrit Pass Course.

Paper III.—Selections from Prakrit works including Pali with elements of comparative Philology.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Introduction to Prakrit by Woolner.
- (2) Introduction to comparative Philology, by Dr. P. D. Gupte.

Paper IV.—Sanskrit Grammar as in the Bhashavritti.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Bhashavritti edited by Pandit Srish Chandra Chakravarty (Varendra Research Society's publication, Rajshahi). The Sūtras on Sandhi, Subanta, tinanta, strepratyoya and karaka.

Paper V.—Composition and Translation of unseen passages into English.

No text-books recommended.

Paper VI.—History of Sanskrit and Sanskrit Language and Literature.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (1) Macdonnell's History of Sanskrit Literature (to be studied critically).
- (2) Rhys Davids American Lectures.

Paper VII & VIII.—Any two of the following special subjects to be studied from original text.

- (a) Rhetoric, Prosody and Rules of Dramaturgy.
- (b) Special system of Indian Philosophy.
- (c) Indian Archæology including historical texts.
- (d) Selections from Manu and Dkarmasastras.
- (e) Selections from Arthasastras.
- (f) Selections from the Puranas.

Prescribed :—

- (a) Vamana's Kavyalankara-Sutra-Vritti, Dasarupaka, Chapter I and Kedara Bhatta's Vritta Ratnakara.
- (b) Sankhyasara of Vijñānabhikṣu or Vedantasara of Sadananda Yati of Bhashaparichheda.
- (c) Thirteenth Rock Edict of Asoka and Kharavela's Hathigumpha Rock Inscription, in addition to the texts mentioned in Paper II (b) of the Sanskrit Pass Course.
- (d) Gotama's Dharmasutra and Manu as in Paper II (a) of the Sanskrit pass course.
- (e) Arthasastra of Kautilya first Adhikarana only with Raghuvamśam, Canto XVII.
- (f) Viṣṇupurāṇam, Chapters XVII—XX of book I.

[Honours School of Sanskrit and Bengali, 1926.]

Paper I.—Elements of Sanskrit Grammar.

Prescribed :—

Bhashavritti edited by Pandit Śrīśh Chandra Chakravarty
(The same as in Honours School of Sanskrit Studies).

Recommended for private study :—

Vidyasagara's Vyākaraṇa Kaumudī.

Paper II.—Principles of Comparative Philology with elements of Prakrit.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Dr. P. D. Gune—Introduction of Comparative Philology.
- (2) P. Giles—Manual of Comparative Philology.
- (3) Woolner—Introduction to Prakrit (Omitting the text selections) pp. 1—69 for 1925 only.

Paper III.—Sanskrit Poetry.

Prescribed :—

- Raghuvamsam (general study of the work).

Paper IV.—Sanskrit Drama.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Kalidasa—Sakuntala.
- (2) Bhasa—Svapnavasavadatta.

Paper V.—History of Bengali Literature.

Prescribed :—

- (1) Rai Bahadur D. C. Sen—Bangabhasha O Sahitya (Latest Edition).
- (2) Susil Kumar De, M.A.—Bengali Literature, 19th Century.

Paper VI.—Old Bengali Poetry.

Prescribed :—

Selections from Baudha Gan, Krishna Kirtan, Ramayana of Krittibasa and Coraksha Vijaya edited by Munshi Abdul Karim Sahitya Visarada.

Paper VII and VIII.—Bengali Literature from 1850 to the present time with prescribed books for special study.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Tekchand Thakur—Alaler Gharer Dulal.
- (2) Isvara Chandra Vidyasagara—Sitar Banabas.
- (3) Bhudev Mukhopadhyaya—Pushpajali.
- (4) Mm. H. P. Sastri—Valmiki Jay.
- (5) Mozammel Haque—Fardausi Charit.
- (6) Michael Madhusudan Datta—Tilottama Sambhava Kavya.
- (7) Hem Chandra Banerjee—Dasamahavidya.
- (8) Nabin Chandra Sen—Amitabha.
- (9) Akshaya Kumar Baral—Esha.
- (10) Biharilal Chakravarty—Sarada-mangala sangita (Vasumatī Edition).
- (11) Surendranath Majumdar—Mahila.
- (12) Rabindranath Tagore—Pañchabhuta and Chayanika.
- (13) Rabindranath Tagore—Raja O Rani.
- (14) Akshaya Kumar Dutta Gupta—Bankimchandra.

DEPARTMENT OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

I. SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

B.A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *three* papers :

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama.

Abhijnana-sakuntala.
Ratnavali.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Meghaduta.
Kiratarjuniya IV.
Dasa-kumara-carita I, VIII.

Paper III.—(a) General History of Classical Sanskrit Literature.

Keith's Classical Sanskrit Literature.
Article on Drama (Indian) in Hastings' Encyclopædia of
Religion and Ethics.

(b) Grammar, Composition and Unseen.

Kielhorn's Sanskrit Grammar.
Apte's Guide to Sanskrit Composition.

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS FOR 1928 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *eight* papers on the subject of the Honours Course as detailed below, and *two* papers on each of *two* subsidiary subjects to be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department of Sanskrit.

Paper I.—Vedic Sanskrit.

Peterson's Selection of Hymns from the Rig-Veda, with
Sayana's commentary, First Series, Nos. 1-10, 23,
24, 29, 30, 32, 33.
Aitareya Brahmana, Ch. 39, pancika VIII.
Macdonell's Vedic Grammar for Students (omitting chs.
V-VII).

Paper II.—Sanskrit Drama.

Abhijnana-sakuntala.
Svapna-vasavadatta.
Uttara-rama-carita.

Paper III.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Janaki-harana IV-VI (ed. Nandargikar, Bombay 1907).
 Kiratarjuniya XI-XII.
 Kadambari, kathamukha only.

Paper IV.—Elements of Prakrit and Pali, with a general knowledge of Comparative Philology.

Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit.
 Vidhusekhar Sastri's Pali-prakasa.
 Gune's Introduction to Comparative Philology.

Paper V.—Sanskrit Grammar.

Siddhanta-kaumudi: Karaka, Samasa, Stri-pratyaya,
 Lakarthartha-nirṇaya, and Atmanepada-Parasmaipada-
 vidhana.
 Kale's Higher Sanskrit Grammar.
 Velvalkar's Systems of Sanskrit Grammar.

Paper VI.—History of Sanskrit Literature.

No Text-books prescribed, but the following books are recommended for critical study:—

Webber's History of Sanskrit Literature.
 Macdonell's Sanskrit Literature.
 Keith's Classical Sanskrit Literature.

Paper VII.—One special subject consisting of one of the following groups—

(a) *Sanskrit Poetics, Dramaturgy and Prosody.*

Sāhitya-darpana (omitting ch. VI).
 Dasa-rupaka, I and III.
 Chando-manjari.

(b) *Indian Philosophy.*

Sarva-darsana-samgraha, omitting the four Mahesvara systems.

(c) *Dharma-sastra and Artha-sastra.*

Manu-smṛti, II-V.
 Sukra-niti, I.

(d) *Epigraphy and Paleography.*

The following inscriptions are to be studied :—

- (1) The 7 Pillar Edicts of Asoka.
- (2) Mandasor Inscription of Kumaragupta and Bandhuvarman.
- (3) Khalimpur Copperplate grant of Dharmapala.
- (4) Deopara Inscription of Vijayasena.
- (5) Rampal Copperplate grant of Sricandra.

Paper VIII.—(a) Essay.

(b) *Composition, Translation, and Unseen from Sanskrit and Prakrit.*

In Papers I-III, a general and historical knowledge of the subject itself, as well as a critical study of the special texts, will be required.

The special subject in Paper VII is to be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department of Sanskrit. In each session, only one group in special subject will be allowed for a course.

There will also be a *viva voce* examination. This test will not carry any fixed number of marks, but may be used as an aid in placing the candidates in the class-list.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION FOR 1926 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of three papers of the B.A. Honours standard :

Paper I.—Vedic Sanskrit.

The same as for B.A. Honours, Paper I.

Paper II.—History of Sanskrit Literature.

The same as for Honours, Paper VI.

Paper III.—Sanskrit and Prakrit Grammar.

No text-book prescribed ; but candidates are recommended to read :—

Kale's Higher Sanskrit Grammar.
Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit.

FINAL M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of five papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Com-

mittee of Courses and Studies in lieu of Papers III-V. Such candidates will have also *one* Paper on the Special Subject of his dissertation.

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama.

Mricchakatika.
Mudraraksasa.
Vikramorvasiya.
Nagananda.

Book recommended :—

Keith's Sanskrit Drama.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Saundarananda IV-VI (ed. Bibl. Ind.).
Kavindra-vacana-samuccaya (ed. Bibl. Ind.).
Sisupala-vadha XIV.
Naisadha-carita I-II.
Harsa-carita I-II.

Book recommended :—

Winternitz's Geschichte der indischen Litteratur, Vol. iii.

Paper III and IV.—One Special Subject to be selected from one of the following groups.

(a) *Vedic Sanskrit.*

Peterse's Selection of Hymns from the Rig-Veda, with
Savarna's commentary, Second Series.
Satapatha-brahmana, First Four Brahmanas.
Yaska's Nirukta, Daivata-kanda only.
Vaidika-prakriya, as in Siddhanta-kaumudi.
Piṅgala's Chandah-sutra (Vedic portion only).

Books recommended :—

Macdonell's Vedic Mythology.
Macdonell's Vedic Grammar.
Arnold's Vedic Metre.
Winternitz's Geschichte der indischen Lit., Vol. i.

b) *Prakrit and Pali.*

Karpura-manjari.
Gatha-saptasati, 5th sataka.

Dhammapada, vaggas i-x.

Anderson's Pali Reader, Nos. 11, 17, 21, 23, 26, 35, 44.

Vararuci's Prakṛta-prakāśa.

Books recommended :—

Geiger's Pali Literatur und Sprache.

Pischel's Grammatik der Prakṛit Sprachen (for reference only).

(c) *Dharma-sastra and Artha-sastra.*

Gautama Dharma-sūtra with Haradatta's Commentary.

Yajñavalkya-smṛti, Vyavaharadhyāya.

Kautilya, Artha-sastra I and II.

Sukra-nīti II.

Books recommended :—

Jayaswal's Hindu Polity.

Jolly's Recht und Sitte.

(d) *Indian Philosophy.*

Gautama's Nyāya-sūtra- ch. i, with Vātsyāyana-bhāṣya.

Dharmarāja's Vedānta-paribhāṣa.

Īśvara-kṛṣṇa's Saṃkhya-kārikā with Tattva-kauṇḍī.

Books recommended :—

Radhakrishnan's Indian Philosophy, Vol. I.

Surendranath Dasgupta's Indian Philosophy, Vol. I.

(e) *Sanskrit Poetics and Prosody.*

Bhāmaha's Kāvya-lamkāra I-II.

Yama's Kāvya-lamkāra-sūtra-vṛtti I-III.

Dhvanyaloka.

Māma's Kāvya-prakāśa I-V.

Vṛtta-ratnākara.

Books recommended :—

S. K. De's History of Sanskrit Poetics, Vols. I-II.

Weber's Metrik der Indier (in Ind. Stud., viii).

(f) *Epigraphy and Palaeography.*

List of Inscriptions to be studied: (1) Asoka's Edicts omitting the 7 Pillar Edicts (Cal. Univ. ed.)

- (2) Hathigumpha Cave Inscription of Kharavela.
 (3) Nanaghat Cave Inscription (Lüder's List, No. 1112). (4) Nasik Cave Inscription of Balasiri.
 (5) Junagadh Rock Inscription of Rudradaman.
 (6) Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudragupta.
 (7) Junagadh Rock Inscription of Skandagupta (8) Mandasor Inscription of Yasodharman. (9) Manakali Copperplate grant of Madanapala. (10) Madanpara Inscription of Visvarupasena. (11) Belava Copperplate grant of Bhojavarman.

Bühler's Indische Paleographic (transl. in Indian Antiquary).

A knowledge of Manuscript-reading will be required.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| (g) <i>Epic and Purana</i> | } Detailed Syllabus to be supplied
if there is any candidate. |
| (h) <i>Sanskrit Grammar</i> | |

Paper V.—(a) *Essay.*

(b) *Unseen from Sanskrit and Prakrit, and Translation.*

The Special Subject is to be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department. In these two papers, a general and historical knowledge of the subject (as indicated in the books recommended), as well as a critical study of the special texts will be required. In each Session, choice will be allowed only out of two of the groups.

Candidates will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general history of Sanskrit literature and of the outstanding works and authors, as well as of the prescribed texts.

There will be a *visa voce* examination. No fixed number of marks is assigned to this test, but it may be used as a guide to classifying the candidates.

II. SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

BENGALI PASS FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

(Compulsory for all Candidates taking B.A. Pass Course).

One Paper only.

(a) *Texts :*

Risa-briksa.

Chayanika.

Bisarjan.

Adhunik Sahitya (Tagore).

(b) *Essay, Translation and Composition.*

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS FOR 1928 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *eight* papers on the subject of the Honours Course, as detailed below, and *two* papers on each of two subsidiary subjects to be selected with the approval of the Head of Department of Sanskrit and Bengali.

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama, Poetry and Prose.

Uttara-rama-carita.
Svapna-vasavadatta.
Kiratarjuniya XI-XII.
Kadambari, katha-mukha only.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Grammar and History of Sanskrit Literature.

No text-books prescribed, but the following books are recommended for critical study:—

Kale's Higher Sanskrit Grammar.
Macdonell's History of Sanskrit Literature.

Paper III.—Elements of Prakrit and Pali with a general knowledge of Comparative Philology.

The same as for Sanskrit Honours, Paper IV.

Paper IV.—History of Bengali Literature.

No text-books prescribed; but the following books are recommended:—

Dinesh Chandra Sen's Banga-bhasa O Sahitya.
Sushil Kumar De's Bengali Literature in the 19th Century.
Article on Bengali Literature in the Bisva-kosa.

Paper V.—Old Bengali.

Bauddha-gan O Doha (the Dohas of Kahnupada and Bhusuku).
Srikrishna-kirtan, pp. 1-11, 293-398.
Manik Ganguli's Dharma-mangal.

Paper VI.—Middle Bengali.

Aprakasita-pada-ratnabali, ed. Satish Chandra Ray.
Kabikankan-Chandi.
Goraksa-bijay.

Paper VII.—Modern Bengali.

Meghnad-badh.
Bisa-briksa.
Nil-darpan.
Chayanjika.
Bisarjan.
Pancha-bhuti.

Paper VIII.—(a) Essay.

(b) *Unseen, to be selected from Sanskrit, Prakrit and Bengali.*

There will also be a *viva voce* examination, which will not carry any fixed number of marks, but which may be used as an aid in placing the candidates in the class-list.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION FOR 1926 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *three* papers of the B.A. Honours standard :—

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama, Poetry and Prose.

The same as for Honours Paper I.

Paper II.—History of Sanskrit and of Bengali Literature.

Books recommended :—

Macdonell's Sanskrit Literature.
Dinesh Chandra Sen's Banga-bhasa O Sahitya.

Paper III.—Elements of Prakrit and Pali, with general knowledge of Comparative Philology.

The same as for Honours Paper III.

FINAL M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *five* papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Committee of Courses and Studies in lieu of *three* Papers to be determined in each case by the same Committee. Such candidates will also have *one* Paper on the Special Subject of his dissertation.

Paper I.—Vedic Sanskrit.

Macdonell's Vedic Reader, (omitting hymns ii 33, 75 : iv 50 : v 83 : vi 54 : vii 49, 61 : x 15, 127, 168).
Macdonell's Vedic Grammar for Students.

Paper II.—History of Bengali Language and Literature.

Suniti Kumar Chatterji's Origin and Development of the Bengali Language.

Grierson's Linguistic Survey, Vol. V, Pt. I.

Grierson on Bengali, Bihari and Hindostani in Encycl. Britt, 11th ed., and on the Phonology of Indo-Aryan Vernaculars in ZDMG xlix pp. 393-421, 1 p. 1-42.

No Text-books on the History of Literature prescribed : but some direct acquaintance with the outstanding authors and works will be required.

Paper III.—Old and Middle Bengali.

Bauddha-gan O Doha, omitting the pieces of Kahnupada and Bhusuku.

Sunya-puran.

Chaitanya-charitamrita, adi-lila chs. 1-5, 7, 13, 17 ; madhya-lila chs. 1, 6, 8, 19, 20, 24, 25 ; antya-lila chs. 3, 4, 11, 14, 20.

Bidyapati's Padabali, ed. Sahitya-parisat, pp. 373-474 (Nos. 616-793).

Banga-sahitya-parichay, Vol. I, pp. 172-299 (Manasa-mangal).

Paper IV.—A Special Period of Modern Bengali Literature.

Period Prescribed : Bengali Poetry from A.D. 1860-1890 with a special reference to the works of Michael Madhusudan, Hemchandra, Nabinchandra, and Biharilal.

Paper V.—(a) Essay.

(b) *Unseen from Sanskrit and Bengali.*

Candidates will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general literary history involved, and of the important works and authors, as well as of the prescribed texts.

There will be a *viva voce* examination, which will not carry any fixed number of marks but which may be used as a guide in classifying the candidates.

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH. *

B.A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS OF 1927 AND AFTER.

Three Papers.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—19th Century Poetry.

Palgrave's "Golden Treasury" (Oxford), Book IV.

Browning—Pippa Passes.

Tennyson—Lancelot and Elaine (from *The Idylls of the King*).*Paper II.—Shakespeare.*

As you like it.

Macbeth.

*Paper III.—(a) 19th Century Prose, and (b) an Essay.**

"Essays in Modern English" (Oxford University Press, 1920), Ed. by Page and Rien.

R. L. Stevenson ... *Virginibus Puerisque*. (Chatto and Windus.)

*Note.—Candidates for the ordinary degree will be expected to show only such general knowledge of the periods or authors they offer as will suffice to relate their prescribed texts to the general literary history involved.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS.

Eight papers on the subject of the Honours course, and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects allowed.)

(a) English History.

(b) Bengali Literature, or (for candidates whose vernacular is not Bengali) the literature of an approved vernacular, or (for candidates whose vernacular is English) either French or Latin.†

*Candidates are expected to spend half the time in paper 3 on the essay.

†Syllabuses of subsidiary subjects may be had from the teachers.

B.A. (HONOURS) EXAMINATIONS OF 1928 AND AFTER.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—Elements of Old English Language and Literature.

- Wyatt ... Anglo-Saxon Reader (Cambridge, 1919), selections Nos. I, XII, XXIV and XXVI.

Books recommended:—

- Wright ... An Elementary Old English Grammar (Oxford, 1923).
 Wardale ... Old English Grammar (Methuen).
 Wyld ... Short History of English (Murray).
 Kellner ... Historical Outlines of English Accidence (Macmillan).

Paper II.—Elements of Middle English Language and Literature.

- Sweet ... First Middle English Primer (Oxford).
 Sisam (editor) ... Havelok the Dane (Oxford).
 Chaucer ... Prologue to the Canterbury Tales, the Nun's Priest's Tale.
 Langland ... Piers Plowman, Prologue only (B. Text).

Paper III.—Elizabethan Drama, with special reference to Shakespeare.

- Marlowe ... Faustus.
 Shakespeare ... Much Ado About Nothing; King Lear.
 Ben Jonson ... Every Man in his Humour.
 Webster ... The Duchess of Malfi.

Paper IV.—Elizabethan and 17th Century Literature.

- Spenser ... Faerie Queene, Book I.
 Milton ... Paradise Lost, Book IV.
 Palgrave ... "Golden Treasury", Books I and II (Oxford).
 Sir Thomas Browne ... Religio Medici.
 Dryden ... Essay of Dramatic Poesy.

Paper V.—18th Century Literature.

- Pope ... Rape of the Lock.

Selections in Ward's English Poets from the following poets:—

Pope, Thomson, Gray, Collins, Burns, Blake.	
Swift	... Tale of a Tub.
Addison and Steele	... Coverley Papers (Clarendon Press).
Fielding	... Tom Jones.
Sheridan	... The Rivals.

Paper VI.—Literature from 1800 to 1832.

Wordsworth	... Selections in Matthew Arnold's edition.
Coleridge	... The Golden Book of Coleridge, ed. Stopford Brooke, omitting the "Occasional and narrative poems" (Everyman Library).
Shelley	... Prometheus Unbound.
Byron	... Childe Harold's Pilgrimage, Book IV.
Keats	... Odes.
Lamb	... Selections in the Oxford edition (ed. Gordon).
Jane Austen	... Pride and Prejudice.

Paper VII.—Literature from 1832 to 1914.

Tennyson	... In Memoriam.
Browning	... Selections, ed. W. Young (Cambridge University).
Ward's English Poets,	Vol. V (the whole).
Matthew Arnold	... Essays, 2nd series.
Pater	... Appreciations.

Paper VIII.—An Essay.

NOTE.—Candidates for the Degree with Honours will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general history of English Literature, and of the outstanding authors, as well as of the prescribed texts. Every candidate will be examined *viva voce*. No fixed number of marks is assigned to the *viva voce* examination, but it may be used by the examiners as a guide in classifying the candidates.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATIONS FOR 1926 AND AFTER.

Three Papers.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—Chaucer and his Contemporaries.

Chaucer	... Prologue to The Canterbury Tales; Parlement of Feukes.
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Langland ... *Piers Plowman*, Prologue and Passus
I to III (B text).
The Pearl.

Paper II.—Literature from 1800 to 1832.

The same as for B.A. (Honours), *Paper VI.*

Paper III.—Elizabethan Drama, with special reference to Shakespeare.

The same as for B.A. (Honours), *Paper III.*

FINAL M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS IN 1927 AND AFTER.

The examination will consist of *five* papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Committee of Courses of Study, in lieu of *two* of these, such dissertation carrying 200 marks.

All candidates will, in addition to their written work, be examined, *viva voce*. This *viva voce* test will not carry any fixed number of marks, but may be used by the examiners as an aid in placing the candidates in the class lists.

Candidates may, with the approval of the head of the department, select *either* of the following alternative courses, according to whether they wish to make the language or the literature the main subject of their study.

GROUP A.

Paper I.—The History of English Literature from its origins to 1700.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper II.—The History of English Literature from 1700 to 1914.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper III. } —A special subject selected by the candidate from
Paper IV. } the following list :—

- (a) Literary Criticism.
- (b) The Scottish Chaucerians.
- (c) Elizabethan Tragedy.
- (d) The 18th Century Novel (1740 to 1780).

- (e) The Romantic Revival.
- (f) The Victorian Novel (1850 to 1890).
- (g) Victorian Poetry (1850 to 1888).

No texts are prescribed for this special subject.

Paper V.—An Essay.†

GROUP B.

(Texts prescribed.)

Paper I.—Gothic, and the outlines of Germanic Philology.

- | | |
|--------|--|
| Wright | ... Gothic Grammar and selections (Oxford, 1917), with a special study of St. Mark's Gospel, chapters I to VI inclusive. |
|--------|--|

Paper II.—Old English Language and Literature.

- | | |
|-------|---|
| Wyatt | ... Anglo-Saxon Reader (Cambridge, 1910), selections Nos. 1 to III inclusive, VII, VIII, X to XII inclusive, and XVIII to XXXV inclusive. |
|-------|---|

Paper III.—Middle English Language and Literature.

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| Gollancz (editor) | ... Sir Gawayne and The Green Knight (Oxford.) |
| Sisam | ... 14th Century Verse and Prose (Oxford, 1921), selections Nos. I to V inclusive; IX, X, XV and XVII. |

Paper IV.—History of the English Language.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper V.—An Essay.‡

*The dissertation is to be offered in place of the special subject on Papers 3 and 4.

†The dissertation is to be offered in lieu of any two of the above, and to carry 200 marks.

‡Candidates presenting a dissertation will take a special paper on the subject of their dissertation instead of Paper V.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY.

HISTORY FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

(Examinations to be held in 1927.)

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—History of India.*

Text-book prescribed :—

V. A. Smith ... Oxford History of India.

Paper II.—History of England from 1485-1914.

Text-book prescribed :—

Green ... A short History of the English
People (abridged and latest edition).*Paper III.—Modern History from 1815-1914.*

Text-book prescribed :—

C. D. Hazen ... Modern European History.

(Candidates must possess a general knowledge of the History of Japan and the United States in the Nineteenth Century. No text-books are prescribed but a detailed syllabus with full reference to authorities will be supplied by the teacher.)

[Books recommended as in the Honours School.]

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN HISTORY.

(Examinations for 1928.)

Paper I.—The History of India to 1200 A.D. with special reference to Bengal.

Text-books prescribed :—

Cambridge History of India, Vol. I, pp. 77-226.

V. A. Smith ... Early History of India.

Rama Prasad Chanda Gauda Rajamala.

Books recommended :—

G. J. Dubreuil ... Ancient History of the Deccan.

Megasthenes ... Indica.

Barnett	...	Indian Antiquities.
Rhys Davids	...	Buddhist India.
Kaegi	...	Rigveda.
R. D. Banerji	...	Banglar Itihash.
R. G. Bhandarkar	...	Early History of the Deccan.
P. T. S. Iyengar	...	Life in Ancient India.
Fick	...	Social Life in North-Eastern India as depicted in the Jatakas (translated for the Calcutta Uni- versity).

Paper II.—The History of India from 1200 A.D.

Text-books prescribed :—

V. A. Smith	...	Oxford History of India, Books IV-IX
Elphinstone	...	History of India (omitting the Hindu Period).
P. E. Roberts	...	Short History of the British.

Books recommended :—

Elliot and Dowson	...	History of India as told by its own Historians.
V. A. Smith	...	Akbar.
J. N. Sarkar	...	Aurangzeb.
Seely	...	Expansion of England.
Ramsay Muir	...	Making of British India.
Sir John Strachey	...	Indian Administration.
Lyaill	...	Development of British Dominions in India.
Rulers of India Series—	...	Haidar Ali, Mahdaji Sindhia.
Malleson	...	Fifteen Decisive Battles.
Cunningham	...	History of the Sikhs.
Grant Duff	...	History of the Mahrattas (revised edition).
G. Forest	...	Clive.
J. N. Sarkar	...	Shivaji and His Times.

Paper III.—Political History of England (including the Colonies) from 1714 to 1914.

Text-books prescribed :—

Grant Robertson	...	England under the Hanoverians.
J. A. R. Marriott	...	England since Waterloo.
Egerton	...	Rise and Growth of British Colonies.

Books recommended :—

Political History of England, Vols. XI-XII.

Mahan ... Influence of Sea Power upon History.

Walpole ... History of England.

Herbert Paul ... History of Modern England.

A. Toynbee ... Industrial Revolution.

T. W. Tickner ... A Social and Industrial History of England.

Paper IV.—Constitutional History of England (including the Colonies) from 1485 to 1911.

Text-books prescribed :—

Hallam ... The Constitutional History of England.

Erskine May ... The Constitutional History of England since the accession of George III (edited and continued to 1911 by F. Holland).

J. A. R. Marriott ... English Political Institutions.

A. B. Keith ... Responsible Government in the Dominions.

Books recommended :—

Medley ... The Constitutional History of England.

Maitland ... Constitutional History of England.

Prothero ... Select Statutes and other Constitutional Documents.

Cardiner ... Constitutional Documents of the Puritan Revolution.

Robertson ... Select Statutes, cases and documents.

Paper V.—History of Greece (479-404 B. C.) and History of Rome (264-146 B. C.).

Text-books prescribed :—

A. F. Holme ... History of Greece.

J. B. Bury ... History of Greece.

W. W. How and Leigh ... History of Rome.

Shuckburgh ... History of Rome.

Books recommended :—

Grote	...	History of Greece.
Zimmern	...	The Greek Commonwealth.
Greenidge	...	Roman Public Life.
F. F. Abbott	...	Society and Politics in Ancient Rome.
Mommsen's History of Rome	...	Translated by W. P. Dickson.
Greenidge	...	Greek Constitutional History.

Paper VI.—Middle Ages in Europe.

Text-books prescribed :—

Duruy	...	Middle Ages (translated by Whitney).
Myers	...	The Middle Ages.
Draper	...	The Intellectual Development in Europe.

Books recommended :—

Bryce	...	Holy Roman Empire.
Hallam	...	Middle Ages in Europe.
A. L. Smith	...	Church and State in the Middle Ages.
Oman	...	Dark Ages.
Tout	...	Empire and the Papacy.
Adams	...	Civilization during the Middle Ages.
Cambridge Mediæval History.		

Paper VII.—History of Europe from the fall of Constantinople to the Treaty of Vienna (1815).

Text-books prescribed :—

Hassall	...	The Balance of Power.
Morse Stephens	...	Revolutionary Europe.
Lodge	...	Modern Europe.

Paper VIII.—Modern History from the Treaty of Vienna to the outbreak of the Great European War.

Text-books prescribed :—

C. D. Hazen	...	Europe since 1815.
Marriott	...	Eastern Question.

- Edward Channing ... A Student's History of the United States.
 Porter ... Japan, the rise of a Modern Power.

Books recommended (Papers VII-VIII):—

Cambridge Modern History.

- Mahan ... Influence of Sea Power upon History.
 Hawkesworth ... The Last Century in Europe.
 Pollard ... Factors in Modern History.
 Acton ... Lectures on Modern History.
 Makers of Modern Europe Series—Cavour, Bismarck.
 Wakeman ... Ascendancy of France.
 Johnson ... Europe in the sixteenth Century.
 Ramsay Muir ... Philip's New Historical Atlas for Students.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION (1926).

A.—For students who have taken the ordinary degree.

Papers IV, V and VI of the Honours School.

B.—For Honours students of other Universities.

Papers IV and VIII of the Honours School and a paper on History of India corresponding to Honours Papers I and II.

THE FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION.

(Examinations for 1927).

Paper I.—Principles of International Law.

Books recommended:—

1. Hall ... International Law.
2. Nippold ... Development of International Law after the War.
3. Pitt Cobbett ... Leading Cases in International Law.
4. Lawrence ... Documents illustrative of International Law.
5. John Walker ... State Morality and League of Nations.

Paper II.—Either (a) History of the Ancient East, or (b) History of the Abbasside Caliphs.

Books recommended:—

- (a) Breasted ... History of Egypt.

Jastrow	...	Civilisation of Babylonia and Assyria (omitting the first two chapters).
Rogers	...	History of Babylonia and Assyria.
Breasted	...	Development of Religion and Thought in Ancient Egypt.
Hirth	...	Ancient History of China.
(b) Margoliouth	...	History of the Abbasside Caliphs.
Amcer Ali	...	History of the Saracens.
Von Kromer	...	Islamic Civilisation (translated by S. Khuda Bukhsh).
Muir	...	History of the Caliphate.
S. Khuda Bukhsh	...	History of the Islamic People.

Papers III-IV.—Select period of Indian History (students must select one of the following).

(A.—Ancient period.)

Text-books prescribed :—

- Cambridge History of India, Vol. I (omitting pages 1-225).
- Artha Sastra of Kautilya. Translated into English by R. Shamasastri, pages 1-188, 207-336.
- Published Inscriptions of the Guptas.
- Published Inscriptions relating to the History of Bengal up to 1200 A.D.
- V. A. Smith—Fine Art in India and Ceylon, Chapters I-VI.

[N.B.—Candidates must possess a general knowledge of Indian Paleography. No examination will be held on the subject, but no candidate will be allowed to appear in the examination without a certificate from the head of the department testifying to his proficiency in the subject.]

Books recommended :—

- Dr. H. C. Ray Chaudhury ... Political History of Ancient India.
- Rapson ... Indian Coins.
- Ayyangar, S. K. ... Beginnings of South Indian History.
- B. K. Sarkar ... Political Institutions and Theories of the Hindus.
- Cunningham ... Ancient Geography of India (Edited by S. N. Majumdar).
- R. D. Banerji ... Banglar Itikash, Vol. I.

(B.—Mughal period.)

Text-books prescribed :—

Erskine and Leyden	Babar Namah (edited by King).
Blochmann	... Ain-i-Akbari (Selected portions).
Kanungo	... Sher Shah.
V. A. Smith	... Akbar.
Beni Prasad	... Jahangir.
J. N. Sarkar	... Aurangzeb.
J. N. Sarkar	... Mughal Administration.

[Candidates must possess a general knowledge of the history of Art and Architecture of the Mughal period.]

Books recommended :—

Beveridge	... Humayunnamah of Gulbadan Begum.
Al Badaoni	... Selected Chapters and Vol. II.
Rogers	... Tuzk-i-Jehangiri.
Elliott and Dowson	... History of India, Vols. IV-VI.
Rushbrook Williams	... Empire Builders of the 16th Century.
Stewart	... Jowhar's Humayun.
Beveridge	... Akbar Nama.
Narendra Law	... Promotion of Learning in India during Mahomedan Rule.
Morceland	... Economic condition of India up to the Death of Aurangzeb, 2 Vols.

Paper V.—Select topics of current history.

(A number of important topics will be selected from year to year by the Committee of Courses and Studies for History. Candidates will be examined by means of an Essay carrying 70 marks and a *viva voce* examination carrying 30 marks.)

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY.

PHILOSOPHY FOR ORDINARY DEGREE.

(Examination to be held in 1927.)

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—Problems of Philosophy.*

Study of the more important metaphysical problems arising from the experience of nature, life and mind. Comparison of answers to these problems with characteristic solutions in Indian thought.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Descartes' Method.
2. Locke's Essay on the Human Understanding: Book I, Chapter I; and Book II, Chapter II.

Paper II.—Ethics.

Explanation of the nature of the study. Introductory discussion of chief problems. Evolution of ethical ideas.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Bhagavadgita.
2. Mills' Utilitarianism.
3. Leading problems of the ethics of Islam (from Texts to be selected).

(The subject will be studied with special reference to the prescribed texts.)

Paper III.—Psychology.

Study of general problems.

Prescribed Text :—

Stout's Manual of Psychology.

HONOURS SCHOOL, IN PHILOSOPHY. . . .

(Examination for 1928.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

Paper 1.—Either (a) Upanishads.

General and historical introduction. Special study of selected texts of the Upanishads. Study of the systematic philosophy arising therefrom.

Prescribed Texts :—

- (a) Upanishads ... Svetasvatara.
Chhandogya.
Brihadaranyaka.
(b) Vedānta Sūtras, with commentaries (Sārīraka—'Sri—
and Anu-Bhāsyas), (Selections).
(Or
(c) Introduction to Islamic Thought.

The social and political conditions under which Philosophy and Science developed in Islam. Origin and development of the various Theological and Philosophical schools, and a comparative study of the important problems raised by them.

Books recommended :—

Arabic Thought.

D. L. O'Leary

Or History of Philosophy in Islam. De Boer

Paper II.—Either (a) Indian Metaphysics.

Outlines of Indian Philosophical systems.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Iswara Krishna's Sankhya Karika.
2. Nyaya Kusumanjali.

Or (b) Islamic Metaphysics.

Critical and advanced study of M'utazillaism and Asharism.

Books recommended :—

1. Macdonald ... Muslim Theology.
2. Bogdadi ... Fark bair at Firak.

Paper III.—Historical Introduction to Western Thought.

The study to be developed around important problems as they appear in the various systems up to the time of Kant. A detailed knowledge of the system of Plotinus.

Paper IV.—Metaphysics (Western).

A careful study will be made of the metaphysical problems which are discussed in the prescribed texts and the development of thought within the periods from which they are selected.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Plato's Republic, Books V-X.
2. Hume's Inquiry.
3. Descartes' Method and Meditations.
4. Kant's Prolegomena.

Paper V.—Ethics.

Explanation of the nature of the study. Introductory discussion of chief problems. Evolution of ethical ideas.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Bhagavadgita ; or Ethics of Islam from texts to be selected.
2. Plato's Republic, Books I—IV.
3. Mill's Utilitarianism.
4. Kant's Foundations of the Metaphysics of Ethics.

The subject will be studied with special reference to the prescribed texts.

Paper VI.—Psychology.

Introductory study of general problems. Modern developments in psychology. Practical demonstrations.

Books recommended :—

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|--------------|-----|--|
| 1. Stout | ... | Manual of Psychology. |
| 2. Wundt | ... | Lectures on Human and Animal Psychology. |
| 3. Titchener | ... | Text-Book of Psychology. |
| 4. Hart | ... | Psychology of Insanity. |

Paper VII.—Logic.

Development of the conception of Logical Science and advanced study of important logical problems.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Joseph's Introduction to Logic.
2. Bosanquet's Implication and Linear Inference.
3. Schiller's Formal Logic.

Paper VIII.—Essay and Current Philosophical Tendencies.

Pragmatism and the systems of Croce and Bergson.

MASTER OF ARTS.

(Preliminary Examination to be held in 1926.)

GROUPS A. & B.

Paper I.—Either (a) Upanishads.

General and historical introduction. Special study of selected texts of the Upanishads. Study of the systematic philosophy arising therefrom.

Prescribed Texts :—

(a) Upanishads ... Svetásvatara, Chhândogya, Brihad-
âranyaka.

(b) Vedanta Sutras, with commentaries. (Sariraka—, Sri—,
and Anu-Bhasyas), (Selections).

Or

(b) *Introduction to Islamic Thought.*

Origin and development of the various Philosophical and Theological schools in Islam, with special reference to M'utazillism and Asharism.

Books recommended :—

1. Al-Bogdadi ... Fark bain at Firak.
 2. Macdonald ... Muslim Theology.
 3. D. L. O'Leary ... Arabic Thought.
- Or De Boer ... History of Philosophy in Islam.

Paper II.—History of Western Philosophy.

Chief problems discussed historically up to Kant. A detailed knowledge of the system of Plotinus.

Paper III.—Metaphysics.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Plato's Republic (Books V—X).
2. Kant's Prolegomena.

(Final Examination to be held in 1927!)

GROUP A.

Five Papers.

Paper I.—Either (a) Indian Metaphysics.

Outlines of Indian Philosophical Systems.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Iswara Krishna's Sankhya-Karika.
2. Nyaya-Kusumanjali.

Or (b) *Metaphysics in Islam*.

Detailed study of the origin, history and chief doctrines of Sufism.

Books recommended :—

1. Kashf-al-Mahjub (Translated by Nicholson).
2. Development of Metaphysics in Persia (Iqbal).

Paper II.—Metaphysics—Western.

- (a) Post-Kantian Thought.
- (b) Current Philosophical Tendencies : Realism.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. James ... Pragmatism.
2. Bergson ... Creative Evolution.

Paper III.—Ethics and Sociology.

(a) *Ethics*.—An advanced study of the leading problems with special reference to Indian Thought. These problems will be treated with special reference to the prescribed texts. Comparative study of Christian and non-Christian ethical ideals.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Bhagavadgita ; or Ethics of Islam.
2. Aristotle's Ethics.
3. Kant's Foundations of the Metaphysic of Ethics.

(b) *Sociology*.—History of the science ; Origin and nature of society ; Functions and organs of society ; Psychology of association ; Sociology and Ethics.

Books recommended :—

1. Fairbanks ... Introduction to Sociology.
2. Hayes ... Sociology and Ethics.

Paper IV.—Psychology.

Modern treatment of General Problems with experimental work.

Books recommended :—

1. Robinson and Readings in General Psychology.
 Robinson ...
2. James ... Principles of Psychology.
3. Angell ... Chapters from Modern Psychology.
4. Titchener ... Experimental Psychology: Students'
 Manual—Qualitative.

Paper V.—Logic.

Development of the conception of Logical Science and advanced study of important logical problems.

Prescribed Texts :—

1. Joseph's Introduction to Logic.
2. Bosanquet's Implication and Linear Inference.
3. Schiller's Formal Logic.

Paper VI.—Philosophy of Religion.

— Comparative study of the origin and development of religious ideas and institutions. Discussion of important problems as they appear in the principal religions in ancient and modern India, and a treatment of metaphysical problems arising out of religious experience.

Books recommended :—

1. Ward ... Realm of Ends.
2. James ... Varieties of Religious Experience.
3. Pringle-Pattison Idea of God.

NOTE.—Papers I and II are compulsory for all students, and three must be selected from Papers III to VI.

GROUP B.

Five Papers (including one Practical).

Paper I.—Either—

(a) Indian Metaphysics.

Or

(b) Metaphysics in Islam.

Same as for Group A.

Paper II.—Metaphysics (Western).

- (a) Post-Kantian Thought and
- (b) Current Philosophical Tendencies.

Same as for Group A.

Paper III.—Psychology: General and Experimental.

Books recommended:—

1. Robinson and Robinson ... Readings in General Psychology.
2. James ... Principles of Psychology.
3. Külpe ... Outlines of Psychology.
4. Myers ... Text-Book of Experimental Psychology, Volume I.

Paper IV.—Psychology: Physiological and Abnormal.

Books recommended:—

1. Ladd and Woodworth ... Elements of Physiological Psychology.
2. Lickley ... Nervous System.
3. Wundt ... Principles of Physiological Psychology (Selected portions).
4. Tansley ... New Psychology and its relation to life.
5. Freud ... A General Introduction to Psychoanalysis.

Paper V.—Practical.

The Laboratory course shall include experiments on Sensation, Perception (including Space- and Time-Perception), Imagination, Memory, Association, Attention, Feeling, Reaction and Fatigue.

Books recommended:—

- Titchener ... Experimental Psychology: Students' Manual—Qualitative and Quantitative.
- Myers ... Text-Book of Experimental Psychology, Volume II.

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS.

ECONOMICS FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

(Examination to be held in 1927.)

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—General Principles of Economics—Two papers.*

Books prescribed :—

Gide	...	Principles of Economics (Row's translation).
Marshall	...	Economics of Industry.

Books for reference :—

Seligman	...	Economics of Industry.
Clay	...	Economics for the General Reader.
Sykes	...	Banking and Currency (latest edition).
Dunbar	...	The Theory and History of Banking (4th edition), Chapters 1 to 7.
Armitage-Smith	...	The Principles and Methods of Taxation.

Paper II.—Indian Economics—One paper.

Books prescribed :—

P. Banerjee	...	Introduction to Indian Economics.
Keynes	...	Indian Currency and Finance.
Panandikar	...	Economic Consequences of the War for India.
P. Mukherjee	...	The Co-operative Movement in India.

The Report of the Indian Industrial Commission (omitting Chapters IX, XI, XXI and XXII).

Mackenna	...	Agriculture in India.
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Books for reference :—

The Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission.

Jack	...	Economic Life of a Bengal District.
Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking.
Baden-Powell	...	Land Revenue Administration in British India.
H. S. Jevons	...	Money, Banking and Exchange in India.

Annual Report of the Moral and Material Progress in India
(latest issue).

POLITICS FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE.

(Examination to be held in 1927.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—General Principles of Political Science.

Paper II.—Outlines of the present Constitutions of the United Kingdom, France, the United States and British Self-Governing Dominions (Canada, Australia, South Africa).

Paper III.—Indian Administration.

List of Text-books :—

I.

Garner	...	Introduction to Political Science.
W. Wilson	...	The State (Ch. I-V, XXI, XXII).

Books for reference :—

Leacock	...	Elements of Political Science.
Gettell	...	Introduction to Political Science.
Willoughby	...	The Nature of the State.

• • II.

W. Wilson	...	The State.
Keith	...	Responsible Government in the Dominions.
Lowell	...	Greater European Governments.

Books for reference :—

Egerton	...	Federations and Unions within the British Empire.
Sidney Low	...	The Governance of England.
Marriott	...	English Political Institutions.

III:

A. Rangaswamy	•	
Ayengar	...	Indian Constitution.
Mr. Montagu and Lord Chelmsford		Report on Indian Constitutional Reforms. The Bengal Legislative Council Manual, 1923. Manuals of Business and Procedure of Legislative Assembly and Council of State.

Books for reference :—

Ilbert	...	The Government of India.
Imperial Gazetteer of India	Vol. IV.	
P. Mukherjee	...	(1) Constitutional Documents, Vols. I and II.
		(2) The Indian Constitution.
Horne	...	The Political System of British India.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ECONOMICS.

(Examination for 1928.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects for 1927.)

- (1) Politics.
- (2) History or Mathematics or English.

Papers I and II.—Principles of Economics.

Books prescribed :—

Taussig's Principles of Economics, 2 vols.
Marshall's Principles of Economics.

Books for reference :—

Cannan	...	Wealth.
Pierson	...	Principles of Economics (selected chapters), 2 vols.
Carver	...	Distribution of Wealth.
Marshall	...	Industry and Trade.
Henderson	...	Supply and Demand.
Robertson	...	The Control of Industry.

Paper III.—Indian Economics.

Books prescribed :—

Keynes	...	Indian Currency and Finance.
Panandikar	...	Economic Consequences of the War for India.
H. S. Jevons	...	Money, Banking and Exchange in India.

Reports of the Currency Committees, 1898, 1913, 1919.

Report of the Indian Industrial Commission, 1916-18 (omitting Chapters IX, XI, XXI and XXIII).

Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission.

Wolff ... The Co-operative Movement in India.

Baden-Powell ... Land Revenue Administration in British India.

Loveday ... History and Economics of Indian Famines.

S. C. Ghosh ... Lectures on Indian Railway Economics (Parts I and III)

Books for reference :—

Coyajee ... Indian Fiscal Problem.

Report of the East Indian Railway Committee, 1920-21 (Acworth Report).

Shirras ... Indian Finance and Banking.

H. S. Jevons ... The Future of Exchange and Indian Currency.

Annual Review of the Trade of India (latest issue.)

Report of the Controller of Currency in India (latest issue).

Annual Report on the British Trade in India by the Department of Overseas Trade (latest issue).

Paper IV.—Public Finance.

Books prescribed :—

Adams ... Science of Public Finance.

Wattal ... Financial Administration in India.

Books for reference :—

Bastable ... Public Finance.

Seligman ... Essays in Taxation.

Sir Josiah Stamp ... Fundamental Principles of Taxation.

Bullock ... Selected Readings in Public Finance.

Shirras ... The Science of Public Finance.

Vakil ... Financial Developments in Modern India, 1860-1924.

Shah and Khambata ... The Wealth and Taxable Capacity of India.

Paper V.—Modern Economic History of England and India.

Books prescribed :—

Meredith	... Economic History of England. (Book IV only).
Knowles	... Industrial and Commercial Revolu- tions in Great Britain.
Knowles	... Economic Development of the British Overseas Empire, Book II, Part II.
Ascoli	... Early Revenue History of Bengal and the Fifth Report.
R. C. Dutt	... India in the Victorian Age.
Shirras	... Indian Finance and Banking. (Historical portion).
Broughton	... Labour in Indian Industries.
Cotton	... Handbook of Commercial Informa- tion for India.
Joshi	... Indian Export Trade.

Books for reference :—

Cunningham	... Growth of English Industry and Commerce. Modern Times, Part II (Laissez Faire).
Dutt	... India under the Early British Rule.
Hamilton	... The Trade Relations between England and India (1600-1896).
Imperial Gazetteer, Volume III.	

Paper VI.—Currency and Banking.

Books prescribed :—

Fisher	... Purchasing power of Money.
Conant	... Principles of Money and Banking, 2 volumes.
Withers	... Meaning of Money.

Books for reference :—

Scott	... Principles of Money and Banking.
Withers	... Stocks and Shares.
Layton	... Introduction to the Study of Prices.
Hirst	... Stock Exchange.
Spalding	... London Money Market.

Paper VII.—International Trade.

Books prescribed :—

Bastable	...	Theory of International Trade.
Brown	...	International Trade and Exchanges.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills.
Gregory	...	Foreign Exchange, Before, During and After the War.

Books for reference :—

Marshall	...	Money, Credit and Commerce.
Taussig	...	Selected Readings in International Trade and Tariff Problems.
Stephenson	...	Principles and Practice of Commerce.
Spalding	...	Eastern Exchanges.
Coyajee	...	Indian Fiscal Problem.

*Paper VIII.—Essay—On questions of current economic interest
with special reference to India.*

Candidates will be expected to have a general knowledge of
current economic problems.

M.A. DEGREE.

(Preliminary M.A. Examination to be held in 1926.)

Paper I.—Principles of Economics.

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the B.A. Honours.

*Paper II.—Either (a) Public Finance or (b) Modern Economic
History of England and India.*

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the B.A. Honours.

*Paper III.—Either (a) Currency and Banking or (b) Inter-
national Trade.*

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the B.A. Honours.

(Final M.A. Examination to be held in 1927.)

I.—General Principles of Economics—One Paper.

Books prescribed :—

Marshall	...	Principles of Economics.
Marshall	...	Industry and Trade.
Carver	...	Distribution of Wealth.

Books for reference :—

Pigou	...	Economics of Welfare.
Clark	...	Distribution of Wealth.

II.—History of Economic Thought—One Paper.

Books prescribed :—

Gide and Rist	...	History of Economic Doctrines.
Hancu	...	History of Economic Thought.

Books for reference :—

Cannan	...	Theories of Production and Distribution.
Price	...	Political Economy in England.
Ingram	...	History of Political Economy.
Kirkup	...	History of Socialism.

III & IV.—Special subject—Two Papers.

One subject to be selected from the following :—

- (a) The History, Theory and Present System of Currency and Banking.
- (b) The History, Theory and Present Organization of International Trade.
- (c) The History, Theory and Present Organization of Industry.

(a) Books recommended for the special papers in Currency and Banking :—

Fisher	...	The Purchasing Power of Money.
Conant	...	The Principles of Money and Banking, 2 Vols.
Cassel	...	Money and Foreign Exchange After 1914.
Keynes	...	A Tract on Monetary Reform.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice.

Report of the Committee on Currency and Foreign Exchanges After the War (Cunliffe Report).

Agger	...	Organised Banking.
Dutbar	...	The Theory and History of Banking (4th edition).
Andreades	...	History of the Bank of England.
Withers	...	Meaning of Money.
Conant	...	A History of Modern Banks of Issue. (Selected chapters).
Withers	...	Stocks and Shares.
Burton	...	Crises and Depressions.
Kemmerer	...	A. B. C. of the Federal Reserve System.
Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking.

Reports of the Chamberlain Commission and of the Babington Smith Committee.

Post-War Annual Reports of the Controller of Currency in India.

(b) Books recommended for the special papers in International Trade:—

Marshall	...	Money, Credit and Commerce.
Brown	...	International Trade and Exchange.
Taussig	...	Selected Readings in International Trade and Tariffs.
Pigou	...	Protective and Preferential Import Duties.
Bowley	...	England's Foreign Trade in the Nineteenth Century.
Stephenson	...	The Principles and Practice of Commerce (selected chapters).
Grunzel	...	Economic Protectionism.
Taussig	...	Tariff History of the United States.
Taussig	...	Some Aspects of the Tariff Question.
P. Ashly	...	Modern Tariff History.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice.
Coyajee	...	Indian Fiscal Problem.
N. J. Shah	...	History of Indian Tariffs. Annual Review of the Trade of India (latest issue.)

V.—*Essay—One paper on questions of current economic interest.*

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.

MATHEMATICS FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. AND B.Sc. DEGREES.

(Examinations to be held in 1926 and 1927.)

Three Papers.

1. Plane Trigonometry and Co-ordinate Geometry.
2. Differential and Integral Calculus and Differential Equations.
3. Hydrostatics and Astronomy.

No textbooks are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained:—

Loney	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Loney	...	Co-ordinate Geometry.
Edwards	...	Differential Calculus.
Edwards	...	Integral Calculus.
Loney	...	Hydrostatics.
Parker	...	Astronomy.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN MATHEMATICS.

(Examination to be held in 1928.)

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects. The eight papers are the same as for the B.Sc. degree. (See below.)

(Subsidiary subjects for 1928.)

Any combination of subjects for the Pass B.A. degree, except the following, may be allowed:—

1. Philosophy and Economics.
2. Politics and Sanskrit or Persian or Arabic or Islamic Studies.

B.Sc. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN MATHEMATICS.

The following eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and all the papers in Physics and Chemistry for the ordinary B.Sc. degree:—

1. Higher Algebra and Theory of Equations.
2. Higher Plane Trigonometry, Pure Geometry and Vectors.
3. Co-ordinate and Solid Geometry.
4. Mathematical Analysis (Differential and Integral Calculus).

5. Mathematical Analysis (Differential Equations and functions of a complex variable).
6. Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics.
7. Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.
8. Spherical Trigonometry and Astronomy.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained :—

Hall and Knight	...	Higher Algebra.
Burnside and Panton		Theory of Equations, Vol. I.
Loney	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Askwith	...	Pure Geometry.
Kelland and Tait	...	Quaternions.
Coffin	...	Vector Analysis.
Smith	...	Conic sections.
Salmon	...	Conic sections.
Bell	...	Geometry of Three Dimensions.
Williamson	...	Differential Calculus.
Williamson	...	Integral Calculus.
Goursat and Hedrick		Course of Analysis, Vols. I & II (selected portions).
Hardy	...	Pure Mathematics.
Murray	...	Differential Equations.
Loney	...	Analytical Statics.
Routh	...	Statics, Vol. I.
Besant and Ramsey		Hydrostatics.
Loney	...	Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.
McClelland and Preston	...	Spherical Trigonometry, Part I.
Godfray	...	Astronomy.

M.A. AND M.Sc. (Applied) DEGREES.

- (I. Preliminary M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations to be held in 1926.)

Three Papers.

1. Mathematical Analysis. (Corresponding to Honours Paper V.)
2. Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics. (Corresponding to Honours Paper VI.)
3. Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics. (Corresponding to Honours Paper VII.)

(II. Final M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations to be held in 1926.)

Five Papers.

1. Statics including the theory of the Potential.
2. Theory of Vibrations.
3. Hydrodynamics or Electrodynamics.

Two papers on one of the following subjects:—

1. Elasticity.
2. Advanced Hydrodynamics including the Theory of Tides.
3. Celestial Mechanics.
4. Theory of Electrons and Radiation.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained:—

Minchin	...	Statics.
Besant	...	Dynamics.
Loney	...	Dynamics of a Particle and of Rigid Bodies.
Routh	...	Analytical Statics.
Routh	...	Rigid Dynamics, Part I.
Besant and Ramsey	...	Hydromechanics, Parts I and II.
Lamb	...	Dynamical Theory of Sound.
Jeans	...	Electricity and Magnetism.
Richardson	...	Electron Theory of Matter
Love	...	Theory of Elasticity.
Lamb	...	Hydrodynamics.
Planck	...	Theory of Heat Radiation.
Planck	...	Thermodynamics.
Lorentz	...	Theory of Electrons.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

B.T. DEGREE AND L.T. DIPLOMA.^u*Course 1.—Educational Psychology.*

I. The relation of Psychology and Education. Description of the nervous system and its functions. Heredity and Environment.

II. The Instincts. Emotions, Sentiments, the Complex, and the structure of character. The mental development of the child and adolescent. Suggestion, imitation and habit in character-formation.

III. Sensation and Perception. Attention. Fatigue. The problems of learning. The Motives of Learning. Interest. Play. Memory. Practice. Overpractice. Forgetting. Transference and Interference. Imagery. Association. Imagination and Reasoning.

IV. Applications of Psychology to the teaching of school subjects.

Course 2.—Principles of teaching.

I. Teaching and Learning.

The influence of the aim of education on methods, curriculum and system of discipline. The curriculum.

The classes. Methods of classification. The problem of individual differences. Various attempts at solution. Modern individualistic tendencies. The class teacher and the specialist.

The Time-Table. Home work and "Teaching how to study." Private tuition.

General principles of teaching and learning.

Teaching.—The framing of courses. Units of teaching and notes of lessons. Types of lesson. Devices. The teacher's note book and diary.

Learning.—Notes. Practice exercises. Tests. Examinations. Marks. Class discipline.

The teacher's duties outside the class room; games, occupations, contact with parents and guardians.

II. School Organisation.

Supervision and control of teaching, of home work.

Tests. Reports. Promotion. The Teachers' conference.

The discipline of the school.

The Hostels.

The school office.

III. Methods of teaching the fundamental subjects.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and the elements of other selected subjects.

IV. School Inspection.

Course 3.—History of Education.

Each unit of teaching will consist of:—

1. A lecture on the history and the present position of the problem.

(Printed notes of the lecture will be supplied to students in advance.)

2. An Essay by each student embodying his views on the problem.

3. A formal debate in the class.

(The various sections will be taken up by various members of the staff. For the lectures and discussions outside persons may also be invited.)

I.—Primary Education in Bengal.

(A) History. (B) The Problem of Finance. Compulsion: is it possible? Overlapping of school areas. The responsibility of the Local and of the Central authority. The mechanism of supervision and of control.

Discussion.—A Practical Scheme for the development of Universal Primary Education in Bengal.

II.—Secondary Education in Bengal.

(A) History. (B) The Problem of control: the State or the University. What should be the relation of the State to the system? Should zilla and Government schools be abolished?Has the High school usurped the function of the Primary School? Are there too many High Schools? How can the High School be adjusted to meet the needs of special classes? Should class schools be established for the Upper Classes? What type of school is required by the Middle Classes?

Discussion.—Lines of Reform in the High School.

III.—The Language Problem in Bengal.

(A) History and review of the problem. (B) The objections to the present system. The objections to Vernacularization. Possible middle courses.

Discussion.—The relative positions of English, and the vernacular in the educational system of Bengal.

IV.—Vocational and Technical Education in Bengal.

(A) History. (B) Should vocational training take place in the ordinary schools or in special schools? Should it take place in the school at all, or in connection with the factory as a form of "continuation" or "part-time" education? If in special Schools or in the Factory, what should the ordinary school do in the matter? What should be the subjects? How can the courses be adjusted to the demands of the labour market? Problems of Finance.

Discussion.—Is Vocational Education practicable in Bengal before the University stage?

V.—University Education in Bengal.

(A) History. (B) Is there too much University Education in Bengal? Is education of the right kind being given; if so, is the right kind of student taking the education which is being given? The standards of examination. Unemployment of Graduates.

Discussion.—A practicable policy of University Reform.

VI.—The teaching profession in Bengal and its training.

Part I.—Primary.—(A) History. (B) The improvement of the status of the Primary teacher, pay, security, social status. What encouragement can be given to the trained man? What can be done to provide staffs for the schools if Free or Compulsory Primary Education is introduced? Is the present system of training effective?

Part II.—Secondary.—The improvement of the status of the High School teacher—pay, security, social status. Encouragement to the trained man. Should training come before or after school experience? Education as a B.A. subject. Refresher Courses. Is the present course of training effective? The work of the Training College other than the training of teachers. The problem of school text-books in Bengal.

Discussion.—1. The improvement of the status of the teacher.

2. The organisation of an efficient system of Teacher-training institutions in Bengal.

VII.—The civic function of the school in Bengal.

(A) Review of present conditions in the teaching of civics in other countries. (B) Are schools in Bengal at present fulfilling their civic as well as their intellectual function? Is it possible for the school to give any training in civic understanding and responsibility? What should be the relation of the Schoolmaster and of the school to local, provincial and imperial politics? The Needs, and Dangers of the case.

Discussion.—In what way can the schools in Bengal help to develop civic knowledge and responsibility?

VIII.—The social function of the school in Bengal.

(A) History.—(The hopes of early educationists in Bengal). (B) The function of the school in reference to Hygiene (personal,

domestic and public), and to current social problems. Can the school do anything in these matters? If so, how?

Discussion.—What contribution can the schools in Bengal make towards social reform.

Course 4.—Educational Measurement.

(For B.T. candidates only.)

I. Individual Differences, their nature and extent. The Frequency Curve. Measures of Central Tendency. Measures of Variability. Correlation.

II. Marks and examinations as measures of school work. Causes of unreliability. Types of test,—Analytic, Application. Principles of testing. The Criteria of a test. A review of various tests as illustrating the above. The Norm: its meaning and validity. Practice in the setting of tests. Intelligence tests.

III. (For Special Proficiency course only).

FUNDAMENTALS OF EXPERIMENTAL METHOD.

Course 5.—School Hygiene.

1. Outline of Anatomy and Physiology.
2. Outline of diseases with bacteriological classification.
3. Outlines of First Aid, Nursing, and Hygiene.

SPECIAL SUBJECTS.

1. *Advanced English.*

I. The diagnosis and cure of wrong pronunciation. Reading aloud. Lecture. Demonstrations. Practice classes.

II. Teaching of Idiom by oral translation. Practice Classes.

III. Composition. The description. Conversation. Character. Short story. Letters. The Precis.

IV. The Teaching of English.

2. *Geography.*

I. The method of teaching Geography.

II. Elementary Physical Geography:—

- (1) Configuration of the great land-masses and oceans. Seasons. Wind and Water Currents. Climate. Distribution of Flora and Fauna, of mankind.

- (2) Map-drawing and Map-reading.
- (3) Physical characteristics of India—Detailed study.
Commercial Geography of India.
- (4) Main features of other continents.
- (5) Trade routes.
- (6) Commercial Geography. Present-day production of
the chief countries—in agriculture, mining,
industry, commerce, with special reference to the
United Kingdom, United States, Germany,
France, Japan, Russia.

III. Advanced Geography

Physical Geography as a basis of the various types of civilisation and as a determining factor of national and economic development.

Detailed study of the physical character of the chief countries of the world.

Advanced Commercial Geography of the World.

Meteorological observations and charts.

Trigonometrical survey. Map-making and Mercator's Projection.

3. *History.*

The teaching of History.

A course of reading in general history or history of India to be arranged by the instructor.

Lectures on the method of teaching history.

The framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on Indian History from ancient times to the institutions of the Reformed Councils.

4. *Bengali.*

The teaching of Bengali.

A course of reading in Bengali literature and its history to be arranged by the instructor. Lectures by the instructor or by students on selected topics.

A course of original composition in Bengali.

Framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on Bengali language and literature.

5. *Mathematics.*

The value and the aims of mathematical teaching, and the methods of teaching the subject. Framing of courses and lessons. Criticism and demonstration lessons.

Arithmetic—

Numbers and number combinations. Fundamental operations on whole numbers and fractions. The amount and nature of drill work required in arithmetic. Problems; the technique of solving problems. Practice in framing problems.

Algebra—

The nature of Algebra. The equation. The formula. The graph. Problem solving.

Geometry—

Fundamental ideas. Experimental and practical work. Analytic and Synthetic proof.

*6. Art and Manual Work.**

A short course of illustrated lectures on Perspective. The technique of pastel, the technique of water colour.

A course of out-of-door instruction in charcoal, pastel, water colour.

A course of indoor instruction in manual work in plasticine, card-board, wood, and in mixed materials. Construction of didactic apparatus.

Framing of courses and lessons in manual work and drawing.

A short course of reading (to include Indian Art) to be framed by the instructor.

7. The Primary Curriculum.

(For inspecting officers and masters of primary training institutions.)-

The content and method of teaching and testing the subjects of the primary curriculum. The equipment, organisation, and special problems of the primary school in Bengal.

8. Drill and Organisation of Games.†

The student will be required to perform drill, to conduct and criticise classes in drill and in junior games, to organise and supervise senior games.

*A preliminary test will be made of those wishing to take up this course. Only those of superior ability in the subject will be admitted. Students may be required to provide their own materials.

†May be taken as a fourth subject.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE.

(Examination to be held in 1927.)

I.	Elements of Economics	... One paper.
II.	Commercial Geography	... Ditto.
III.	Business Organisation and Scientific Management	... Ditto.
IV.	Trade and Transport	... Ditto.
V.	Commercial Correspondence	... Ditto.
VI.	Commercial and Industrial Law	... Ditto.
VII.	Currency and Banking	... Ditto.
VIII.	Accountancy	... Two papers

Books will be recommended in the class.

B. Com. graduates will be allowed to proceed to the M.A. Examination in Economics after two years' further study, but they will not be granted the M.A. degree unless they pass in two of the following subjects :-

Politics, History, English and Mathematics, each subject to consist of two papers of the Pass B.A. standard.

B. Com. graduates will have the same privileges as Pass B.A. graduates for pursuing the B.L. course.

THE DETAILED SYLLABUS.

(I) Elements of Economics ... One paper.

Fundamental facts and principles regarding consumption, production, exchange and distribution.

(II) Economic Geography ... One paper.

Physical Geography as a basis of the various types of civilization and a determining factor of natural and economic development. Geographical control.

The production, distribution, and exchange of commodities; the climate; soil; labour and machinery.

Growth of industries; trade centres; trade routes.

Commercial products and their distribution.

A detailed study of India, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Italy, the United States of America, and Japan. A general description of the rest.

Maps may be required to illustrate the answers.

(III) Business Organisation ... One paper.

The constitution of business houses ; combination in business ; partnerships and companies ; direction and control ; office routine, filing, indexing, etc. ; industrial efficiency ; secretarial work ; meetings, agenda and minutes ; advertising ; the stock exchange.

(IV) Trade and Transport ... One paper.

Evolution of trade—its classifying factors, wholesale and retail, intermediaries—their importance.

A brief history of Commerce—ancient, mediæval and modern.

Home and foreign trade, theory of international trade, foreign exchanges.

The organisation of trade, financing methods, foreign remittances, various documents, packing and shipment. Tariffs.

Evolution of transport ; methods of transport ; railways ; fixing of rates and fares ; State control ; sea transport.

(V) Commercial Correspondence ... One paper.

Drafting, business letters, reports, circulars, etc.

Indexing and précis-writing.

(VI) Commercial Law ... One paper.

The Indian law relating to contracts, sale of goods, agencies, partnerships, and companies, the law of carriage of goods by land and sea, negotiable instruments, insurance, insolvency.

(VII) Currency and Banking ... One paper.

The functions of money, legal tender, standard and token money, variations in the purchasing power of money, systems of currency, the English banking system, a brief description of the other systems.

The money market, bill brokers, the stock exchanges, the foreign exchanges, financial crisis.

The Indian Currency and Banking System.

The Banking law and practice.

(VIII) Accountancy ... Two papers.

First paper—General :

The principles of the double entry ; the use of subsidiary books ; the trial balance ; the preparation of the trading and profit and loss accounts ; and the balance-sheet of general merchants ; the accounts of partnerships and companies ; bills of exchange ; consignments ; reserves.

Second paper—Special :

Accounts of Insurance Companies, Banks, Mining Companies, Charitable institution, and other non-trading concerns ; partnership accounts including the treatment of goodwill ; reorganisation and reconstruction of companies ; branch accounts, including foreign branches ; manufacturing accounts and costs ; depreciation, reserves, and sinking funds ; self-balancing ledgers ; bankruptcy ; the double account system ; hire-purchase agreements ; columnar book-keeping.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained :—

(I) Elements of Economics—

Chapman	...	The Principles of Economics.
Gide	...	The Political Economy.
Marshall	...	The Economics of Industry.
Briggs	...	Elements of Economics (Tutorial series.)

(II) Economic Geography—

Curr	...	Commercial Geography.
Chisholm	...	Handbook of Commercial Geography.
Pitman	...	Commercial Geography.
Taylor and Unstead	...	Regional Geography of the World.
Lyde	...	The World.

(III) Business Organisation—

Davar	...	Business Organisation.
Dicksee	...	Ditto.
Campbell	...	Modern Business and its methods.

(IV) Trade and Transport—

Wolfe	...	Principles and Practice of Commerce.
Mairret	...	Trade, Transport and Finance.
Webster	...	General History of Commerce.
Stephenson	...	Principles and Practice of Commerce.
Douglas Knoop	...	Railway Economics.
Acworth	...	The Elements of Railway Economics.

(V) Commercial Correspondence—

Pitman	...	Commercial Correspondence and Commercial English.
Stephenson	...	Principles and Practice of Commercial Correspondence.
Shawcross	...	Précis-writing.

(VI) Commercial Law—

Davar	... Mercantile Law.
Steven	... Ditto.

(VII) Currency and Banking—

Sykes	... Banking and Currency.
Weston	... Ditto.
Withers	... Meaning of Money.
Bagshaw	... Practical Banking.
Spalding	... Eastern Exchange, Currency and Finance.
Keynes	... Indian Currency.

(VIII) Accountancy—

Spicer and Pegler	... Book-keeping and Account
Batliboi	... Advanced Accounts.
Carter	... Ditto.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS.

PHYSICS FOR THE ORDINARY B.Sc. (PASS) DEGREE.

First Year Course.

I. Properties of Matter and Sound: Two lectures per week.

(a) Properties of Matter.

Laws of motion ; Work, Power, and Energy, Units and Dimensions of Physical Quantities ; Motion in straight and circular paths ; Friction ; Machines ; Elasticity ; Moments of Inertia (simple cases only) ; Simple Harmonic Motion ; Pressure in liquids and gases ; Archimedes' Principle ; Specific gravities ; Liquids in motion ; Capillary action.

Text-books recommended :—

Duncan and Starling—Text-book of Physics, Part I.
Watson—Text-book of Physics.

(b) Sound.

Wave motion : Production and Propagation of Sound ; Noises and Musical Notes and their Characteristics ; Musical Scale and Intervals ; Interference ; Consonance and Dissonance ; Vibrations of Strings and Air Columns ; Resonance.

Text-books recommended :

Poynting and Thomson—Sound.
Duncan and Starling—Text-book of Physics, Part IV.

II. Heat: Two lectures per week.

Temperature and Thermometry ; Expansion ; Calorimetry ; Change of state ; Properties of Vapours ; Hygrometry ; Elementary Principles of Thermo-dynamics ; Conduction, Convection and Radiation ; Steam and other Heat Engines.

Text-book recommended :—

Edser—Heat for Advanced Students.

Laboratory work : Two periods of two hours each per week.

The Spherometer ; Specific gravities ; Young's Modulus Simple Pendulum and determination of 'g' ; Atmospheric pressure and Boyle's Law. Velocity of Sound ; Determination of pitch ; Kundt's Tube ; The Sonometer ; Melde's Experiment ; Expansion of solids and liquids, and gases ; Determination of specific and latent heats ; Cooling ; Hygrometers.

Text-books recommended :—

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Harrison—Course of Practical Physics.

Second Year Course.

III. Light: Two lectures per week.

Propagation of Light ; Photometry ; Reflection and Refraction ; Prisms, mirror and lenses ; The Human Eye and Defects of Vision ; Optical Instruments ; Dispersion and Chromatic Aberration ; Velocity of Light ; Wave Theory ; Interference ; Diffraction, Polarisation and Double refraction, elementary ideas only.

Books recommended :—

Edser—Light.

Waston—Text-book of Physics

IV.—Magnetism and Electricity: Two lectures per week.

Fundamental Theory of Magnetism and General Theories ; Magnetic Measurements ; Terrestrial Magnetism ; Fundamental Theory and General Theorems in Electrostatics ; Capacity and Condensers ; Electrical Machines ; Electrometers ; Atmospheric Electricity ; Primary and Secondary Cells ; General effects of Currents ; Fundamental Definitions and Units ; General Theory ; Currents and Magnets, Ampere's Hypothesis ; Galvanometers ; Divided Circuits ; Ohm's Law ; Electromotive Force ; Resistances ; Joule's Law ; Thermo Electricity ; Electromagnetic

induction ; Induction Coils ; Electromagnetic Machinery ; Electrical units, Electrolysis ; Radio-activity, elementary theory only.

Text-books recommended :—

Hadley—Electricity and Magnetism.

Hutchinson—Intermediate Text-book of Electricity and Magnetism.

Laboratory work : Two periods of three hours each per week.

The Sextant ; Refraction through Prisms ; Refractive Indices ; Focal lengths of Mirrors and Lenses ; The Optical Bench ; Magnifying powers ; The Spectrometer ; Law of Inverse Squares ; Determination of "H" ; Spring Magnetometer ; Dip, Simple determination ; The Tangent Galvanometer ; Comparison of Resistances and Electromotive forces ; The Potentiometer, Wheatstone's Bridge ; Electro Chemical Equivalents.

Text-books recommended :—

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Harrison—Course of Practical Physics.

The final examination at the end of the 2nd year will consist of two Theoretical papers of 3 hours each and one Practical Examination for six hours.

Paper I.—

Part I. Properties of Matter and Sound.

Part II. Heat.

Paper II.—

Part I. Light.

Part II. Magnetism and Electricity.

Practical Examination.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHYSICS.

First Year Course.

I. Mechanics and Properties of Matter : Two lectures per week.

Motion in straight and circular paths ; Laws of Motion, Work, Power, and Energy ; Units and Dimensions of Physical Quantities ; Collision and Impact ; Rotatory Motion ; Moments and Products of Inertia ; Simple Harmonic Motion and Motion

about a Fixed Axis; Simple and Compound Pendulums; Attraction, Potential, Gravitation; Theory of Elasticity; Hydrostatics; Pressure in Liquids; Centre of Pressure; Hydraulic transmission of Energy; Barometer; Pumps; Archimedes' Principle; Liquids in Motion; Total Energy of a liquid; Bernoulli's Theorem; Discharge through an Orifice; Water-wheels, Turbines, Centrifugal pumps; Surface-tension and Capillarity; Laplace's Theory of Capillarity; Diffusion of liquids and gases; Viscosity of liquids.

Text-books recommended:—

Loney—Elementary Dynamics.

Poynting and Thomson—Properties of Matter.

For reference:—

Loney—Dynamics.

Loney—Statics.

II. Heat: Two lectures per week.

Temperature and thermometers; Expansion; Calorimetry; Changes of state; Properties of Vapours; Hygrometry; Kinetic Theory of gases; On the Continuity of State; The Principles of Thermodynamics; Convection, Conduction, and Radiation of Heat; Steam and Heat Engines.

Text-book recommended:—

Poynting and Thomson—Heat.

For reference:—

Preston—Theory of Heat.

Laboratory work: Four periods of three hours each per week.

The Balance; Sensibility curve; Calibration of weights; The Cathetometer; Measurement of vertical length by a scale and reading telescope; Density determination with corrections; Determination of elastic constants; Determination of 'g' by simple and compound pendulums and by ball rolling on a concave mirror; Surface-tension; Viscosity; Moments of Inertia; Heat; Expansion of liquids; expansion of solids by the Weight Thermometers; Calibration of Thermometer tubing; Experiments on Specific heat; Berthelot's steam calorimeter; Hygrometry; Vapour Density; Conductivity experiments; Mechanical equivalent of heat.

Text-books recommended:—

Watson—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

*Second Year Course.**III.—Light.*

(a) Geometrical Optics—July to September: Two lectures per week.

Propagation of light; Reflection and Refraction; Mirrors, Prisms, Lenses; Fermat's Law; Caustics; Dispersion and Achromatism; Optical Instruments; Velocity of Light.

Text-book recommended:—

Heath—Elementary Treatise on Geometrical Optics.

For reference:—

Southall—Mirrors, Prisms, and Lenses.

(b) Physical Optics—July to September: Two lectures per week.

Wave Theory: Interference and Diffraction; Polarisation and Double Refractions Spectroscopy of the Ultra Violet; Theories of Dispersion and Radiation.

Text-book recommended:—

Houston—Text-book of Light.

For reference:—

Preston—Theory of Light.

Wood—Physical Optics.

IV. Sound—November to March: Two lectures per week.

Wave Motion; Dynamical Theory; Propagation of Sound; Noises and Musical Notes; Musical Scale; Interference; Transverse Vibration of Strings, Dynamical Investigation; Longitudinal and Torsional Vibrations of Bars; Plane Waves of Sound; Vibrations of Air columns in Pipes. Resonance and Analysis of Vibrations, Combination Tones. Consonance and Resonance. The Ear and Musical Instruments.

Text-book recommended:—

Poynting and Thomson—Sound Book.

For reference:—

Helmholtz—Sensations of Tone.

Lamb—Dynamical Theory of Sound.

V. Statical Electricity and Magnetism—November to March: Two lectures per week.

(a) Statical Electricity—General Phenomena and General theorems; Potential and Energy in electrified system, Capacity,

The Dielectric and Specific Inductive Capacity, Atmospheric Electricity.

(b) Magnetism: General Phenomena and General Theorems, Inverse Square Law, Magnetic fields, Induced Magnetization, Magnetic Properties of Materials, Magnetic Susceptibility and Permeability, Terrestrial Magnetism, Magnetism and Light.

Text-books recommended:—

Poynting and Thomson—Electricity, Parts I and II.

Starling—Electricity and Magnetism.

Wetham—Theory of Experimental Electricity.

Hutchinson—Advanced Text-book of Electricity and Magnetism.

Laboratory Work: Four periods of three hours each per week.

Light, Laws of geometrical optics, Mirrors, Prisms and Lenses.

The Optical Bench, Optical instrument, Magnifying powers, the Spectroscope and the spectrometer, Biprisms, Newton's Rings, Polarimeter.

Sound, Velocity of Sound, Frequency, Vibrations of Strings, Vibrations of Air column.

Magnetism, Fundamental properties and laws, Magnetometry, Oscillations of a magnet in a magnetic field. The Earth's Magnetic Field.

Text-books recommended:—

Watson—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Third Year Course.

VI. Current Electricity—Two lectures per week.

The Electric current, Ohm's Law, Electromotive Force and Resistance, Electrolysis, Thermo Electricity, Electromagnetics. Varying Currents. Alternating Currents, Units and Dimensions, Electromagnetic Radiation.

Text-books recommended:—

Starling—Electricity and Magnetism.

Wetham—Theory of Experimental Electricity.

VII. Special Courses—On Modern Physics.

1. Structure of Matter
2. Radio Activity
3. X-Rays

} Two lectures per week.

Laboratory work: Four periods of three hours each per week.

Current Electricity, Measurement of Current, Electromotive force and resistance. Electrolysis, Induced currents, Comparison of capacity.

Text-books recommended:—

Watson—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Allen and Moore—Text-book of Practical Physics.

Examinations—

Five papers of three hours each and a Practical Examination for 12 hours.

PHYSICS FOR THE M.Sc. DEGREE.

Two Years' course for Ordinary Pass B.Sc. students.

First Year Course.

Light: Two lectures per week—July to September.

Covering the Honours B.Sc. Course.

Magnetism and Electricity. } Two lectures per week.

Covering the Honours B.Sc. } July to September.

Electrostatics: 24 Lectures.

Magnetism: 12 Lectures.

Electro-Magnetic Theory: 24 Lectures.

Photo Electricity: 12 Lectures.

Laboratory Work, covering the whole courses—Not less than 16 hours per week.

Second Year Course.

Geometrical Optics: Two hours per week—July to September.

Quantum Theory and Thermodynamics: Two hours per week—July to September.

Physical Optics—12 Lectures.

Relativity—12 Lectures.

Modern Researches :

Examination : 5 Papers for 4 hours each and Practical Examination for 24 hours.

M.Sc.—One Year's Course for Honours B.Sc. students of the Dacca University.

A selection of Lectures from the above courses for the Two Years M.Sc. students, together with a connected series of Practical Experiments leading to research.

The exact nature of the examination will be determined in accordance with the Lectures and Practical work of individual students.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY.

B.SC. HONOURS.

Physical Chemistry.

Theoretical—

Laws of chemical combination by weight and volume ; Atomic theory and Avogadro's hypothesis ; molecular weights of gases.

Kinetic theory of gases.

Liquefaction of gases ; viscosity and surface tension of liquids. Law of conservation of energy ; energy changes in chemical transformations.

Second law of Thermodynamics ; vaporisation of liquids and fusion of solids.

Osmosis ; theory of solution ; thermodynamic treatment of the properties of solutions.

Laws of electrolysis ; molecular conductivity of electrolytic solutions.

Transport number of ions ; electrolytic dissociation theory.

Chemical changes in homogeneous systems :— Law of mass action ; reaction isochore, velocity of mono and bimolecular reactions ; determination of the order of reaction, equilibrium in electrolytic solutions ; theory of indicators.

Chemical changes in heterogeneous systems :—Phase Rule ; catalysis ; colloidal solutions.

Technical gas reactions ; manufacture of sulphur trioxide, ammonia, oxides of nitrogen, oxidation of ammonia to nitric acid, Deacon process for the manufacture of chlorine, manufacture of formaldehyde.

Theory of galvanic cells ; absolute value of single electrode potential, decomposition potential ; concentration and gas cells.

Determination of Avogadro's number. Structure of the atom. Radio-active transformations.

Practical work in the laboratory to cover the whole subject.

Books recommended as text-books for B.Sc. Honours in Physical Chemistry :—

1. Introduction to Physical Chemistry, by Sir James Walker.
2. Thermochemistry and thermodynamics, by Sackur.
3. Theoretical Chemistry, by Nernst.
4. Physico-chemical Calculations, by Knox.

Books recommended for reference :—

1. A system of Physical Chemistry, by Lewis.
2. Phase Rule, by Findlay.
3. Principles of the Phase Theory, by Douglas A. Clibbens.
4. Osmotic Pressure, by Findlay.
5. Electro-Chemistry, by Leblance.
6. Chemical Statics and Dynamics, by Mellor.
7. Colloidal solutions, by Taylor.
8. Catalysis, by Jobling.
9. Catalysis in Theory and Practice, by Rideal and Taylor.
10. Thermodynamics of Technical Gas Reaction, by Haber.
11. Atoms, by Perrin.
12. Electron, by Millikan.
13. Annual Reports on the Progress of Chemistry, issued by the Chemical Society, London.
14. Radio-active substances and their transformations, by Rutherford.
15. Ions, Ionising Substances and their Radiations, by Crowther.

Practical text-books :—

1. Practical Physical Chemistry, by Spencer.
2. Physical Chemistry, by Findlay.

Reference book :—

- K. Arndt—Handbuch der Physikalisch-chemischen Technik.

*Organic Chemistry.***Theoretical—**

A thorough knowledge of the following :—

Aliphatic saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons and their derivatives, *viz.*, haloid derivatives, alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, esters, acid chlorides, amides, amines, cyanogen compounds and sulphur compounds. Organo-metallic compounds of zinc and magnesium. Polyhydric alcohols and their oxidation products, carbohydrates, hydroxy and amino acids, aldehydic and ketonic acids, di-ketones, polybasic acids, and their derivatives, purines.

Aromatic hydrocarbons and their derivatives, *viz.*, haloid, nitro, amino, sulphonic acid and hydroxy derivatives; diazo and azo-compounds; aromatic alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, acids (including substituted acids), esters, acid chlorides, anhydrides, amides, quinone, multinuclear hydrocarbons, benzidine, di- and tri-phenyl methanes and their derivatives, naphthalene and its derivatives, anthracene, anthraquinone, alizarin, indigo, phenanthrene; pyridine and quinoline and their derivatives; furfuran, thiophene, pyrrol, diazoles, exazoles, thiazoles, diazines, oxazines, thiazines. A general knowledge of the essential oils, monocyclic terpenes, pinene, camphor and citral. A general knowledge of the alkaloids, piperine, cocaine, quinine and papaverine. A general knowledge of the synthetic drugs and synthetic dyes; stereo chemistry of carbon, nitrogen and sulphur. A general knowledge of the principles of organic analysis, wood distillation, fermentation, distillation of coal-tar, theory of dyeing and bleaching.

Practical—

Identification of any of the simpler substances covered in the theoretical syllabus.

Estimation of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, halogens and sulphur in organic compounds. Determination of the molecular weights of organic acids and bases. Preparation of the following substances:—nitro benzene, aniline, acetanilide, sulphanilic acid, ethyl acetate, anthraquinone, phenol-phthalcin, p-nitraniline, acetyl chloride, p-amino-azo-benzene, p-iodotoluene, benzil, phenylglucosazone, phenyl mustard oil, phthalic acid.

Estimation of the common radicals in organic compounds.

Analysis of oils, fats, soaps, valuation of tannin materials, sugar, starch, phenol.

Recommended as text-books :—

Theoretical Organic Chemistry—By J. B. Cohen.
 „ Wade.
 „ Holleman.
 „ Bernthsen.
 „ Sudborough.

Reference books :—

Richter's Organic Chemistry, Vols. I, II and III.
 Cohen's Organic Chemistry, Vols. I, II and III.
 Stewart's Recent Advances in Organic Chemistry.
 Pope's Modern Researches.
 Annual Reports on the Progress of Chemistry, issued by
 the Chemical Society, London.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Classification and mutual relations of all the elements (including the radio-elements) and the study of the elements and their important compounds.

Metallurgy of Copper, Silver, Gold, Iron, Zinc, Lead, manufacture of sulphuric acid, bleaching powder, sodium carbonate, caustic soda, paints and pigments, porcelain, glass, cement, manufacture of fuel gases, calorific value of fuels.

Study of the theory of valency, allotropy, colloids, inter-metallic compounds, isotropism, crystalline structure, isomorphism and isotopic elements.

Practical—

Qualitative analysis of inorganic substances or mixture containing not more than five radicals.

A thorough knowledge of volumetric and gravimetric analysis, including analysis of minerals and gases.

Preparation of important inorganic compounds, as for example, anhydrous ferric chloride, magnesium chloride, potassium persulphate, sodium thiosulphate, cobaltammine colloidal ferric hydroxide, colloidal red gold.

The following books are recommended, the first as text :—

1. Inorganic Chemistry, by T. Martin Lowry.
2. Rare Elements, by Browning.
3. The Chemistry of Radio Elements, by Soddy.
4. Isotopes, by Aston.
5. Peracids and their Salts, by S. Price.
6. Intermetallic Compounds, by C. H. Desch.

7. Systematic Inorganic Chemistry, by Caven and Lander.
8. Catalysis in Theory and Practice, by Rideal and Taylor.
9. Outlines of Industrial Chemistry, by Thrope.
10. Treatise on Inorganic Chemistry, by Roscoe.
11. Text-book of Inorganic Chemistry, by J. N. Friend.
12. Dictionary of Applied Chemistry, by Thrope.

Practical—

Treadwell—Inorganic Analysis.

Biltz—Inorganic Preparations.

B. Sc. Pass.

Physical Chemistry.

Theoretical —

Essential features of chemical and physical change. Laws of chemical combination by weight and volume, Atomic theory, Avogadro's hypothesis and its application, Determination of molecular weights; Diffusion of gases; Elementary knowledge of (1) the kinetic theory of gases, (2) theory of solutions and (3) electrolytic dissociation theory. Conditions of chemical change and thermal changes accompanying it; Dissociation of gases; Colloidal solutions; Dialysis.

Books recommended as texts:—

- (1) Introduction to Physical Chemistry, by Sir James Walker,

Or

- (2) Physical Chemistry, by G. Senter.

Organic Chemistry.

Theoretical—

General principles of organic analysis.

Preparation and properties of the following:—

Methane and ethane and their simple derivatives, viz., haloid derivatives, alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, acids esters; acetyl Chloride; acetic anhydride; acetamide; amines cyanogen

compounds, ethylene, acetylene, glycol, glycerine, cane-sugar, dextrose, fructose, starch, lactic acid, oxalic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid, urea, benzene and toluene and their simple derivatives, viz., mono-haloid, nitro, amino hydroxy and sulphonic acids; Benzyl alcohol, benzaldehyd acetophenone, benzoic acid, salicylic acid.

Practical—

Identification of the following organic substances given single:—Methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, chloroform, ether acetone, formaldehyde, glycerine, formic acid, acetic acid, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, cane-sugar, glucose, starch, urea, benzene, aniline, phenol, benzoic acid.

Determination of melting and boiling points of organic compounds.

Qualitative detection of the elements present in an organic compound.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Preparation and properties of the following elements and their chief compounds:—Oxygen, Hydrogen, Nitrogen, Argon, Fluorine, Chlorine, Bromine, Iodine, Sulphur, Boron, Carbon, Silicon, Phosphorus, Arsenic, Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Magnesium, Manganese, Iron, Nickel, Cobalt, Tin, Lead, Antimony, Bismuth, Gold, Silver, Copper.

Chemical notation and nomenclature. Interpretation of chemical formulæ. Classification and mutual relation of elements. Compound radicals. Double decomposition, Allotrophy.

Book recommended:—

Mellor—Inorganic Chemistry.

Practical—

Preparation of ferrous sulphate, caustic soda, ammonium carbonate, red lead potassium permanganate and substances of similar nature.

Qualitative analysis of inorganic substances containing not more than two salt radicals.

Volumetric estimation of alkalies, alkaline carbonates, acids, iron and silver.

Gravimetric estimation of copper sulphate or any similar substance.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW.

B. L. DEGREE COURSE.

Jurisprudence—

Holland—Jurisprudence.

Historical and Comparative Jurisprudence—

Maine—Ancient Law.

Kocourek and Wigmore—Primitive and Ancient Legal Institutions, Chapters X, XII, XV, XXI and XXVII.

Dr. Sen Gupta—Evolution of Law.

Roman Law—

Walton—Historical Introduction to Roman Law.

Girard—History of Roman Law.

Solau—Institutes, Book I, Chapter I ; Book II, Chapter I, Sections 46-57, Chapter II, Chapter III ; Book III, Chapter II.

Book of reference :—

Justinian—Institutes (translation by Moyle).

History of English Law—

Maitland and Montagu—History of English Law.

Books of reference :—

Holdsworth—History of English Law.

Jenks—Short History of English Law.

Constitutional Law and History—

Dicey—Law of the Constitution.

Montagu and Chelmsford—Report, Part I, Chapters II-V.

Government of India Act with Regulations.

Books of reference :—

Maitland—History of the English Constitution.

Acharyya—Codification in British India.

Cowell—Courts and Legislative Authorities in British India.

Ilbert—Government of India.

P. Mukherjee—Indian Constitution.

Hindu Law—

G. C. Sastri—Hindu Law.
 Mayne—Hindu Law.
 P. N. Sen—Hindu Jurisprudence.

Books of reference :—

Bhattacharyya—Hindu Law.
 Mandlik—Hindu Law.
 Sen Gupta—Sources of Law and Society in Ancient India.
 J. C. Ghose—Hindu Law.

Muhammadian Law—

Abdur Rahim—Muhammadian Jurisprudence, Pages 1
 to 192.
 Mullah—Muhammadian Law.
 Abdul Latif—Muhammadian Law.

Books of reference :—

Amir Ali—Muhammadian Law.
 Wilson—Anglo-Muhammadian Law.

Contracts and Torts—

Indian Contract Act.
 Pollock—Law of Contract.
 Pollock—Law of Torts.

Law of Real Property, Trust and Transfer—

Digby—History of Real Property, Chapter I, Sections 1
 and 2 ; Chapter II, Sections 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8 ;
 Chapter III, Sections 1 and 2 ; Chapter IV,
 Paras. 2, 3 and 5 ; Chapter V, Paras. 2, 3 and 4 ;
 and Chapters VII to X.

Maitland—Equity.

Indian Trust Act.

Transfer of Property Act.

Registration Act. Sections 17, 18, 28, 32, 48, 49, 50,

”

Law of Persons and Testamentary and Intestate Succession—

Campbell—Principles of English Common Law.

Indian Majority Act.

Guardians and Wards Act.

Indian Succession Act.

Hindu Wills Act.

Probate and Administration Act.

Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure—

- Indian Evidence Act.
- Civil Procedure Code.
- Limitation Act.
- Best Law of Evidence.

Land Laws—

- Regulation I of 1793.
- Preamble to Regulation II of 1793.
- Regulation VIII of 1793.
- „ XIX of 1793 (Secs. 1—7).
- „ XXXVII of 1793 (Secs. 1—3).
- „ VIII of 1810.
- „ XI of 1825.
- Act VIII of 1885. (Bengal Tenancy Act).
- Act XI of 1850.
- Act XV of 1877 (Secs. 26—38).
- U. N. Mitra—Law of Prescription and Easements.
- Field—Introduction to the Bengal Regulations (portions relating to Land Tenures).
- Guha—Land Systems of Bengal and Behar, omitting appendices.

Law of Crimes—

- Indian Penal Code, Chapters I—V and such portions of Chapters VI—XXIII as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted.
- Criminal Procedure Code, omitting Chapters I, IX, XIV, XXVIII—XL, XLII, XLIII, XLVI (except Sec. 562).
- Stephen—General View of the Criminal Law of England.
- Huda—Law of Crimes.

Legislation—

- Bentham—Theory of Legislation.
- Brown—Underlying Principles of Modern Legislation.

The examination for the degree shall embrace the following papers all of which shall be compulsory :—

Roman Law	...	...	1	Paper.
Hindu Law	...	...	1	„
Constitutional Law and English Legal History	1	„		
Muhammadian Law	...	...	1	„

Law of Contracts and 'Torts	...	...	1	Paper.
Law of Real Property and Trust and Transfer				
<i>inter vivos</i>	...	...	1	"
Jurisprudence	...	...	1	"
Law of Persons and the Law of Testamentary				
and Intestate Succession	...	...	1	"
Land Laws of Bengal	...	...	1	"
Law of Crimes	...	...	1	"
Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure	...	...	1	"

The whole examination may be taken either (i) at the end of the third academic year, or (ii) in two parts, the first part at the end of the second academic year and the second part at the end of the third academic year. No candidate shall be allowed to offer less than four papers for either part of the examination.

The following Leading Cases will have to be studied in connection with the final examination in Law.

Law of Evidence, Civil Procedure and Limitation.

1. Raja Pearymohan *versus* Narendra Nath, 9 C. W. N. 421.
2. Balkissen Das *versus* Legge, 22 All. 149 (P.C.).
3. Amrit Lal Hazra *versus* Emperor, 42 Cal. 957.
4. Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs *versus* Lalitmohon Sing Roy, 25 C. W. N. 788.
5. Ram Ranjan Chakraborty *versus* Ram Narain Singh, 22 Cal. 533 (P.C.).
6. Tepu Khan *versus* Rajani Mohan Das, 25 Cal. 522 (F.B.).
7. Sarat Chandra Dey *versus* Gopal Chandra Laha, 20 Cal. 296 (P.C.).
8. Emperor *versus* Panchu Das and Gobordhan Singh, 31 C.L.J. 402 (F.B.).
9. Chhaymanessa Bibi *versus* Basirar Rahaman, 37 Cal. 399.
10. In the matter of Tarini Mohon Barari and others, 26 C.W.N. 580 (F.B.).
11. Tantrodhari Sing *versus* Sundar Lal Misser, 7 C.L.J. 384.
12. Hriday Nath Roy *versus* Ram Chandra Barnasarma, 31 C.L.J. 482 (F.B.).
13. Kamini Debi *versus* Promotho Mukherjee and others, 20 C.L.J. 476.
14. Balwant Rao *versus* Puran Mal. 6 All. 1 (P.C.).
15. Maniram Seth *versus* Seth Rup Chand, 33 Cal. 1047.
16. Lala Sani Ram *versus* Kanhalya Lal, 17 C.W.N. 605 (P.C.).
17. Madhabnani *versus* Lambert, 37 Cal. 796.
18. Ghuznavi *versus* Allahabad Bank, 44 Cal. 929.
19. Ram Sagar Mondal *versus* Alek Naskar, 26 C. W. N. 442.

20. King-Emperor *versus* Fatechond Agarwalla, 21 C. W. N. 33. (It covers Cal. 121.).
21. Kanta Prasad *versus* Jagat, 23 Cal. 335.
22. Abinash Chandra *versus* Paresb Nath, 9 C. W. N. 402.

Land Laws.

1. Hurryhar Mukhopadhyaya *versus* Madhab Chandra Baboo, 14 M. I. A. 152.
2. Joy Kissen Mukherjee *versus* Collector of East Burdwan, 10 M. I. A. 16.
3. Lopez *versus* Madan Mohan Thakur, 13 M. J. II. 467.
4. Maharani Rajroop Koer *versus* Abdul Hosen, 6 Cal. 394.
5. Mohes Narain *versus* Nowbutt, 32 Cal. 397.
6. Narendra Nath Roy *versus* Isan Ch. Sen, 22 W. R. 22.
7. Nagendra Ghosh *versus* Esoff, 18 W. R. 113.
8. Radha P. Singh *versus* Bal Kower, 17 Cal. 726.
9. Lclanund *versus* Government of Bengal, 4 W. R. 77.
10. Sham Koondoo *versus* Brojanath, 21 W. R. 94.
11. Sonet Koer *versus* Himmath, 1 Cal. 391.
12. Watson *versus* Ramchand, 18 Cal. 10.
13. Thakurain Ritraj *versus* Thakurain Sarfaraj, 32 I. A. 165.
14. Kripasindhu *versus* Ananda, 35 Cal. 34.
15. Secretary of State *versus* Kritibas, 42 I. A. 30.
16. Srinath *versus* Dinabandhu, 42 I. A. 221.
17. Paul *versus* Robson, 18 C. W. 42 I. A. 180.
18. Jabanand *versus* Kalidas, 42 Cal. 164.
19. Midnapur Zamindary Co. *versus* Hrisikes, 41 Cal. 1108.
20. Amulya *versus* Tarini, 42 Cal. 254.
21. Mahsenuddin *versus* Bhagabanchandra, 32 Cal. C. L. J.
22. Chandrabenode *versus* Mabux, 31 C. L. J. 510.
23. Chandra Kanta *versus* Amzad, 32 C. L. J.
24. Nilmani Kar *versus* Sati Prasad, 32 C. L. J.
25. Ranjit *versus* Kalidasi, 44 I. A. 117.
26. Ranjit Singh *versus* Maharaj Bahadur, 45 I. A. 162.

Law relating to persons.

1. Udny *versus* Udny, L. R., H. L. Sc. 441.
2. Skinner *versus* Orde, L. R., 4 P. C. 60.
3. Abraham *versus* Abraham, 9 M. I. A. 195.
4. Khunnilal *versus* Koer Gobind, L. R. 38 I. A. 87.
5. Surendra Nath Ray *versus* Krishna Sakhi Dasi, 15 C. W. N. 239.

Law relating to real property and succession.

1. London and S. W. Railway Co. *versus* Gomm, 20 Ch. D. 562.
2. Walsh *versus* Lonsdale, 21 Ch. D. 9.
3. Bhagabati Barmania *versus* Kalicharan Singh, L. R. 381, I. A. 54.
4. Narendras Nath Sarkar *versus* Kamal Basini, I. L. R. 32 Cal. 563.
5. Bai Mativahoo *versus* Mamubai, I. L. R. 21, Bom. 709.
6. Mirza Kurratulain *versus* Nawab Nuzhar-ud-Dowla, I. R. 32, I. A. 244.
7. South Eastern Railway Co. *versus* Associated Portland Cement Manuf. (1910), 1 Ch. 28.
8. Bhupendra Krishna Ghosh *versus* Amarendra Nath Dey, 20 C. W. N. (P. C.) 169.
9. Van Gruttan *versus* Foxwell (1897) A. C. 658.

Law of Trust.

1. Gopee Kristo *versus* Gunga Pershed, 6 M. L. A. 53.
2. Fox *versus* Mackreth, 2 Wh. and T. L. C. 709.
3. Ramkumar Koondoo *versus* Mc Queen, L. R. I. A. Sup. 40.
4. In re Hallet's Trust, 12 Ch. D. 606.
5. Le Neve *versus* Le Neve, 2 Wh. and L. C. 175.
6. Cooper *versus* Phibbs, 2 L. R. H. L. 150.
7. Penn *versus* Baltimore, 1 White and Tudor L. C.
8. Vidya Varuthi *versus* Balusami Ayyar, I. L. R. 44 Mad. 831.

Muhammadan Law.

1. Hayatun Nisa *versus* Muhammad, (1890) 12 All. 290, 17 I. A. 73.
2. Hamir Singh *versus* Zakaia, (1875) I. All. p. 57 (F. B.).
3. Abdul Husein Khan *versus* Sona Dero, (1918) 45 Cal. 450, 45 I. A. 10.
4. Skinner *versus* Orde, (1871) 14 M. I. A. 309.
5. Ashrafoodowla *versus* Hyder Hussain, 11 M. I. A. 94.
6. Azizullah Khan *versus* Ahmed Ali Khan, I. L. R. 7 A. M. 353.
7. Abdul Fatah Md. Ishak *versus* Rasamay Dhar Choudhury, (1895) 22 Cal. 619, 22 I. A. 76.
8. Rance Khunjoorun Nissa *versus* Rowshan Jehan, I. L. R. 2 Cal. 184, 3 I. A. 291.
9. Nawab Amjad Ali *versus* Mohymdee Begum, (1867) 11 M. I. A. 517.

10. Baker Ali *versus* Anjuman Ara, (1902) 25 All. 236, 30 I. A. 94.
11. Hiasarat Bibi *versus* Golam Jaffar, (1898) 3 C. W. N. 57.
12. Mullik Abdul Gaffur *versus* Musst. Maleka, (1884) 10 Cal. 112.
13. Nimai Chand *versus* Golam Husein, (1909) 37 Cal. 179.
14. Mahomed Ismail *versus* Ahmed Molla, (1916) 43 I. A. 127, 43 Cal. 1085.
15. Abdul Rezak *versus* Aga Mahomed Jaffar Bindanin, 21 Cal. 666, 21 I. A. 56.
16. Khajeh Salimullah *versus* Abul Khair M. Mustafa, 37 Cal. 263.
17. Imam bandi *versus* Hazi Mutṣaddi, 45 I. A. 73.
18. Kulsum Bibi *versus* G. H. L. Ariff, 10 C. W. N. 449.
19. Jadu Lal *versus* Janki Koer, 39 Cal. 915, 39 I. A. 101.
20. Govinda Dayal *versus* Inayatulla, 7 All. 775 (F. B.).
21. Sadik Hussain *versus* Hashim Ali, (1916) 43 I. A. 212, 38 A. M. 627.

Criminal Law.

1. Gonwari Lal Das *versus* Queen, 16 Cal. 206.
2. Prasanna Kumar Patra *versus* Uday Saunt, 22 Cal. 669.
3. Queen *versus* Bal Gangadhar Tilak, 22 Bom. 112.
4. Queen *versus* Nayamuddin, 18 Cal. 484.
5. Queen *versus* Gorachand Gope, B. L. R. Supp. Vol. 443, 5 W. R. Cr. 45.
6. Queen *versus* Sriharan Chango, 22 Cal. 1017.
7. Queen *versus* Haradhan, 19 Cal. 380.
8. Queen *versus* Sashi Bhushan, 15 All. 210.
9. Queen *versus* Abbas, 25 Cal. 512.
10. Empress *versus* Raisatali, 7 Cal. 352.
11. Khosh Maharamad *versus* Nasir Mahanmad, 33 Cal. 352.
12. Vaithinath Pillai *versus* Emp., 40 I. A. 103.
13. Amritlal Mazra *versus* Emp., 42 Cal. 957.
14. Pulin Behari Das *versus* Emp., 15 C. L. J. 517, 16 C. W. N. 1107.
15. Barindra K. Ghosh *versus* Emp., 37 Cal. 467, 14 C. W. N. 114.
16. Re Mati Lal Ghosh, 45 Cal. 169.
17. Amrita Lal Bose *versus* Corporation of Calcutta, 44 Cal. 1025.
18. Satis Chandra Chakraborty *versus* Ram Dayal Dey, 32 C. L. J. 94.
19. Ram Sagar Maibda *versus* Alak Naskar, 26 C. W. N. 442.
20. King-Empire *versus* Shek Abdul, 20 C. W. N. 725.

21. Fatchchand Agarwallah *versus* Emp., 21 C. W. N. 33.
22. Empress *versus* Dhumno Kozi and another, 8 Cal. 121.
23. Barendra Kumar Ghosh *versus* King-Emperor, 39 C. L. J. 1, 29 C. W. N.

Law of Transfer inter vivos.

1. Billamny *versus* Sabine, 1 De. G. and J. 566.
2. Ishan Chandra Das Sirkar *versus* Bidhu Sirdar, I. L. R. 24 Cal. 825.
3. Hakim Lal *versus* Mooshahar Sahu, I. L. R. 34 Cal. 999, 23 C. L. J. 406.
4. Jadunath Poddar *versus* Ruplal Poddar, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 967, 10 C. W. N. 650.
5. Petherpermal Chetty *versus* Muniandi, I. L. R. 35 Cal. 55, 12 C. W. N. 562.
6. Gokuldas Gopaldas *versus* Puranmal Premstuk Das, I. L. R. 10 Cal. 1035.
7. Ashutosh Sikdar *versus* Behari Lal Kirtania, I. L. R. 35 Cal. 61.
8. Gurdeo Singh *versus* Chadrika Singh, I. L. R. 36 Cal. 193.
9. Mahamaya *versus* Haridas Haldar, I. L. R. 42 Cal. 455.
10. Lal Achal Ram *versus* Kazim Husein Khan, I. L. R. 27 All. 271.
11. Beniram *versus* Kundan Lal, I. L. R. 21 All. 406.
12. Joitaram Ram Krishna *versus* Ram Krishna Nand Lal, I. L. R. 27 Bom. 31.

Hindu Law.

1. Hunooman Pershad Panday *versus* Babooi Mupraj Kunwar, 6 M. I. A. 393, 18 W. R. 81.
2. Bhagwandeon Dobey *versus* Mypa Bai, 11 M. I. A. 487, 9 W. R. P. C. 23.
3. Gurugobind *versus* Anund Lal, 5 B. L. R. 15.
4. Tagore *versus* Tagore, I. R. I. A. ; Sup. Vol. 47 W. R. 359.
5. Moniram Koliṭa *versus* Keri Kolitani, 7 I. A. 115, I. L. R. 5 Cal. 776.
6. Sree Balustu Gurulingaswami *versus* Sri Balust Ramalakshamma, I. L. R. 22 Mad. 398.
7. Hiralal *versus* Tripura, I. L. R. 40 Cal. 615.
8. Debiprasad *versus* Golap Bhagat, I. L. R. 40 Cal. 721.
9. Ram Chandra *versus* Vinayak, I. L. R. 41 I. A. 290.
10. Bhupatinath *versus* Ramlal, I. L. R. 37 Cal. 128.
11. Bhagwan Singh *versus* Bhagwan Singh, I. R. 26 I. A. 153.
12. Bhubonmoyee Debi *versus* Ramkishore, 10 M. I. A. 279.

13. *The Collector of Madura versus Mootoo Ramalinga*, 12 M. I. A. 397.
14. *Katama Natchiar versus Raja of Shivoganga*, 6 M. I. A. 543.
15. *Manikya Mala Bose versus Nanda Kumar Bose*, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 1306.
16. *Omrit Kumaree Debi versus Luckhee Narayan*, 10 W. R. 76 F. B.
17. *Radha Mohan versus Hardai Bibi*, I. L. R., 21 All. 460.
18. *Suraj Bansi Koer versus Shoo Pershad Singh*, L. R. 6 I. A. 88.
19. *Ram Gopal Bhattacharyee versus Narayan Chandra*, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 315.
20. *Hari Kissen versus Kashipershad*, L. R. 42 I. A. 64.
21. *Rajanimath versus Nitaichandra*, 32 C. L. J.
22. *Motheram versus Rewachand*, L. R. 45 I. A. 41.
23. *Sahu Ram versus Bhup Singh*, L. R. 44 I. A. 126.
24. *Rangasami versus Nachinappa*, L. R. 46 I. A. 72.
25. *Nagindas versus Bachoo*, L. R. 43 I. A. 56.
26. *Rama Rao versus Raja of Pittapur*, L. R. 45 I. A. 148.
27. *Puddo Kumari versus Court of Wards*, L. R. 8 I. A. 229.
28. *Madanmohan versus Purushottama*, L. R. 45 I. A. 156.

Contracts and Torts.

1. *Ashby versus White*—L. Sm. L. C. 231.
2. *Barwick versus English Joint Stock Bank*, L. R. 2 Ex. 259.
3. *Canadian Pacific Railway versus Roy* (1902) A. C. 220.
4. *Coggs versus Bernard*—L. Sm. Leading cases 267.
5. *Dhanigopal versus Raja Maneshar*, L. R. 33 I. A. 118 ; I. L. R. 28 All. 520.
6. *Hadley versus Baxendale*, 9 Exch. 241 ; 96 L. R. 742.
7. *Cundy versus Lindsay*, L. R. 3 App. Cas. 459.
8. *Smith versus Baker*, 1801 A. C. 325.
9. *Keighly Moxsted & Co. versus Durant*, 1901 A. C. 240.
10. *Moghul Steamship Co. versus Mc. Gregor*, 1892 A. C. 25.
11. *Mohori Bibee versus Dharmadas*, L. R. 30 I. A. 114 ; I. L. R. 30 Cal. 630.
12. *Quinn versus Leathem*, 1901 A. C. 105.
13. *Smith versus Hughes*, L. R. 6 Q. B. 597.
14. *Gackwar of Baroda versus Gandhi*, I. L. R. 27 Bom. 344 ; L. R. 30 I. A. 60.
15. *Derry versus Peek*, L. R. 14 A. C. 337.
16. *Armory versus Delamirie*, 1 Strange 505.
17. *Shaikh Kalu versus Ramsaran*, 6 C. L. J. 216.
18. *Seth Kanhaya Lal versus National Bank of India* L. R. 40 I. A.

SYLLABUSES FOR SESSION 1926-27

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH.

B.A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS OF 1928 AND AFTER.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Drama and Poetry.

Texts prescribed :—

Shakespeare—*Macbeth*.

Tennyson—*The Princess*.

Questions will also be set on English Prosody ; and candidates are recommended to read Saintsbury's *Manual of English Prosody*.

Paper II.—Modern Prose.

Texts prescribed :—

Hardy—*Far from the Madding Crowd*.

Dickens—*Pickwick Papers* (Chapters 1 to 10 only).

Paper III.—Composition.

This will include an essay, *précis*-writing, letter-writing, paraphrasing and questions on syntax.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS.

Eight papers on the subject of the Honours course, and three papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

B.A. (HONOURS) EXAMINATIONS OF 1928 AND AFTER.

Paper I.—Elements of Old English Language and Literature.

Text prescribed :—

Wyatt

... Anglo-Saxon Reader (Cambridge, 1919) selections Nos. I, XII, XXIV and XXVI.

Books recommended :—

Wright	...	An Elementary Old English Grammar (Oxford, 1923).
Wardale	...	Old English Grammar (Methuen).
Wyld	...	Short History of English (Murray).
Kellner	...	Historical Outlines of English Accidence (Macmillan).

Paper II.—Elements of Middle English Language and Literature.

Texts prescribed :—

Sweet	...	First Middle English Primer (Oxford).
Sisam (editor)	...	Havelok the Dane (Oxford).
Chaucer	...	Prologue to the Canterbury Tales, The Nun's Priest's Tale.
Langland	...	Piers Plowman, Prologue only (B. Text).

Paper III.—Elizabethan Drama, with special reference to Shakespeare.

Texts prescribed :—

Marlowe	...	Faustus.
Shakespeare	...	Much Ado About Nothing; King Lear.
Ben Jonson	...	Every Man in his Humour.
Webster	...	The Duchess of Malfi.

Paper IV.—Elizabethan and 17th Century Literature.

Texts prescribed :—

Spenser	...	Faerie Queene, Book I.
Milton	...	Paradise Lost, Book IV.
Palgrave	...	"Golden Treasury", Books I and II (Oxford).
Sir Thomas Browne	...	Religio Medici.
Dryden	...	Essay of Dramatic Poesy.

Paper V.—18th Century Literature.

Texts prescribed :—

Pope	Rape of the Lock.
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Selections in Ward's English Poets from the following poets :—

Pope, Thomson, Gray, Collins, Burns, Blake.

Swift ... Tale of a Tub.

Addison and Steele ... Coverly Papers (Clarendon Press).

Fielding ... Tom Jones.

Sheridan ... The Rivals.

Paper VI.—Literature from 1800 to 1832.

Texts prescribed :—

Wordsworth ... Selections in Mathew Arnold's edition.

Coleridge ... The Golden Book of Coleridge, ed. Stopford Brooke, omitting the "Occasional and Narrative Poems" (Iiveryman library).

Shelley ... Prometheus Unbound.

Byron ... Childe Harold's Pilgrimage, Book IV.

Keats ... Odes.

Lamb ... Selections in the Oxford edition (ed. Gordon).

Jane Austen ... Pride and Prejudice.

Paper VII.—Literature from 1832 to 1914.

Texts prescribed :—

Tennyson ... In Memoriam.

Browning ... Selections, ed. W. Young (Cambridge University).

Ward's English Poets, Volume V (the whole).

Matthew Arnold ... Essays, 2nd series.

Pater ... Appreciations.

Paper VIII.—An essay.

Note.—Candidates for the Degree with Honours will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general history of English Literature, and of the outstanding authors, as well as of the prescribed texts. Every candidate will be examined *viva voce*. No fixed number of marks is assigned to the *viva voce* examination, but it may be used by the examiners as a guide in classifying the candidates.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATIONS FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—Chaucer.*

Texts prescribed :—

Chaucer	...	Troilus and Criseyde.
		The Clerke's Tale
		The Nonne Preestes Tale.
		The Parlement of Foules.

Paper II.—Literature from 1800 to 1832.

Texts prescribed :—

The same as for B.A. (Honours), Paper VI.

Paper III.—Elizabethan Drama, with special reference to Shakespeare.

Texts prescribed :—

The same as for B.A. (Honours), Paper III.

FINAL M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS IN 1928 AND AFTER.

The examination will consist of *five* papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Committee of Courses of Study, in lieu of *two* of these, such dissertation carrying 200 marks.

All candidates will, in addition to their written work, be examined *viva voce*. This *viva voce* test will not carry any fixed number of marks, but may be used by the examiners as an aid in placing the candidates in the class lists.

Candidates may, with the approval of the head of the department, select *either* of the following alternative courses, according to whether they wish to make the language or the literature the main subject of their study.

GROUP A.

Paper I.—The History of English Literature from its origin to 1700.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper II.—The History of English Literature from 1700 to 1914.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper III and Paper IV.—A special subject selected by the candidate from the following list.

- (a) Literary Criticism.
- (b) The Scottish Chaucerians.
- (c) Elizabethan Tragedy.
- (d) The 18th Century Novel (1740 to 1780[†]).
- (e) The Romantic Revival.
- (f) The Victorian Novel (1850 to 1890).
- (g) Victorian Poetry (1850 to 1888).

No texts are prescribed for this special subject

Paper V.—An Essay.

GROUP B.

Paper I.—Gothic and the outlines of Germanic Philology.

Text prescribed:—

- | | | |
|--------|-----|---|
| Wright | ... | Gothic Grammar and selections (Oxford 1917), with a special study of <i>St. Mark's Gospel</i> , Chapters I to VI inclusive. |
|--------|-----|---|

Paper II.—Old English Language and Literature.

Texts prescribed:—

- | | | |
|-------|-----|---|
| Wyatt | ... | Anglo-Saxon Reader (Cambridge, 1919), selections Nos. I to III inclusive, VII, VIII, X to XII inclusive, and XVIII to XXXV inclusive. |
|-------|-----|---|

Paper III.—Middle English Language and Literature.

Texts prescribed:—

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|--|
| Tolkien and Gordon
(editors.) | ... | Sir Gawayne and The Green Knight (Oxford). |
| Sisam | ... | 14th Century Verse and Prose (Oxford, 1921), selections Nos. I to V inclusive, IX, X, XV and XVII. |

Paper IV.—History of the English Language.

No texts are prescribed.

Paper V.—An Essay.[†]

^{*}The dissertation is to be offered in place of the special subject of Papers 3 and 4.

[†]The dissertation to be offered in lieu of any two of the above, and to carry 200 marks.

DEPARTMENT OF SANSKRITIC STUDIES AND
BENGALI.

I.—SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

B.A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1928 AND AFTER.

The examination will consist of three papers:

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama.

Abhijnana-sakuntala.
Ratnavali.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Meghaduta.
Kiratarjuniya IV.
Dasakumara carita I, VIII.

Paper III.—(a) General History of Classical Sanskrit Literature.

Keith's Classical Sanskrit Literature.
Article on Drama (Indian) in Hastings' Encyclopaedia of Religion and Ethics.

(b) Grammar, Composition and Unseen.

Kielhorn's Sanskrit Grammar.
Apte's Guide to Sanskrit Composition.

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS FOR 1929 AND AFTER.

The examination will consist of *eight* papers on the subject of the Honours Course as detailed below, and two papers on each of *two* subsidiary subjects to be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department of Sanskrit.

Paper I.—Vedic Sanskrit.

Peterson's Selection of Hymns from the Rig-Veda, with Sayana's commentary, First Series, Nos. 1-10, 23, 24, 29, 30, 32, 33.
Aitareya Brahmana, ch. 30, paucika VIII.
Macdonell's Vedic Grammar for Students (omitting chs. V-VII).

Paper II.—Sanskrit Drama.

Abhijnana-sakuntala.
Svapna-vasavadtta.
Uttara-rama-charita.

Paper III.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Janaki-harana IV-VI (ed. Nandargikar, Bombay, 1907).
 Kiratarjuniya XI-XII.
 Kadambari, kathamukha only.

Paper IV.—Elements of Prakrit and Pali, with a general knowledge of Comparative Philology.

Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit.
 Vidhusekhar Sastri's Pali-prakasa.
 Gune's Introduction to Comparative Philology.

Paper V.—Sanskrit Grammar.

Siddhanta-kaumudi: Karaka, Samasa, Stri-pratyaya,
 Lakkarartha-nirnaya, and Atmanepada-Parasmaipada-
 vidhana.
 Kale's Higher Sanskrit Grammar.
 Belvalkar's Systems of Sanskrit Grammar.

Paper VI.—History of Sanskrit Literature.

No text-books prescribed, but the following books are recommended for critical study:—

Weber's History of Sanskrit Literature.
 Macdonell's Sanskrit Literature.
 Keith's Classical Sanskrit Literature.

Paper VII.—One special subject consisting of one of the following groups:—

(a) *Sanskrit Poetics, Dramaturgy and Prosody.*

Sahitya-darpana (omitting ch. VI).
 Dasa-rupaka, I and III.
 Chando-manjari.

(b) *Indian Philosophy.*

Sarva-daśana-saṃgraha, omitting the four Māheshvara systems.

(c) *Dharma-sastra and Artha-sastra.*

Manu-smṛiti II-V.
 Sūkṛa-nīti I.

(d) *Epigraphy and Paleography.*

The following inscriptions are to be studied: (1) The 7 Pillar Edicts of Asoka, (2) Mandasor Inscription of

Kumaragupta and Bāndhuvārman, (3) Khalimpur Copperplate grant of Dharmapala, (4) Deopara Inscription of Vijayasena, (5) Rampal Copperplate grant of Sricandra.

Paper VIII.—(a) Essay.

• (b) *Composition, Translation and Unseen from Sanskrit and Prakrit.*

In papers I-III, a general and historical knowledge of the subject itself, as well as a critical study of the special texts, will be required.

The special subject in Paper VII is to be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department of Sanskrit. In each session, only *one* group in special subject will be allowed for a course.

There will also be a *viva voce* examination. This test will not carry any fixed number of marks, but may be used as an aid in placing the candidates in the class list.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of three papers of the B.A. Honours standard.

Paper I.—Vedic Sanskrit.

The same as for B.A. Honours, Paper I.

Paper II.—History of Sanskrit Literature.

The same as for Honours, Paper VI.

Paper III.—Sanskrit and Prakrit Grammar.

No text-books prescribed ; but candidates are recommended to read—

Kale's Higher Sanskrit Grammar.

• Woolner's Introduction to Prakrit.

FINAL M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1928 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *five* papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Committee of Courses and Studies in lieu of Papers III-V. Such candidates will have also *one* paper on the special subject of his dissertation.

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama. 6

Mricchakatika.
Mudraraksasa.
Vikramorvasiya.
Nagananda.

Book recommended:—

Keith's Sanskrit Drama.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Poetry and Prose.

Saundarananda IV-VI (ed. B.M. Ind.).
Kavindra-vacana-samuccaya (ed. Bibl. Ind.).
Sisupala-vadha XIV.
Naisadha-carita I-II.
Harsa-carita I-II.

Book recommended:—

Winternitz's Geschichte der indischen Litteratur, Vol. iii.

*Papers III and IV.—One special subject to be selected from one of the following groups:—**(a) Vedic Sanskrit.*

Peterson's Selection of Hymns from the Rg-Veda, with
Sayana's commentary, Second Series.
Satapatha-brahmana, First Four Brahmanas.
Yaska's Nirukta, Daivata-kanda only.
Vaidika-prakriya, as in Siddhanta-kaumudi.
Pingala's Chandah-sutra (Vedic portion only).

Books recommended:—

Macdonell's Vedic Mythology.
Macdonell's Vedic Grammar.
Arnold's Vedic Metre.
Winternitz's Geschichte der indischen Lit., Vol. I.

(b) Prakrit and Pali.

Karpura-Manjari.
Gatha-santasati, 5th sataka.
Dhammapada, vaggas i-x.
Andersen's Pali Reader, Nos. 14, 17, 21, 23, 26, 35, 44.
Vararuci's Prakṛta-prakasa.

Books recommended :—

Geiger's Pali Litteratur und Sprache.
Pischel's Grammatik der Prakrit Sprachen (for reference only).

(c) *Dharma-sastra and Artha-sastra.*

Gautama's Dharma-sutra with Haradatta's Commentary.
Yajñavalkya-smṛti, Vyavaharadhyaya.
Kāṭilya, Artha-sastra I and II.
Sūkra-nīti II.

Books recommended :—

Jayaswal's Hindu Polity.
Jolly's Recht und Sitte.

(d) *Indian Philosophy.*

Gautama's Nyaya-sutra, ch. i, with Vatsyayana-bhasya.
Dharmaraja's Vedānta-paribhāṣa.
Iṣvara-kṛṣṇa's Sāṃkhya-karika with Tattva-kaumudī.

Books recommended :—

Radhakrishnan's Indian Philosophy, Vol. I.
Surendranath Dasgupta's Indian Philosophy, Vol. I.

(e) *Sanskrit Poetics and Prosody.*

Bhamaha's Kavyalankara I-II.
Vamana's Kavyalankara-sutra-vatti I-III.
Dhvanyāloka.
Mammata's Kavya-prakasa I—V.
Vṛtṭa-ratnakara.

Books recommended :—

S. K. De's, History of Sanskrit Poetics, Vols. I-II.
Weber's Metrik der Indier (in Ind. Stud. viii.).

(f) *Epigraphy and Paleography.*

List of inscriptions to be studied : (1) Asoka's Edicts omitting the 7 Pillar Edicts (Cal. Univ. ed.).
(2) Hathigumpha Cave Inscription of Kharavela.
(3) Nanaghat Cave Inscription (Luder's List, No. 1112). (4) Nāsik Cave Inscription of Balasiri.

- (5) Junagadh Rock Inscription of Rudradaman. (6) Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudragupta. (7) Junagadh Rock Inscription of Skandagupta. (8) Mandasor Inscription of Yasodharman. (9) Manahali Copperplate grant of Madanapala. (10) Madanapara Inscription of Visvarupasena. (11) Belava Copperplate grant of Bhojavarman.

Buhler's *Indische Palaeographie* (transl. in *Indian Antiquary*).

A knowledge of Manuscript-reading will be required.

- (g) *Epic and Purana* } Detailed syllabus to be supplied
(h) *Sanskrit Grammar* } if there is any candidate.

Paper V.—(a) *Essay*.

(b) *Unseen from Sanskrit and Prakrit, and Translation*.

The special subject is to be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department. In these two papers, a general and historical knowledge of the subject (as indicated in the books recommended), as well as a critical study of the special texts, will be required. In each session, choice will be allowed only out of two of the groups.

Candidates will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general history of Sanskrit literature and of the outstanding works and authors, as well as of the prescribed texts.

There will be a *viva voce* examination. No fixed number of marks is assigned to this test, but it may be used as a guide to classifying the candidates.

II.—SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1928 AND AFTER.

Bengali.

(Compulsory for all candidates taking B.A. Pass Course).

One Paper only.

(a) *Texts* :

Bisa-briksha.
Chayanika.
Bisarjan.
Adhunik Sahitya (Tagore).

(b) *Essay, Translation and Composition.*

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS FOR 1929 AND AFTER.

The examination will consist of eight papers on the subject of the Honours Course as detailed below, and two papers on each of two subsidiary subjects to be selected with the approval of the Head of Department of Sanskrit and Bengali.

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama, Poetry and Prose.

Uttara-rama-charita.
Svapna vasavadatta.
Kiratarjuniya XI-XII.
Kadambari, katha-mukha only.

Paper II.—Sanskrit Grammar and History of Sanskrit Literature.

No text-books prescribed ; but the following books are recommended for critical study :—

Kale's Higher Sanskrit Grammar.
Macdonell's History of Sanskrit Literature.

Paper III.—Elements of Prakrit and Pali with a general knowledge of Comparative Philology.

The same as for Sanskrit Honours, Paper IV.

Paper IV.—History of Bengali Literature.

No text-books prescribed ; but the following books are recommended :—

Dinesh Chandra Sen's Banga-bhasa O Sahitya.
Sushil Kumar De's Bengali Literature in the 19th Century.
Article on Bengali Literature in the Bisva-kosa.

Paper V.—Old Bengali.

Bauddha-gan O Doha (the Dohas of Kalanupada and Bhutukn).
Srikrishna-kirtan, pp. I-II, 293-308.
Manik Ganguli's Dharma-mangal.

Paper VI.—Middle Bengali.

Aprakasita-pada-ratnabali, ed. Satish Chandra Ray.
Kabikankan-Chandi.
Goraksa-bijay.

Paper VII.—Modern Bengali.

Meghnad-badh.	Chayanika.
Bisa-briksa.	Bisarjan.
Nil-darpan.	Pancha-bhut.

Paper VIII.—(a) Essay.

(b) *Unseen, to be selected from Sanskrit, Prakrit and Bengali.*

There will also be a *viva voce* examination, which will not carry any fixed number of marks, but which may be used as an aid in placing the candidates in the class list.

PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATION FOR 1927 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of three papers of the B. A. Honours standard.

Paper I.—Sanskrit Drama, Poetry and Prose.

The same as for Honours Paper I.

Paper II.—History of Sanskrit and of Bengali Literature.

Books recommended :—

Macdonell's Sanskrit Literature.

Dinesh Chandra Sen's Banga-bhasa O Sahitya.

Paper III.—Elements of Prakrit and Pali, with general knowledge of Comparative Philology.

The same as for Honours Paper III.

FINAL M. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION FOR 1928 AND AFTER.

The Examination will consist of *five* papers ; but candidates may offer a dissertation on any subject approved by the Committee of Courses and Studies in lieu of *three* papers* to be determined in each case by the same Committee. Such candidates will also have *one* paper on the special subject of his dissertation.

Paper I.—Vedic Sanskrit.

Macdonell's Vedic Reader (omitting hymns ii 33, 35 : iv 50 : v 83 : vi 54 : vii 49, 61 : x 15, 127, 168).

Macdonell's Vedic Grammar for Students.

Paper II.—History of Bengali Language and Literature.

Śuniti Kumar Chatterji's Origin and Development of the Bengali Language.

Grierson's Linguistic Survey, Vol. V, pt. i.

Grierson on Bengali, Bihari and Hindustani in Encycl. Britt., 11th ed., and on the Phonology of Indo-Aryan Vernaculars in ZDMG xlix pp. 393-421, 1 p. 1-42.

No text-books on the History of Literature prescribed; but some direct acquaintance with the outstanding authors and works will be required.

Paper III.—Old and Middle Bengali.

Bauddha-gan O Doha, omitting the pieces of Kālmupada and Bhūsuku.

Sunya-pāraṇ.

Chaitanya-charitamrita, adi-līla, chs. 1-5, 7, 13, 17; madhya-līla, chs. 1, 6, 8, 19, 20, 24, 25; antya-līla, chs. 3, 4, 11, 14, 20.

Bidyapati's Padabali, ed. Sahitya-parisat, pp. 373-474 (Nos. 616-703).

Baṅga-sahitya-parichay, vol. i, pp. 172-209 (Maṇasa-maṅgal).

Paper IV.—A special period of Modern Bengali Literature.

Period prescribed: Bengali Poetry from A. D. 1860-1890 with a special reference to the works of Michael Madhusudan, Hemchandra, Nabinchandra and Bihari Lal.

Paper V.—(a) Essay.

(b) *Unseen from Sanskrit and Bengali.*

Candidates will be expected to show a competent knowledge of the general literary history involved, and of the important works and authors, as well as of the prescribed texts.

There will be a *viva voce* examination, which will not carry any fixed number of marks, but which may be used as a guide in classifying the candidates.

DEPARTMENT OF ARABIC AND ISLAMIC STUDIES, 1928.

ARABIC.

ARABIC FOR THE ORDINARY B. A. DEGREE.

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—Grammar, Composition and Translation of unseen passages.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) Palmer's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (2) Mabadiul-'Arabiyya No. 3.
- (3) Hidayat-un-Nahw.

Paper II.—Prose.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quran-ul-Karim—The Suras: al-Muzzammil, al-Muddaththir, al-Qiyamah, an-Naba and al-Ghashiah to an-Nas.
- (2) Kalila wa-Diwna— Babul-Hamamatil-Mutawwaqa.
- (3) Salasil-ul-Qira'ah—Part IV, pp. 10-45, and Part V, pp. 1-25, 87-106.

Paper III.—Poetry.

- (1) Diwanu-Hassan—from the beginning to the end of Qafiyatul-Jim.
- (2) Qasidatul-Burda of al-Busiri.
- (3) Qasidatul-Farazdaq on Imam Zainul 'Abidin.
- (4) Diwanu-'Abil 'Atahiyah (Lahore edition) from the beginning of Qafiyatul-ya to the end of the Diwan. Pp. 238-279.

B. A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ARABIC, 1929.

Paper.—Arabic Grammar and Composition.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Wright's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (2) Palmer's Grammar of the Arabic Language.
- (3) Mabadiy-ul-Arabiyya No. 4.
- (4) Mughni'l-labib.
- (5) Ibr 'Aqil's Commentary on Ibn Malik's Alfiah.

Paper II.—Essay in Arabic and Translation of unseen passages.

Paper III.—Prose.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quran-ul-Karim—The Suras : al-Baqarah and Al-Ghashiyah to an-Nas.
- (2) Tarikh-ul-Fakhri— from the beginning to the end of al-Faslul-Awwal.
- (3) Maqamat-ul-Hariri—The Khutba and the 1st 5 maqamas.
- (4) Atbaq-uz-Zahab—1st 50 maqalas including the Khutba.
- (5) Ummul-Qura—by Abdur Rahman al-Kawakibi. (Published by Ibrahim Paris, Cairo).
- (6) Salasil-ul-Qira'ah—Part VI. Pp. 3-63 and 134-155.

Paper IV.—Poetry.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Hamasa of Abu-Tammam—Bab-ul-Azyaf wal Madih.
- (2) Mu'allaqat—Imru-ul-Qais, Zubair, 'Amm b-Kulthum and 'Antarah.
- (3) Saqtuz-Zand—Pp. 7-11, 38-42 and 50-58 (Cairo edition, 1910).

Paper V.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Books recommended :—

- (1) 'Ilm-ul-Adab—(i) up to the end of Khatayah and (ii) chapters on Prosody (Beyrouth edition).
- (2) Mukhlasar'ul-Ma'ana.
- (3) Al-Kafi fi'l 'Arus wa'l-Qawafi.

Paper VI.—History of Arabic Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Tarikh-u-Adabil-Lughaatil-'Arabiyyah, by Zaidan.
- (2) Nicholson's History of Arabic Literature.
- (3) C. Huart's History of Arabic Literature.

Paper VII.—Outlines of the History of Islam, down to the decline of the Abbasid Dynasty.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Tarikh-u-Abil-Fida.
- (2) Tarikh-ul-Khulafa, by Siyuti.
- (3) Duwal-ul-Araab.
- (4) History of the Saracens, by Amir Ali.

Paper VIII.—Arabic Philology, with elementary knowledge of Hebrew Grammar.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Wright's Comparative Grammar of the Semitic Languages.
- (2) Al-Falsafat-ul-Lughawiya by Zaidan.
- (3) Neeldelke, Semitic Languages, in the Encyclopædia Britannica.
- (4) Arabic Language and Literature (Encyclopædia of Islam under the article "Arabia").

M. A. DEGREE IN ARABIC.

1. PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

Paper I.—Prose including an outline of the History of Arabic Literature, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours, Papers III and VI.

Paper II.—Poetry including Rhetoric and Prosody, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours, Papers IV and V.

Paper III.—Essay, Composition and Translation, corresponding to B.A. Honours, Paper II and part of Paper I.

2. FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

Paper I.—Poetry.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Mu'allaqat—whole.
- (2) Hamasa of Abu Tammam—Babul-Hafuza, first half, and Babul Adab.
- (3) Diwanu-Nabighat-idh-Dhul-yani—Ahlwardt's edition of the six Diwans—Nabigha—Poems 1-5, 8, 17 and 23.
- (4) Diwanu'l-Mutanabbi—Poems 3, 13, 23, 24, 28, 32 and 33.

Paper II.—Prose.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quran-ul-Karim—The Sura's Alu Imran, Yasin and al-Fath.
- (2) Maqamat-ul-Hariri—The Khutba and Maqamas 1-7, 11, 12.
- (3) Al-Muwazanah-baina-abi Tammam wal Buhturi, by al-Hasan b. Bishr, Revrout 1332, pp. 2-103.
- (4) Fatat-u-Ghassan by Zaidan—whole.

Paper III.—History of Arabic Language and Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Kitāb-ul-Aghani.
- (2) Tarikh-u-Adalil-Lughatil-Arabiya (Zaidan).
- (3) Tarikhul-Lughatil-Arabiya by Zaidan.
- (4) Nicholson's History of Arabic Literature.
- (5) Arabic Literature, under the article "Arabia" in the Encyclopædia of Islam.
- (6) Noeldeke, Semitic Languages in the Encyclopædia Britannica.

Paper IV.—History of Islam and Islamic Civilization.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Tabari.
- (2) Mas'udi, Muruzuz-Zahab.
- (3) Baladhuri, Futuhul-Buldan.
- (4) Ibn Khaldun.
- (5) At-Tamaddun-ul-Islami (Zaidan) with Shibli Nu'mani's criticism of the book.
- (6) Contributions to the History of Islamic Civilization (from Von Kremer).

Paper V.—Essay in Arabic.

II.—ISLAMIC STUDIES.

ISLAMIC STUDIES FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE, 1928.

Paper I.—Qur'an Tafsir and Hadith.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Qur'an-ul-Karim—The Suras: Maryam, Taha, an-Nur, an-Naml and al-Ahzab.
- (2) Tafsir Madarik, al-Fatihah and the first quarter of Alif-Lam-Mim.
- (3) Mu'atta of Imam Muhammad.

Paper II.—Fiqh, Usul and Kalam.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Wiqayah—Kitab-ul-Buyu', from the beginning to the end of Bab Khiyar-ush-Shart, Bab Khiyar-ul-'Aib and Bab-ul-Bai'at Fasid to the end of Bab-u-ma-yukrahu.
- (2) Usul-ul-Fiqh—general lectures.

- (3) Sharh 'Aqaid Nasafi—Bahth Iman to the end of the book.

Paper III.—Either (A) Islamic Philosophy, or (B) Arabic Literature.

(A) Islamic Philosophy.

Text-book recommended :—

Isharat of Avicenna, as edited by Inam Razi—Selections.

(B) Arabic Literature.

Text-book prescribed :—

- (1) Maqamatul-Hariri—5 maqamat.
- (2) Nahjul-Balaghah, pages 43-45, 60-64, 82-89, 103-105 (end of the first Khutba on the page), 107-109, 128-34, 177-81, 330-31, and 517-18.
- (3) Mu'allqat—Imra-ul-Qais, Zuhair and 'Antarah.
- (4) Hamasah—Bab-ul-Azyaf.

B.A. DEGREE WITH HONOURS IN ISLAMIC STUDIES, 1929.

Paper I.—Hadith and Usulul-Haith.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Tirmizi Sharif—from the beginning up to the end of Abwab-us-Salat.
- (2) Usulul-Hadith—General lectures.

Papers II and III.—Quran, Tafsir and Usulul-Tafsir.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Al-Quranul-Karim—Suras : Maryam, Taha, an-Nur, an-Naml, al-Alzab, Yasin, al-Mu'min, Al-Fath, Al-Hujurah, an-Naym'al-Waqi'a, al-Mujadilah at-Talaq and at-Tahrim.
- (2) Baidhawi Sharif—al-Fatihah and the first quarter of Alif-Lam-Mim.
- (3) Usul-ut-Tafsir—General lectures.

Books prescribed for non-detailed study :—

- (1) Al-Quranul Karim—the whole excluding the prescribed portions.
- (2) Baidhawi Sharif—Last 3 quarters of Alif-Lam-Mim.

Paper IV.—Kalam.

Books prescribed :—

- (1) Sharh 'Aqaid Nasafi up to the beginning of Mabhatbus Sifat (Mujtabai Press, Delhi 1329), pages 1-35.
- (2) al-Husnul-Hamidiyya, pages 7-115.

Paper V.—Fiqh.

Books prescribed :—

Hadayah—Kitab-ul-Buyu' from the beginning to the end of Bab-u-Khiyar-i-shshart, Bab-u-Khiyaril-Aib and Babul-Bai'il fasid to the end of Bab-u-ma-yukrahu ; Kitab-ul-Da'wa from the beginning to Faslu fi man la yakunu Khasman, Kitabul Ihibah, whole ; Kitab-ul-Ijarah, from the beginning to the end of Bahth-ul-Ijarat-il-fasida, Kitab-ush-Shuf'a and Kitab-ul-Wasiyya.

Paper VI.—Usul-ul-Fiqh.

General lectures on Bahth-ul-Qiyas.

Paper VII.—History of Islamic Civilization.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) 'Tabaqatu-l-Ibn Sa'd.
- (2) Mas'udi, Murujuz-Zahab.
- (3) Baladhuri, Futuhu'l-Buldan.
- (4) Tabari.
- (5) al-'Amaddunu'l Islami by Zaidan.

Paper VIII.—Islamic Philosophy.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Isharat of Avicenna, as edited by Iman Razi ('Tabi'-yyat and Ilahiyyat).
- (2) Al-Munqiz Min-ad-Dalal, by Imant Ghazali.

Or

*Paper VII.—Arabic (Prose Paper III of the Honours Course in Arabic).**Paper VIII.—Arabic poetry (Paper IV of the Honours Course in Arabic).*

M.A. DEGREE IN ISLAMIC STUDIES, 1927.

1. M.A. PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN ISLAMIC STUDIES.

GROUP A.

Paper I.—Hadis and Usulul-Hadis.—Generally corresponding to Paper I of the Honours Islamic Studies.

Paper II.—Quran Karim, Tafsir and Usulul-Tafsir, corresponding to Papers II and III of the Honours Islamic Studies.

Paper III.—Fiqh and Usulul-Fiqh, corresponding to Papers V and VI of the Honours Islamic Studies.

GROUP B.

Three papers, generally corresponding to B.A. Honours, Papers IV, V and VI.

GROUP C.

Two papers on General Philosophy, and the third paper on Imam Ghazali's al-munqid min-az-Zalal.

GROUP D.

Three papers—same as for the M.A. (Preliminary) Examination in Arabic.

2. M.A. FINAL EXAMINATION IN ISLAMIC STUDIES, 1927.

Five Papers.

GROUP A.

Tafsir and Hadith.

Paper I.—Bukhari Sharif.

Portions prescribed :—

Babu Bad'ul 'Wahy, Kitab-ul-Iman, Kita'ab-ul-'Ilm, Kitab-ul-Shuf'a, Kitabul-Ijarah, Kitab-ul-Hawalah, Kitabul-Kifalah, Kitab-ul-wakalah, Abwab-ul-Harth wal-Muzara'ah, Al-Musaqat, Babu 'Alamat-in-Nubuwwah, Kitab-ul-Ahkam and Kitab-ur-Radd'al-al-Juhamiyya.

Prescribed for non-detailed study :—

The corresponding portions of Muslim, Tirmizi and Abu Da'ud.

Paper II.—Muslim Sharif.

Portions prescribed :—

Kitab-u-Faza'il-Quran, Kitab-un-Nikah, Kitab-ut-Talaq,
Kitab-ul-Li'an, Kitab-ul-Itq, Kitab-ul-Buyu', Kitab-
ul-Ijarah, Kitab-ul-Faza'il, Kitab-ul-Hfudud and
Kitab-ut-Tafsir.

Prescribed for non-detailed study :—

The corresponding portions of Bukhari, Tirmizi and Abu
Da'ud.

Paper III.—Tirmizi Sharif.

Portions prescribed :—

Abwab-uz-Zakat, Abwab-us-Saum, Abwab-ul-Hajj,
Abwab-ul-Jana'iz, Abwab-ul-M'imah, Abwab-ul-
Ashribah, Abwab-ul-Libas, Abwab-ul-Fitan, Bab-u-
Sifat-il-Jannah and Bab-u-Sifat-in-Nar.

Prescribed for non-detailed study :—

The corresponding portions of Bukhari, Muslim and Abu
Da'ud.

Paper IV.—Tafsir Kashshaf.

Portion prescribed :—

From the beginning of para. 2 up to the end of Surah al-
Baqarah.

Paper V.—'Itqan,' by Suyuti.

Chapters prescribed :—

1, 7, 8, 9, 18, 42, 47, 52, 53, 62-64.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Sharhu Ma'anil-A'thar.
- (2) Mu'atta of Imam Muhammad.
- (3) Muḥaddimah Ibn Salah.
- (4) Tafsir Ibn Jarir.
- (5) I'jaz-ul-Qur'an.

GROUP B.

Papers I and II.—Fiqh.

Paper III.—Usul.

Papers IV and V.—Kalam.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Majallat-ul-Ahkam.
- (2) Kashf-ul-Asrar.
- (3) Sharh-ul-Mawaqif.
- (4) Al-madaniyat-ul-Islam.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Al-Muqabalah baina Qanun-il-Islam wa ghairihi.
- (2) Legal Decisions of the Courts of Egypt.
- (3) Sir Abdur Rahim's book on Jurisprudence.

GROUP C.

Paper I.—Mantiqiyyat.

Paper II.—Kainatu'l-Arz.

Paper III.—Kainatu'l-Jaww (Unsuriyyat).

Paper IV.—Falakiyyat.

Paper V.—Ilahiyyat.

Text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Sharhu-Isharat.
- (2) Fasl-ul-Maqal and two other treatises by Averroes.
(Edited by M. J. Mueller.)

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) Tahafut-ul-Falasifah, by Imam Ghazali.
- (2) Tahafut-ul-Tahafa, by Averroes.
- (3) Muhakamah, by Khajazada.
- (4) Radd-ul-Mantiq, by Ibn Taimiyah.
- (5) History of Philosophy in Islam, by T. De Boers.
- (6) History of Greek Philosophy, with special reference to Platonic, Aristotelian and neo-Platonic systems.

GROUP D.

Paper I.—Poetry.

Paper II.—Prose.

Paper III.—Rhetoric.

Paper IV.—Arabic Philology, including a knowledge of one of the cognate languages.

Or

History of Arabic Literature.

Paper V.—Essay in Arabic.

Text-books recommended :—

- (1) *Diwan-u-Imra-il-Qais.*
- (2) *Diwan-un-Nabighah.*
- (3) *Kitab-ul-Aghani.*
- (4) *Luzumiyat* by Al-Ma'arri.
- (5) *Maqamat-ul-Hariri.*
- (6) *Al-Muwazanah baina Abi Tammam wal-Buhituri.*
- (7) *Asrar-ul-Balaghah.*
- (8) *Falsafat-ul-Balaghah*, by Dumit.
- (9) Translation of Aristotle's *Rhetoric*, by Averroës.
- (10) Arabic Philology, including a knowledge of one of the cognate languages.

Or

History of Arabic Literature and literary criticism from such books as—

- (i) *Kitabush-Shi'r was-Shu'ara*, by Ibn Qutaibah.
(Edited by De Goeje.)
- (ii) *Tarikh-ul-Adab*, by Qirwani.
- (iii) *Naqdush-Shi'r wash Shu'ara.*
- (iv) *Al-'Umdah.*

DEPARTMENT OF PERSIAN AND URDU.

B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Persian Grammar and Translation.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Palmer's *Persian Grammar.*

- (2) Ahsan-ul Qawaid.
- (3) Miftah-ul Qawaid.

Paper II.—(a) Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Safarnamah of Shah Nasiruddin Qachor, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press, first ten pages of the English trip.
- (2) Nafahat-ul Uns of Jami, Naval Kishore Press, pages 313-333.
- (3) Sarguzasht-i Khanam-i Englishi dar Balwa-i Hind, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press, first twenty pages.
- (4) Mihr-i-Nimroz of Ghadib, Naval Kishore Press, first twenty pages.

(b) *Outlines of the History of Persian Literature in India during the reigns of Akbar, Jahangir and Shahjahan.*

Books recommended :—

- (1) Khizanah-i'Aamirah.
- (2) M'aasir-i Kiram.
- (3) Maikhanah.
- (4) Akbarnamah (lives of poets).

Paper III.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Bostan-i Sa'adi, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning of Bab 7.
- (2) Shahnamah of Firdausi—the last fight between Rustam and Isfandiyar up to Madh-i Sultan-i Mahmud.
- (3) Khusrau-Shirin of Nizami, Naval Kishore Press, 10 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Qiran-ul Sa'adain of Khusrau, Aligarh Institute Press, pages 48-63.

URDU FOR THE ORDINARY B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Rahm-o Insaf and the first 20 odes from the Diwan of Hali.

- (2) Ruba'iyat-i Anis, first thirty Rubais.
- (3) Bang-i Dira, by Sir Iqbal (selections).

Paper II.—Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Urdu-i Mu'alla, first 25 pages.
- (2) Mazamin-i Sir Syed—Selections for 'Usmaniah University.
- (3) Firdaus-i Borin by Sharar.

Paper III.—Composition and Translation.

B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS IN PERSIAN AND URDU, 1929.

Paper I.—Persian Grammar.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Persian Grammar by Platt and Ranking.
- (2) Dastur Namah-i Farsi, Mujtabai Press.
- (3) Sh'arh-i 'Abdud Wasi, Naval Kishore Press.
- (4) Persian Grammar by Phillott.

Paper II.—Outlines of Persian Literature.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Literary History of Persia (all the 4 vols.) by Browne.
- (2) Shi'ar'ul 'Ajam by Shibli (5 vols.).
- (3) Sukhrandan-i Fars by Azad.
- (4) Tazkirah of Daulat Shah.
- (5) Tazkirah of 'Afi.

Paper III.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Qasaid-i Anwari, first 7 Qasidahs.
- (2) Shahuamah of Firdausi, Jang-i Ardshir-o Ardawan, 200 couplets from the beginning of the story.
- (3) Qasaid-i Salman-i Sauji, first 7 Qasidahs.

Paper IV.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books recommended :—

- (1) Diwan-i Hafiz, Urdu Guide Press, 20 odes ; beginning from page 63.

- (2) Ghazaliyat-i Sa'adi, first 20 odes (Ghazaliyati Quadim), Naval Kishore Press.
- (3) Intikhab-i Kuliyat-i Qaani, Majidi Press, Cawnpore, first 12 pages.
- (4) Diwalrani Khizr Khan, of Amir Khusrau, pages 78 to 102, Institute Press, Aligarh.

Paper V.—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Kimiya-i Saadat of Ghazzali, Naval Kishore Press, 20 pages from the beginning.
- (2) Ruq'at-i 'Aalamgiri (first half).
- (3) Khan-i Langaran, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press.
- (4) Jahankusha-i Nadiri, Shams-ul Muzaffari Press, first 30 pages of the invasion of India.

Paper VI.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Hadaiqul Balaghat.
- (2) Al-Mo'ajam, by Shams-i Qais.
- (3) Bahr-ul Fasahat, by Najm-ul Ghani.

Or

Urdu Literature.

Selections from books prescribed :—

Prose.

- (1) 'Ud-i Hindi of Ghalib, first ten letters.
- (2) Darbar-i Akbari by Azad, Ba'ram Khan, pages 157-197, Naval Kishore Press, Lahore, 1910.
- (3) Ibn-ul Waqt by Naqir Ahmad, first 12 chapters.

Poetry.

- (1) Intikhabi-i-Kalam-i-Meer by Abdul Haq up to the end of Radif Ra.
- (2) Marsiah of Anis, Vol. I, the first Marsia, Naval Kishore Press.
- (3) Srikwa-i-Hind of Hali (whole).
- (4) Kuliyat-i-Sauda-Hajvi, Mausim-i-Sarma and the first 7 Ghazals.
- (5) Diwan-i-Ghalib, Radif-i Nun.

Paper VII.—Persian Philology.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Platt's Persian Grammar.
- (2) Browne's Literary History of Persia, Part I.
- (3) *Sikhandan-i Fars* by Azad.
- (4) *Jawahirul Huruf and Nawadir-ul Masadir* of Tekchand Bahar.
- (5) *Neupersische Schrift Sprache (Grundriss der Iranischen Philologie)* by Paul Horn.

Or

Urdu Grammar.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Platt's Urdu Grammar.
- (2) *Misbah-ul Qawaid* by Fath Muhammad Khan.
- (3) *Qawaid-i Urdu* by Abdul Haq.

Paper VIII.—Composition and Translation of unseen passages.

M. A. DEGREE.

I. PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

*Paper I.—Persian Composition and Translation of unseen passages (corresponding to B. A. Honours, Paper VIII).**Paper II.—Persian Philology (corresponding to B. A. Honours, Paper VII).**Paper III.—Outlines of Persian Literature (corresponding to B. A. Honours, Paper II).*

II. FINAL M. A. EXAMINATION, 1928.

Paper I.—Persian Poetry.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) *Qasaid-i Khaqani*, pages 35-47, Naval Kishore Press.
- (2) *Masnavi-i Rumi*, 30 pages from the beginning, Naval Kishore Press.
- (3) *Hadiqa of Sanai*, pages 25-45 (Stephen's Edition, Calcutta, 1910).
- (4) *Qasaid-i, Zahir-i Faryabi*, the first 7 *Qasidahs*.
- (5) *Saqi Namah of Zuhuri*, Naval Kishore Press, the first 15 pages.

Paper II.—Persian Prose.

Selections from text-books prescribed :—

- (1) Siyasat Nama of Nizam-ul Mulk (account of the Mazdakian Heresy).
- (2) Sil-i Nsr-i Zuhuri, the first Nasr.
- (3) Tarikh-i Wassaf (Calcutta Madrasah Selections), 20 pages from the beginning.
- (4) Roger's Persian Plays (the whole).
- (5) Akhlaq-i Jalali Lami'ah III, 15 pages, Naval Kishore Press.

Paper III.—Outlines of the Political History of Persia.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Syke's History of Persia.
- (2) Malcolm's History of Persia.
- (3) Rauzat-ul-Safa.
- (4) Nasikh-ul Tawarikh.
- (5) Habib-ul Siyar.

Paper IV.—Rhetoric and Prosody.

Books recommended :—

- (1) Hadaiq-ul Balaghat.
- (2) Al Moa'jam of Shams-i Qais.
- (3) Mizan-ul Afkar by Mufti Sa'adullah.
- (4) I'jaz-i Khusravi.

Paper V.—An Essay in Persian.

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY.

B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928

Paper I.—Problems of Philosophy.

Study of the more important metaphysical problems arising from the experience of nature, life and mind. Comparison of answers to these problems with characteristic solutions in Indian thought.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Descartes' Method.
2. Locke's Essay on the Human Understanding : Book I, Chapter I ; and Book II, Chapter II.

Paper II.—Ethics.

Explanation of the nature of the study. Introductory discussion of chief problems. Evolution of ethical ideas.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Bhagabatgita.
2. Mill's Utilitarianism.
3. Akhlaq-i-Jalaly (selected portions).

(The subject will be studied with special reference to the prescribed texts).

Paper III.—Psychology.

Study of general problems. Practical demonstrations.

Prescribed texts :—

Stout's Manual of Psychology.

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS IN 1929.

Paper I.—Either (a) Upanishads.

General and historical introduction. Special study selected texts of the Upanishads.

Study of the systematic philosophy arising therefrom.

Prescribed texts :—

- (a) Upanishads ... Svetasvatara.
Chhandogya.
Brihadaranyaka.
- (b) Vedānta Sūtras, with commentaries (Sariraka—Sri—, and Ann-Bhasyas) (Selections).

Or (b) *Introduction to Islamic Thought.*

The social and political conditions under which Philosophy and Science developed in Islam. Origin and development of the various Theological and Philosophical Schools, and a comparative study of the important problems raised by them.

Books recommended :—

- Arabic Thought ... D. I. O'Leary.
Or History of Philosophy in Islam ... De Boer.

Paper II.—Either (a) Indian Metaphysics.

Outlines of Indian Philosophical system. Special study of selected texts.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Iswara Krishna's Sankhya Karika.
2. Kesava Misra's Tarkabhasha.

Or (b) *Islamic Metaphysics*.

Critical and advanced study of M'utazillism and Asharism

Books recommended :—

1. Macdonald ... Muslim Theology.
2. Bagdadi ... Fark bain al Firak.
3. Renan ... Averros and Averroism (English Translation by Nisikanta Chatterpadhyaya).

Paper III.—Historical Introduction to Western Thought.

The study to be developed around important problems as they appear in the various systems up to the time of Kant. A detailed knowledge of the system of Plotinus.

Paper IV.—Metaphysics (Western).

A careful study will be made of the metaphysical problems which are discussed in the prescribed texts and the development of thought within the periods from which they are selected.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Plato's Republic, Books V-X.
2. Hume's Inquiry.
3. Descartes' Method and Meditations.
4. Watson's Selections from Kant.

Paper V.—Ethics.

Explanation of the nature of the study. Introductory discussion of chief problems. Evolution of ethical ideas.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Bhagavadgita ; or Akhlaq-i-Jalaly (selected portion).
2. Plato's Republic, Books I-IV.
3. Mill's Utilitarianism.
4. Kant's Foundations of the Metaphysics of Ethics.

(The subject will be studied with special reference to the prescribed texts).

Paper VI.—Psychology.

Introductory study of general principles in psychology. Practical work development

Books recommended :—

1. Stout ... Manual of Psychology.
2. Wundt ... Lectures on Human and Animal Psychology.
3. Titchener ... Text-Book of Psychology.
4. Hart ... Psychology of Insanity.

Paper VII.—Logic.

Development of the conception of Logical Science and advanced study of important logical problems.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Joseph's Introduction to Logic.
2. Bosanquet's Essentials of Logic.
3. Mill's System of Logic.

Paper VIII.—Essay and Current Philosophical Tendencies.

Pragmatism and the systems of Croce and Bergson.

MASTER OF ARTS.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

Paper I.—Either (a) Upanishads.

General and historical introduction. Special study of selected texts of the Upanishads. Study of the systemical philosophy arising therefrom.

Prescribed texts :—

- (a) Upanishads ... Svetasvatara, Chhandogya, Brihadaranyaka.
- (b) Vedānta Sūtras, with commentaries (Sariraka—, Sri—, and Anu-Bhasyas). (Selections.)

Or (b) *Introduction to Islamic Thought.*

Origin and development of the various Philosophical and Theological Schools in Islam, with special reference to Mutazillism and Asharism.

Books recommended :—

1. Al-Boghdadi ... Fark bain at Firak.
2. Macdonald ... Muslim Theology.
3. D. L. O'Leary ... Arabic Thought.
- Or De Boer ... History of Philosophy in Islām.

Paper II.—History of Western Philosophy.

Chief problems discussed historically up to Kant.

Paper III.—Metaphysics.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Plato's Republic (Books V-X).
2. Leibnitz's Monadology (ed. Latta).

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION, 1928.

Paper I.—Either (a) Indian Metaphysics.

Outlines of Indian Philosophical Systems. Special study of selected texts.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Iswara Krishna's Sankhya-Karika.
2. Nyaya-Kusumanjali. (Karikas only).
- Or (b) *Metaphysics in Islam.*

Detailed study of the origin, history and chief doctrines of Sufism.

Books recommended :—

1. Kashf-al-Nahjub (Translated by Nicholson).
2. Development of Metaphysics in Persia (Iqbal).

Paper II.—Metaphysics—Western.

- (a) Post-Kantian Thought.
- (b) Current Philosophical Tendencies: Realism.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Kant ... Prolegomena.
2. Bergson ... Creative Evolution.

Paper III.—Ethics and Sociology.

(a) *Ethics*.—An advanced study of the leading problems with special reference to Indian Thought. These problems will be treated with special reference to the prescribed texts. Comparative study of Christian and non-Christian ethical ideals.

Prescribed texts :—

1. Kant's Critique of Practical Reason.
2. Aristotle's Ethics.

(b) *Sociology*.—History of the science ; Origin and nature of society ; Functions and organs of society ; Psychology of association ; Sociology and Ethics.

Books recommended :—

1. Fairbanks ... Introduction to Sociology.
2. Giddings ... Principles of Sociology.

Paper IV.—Psychology.

Modern treatment of General Problems with experimental work.

Books recommended :—

1. Robinson and Robinson ... Readings in General Psychology.
2. James ... Principles of Psychology.
3. Tansley ... The New Psychology and Its Relation to Life.
4. Titchener ... Experimental Psychology ; Student's Manual—Qualitative.

Paper V.—Logic.

Development of the conception of Logical Science and advanced study of important logical problems.

Prescribed texts :—

Joseph's Introduction to Logic.
Studies in Logical Theory (Dewey and others).
Encyclopædia of the Philosophical Sciences—Vol. I,
Logic.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY.

B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

*Three Papers.**Paper I.—History of India.*

Text-book prescribed :—

V. A. Smith ... Oxford History of India.

Paper II.—History of England from 1485-1914.

Text-book prescribed :—

Green	...	A short History of the English People (abridged and latest edition).
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Paper III.—History of Europe from the accession of Louis XIV to the Outbreak of the Great War.

Text-books prescribed :—

Lodge	...	Modern Europe (Portions relating to the period).
C. D. Hazen	...	Modern European History.

(Candidates must possess a general knowledge of the History of Japan in the Nineteenth Century. No text-books are prescribed, but a detailed syllabus with full reference to authorities will be supplied by the teacher.)

B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS, 1929.

Paper I.—The History of India to 1200 A. D. with special reference to Bengal.

Text-books prescribed :—

Cambridge History of India, Vol. I, pp. 77-226.

V. A. Smith	...	Early History of India.
Rama Prasad Chanda	...	Gauda Rajamala.

Books recommended :—

G. J. Dubreuil	...	Ancient History of the Deccan.
Megasthenes	...	Indica.
Barnett	...	Indian Antiquities.
Rhys Davids	...	Buddhist India.
Kaegi	...	Rigveda.
R. D. Banerji	...	Banglar Itihash.
R. G. Bhandarkar	...	Early History of the Deccan.
P. T. S. Iyengar	...	Life in Ancient India.
Fick	...	Social Life in North-Eastern India as depicted in the Jatakas (translated for the Calcutta University.)

Paper II.—The History of India from 1200 A. D.

Text-books prescribed :—

V. A. Smith	...	Oxford History of India, Books IV-IX.
Elphinstone	...	History of India (omitting the Hindu Period.)
P. E. Roberts	...	Historical Geography of India.

Books recommended :—

Elliot and Dowson	...	History of India as told by its own Historians.
Ramsay Muir	...	Making of British India.
Lyall	...	Development of British Dominions in India.
Malleson	...	Fifteen Decisive Battles.
Cunningham	...	History of the Sikhs.
Grant Duff	...	History of the Mahrattas (revised edition).
Lane Poole	...	Medieval India.

Paper III.—Political History of England (including the Colonies) from 1714 to 1914.

Text-books prescribed :—

Grant Robertson	...	England under the Hanoverians.
J. A. R. Marriott	...	England since Waterloo.
Egerton	...	Rise and Growth of British Colonies.

Books recommended :—

Political History of England, Vols. XI-XII.

Mahan	...	Influence of Sea Power upon History.
Walpole	...	History of England.
Herbert, Paul	...	History of Modern England.
A. Toynbee	...	Industrial Revolution.
T. W. Tickner	...	A Social and Industrial History of England.
Lecky	...	History of England in the Eighteenth Century.

Paper IV.—Constitutional History of England (including the Colonies) from 1485 to 1911.

Text-books prescribed :—

Hallam	...	The Constitutional History of England.
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| Erskine May | ... | The Constitutional History of England since the accession of George III (edited and continued to 1911 by F. Holland). |
| J. A. R. Marriott | ... | English Political Institutions. |
| A. B. Keith | ... | Responsible Government in the Dominions. |

Books recommended:—

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|-----------|-----|---|
| Medley | ... | The Constitutional History of England. |
| Maitland | ... | Constitutional History of England. |
| Prothero | ... | Select Statutes and other Constitutional Documents. |
| Gardiner | ... | Constitutional Documents of the Puritan Revolution. |
| Robertson | ... | Select Statutes, Cases and Documents. |

Paper V.—History of Greece (479-404 B. C.) and History of Rome (264-146 B. C.).

Text-books prescribed:—

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|---------------------|-----|--------------------|
| A. F. Holme | ... | History of Greece. |
| J. B. Bury | ... | History of Greece. |
| W. W. How and Leigh | ... | History of Rome. |
| Shuckburgh | ... | History of Rome. |

Books recommended:—

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|---------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| Grote | ... | History of Greece. |
| Zimmern | ... | The Greek Commonwealth. |
| Greenidge | ... | Roman Public Life. |
| F. F. Abbott | ... | Society and Politics in Ancient Rome. |
| Mommsen's History of Rome | ... | Translated by W. P. Dickson. |
| Greenidge | ... | Greek Constitutional History. |

Paper VI.—Middle Ages in Europe.

Text-books prescribed:—

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|--------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Duruy | ... | Middle Ages (translated by Whitney). |
| Myers | ... | The Middle Ages. |
| Draper | ... | Intellectual Development in Europe. |

Books recommended :—

Bryce	...	Holy Roman Empire.
Hallam	...	Middle Ages in Europe.
A. L. Smith	...	Church and State in the Middle Ages.
Oman	...	Dark Ages.
Tout	...	Empire and the Papacy.
Adams	...	Civilization during the Middle Ages.

Cambridge Mediæval History.

Paper VII.—History of Europe from the fall of Constantinople to the Treaty of Vienna (1815).

Text-books prescribed :—

Hassall	...	The Balance of Power.
Morse Stephens	...	Revolutionary Europe.
Lodge	...	Modern Europe.

Paper VIII.—Modern History from the Treaty of Vienna to the outbreak of the Great European War.

Text-books prescribed :—

C. D. Hazen	...	Europe since 1815.
Marriott	...	Eastern Question.
Edward Channing	...	A Student's History of the United States.
Porter	...	Japan, The Rise of a Modern Power.

Books recommended (Papers VII-VIII) :—

Cambridge Modern History.

Mahan	...	Influence of Sea Power upon History.
Hawkesworth	...	The Last Century in Europe.
Pollard	...	Factors in Modern History.
Acton	...	Lectures on Modern History.
Makers of Modern Europe Series—Cavour, Bismarck.		
Wakeman	...	Ascendancy of France.
Johnson	...	Europe in the Sixteenth Century.
Ramsay Muir	...	Philip's New Historical Atlas for Students.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

A.—For students who have taken the ordinary degree.

Papers IV, V and VI of the Honours School.

B.—For Honours students of other Universities.

Papers IV and VIII of the Honours School and a paper on History of India corresponding to Honours Papers I and II.

FINAL M.A. EXAMINATION, 1928.

Paper I.—Principles of International Law.

Books recommended:—

Hall	...	International Law.
Hershey	...	Essentials of International Public Law.
Lawrence	...	Documents Illustrative of International Law.
Garner	...	International Law and the World War.
Pollock	...	League of Nations.
Taft	...	Papers on League of Nations.

Paper II.—Either (a) History of Egypt, Babylonia and Assyria or (b) History of Islam outside India (omitting Africa and Spain).

Books recommended:—

(a) Breasted	...	History of Egypt.
Jastrow	...	Civilisation of Babylonia and Assyria (omitting the first two chapters).
Rogers	...	History of Babylonia and Assyria.
Breasted	...	Development of Religion and Thought in Ancient Egypt.
(b) Margoliouth	...	History of the Abbasside Caliphs.
Amer Ali	...	History of the Saracens.
Von Kromer	...	Islamic Civilisation (translated by S. Khuda Buksh).
Muir	...	History of the Caliphate.
S. Khuda Buksh	...	History of the Islamic People.
Gibbon	...	Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire (portions relating to the subject).

III-IV.—*Select period of Indian History (Students must select one of the following):—*

A.—ANCIENT PERIOD.

Text-books prescribed:—

Cambridge History of India, Vol. I (omitting pages 1-225).

Artha Sastra of Kautilya. Translated into English by R. Shamasastri, pages 1-188, 297-336.

Published Inscriptions of the Guptas.

Published Inscriptions relating to the History of Bengal up to 1200 A. D.

V. A. Smith—Fine Art in India and Ceylon, Chapters I-VI.

[N.B.—Candidates must possess a general knowledge of Indian Paleography. No examination will be held on the subject, but no candidate will be allowed to appear in the examination without a certificate from the Head of the department testifying to his proficiency in the subject.]

Books recommended:—

Dr. H. C. Ray Chaudhury.	Political History of Ancient India.
Rapson	Indian Coins.
Ayyangar, S. K.	Beginnings of South Indian History.
B. K. Sarkar	Political Institutions and Theories of the Hindus.
Cunningham	Ancient Geography of India (edited by S. N. Majumdar).
R. D. Banerji	Bangalar Itihash, Vol. I.

B.—MUGHAL PERIOD.

Text-books prescribed:—

Erskine and Leyden	Babar Namah (edited by King).
Blochmann	Ain-i-Akbari (selected portions).
Kanungo	Sher Shah.
V. A. Smith	Akbar.
Beni Prasad	Jahangir.
J. N. Sarkar	Aurangzeb.
J. N. Sarkar	Mughal Administration.
Fergusson	History of India and Eastern Architecture, Book VII, Chapter X.

Books recommended :—

Beveridge	...	Humayunnamah of Gulbadan Begum.
Al Badaoni	...	Selected Chapters and Vol II.
Rogers	...	Tuzk-i-Jehangiri.
Elliott and Dowson	...	History of India, Vols. IV-VI.
Rushbrook	Williams	Empire Builders of the 16th Century.
Stewart	...	Jowhar's Humayun.
Beveridge	...	Akbar Nama.
Narendra Law	...	Promotion of Learning in India during Muhammadan Rule.
Moreland	...	Economic Condition of India up to the Death of Aurangzeb, 2 volumes.

Paper V.—Select topics of current History.

(A number of important topics will be selected from year to year by the Committee of Courses and Studies for History. Candidates will be examined by means of an Essay carrying 70 marks and an oral examination carrying 30 marks.)

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS.

ECONOMICS : B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

Three papers.

Papers I and II.—Principles of Economics.

Books prescribed :—

Gide	...	Principles of Economics (Row's translation).
Marshall	...	Economics of Industry.
Aimitage-Smith	...	The Principles and Methods of Taxation.

Books for reference :—

Seligman	...	Principles of Economics.
Clay	...	Economics for the General Reader.
Sykes	...	Banking and Currency (latest edition).

Dunbar ... The Theory and History of Banking
(4th edition), Chapters I—VII.

[N.B.—Paper I is mainly on the Scope and Method of Economics, Consumption, Production, Value, Distribution and Labour Problems and Paper II on Money, Banking, International Trade, Foreign Exchange and Public Finance, but it may not be possible to confine the questions on Papers I and II exclusively to the topics indicated above.]

Paper III.—Indian Economics.

Books prescribed :—

V. G. Kale ... Introduction to the Study of Indian Economics.
Mackenna ... Agriculture in India.
P. Mukherjee ... The Co-operative Movement in India
(3rd edition, Chapters III-VII and XV-XVII).

The Report of the Indian Industrial Commission (Chapters I-V, XVI-XX).

Keynes ... Indian Currency and Finance
(Chapters I-V, VII).

Books for reference :—

Jack ... Economic Life of a Bengal District.
Wadia and Joshi ... The Wealth of India.
Radhakamal Mukherjee ... Groundwork of Economics.
Baden-Powell ... Land Revenue Administration in British India.
H. S. Jevois ... Money, Banking and Exchange in India.

The Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission.

Annual Report of the Moral and Material Progress in India
(latest issue).

POLITICS : B. A. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

Three papers.

Paper I.—Principles of Political Science.

Books prescribed :—

Garner ... Introduction to Political Science.
W. Wilson ... The State (edition of 1919) (Chapters I-V, XXI and XXII.)

Books for reference :—

Dicey	...	The Law of the Constitution.
Willoughby	...	An Examination of the Nature of the State.

Paper II.—Outlines of the present Constitutions of the United Kingdom, France, the United States and the British self-governing dominions (Canada, Australia and South Africa).

Books prescribed :—

W. Wilson	...	The State (edition of 1919).
Lowell	...	Greater European Governments.
Keith	...	Responsible Government in the Dominions.

Books for reference :—

Sidney Low	...	The Governance of England.
Marriott	...	English Political Institutions.
Sait	...	Government and Politics of France.

(Candidates are expected to have a general knowledge of the present Constitution of Germany.)

Paper III.—Indian Administration.

Books prescribed :—

A. Rangaswamy		
Ayengar	...	Indian Constitution.
Mr. Montagu and Lord Chelmsford	...	Report on Indian Constitutional Reforms.

The Bengal Legislative Council Manual, Manuals of Business and Procedure of Legislative Assembly and Council of State (latest issues).

The Report of the Reforms Enquiry Committee, 1924.

Books for reference :—

Ilbert	...	The Government of India (third edition.)
Imperial Gazetteer of India,		Volume IV.
P. Mukherjee	...	(1) Constitutional Documents, volumes I and II. (2) The Indian Constitution.
Horne	...	The Political System of British India.

B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION WITH HONOURS IN ECONOMICS, 1929.

Eight papers on the subjects of the Honours School and three Pass papers on each of two subsidiary subjects.

(Subsidiary subjects for 1928.)

(1) History, (2) English, (3) Mathematics and (4) Sanskrit, Persian or Arabic.

[N.B.—The combination of History and Mathematics will not be allowed. The students are advised to take History as one of their subsidiary subjects as far as possible.]

Paper I.—Economic Theory (Consumption, Production, Value and Distribution).

Books prescribed :—

Henderson	...	Supply and Demand.
Carver	...	Distribution of Wealth.
Marshall	...	Principles of Economics.
Taussig	...	Principles of Economics, 2 volumes [Books I, II and V (Chapters 38-44, 46-51)].

Books for reference :—

Cannan	...	Wealth.
Clark	...	Distribution of Wealth.
Pierson	...	Principles of Economics, 2 volumes.

Paper II.—Applied Economics (including Public Finance).

Books prescribed :—

Taussig	...	Principles of Economics, second volume. (Bk. V, Chs. 45, 52-54, Bks. VI, VII and VIII.)
Silvermann	...	Economics of Social Problems.
Pigou	...	Unemployment.
Shirras	...	The Science of Public Finance.

Books for reference :—

Pigou	...	Essays in Applied Economics.
Hoxie	...	Scientific Management and Labour.
Schloss	...	Methods of Industrial Remuneration.
Shadwell	...	The Socialist Movement, 2 volumes.

Adams	...	The Science of Public Finance.
Wattal	...	The System of Financial Administration in British India.

Paper III.—Indian Economics.

Books prescribed :—

Wadia and Joshi	...	Wealth of India.
P. Mukherjea	...	Co-operative Movement in India.
Baden-Powell	...	Land Revenue Administration in British India.
Loveday	...	History and Economics of Indian Famines.

Report of the Indian Industrial Commission, 1916-18 (omitting Chapters IX, XI, XXI, XXII and XXIII).

Keynes	...	Indian Currency and Finance.
Panandikar	...	Economic Consequences of the War for India.

Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission.

Books for reference :—

Ewbank	...	Indian Co-operative Studies.
Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking.
Covajee	...	Indian Fiscal Problem.
Cotton	...	Handbook of Commercial Information for India (second edition).

Reports of Fowler Committee, Chamberlain Commission and Babington-Smith Committee.

Report of the East Indian Railway Committee, 1920-21 (Acworth Report).

Report of the Controller of Currency in India (latest issue).

Annual Review of the Trade of India (latest issue).

Annual Report on the British Trade in India by the Department of Overseas Trade (latest issue).

Paper IV.—Modern Economic History of England and India.

Books prescribed :—

Meredith	...	Economic History of England (Bk. IV only).
Knowles	...	Industrial and Commercial Revolutions in Great Britain.

R. C. Dutt	...	India in the Victorian Age (selected chapters).
Joshi	...	Indian Export Trade.
Pillai	...	Economic Conditions in India.
Broughton	...	Labour in Indian Industries.
Açcoli	...	Early Revenue History of Bengal and the Fifth Report.
Shirras	...	Indian Finance and Banking (Historical portion.)

Books for reference :—

Ashley	...	Economic Organisation in England.
Cunningham	...	Growth of English Industry and Commerce in Modern Times (Part II, Laissez Faire).
Toynbee	...	Lectures on the Industrial Revolution in England.
Webb	...	History of Trade Unionism.
Dicey	...	Law and Opinion in England.
Hamilton	...	Trade Relations between England and India.
Watt	...	Commercial Products of India (Historical portion).

Imperial Gazetteer, Volume III (Historical portion).

Paper V.—Currency, Banking and International Trade.

• Books prescribed :—

Todd	...	Mechanism of Exchange.
Fisher	...	Purchasing Power of Money.
Withers	...	Meaning of Money.
Dunbar	...	Theory and History of Banking (4th edition).
Bastable	...	Theory of International Trade.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice (selected chapters).
Gregory	...	Foreign Exchange, Before, During and After the War.

Books for reference :—

Conant	...	Principles of Money and Banking, 2 volumes.
Scott	...	Principles of Money and Banking.

Brown	...	International Trade and Exchange.
Taussig	...	Selected Readings in International Trade and Tariff Problems.

Paper VI.—Political Philosophy.

Books prescribed :—

Sidwick	...	Elements of Politics (fourth edition).
Green	...	Lectures on the Principles of Political Obligation (selected chapters).
Willoughby	...	An Examination of the Nature of the State.

Books for reference :—

J. S. Mill	...	Considerations on Representative Government.
J. S. Mill	...	On Liberty.
Bryce	...	Studies in History and Jurisprudence—essays III, IX, X, XI, XII.
Laski	...	The Problem of Sovereignty.
Jethro Brown	...	Underlying Principles of Modern Legislation.
Hearnshaw	...	Democracy at the Crossways.

Paper VII.—Structure and Methods of Government: England, Dominions, the United States, France and Germany.

Books prescribed :—

Lowell	...	The Government of England.
Sidney Low	...	The Governance of England.
Bryce	...	The American Commonwealth (selected chapters).
Sait	...	Government and Politics in France.
The text of the present	...	German Constitution.
Keith	...	Responsible Government in the Dominions.

Books for reference :—

Bryce	...	Modern Democracies.
Egerton	...	Federations and Unions within the British Empire.

Paper VIII.—Indian Administration.

Books prescribed :—

Ilbert	...	The Government of India (third edition).
Lee-Warner	...	The Native States of India.

- Report on Indian Constitutional Reforms.
 Report of the Reforms Inquiry Committee, 1924.
 Reports of the Joint Select Committee.
 Report of the Financial Relations Committee.
 Report of the Committee on the Home Administration of
 Indian Affairs.
 The Government of India Act (published by the Government
 of India).
 Manual of Business and Procedure (Legislative Assembly)
 (latest edition).
 Manual of Business and Procedure (Council of State) (latest
 edition).
 Bengal Legislative Council Manual (latest edition).

Books for reference :—

- P. Mukherjee ... Constitutional Documents, 2 volumes.
 P. Mukherjee ... The Indian Constitution.
 Imperial Gazetteer of India, volume IV.

PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATION, 1927.

*Paper I.—Principles of Economics (omitting theories of money,
 banking, international trade and foreign exchange.*

Books prescribed :—

- Marshall ... Principles of Economics.
 Taussig ... Principles of Economics, 2 volumes
 (omitting books III and IV).
 Phlen ... Introduction to Public Finance.

Paper II.—Modern Economic History of England and India.

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the corresponding paper of the
 Honours Examination of 1929.

*Paper III.—Either (a) Currency and Banking, or (b) Inter-
 national Trade.*

Books prescribed and for reference :—

The same as those for the corresponding papers of the
 Honours Examination of 1928.

FINAL M. A. EXAMINATION, 1928.

Paper I.—History of Economic thought.

Books recommended :—

Gide and Rist	...	History of Economic Doctrines.
Hancy	...	History of Economic Thought.
Cannan	...	Theories of Production and Distribution.

Select chapters from the *Wealth of Nations* (Economic Classics series).

Kirkup	...	History of Socialism.
Shadwell	...	The Socialist Movement, 2 vols.

Paper II.—Principles of Economics.

Books recommended :—

Marshall	...	Principles of Economics.
Marshall	...	Industry and Trade.
Cole	...	World of Labour.
MacGregor	...	Industrial Combinations.
Pigou	...	Economics of Welfare (selected chapters).

Papers III and IV.—Two papers on (a) or (b).

(a) The History, Theory and Present System of Currency and Banking.

(b) The History, Theory and Present Organization of International Trade.

(a) Books recommended for the special papers in Currency and Banking :—

Conant	...	Principles of Money and Banking, 2 volumes.
Cassel	...	Money and Foreign Exchange after 1914.
Keynes	...	A Tract on Monetary Reform.
Gregory	...	The Return to Gold.
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice.
Kemmerer	...	Modern Currency Reforms.

Post-war Annual Reports of the Controller of Currency in India.

Agger	...	Organized Banking.
Andreades	...	History of the Bank of England.
Conant	...	A History of Modern Banks of Issue (selected chapters).

The Imperial Bank Act, 1920.

Memorandum on Central Bank (1913-23) (League of Nations).

(b) Books recommended for the special papers in International Trade :—

Marshall	...	Money, Credit and Commerce, Book III.
Taussig	...	Selected Readings in International Trade and Tariffs.
Pigou	...	Protective and Preferential Import Duties.
Grunzel	...	Economic Protectionism.
Fisk and Pierce	...	International Commercial Policies.
Gregory	...	Tariffs (chapters 5, 7 and 8).
Spalding	...	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Bills in Theory and Practice.
Bowley	...	England's Foreign Trade in the 19th Century.
P. Ashley	...	Modern Tariff History.
Taussig	...	Some Aspects of the Tariff Question.
Coyajee	...	Indian Fiscal Problem.
N. J. Shah	...	History of Indian Tariffs.

Paper V.—Essay.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

B. COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

I. Elements of Economics	...	One paper.
II. Commercial Geography	...	Ditto.
III. Business Organisation and Scientific Management	...	Ditto.
IV. Trade and Transport	...	Ditto.
V. Commercial Correspondence	...	Ditto.
VI. Commercial and Industrial Law	...	Ditto.
VII. Currency and Banking	...	Ditto.
VIII. Accountancy	...	Two papers.

Books will be recommended in the class.

B. Com. graduates will be allowed to proceed to the M.A. Examination in Economics after two years' further study, but they will not be granted the M.A. degree unless they pass in two of the following subjects:—

Politics, History, English and Mathematics, each subject to consist of two papers of the Pass B.A. standard.

B. Com. graduates will have the same privileges as Pass B.A. graduates for pursuing the B.L. course.

DETAILED SYLLABUS.

(I) Elements of Economics ... One paper.

Fundamental facts and principles regarding consumption, production, exchange and distribution.

(II) Economic Geography ... One paper.

Its meaning, its relation to other Geographies, its controlling factors.

The bearing of Physical Geography on Commercial Geography, Political Geography as the basis of various types of civilization and a determining factor of natural and economic development.

Man and his environment, zones of climate, factors of climate, their controlling effects, nature and man at work.

The bearing of Political Geography on Commercial Geography, Man and Civilization, its stages—Man, a modifying agent in Production, Distribution and Exchange, his occupations, localization of industries, growth of towns, trade centres and trade routes.

Man in relation to Consumption and Conservation, Commercial products, Acclimatisation, Associative industries, their distribution, Influence of natural phenomena, rivers, mountains, deserts, general relief.

Region, its definition, a detailed study of regions.

(III) Business Organisation ... One paper.

The constitution of business houses; combination in business; partnerships and companies; direction and control; office routine, filing, indexing, etc.; industrial efficiency; secretariat work: meetings, agenda and minutes; advertising; the stock exchange.

(IV) Trade and Transport ... One paper.

Evolution of trade, its classifying factors, wholesale and retail, intermediaries—their importance.

A brief history of Commerce—ancient, mediæval and modern.

Home and foreign trade, theory of international trade, foreign exchange.

The organisation of trade, financing methods, foreign remittances, various documents, packing and shipment Tariffs.

Evolution of transport ; methods of transport ; railways ; fixing of rates and fares ; State control ; sea transport.

(V) Commercial Correspondence ... One paper.

Composition ; precis writing ; indexing.

Business letters ; reports ; circulars ; memoranda ; terms of agreement ; documents used in trade, commerce and finance.

Advertising and representation of statistical figures by graphs.

(VI) Commercial Law ... One paper.

The Indian law relating to contracts, sale of goods, agencies, partnerships, and companies, the law of carriage of goods by land and sea, negotiable instruments, insurance, insolvency.

(VII) Currency and Banking ... One paper.

The functions of money, legal tender, standard and token money, variations in the purchasing power of money, systems of currency, the English banking system, a brief description of the other systems.

The money market, bill brokers, the stock exchanges, the foreign exchanges, financial crisis.

The Indian Currency and Banking System.

The Banking law and practice.

(VIII) Accountancy ... Two papers.

First paper—General :

The principles of the double entry ; the use of subsidiary books ; the trial balance ; the preparation of the trading and profit and loss accounts ; the balance-sheet of general

merchants ; the accounts of partnerships and companies ; bills of exchange ; consignments ; reserves.

Second paper—Special :

Accounts of Insurance Companies, Banks, Mining Companies, Charitable institutions and other non-trading concerns ; partnership accounts including the treatment of goodwill ; reorganisation and reconstruction of companies ; branch accounts, including foreign branches ; manufacturing accounts and costs ; depreciation, reserves, and sinking funds ; self-balancing ledgers ; bankruptcy ; the double account system ; hire-purchase agreements ; columnar book-keeping.

No text-books are prescribed. The following list indicates the standard to be attained :—

(I) Elements of Economics—

Chapman	...	The Principles of Economics.
Gide	...	The Political Economy.
Marshall	...	The Economics of Industry.
Briggs	...	Elements of Economics (Tutorial series).

(II) Economic Geography—

Curr	...	Commercial Geography.
Chisholm	...	Hand-book of Commercial Geography.
McFarlane	...	Economic Geography.
Taylor and Unstead	...	Regional Geography of the World.
Frew	...	Regional Geography of the Indian Empire.
W. S. S. O'rally	...	Bengal, Bihar and Orissa.
J. Russell Smith	...	Industrial and Commercial Geography.
Herbertson	...	Descriptive Geography of North America, Africa, Asia and South America.

(III) Business Organisation—

Davar	"	...	Business Organization.
Dicksee	"	...	Ditto.
Campbell	"	...	Modern Business and its Methods.

(IV) Trade and Transport—

Wolfe	...	Theory and Practice of International Commerce.
Mairet	...	Trade, Transport and Finance.
Gibbins	...	History of Commerce.
Stephenson	...	Principles and Practice of Commerce.
Fisk and Pierce	...	International Commercial Policies
S. C. Ghose	...	Indian Railways, Parts I and II.
K. T. Shah	...	Trade, Transport and Finance of India.
Acworth	...	The Elements of Railway Economics.
Morris S. Rosenthal	...	Technical Procedure in Exporting and Importing.
Trade Review	...	1923-24 and 1924-25.
Paper	...	Railway Transportation

(V) Commercial Correspondence—

Stephenson	...	Principles and Practice of Commercial Correspondence.
E. H. Gardiner	...	Effective Business letters.
Shawcross	...	Precis writing.
B. C. Woodcock	...	A Text-book of Advertisement Writing and Designing.
A. R. Palmer	...	The Use of Graphs in Commerce and Industry.

(VI) Commercial Law—

Davar	...	Mercantile Law.
Steven	..	Ditto.

(VII) Currency and Banking—

Sykes	...	Banking and Currency.
Weston	...	Ditto.
Withers	...	Meaning of Money.
Bagshaw	...	Practical Banking.
Spalding	...	Eastern Exchange, Currency and Finance.
Keynes	...	Indian Currency.

(VIII) Accountancy—

Spicer and Pegler	...	Book-keeping.
Batliboi	...	Advanced Accounts.
Carter	...	Ditto.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

B. T. DEGREE AND L. T. DIPLOMA.

Course 1.—Educational Psychology.

I. The relation of Psychology and Education. Description of the nervous system and its functions. Heredity and Environment.

II. The Instincts. Emotions, Sentiments, the Complex, and the structure of character. The mental development of the child and adolescent. Suggestion, imitation and habit in character formation.

III. Sensation and Perception. Attention. Fatigue. The Problems of Learning. The Motives of Learning. Interest. Play. Memory. Practice. Overpractice. Forgetting. Transference, and Interference. Imagery. Association. Imagination and Reasoning.

IV. Applications of Psychology to the teaching of school subjects.

Course 2.—Principles of Teaching.

I. TEACHING AND LEARNING.

The influence of the aim of education on methods, curriculum and system of discipline. The curriculum.

The classes. Methods of classification. The problem of individual differences. Various attempts at solution. Modern individualistic tendencies. The class teacher and the specialist.

The Time-Table. Home work and "Teaching how to study". Private tuition.

General principles of teaching and learning.

Teaching.—The framing of courses. Units of teaching and notes of lessons. Types of lesson. Devices. The teacher's note-book and diary.

Learning.—Notes. Practice exercises. Tests. Examinations. Marks. Class discipline.

The teacher's duties outside the class room; games, occupations, contact with parents and guardians.

II. SCHOOL ORGANISATION.

Supervision and control of teaching; of home work.

Tests. Reports. Promotion. The Teachers' conference.

The discipline of the school.

The Hostels.

The School Office.

III. METHODS OF TEACHING THE FUNDAMENTAL SUBJECTS.

• Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and the elements of other selected subjects.

IV. SCHOOL INSPECTION.

Course 3.—History of Education.

Each unit of teaching will consist of :—

1. A lecture on the history and the present position of the problem.
(Printed notes of the lecture will be supplied to students in advance.)
2. An Essay by each student embodying his views on the problem.
3. A formal debate in the class.

(The various sections will be taken up by various members of the staff. For the lectures and discussions outside persons may also be invited.)

I.—Primary Education in Bengal.

(A) History. (B) The Problem of Finance. Compulsion : is it possible? Overlapping of school areas. The responsibility of the Local and the Central authority. The mechanism of supervision and of control.

Discussion.—A Practical Scheme for the development of Universal Primary Education in Bengal.

II.—Secondary Education in Bengal.

(A) History. (B) The Problem of control—the State or the University. What should be the relation of the State to the system? Should Zilla and Government schools be abolished? Has the High School usurped the function of the Primary School? Are there too many High Schools? How can the High School be adjusted to meet the needs of special classes? Should class schools be established for the Upper Classes? What type of school is required by the Middle Classes?

Discussion.—Lines of reform in the High School.

III.—*The Language Problem in Bengal.*

(A) History and review of the problem. (B) The objections to the present system. The objections to vernacularization. Possible middle courses.

Discussion.—The relative positions of English and the vernacular in the educational system of Bengal.

IV.—*Vocational and Technical Education in Bengal.*

(A) History. (B) Should vocational training take place in the ordinary schools or in special schools? Should it take place in the school at all, or in connection with the factory as a form of "continuation" or "part-time" education? If in special Schools or in the Factory, what should the ordinary school do in the matter? What should be the subjects? How can the courses be adjusted to the demands of the labour market? Problems of Finance.

Discussion.—Is Vocational Education practicable in Bengal before the University stage?

V.—*University Education in Bengal.*

(A) History. (B) Is there too much University Education in Bengal? Is education of the right kind being given; if so, is the right kind of student taking the education which is being given? The standards of examination. Unemployment of Graduates.

Discussion.—A practicable policy of University Reform.

VI.—*The teaching profession in Bengal and its training.*

Part I.—Primary.—(A) History. (B) The improvement of the status of the Primary teacher, pay, security, social status. What encouragement can be given to the trained man? What can be done to provide staffs for the schools if Free or Compulsory Primary Education is introduced? Is the present system of training effective?

Part II.—Secondary.—The improvement of the status of the High School teacher— pay, security, social status. Encouragement to the trained man. Should training come before or after school experience? Education as a B.A. subject. Refresher Courses. Is the present course of training effective? The work of the training College other than the training of teachers. The problem of the school text-books in Bengal.

- Discussion.*—1. The improvement of the status of the teacher.
 2. The organisation of an efficient system of Teacher-training institutions in Bengal.

VII.—The civic function of the school in Bengal.

(A) Review of present conditions in the teaching of civics in other countries. (B) Are schools in Bengal at present fulfilling their civic as well as their intellectual function? Is it possible for the school to give any training in civic understanding and responsibility? What should be the relation of the Schoolmaster and of the school to local, provincial and imperial politics? The Needs and Dangers of the case.

Discussion.—In what way can the schools in Bengal help to develop civic knowledge and responsibility?

VIII.—The social function of the school in Bengal.

(A) History.—(The hopes of early educationists in Bengal.) (B) The function of the school in reference to Hygiene (personal, domestic and public), and to current social problems. Can the school do anything in these matters? If so how?

Discussion.—What contribution can the schools in Bengal make towards social reform?

Course 4.—Educational Measurement.

(For B. T. candidates only.)

I. Individual Differences, their nature and extent. The Frequency Curve. Measures of Central Tendency. Measures of Variability. Correlation.

II. Marks and examinations as measures of school work. Causes of unreliability. Types of test,—Analytic, Application. Principles of testing. The criteria of a test. A review of various tests as illustrating the above. The Norm : its meaning and validity. Practice in the setting of tests. Intelligence tests.

III. (For Special Proficiency course only.)

• Fundamentals of Experimental Method.

Course 5.—School Hygiene.

- I. Outline of Anatomy and Physiology.
- II. Outline of diseases with bacteriological classification.
- III. Outlines of First Aid, Nursing, and Hygiene.

SPECIAL SUBJECTS.

1. *Advanced English.*

- I. The diagnosis and cure of wrong pronunciation. Reading aloud. Lecture Demonstrations. Practice classes.
- II. Teaching of Idiom by oral translation. Practice Classes.
- III. Composition. The description. Conversation. Character. Short story. Letters. The Precis.
- IV. The Teaching of English.

2. *Geography.*

- I. The method of teaching Geography.
- II. Elementary Physical Geography—
 - (1) Configuration of the great land-masses and oceans. Seasons. Wind and Water Currents. Climate. Distribution of Flora and Fauna, of Mankind.
 - (2) Map-drawing and Map reading.
 - (3) Physical characteristics of India—Detailed study. Commercial Geography of India.
 - (4) Main features of other continents.
 - (5) Trade, routes.
 - (6) Commercial Geography. Present-day production of the chief countries—in agriculture, mining, industry, commerce, with special reference to the United Kingdom, United States, Germany, France, Japan, Russia.
- III. Advanced Geography—
 - Physical Geography as a basis of the various types of civilisation and as a determining factor of national and economic development.
 - Detailed study of the physical character of the chief countries of the world.
 - Advanced Commercial Geography of the World.
 - Meteorological observations and charts.
 - Trigonometrical survey. Map-making and Mercator's Projection.

History.

The teaching of History.

A course of reading in general history or history of India to be arranged by the instructor.

Lectures on the method of teaching history.

The framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on Indian History from ancient times to the institutions of the Reformed Councils.

4. Bengali.

The teaching of Bengali.

A course of reading in Bengali literature and its history to be arranged by the instructor. Lectures by the instructor or by students on selected topics.

A course of original composition in Bengali.

Framing of courses and lessons, criticism and demonstration lessons on Bengali language and literature.

5. Mathematics.

The value and the aims of mathematical teaching, and the methods of teaching the subject. Framing of courses and lessons. Criticism and demonstration lessons.

Arithmetic—

Numbers and number combinations. Fundamental operations on whole numbers and fractions. The amount and nature of drill work required in arithmetic. Problems; the technique of solving problems. Practice in framing problems.

Algebra—

The nature of Algebra. The equation. The formula. The graph. Problem-solving.

Geometry—

Fundamental ideas. Experimental and practical work. Analytic and Synthetic proof.

*6. Art and Manual Work.**

A short course of illustrated lectures on Perspective. The technique of pastel, the technique of water colour.

*A preliminary test will be made of those wishing to take up this course. Only those of superior ability in the subject will be admitted. Students may be required to provide their own materials.

A course of out-of-door instruction in charcoal, pastel, water colour.

A course of indoor instruction in manual work in plasticine, card-board, wood, and in mixed materials. Construction of didactic apparatus.

Framing of courses and lessons in manual work and drawing.

A short course of reading (to include Indian Art) to be framed by the instructor.

7. *The Primary Curriculum.*

(For inspecting officers and masters of primary training institutions.)

The content and method of teaching and testing the subjects of the primary curriculum. The equipment, organisation, and special problems of the primary school in Bengal.

8. *Drill and Organisation of Games.*†

The student will be required to perform drill, to conduct and criticise classes in drill and in junior games, to organise and supervise senior games.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.

I.—ORDINARY B.A. AND B.Sc. DEGREES.

(Examinations to be held in 1928 and after.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Plane Trigonometry and Co-ordinate Geometry.

Paper II.—Differential and Integral Calculus and Differential Equations.

Paper III.—Hydrostatics and Astronomy.

DETAILED SYLLABUS.

Co-ordinate Geometry :—

A. Co-ordinate, distances between two points and other simple formulæ.

†May be taken as a fourth subject.

B. Straight lines—Equations, distance of a point from a given line, angle between two straight lines, bisectors of the angles between two straight lines, pairs of straight lines.

C. Circle—equations, tangents, normals, poles and polars. Condition of orthogonality of two circles.

D. Parabola—equations, tangents, normals, poles and polars.

E. Ellipse—equation, tangents, normals, poles and polars, auxiliary circle, conjugate diameters, asymptotes.

F. Hyperbola—equation, tangents, normals, poles and polars conjugate. Diameters asymptotes.

Books recommended :—

Loney	...	Co-ordinate Geometry.
Molony	...	Analytical Geometry.

Trigonometry :—

Simple properties of triangles and quadrilaterals. Inverse functions. Simple Trigonometrical equations. Demoiere's Theorem and simple applications, expansions of sine and cosine and applications. Exponential values of sines and cosines and properties of complex quantities and their logarithms; Gregory's series and applications. Summation of simple trigonometrical series.

Books recommended :—

Todhunter	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Loney	...	Plane Trigonometry.

Differential Calculus :—

1. Variables, constants, functions, characteristics of a function of one variable graphical representation of functions.

2. Definition of a limit, notation, distinction between limit and value. Limits as $x \rightarrow 0$, limits as $x \rightarrow \infty$, and limits as $x \rightarrow a$. Simple examples of oscillating functions. Simple examples of continuous and discontinuous functions. (Ref.: *Hardy Pure Mathematics, Chapter V.*)

3. General definition of the derived function. Geometrical and Physical illustrations. Differentiation of a sum, a product and a quotient. Differentiation of a function of a function.

Differentiation of standard forms. Differentiation of implicit functions. Partial differentiation. Euler's Theorem.

4. Successive derivatives. The n th derivatives of some particular functions. Successive derivatives of a product. Leibnitz's Theorem.

5. Expansions. Maclaurin's and Taylor's Theorems.

6. Undetermined forms.

7. Inferences from the sign of the derived function. Maximum and minimum values of functions of one variable. Points of inflexion.

8. Equations of tangent and normal. Cartesian subtangent, subnormal, etc. Polar co-ordinates. Angle between radius vector and tangent. Polar subtangent. Polar subnormal, etc. Pedal equation, pedal curves. Positive pedals and negative pedals.

9. Asymptotes of a curve in Cartesian co-ordinates.

10. Measure of curvature. Formulæ for the radius of curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates, in Polar co-ordinates, in terms of p and r . Curvature at origin.

Book recommended :—

Edwards ... Differential Calculus for Beginners.

Integral Calculus :—

1. Integral. General integral. Definite and Indefinite integrals. General Laws obeyed by the integrating symbol. Standard forms. Simple extensions.

2. Methods of integration—

(a) Method of substitution.

(b) Method of integration by parts.

(c) Simple cases of the Method of reduction formulæ.

(d) Method of decomposition of rational fractions into partial fractions (Edward's *Integral Calculus for Beginners*, Chapter V).

3. Definite Integrals. Problem of areas. Definite integral defined as the limit of a sum. Fundamental theorem of the Integral Calculus. General properties of definite integrals. Simple cases where the function $f(x)$ or the limits of integration become infinite.

4. Definition of area. Formulæ for an area in Cartesian and Polar Co-ordinates. Areas of curves which can be easily traced. Formulæ for the length of an arc of a curve in Cartesian and Polar co-ordinates. Simple cases of rectification of curved lines. • Simple cases of volumes and surfaces of revolution. •

• 5. Differential equations. Formation of differential equations. *Equations of the first order and first degree.* Methods of solution. Variables separable. Linear equations of the first order. Homogeneous equations. Exact equations. *Equations of first order but not of first degree.* Linear differential equations with constant co-efficients with right-hand number equal to 0.

Book recommended :—

Edwards ... Integral Calculus for Beginners.

Hydrostatics—

Definitions. Nature and properties of fluid pressure. Density and specific gravity of a mixture. Determination of the pressure of a heavy liquid in simple cases. Centre of pressure. Conditions of equilibrium and stability of equilibrium of a floating body. Metacentre. Properties of elastic fluids and determination of pressure. Measurements of heights by barometers. Faulty barometers. Pressure of a mixture of gases. Determination of specific gravities. Description of the barometers, the common pump, the force pump, the diving bell and the air pump (Smeaton's).

Book recommended :—

Loney ... Hydrostatics.

Astronomy—

Fundamental Definitions. The Celestial Sphere. The Earth. Latitude and Longitude. • Rotation of the Earth. The Transit Instrument. Corrections for various Errors. • The Meridian. Circle. The Equatorial. Refraction. The Sun. Sun-spots. The motion of the planets. Parallax (Diurnal and Annual). Determination of the first point of Aries, Determination of the obliquity of the Ecliptic to the Equator. Precession Nutation and Aberration. The Moon. Lunar and Solar Eclipses. Frequency of the Eclipses. Equation of time. Reduction of time. • The Sun-dial. The Sextant. • Determination of Latitude and Longitude by simple methods. • The fixed stars.

Books recommended :—

Mullick	... Astronomy.
Parker	... Ditto.

II.—HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS (B.A. AND B.SC. DEGREES).

(Examinations to be held in 1929 and after.)

Eight papers on Mathematics.

- Paper I.—Higher Algebra and Theory of Equations.*
Paper II.—Higher Plane Trigonometry, Spherical Trigonometry and Vectors.
Paper III.—Co-ordinate and Solid Geometry.
Paper IV.—Mathematical Analysis (Differential and Integral Calculus).
Paper V.—Mathematical Analysis (Differential Equations and Functions of a Complex Variable).
Paper VI.—Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics.
Paper VII.—Elementary Rigid Dynamics.
Paper VIII.—Dynamics of a Particle and Astronomy.

Subsidiary Subjects.

(a) *For the B.A. Degree.*

Any combination of two subjects allowed for the ordinary degree except the following combinations :—

- (i) Philosophy and Economics.
- (ii) Politics and Sanskrit or Persian or Urdu or Arabic or or Islamic studies.

The combination selected must be subject to the approval of the head of the department.

(b) *For the B.Sc. Degree.*

Physics and Chemistry.

DETAILED SYLLABUSES.

Algebra—

1. Inequalities.

2. Infinite Series. Series of Real constant terms. General properties. Tests for convergence. Absolutely convergent series. Conditionally convergent series. Alternating series. Product of an infinite number of factors.

3. Continued fractions. Simple continued fractions.

4. Summation of series. Recurring series.

5. Determinants. General definition of a determinant. Properties of determinant. Multiplication of determinants. Reciprocal determinants. Solution of a system of Linear Equations.

Books recommended :—

1. Higher Algebra ... Hall and Knight.
2. Higher Algebra ... C. Smith.
3. A Course in Pure ... G. H. Hardy, (Arts. 76-78, and
Mathematics Chapter VIII.)
4. Mathematical ... E. Goursat and Hedrick, (Chapter
Analysis, Vol. I VIII.)

Theory of Equations—

1. General Properties of Polynomials. Derived functions. Graphic representation of a Polynomial.

2. General Properties of Equations :—Theorems relating to the real roots of an equation. Existence of a root in the general equation. Imaginary roots. Theorem determining the number of roots of an equation. Equal roots. Descartes' Rule of Signs.

3. Relations between the roots and coefficients of equations, with application to symmetric functions of the roots.

4. Transformation of Equations :—Roots with signs changed. Roots multiplied by a given quantity. Reciprocal roots and reciprocal equations. To increase or diminish the roots by a given quantity. Homographic transformation. Equation of the squared differences of a cubic. Criterion of the nature of the roots of a cubic.

5. Solution of Reciprocal and Binomial Equations.

6. Algebraic solution of the Cubic and the Biquadratic. Equation of the squared differences of a biquadratic. Criterion of the nature of the roots of a biquadratic.

7. Properties of the derived functions. Graphic representation of the derived function. Rolle's Theorem. Determination of multiple roots.

8. Symmetric functions of the roots:—Newton's Theorem on the sums of powers of roots. Order and weight of symmetric functions. Homogeneous products.

9. Limits of the roots of equations.

10. Separation of the roots of an equation. Sturm's Theorem and application.

11. Solution of Numerical equations. Newton's method of divisors. Newton's method of approximation. Horner's method of solving numerical equations. Contraction of Horner's Process.

Book recommended:—

Burnside and Panton ... Theory of Equations, Vol. I.

Plane Trigonometry—

Same syllabus as for the ordinary degree. Fuller and more detailed study of the course will be expected.

Spherical Trigonometry—

1. Spherical triangles. Important geometrical properties.
2. Formulæ connecting the sides and angles of a spherical triangle.
3. Solution of right-angled and oblique-angled spherical triangles.

Book recommended:—

McLeland and Preston ... Spherical Trigonometry, Part I.

Vectors—

Addition and subtraction of Vectors. Condition that three vectors terminate in the same line. Condition that the extremities of four vectors lie in a plane. Mean point. Formulæ relating to the product of two or more vectors. Differentiation of vectors. Line and surface integrals of vectors. Simple vector equations.

Book recommended:—

Coffin ... Vector Analysis.

Conic Sections—

1. Co-ordinates: Distance between two points, section-formulæ. Areas of a triangle and quadrilateral in terms of the co-ordinates of angular points.

2. Straight line: Special forms of the equations of a straight line. Angle between two straight lines. Distance of a point from a line. Angle bisectors. Homogeneous equations. Equation referred to oblique axes.

3. Change of axes: Anharmonic or cross ratios. Involution.

4. The Circle: Equation of a circle. Equation of a tangent and a normal at a given point. Pole and Polar. Orthogonal circles. Radical axis of two circles. Co-axial circles.

5. The parabola: Equation of a parabola. The tangent. The normal. Pole and Polar. Diameters. Envelopes.

6. The ellipse: Equation of the ellipse. Equation of the tangent, and normal. Pole and Polar. Director circle. Auxiliary circles. Eccentric angle. Diameter. Conjugate Diameters.

7. The Hyperbola: The equation of an hyperbola. Conjugate diameters. Asymptotes. Equation of tangent and normal at a point. The equation of an hyperbola when referred to its asymptotes as axes of co-ordinates. Rectangular Hyperbola.

8. Polar equation of a conic, the focus being the pole: Polar equation of the tangent and normal at any point of a conic, the focus being the pole. Pole and Polar.

9. General equation of the second degree: Reduction to the standard form. Director Circle. Four foci of a conic; eccentricities of a conic. Similar conics.

10. System of conics: One conic through five points. Conics through four points. Confocal conics. Contact of conics. Osculating conics.

Books recommended:—

Askwith	...	Analytical Geometry of two
		Dimensions.
Smith	...	Conic Sections.

Solid Geometry—

A. Co-ordinates of a point; the three types of co-ordinates; distance between two points; co-ordinates of a point dividing a finite line in a given ratio; projections.

B. Planes, equations, angle between two planes. Straight lines; equations, shortest distance between two straight lines, angle between two straight lines, distance of a point from a given point, triangles, tetrahedra.

C. Conicoids : General properties, classification, determination of centre and axes.

D. Spheres, ellipsoids, hyperboloid of one sheet, hyperboloid of two sheets, paraboloids, cones.

E. Plane sections of a conicoid : determination of axes and area of plane sections of a conicoid.

F. Circular sections of ellipsoids, hyperboloids of one sheet, hyperboloids of two sheets, paraboloids.

G. Generating lines : existence, properties, and equations.

H. Confocal conicoids. Elementary theorems relating to curves in space, indicatrix and curvature.

Differential Calculus—

Limits, continuity, differential co-efficients, simple examples of discontinuity and non-existence of limits ; calculations of derivatives and successive derivatives including Leibnitz's Theorem ; Taylor's and Maclaurin's Theorems and their extensions. Lagrange's Theorem on the limits of Taylor's Theorem, including simple examples on the failure of Taylor's Theorem ; Lagrange's Theorem on expansion ; partial differentiation including Euler's Theorems on homogeneous functions, differentials, change of variables, Jacobians ; maxima and minima of one or more variables including Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers ; undetermined forms ; tangents and normals (whole of Chapter VII of Edward's bigger book) ; curvature ; finding of the asymptotes, double points, points of inflexion, evolute and envelopes of curves ; and tracing of easy curves.

Reference : Edward's bigger book for the major portions. Stress on the principles and not on tricky questions.

Integral Calculus—

Integration. Elementary integrals. Integration by substitution. Integration by parts of rational fractions. Integration by successive reduction, by rationalization. Differentiation under the sign of integration. Integration under the sign of integration. Various methods of integration. Definite integrals. Areas in Cartesian and Polar co-ordinates. Areas of well-known curves. Area of a pedal curve. Area of the pedal of ellipses. Lengths of well-known curves. Volumes and surfaces of solids of revolution. Volume by double integration. Dirichlet's Theorem. Transformation of multiple integrals. Stokes and Green's Theorem. Fourier's Theorem and applications. (Briefly —Fourier's Series and Spherical Harmonics, Chapter II.)

Hydrostatics—

Laws of fluid pressure ; general conditions of equilibrium ; uniformly rotating liquid (as if rigid) ; resultant pressure ; centre of pressure ; the equilibrium of a floating body ; surface of buoyancy ; positions of equilibrium and stability of equilibrium in the case of a homogeneous liquid ; oscillations of floating bodies ; Boyle's Law ; Charles' Law ; Mixture of gases ; specific heats ; adiabatic expansions ; determination of heights by means of barometer ; tension of flexible surfaces ; tension and pressure ; capillarity.

Book recommended :—

Besant and Ramsey ... Hydromechanics, Part I.

Rigid Dynamics—

1. Moment of inertia ; product of inertia ; principal axes and moments. Equi-momental systems.

2. D'Alembert's Principle for (1) finite forces, (2) impulsive forces. Principles of the independence of translational and rotational motions.

3. Motion of a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis. The Compound Pendulum, Impulsive motion.

4. Motion in two dimensions. Problems involving discontinuous frictional forces. Instantaneous Centre.

5. Motion in three dimensions. Moving axis. Instantaneous axis. Screw motion. Euler's Dynamical and Geometrical equations. General equations of motion under finite and impulsive forces.

6. Principles of the conservation of momentum and energy. Applications.

7. Lagrange's equations of motion, (1) for finite forces, (2) for impulsive forces. Method of undetermined multipliers applied to non-holonomous systems.

8. Lagrange's equations of small oscillations. Principal co-ordinates. Oscillations about steady motion. Rotating systems. Forced oscillations including effect of dissipative forces.

9. Hamilton's Principle. Principle of Least Action. Hamilton-Jacobi equation.

Books recommended :—

Loney	...	Dynamics of a Particle and of Rigid Bodies.
Routh	...	Rigid Dynamics, Vol. I.
Lamb	...	Higher Mechanics.

Dynamics of a particle—

Fundamental Definitions and Principles. Motion in a straight line. Simple Harmonic motion. Composition of simple harmonic motion. Acceleration parallel to axes. Motion referred to polar co-ordinates. Revolving axes. Central orbits. Apses. Stability of orbits. Kepler's Laws. Law of the inverse square. Planetary motion. Time of describing any orbit. Relations between the eccentric, true and mean anomalies. Disturbed elliptic motion under transverse, radial, tangential and normal impulses and other disturbing forces. Constrained motion, conservation of energy. The simple pendulum. Motion on a smooth or rough cycloid. Motion in a resisting medium. Varying mass. Small oscillations. Oscillations in a resisting medium and under periodic forces. Motion of a pendulum in a resisting medium. Motion in three dimensions. Accelerations in polar, cylindrical and curvilinear co-ordinates. Motion on a sphere, cone, cylinder and a surface of revolution. Moving axes.

The hodograph. Motion on a revolving curve.

Book recommended :—

Loney	...	Dynamics of a Particle and of Rigid Bodies.
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Astronomy—

1. The Celestial sphere. The systems of co-ordinates.
2. The earth. Co-ordinates which determine position on the earth. Rotation of the earth.
3. The sun. The sun's path among the stars. Variations in the length of the day. The seasons. The ecliptic. Determination of the First Point of Aries. Determination of the obliquity of the ecliptic. Transformation of co-ordinates.
4. The determination of position on the earth. Finding latitude and longitude by observation.
5. Planets. Kepler's Laws. Form of the earth's orbit. Apparent motions of planets. The elements of their orbits. Stationary point and retrograde motion.

6. Time. Equation of time. Reduction and conversion of time. Finding time by observation.

7. Problems connected with the Diurnal Motion. Time of rising and setting of a heavenly body. Twilight.

8. Astronomical refraction. General differential equations. Formulæ for refraction of Simpson, Bradley and Cassini. Determination of refraction by observation.

9. Parallax. Parallax of a heavenly body, the earth considered spherical. Parallax in declination and hour-angle. Parallax determined by meridian observations. Annual parallax of stars. Parallax in latitude and longitude of a star. Effect of parallax on the apparent position of star.

10. Aberration. Determination of constant of aberration. Aberration in latitude and longitude. Aberration in right ascension and declination. Effect of aberration on the apparent position of a star.

11. Precession and Nutation. Effects of precession. Precession in declination and right ascension. Nutation.

12. The Moon. Its orbit. Phases. Rotation. Harvest Moon. Eclipses.

13. Description of the principal Astronomical Instruments.

Book recommended :—

Godfray ... Astronomy.

III.—M.A. AND M.SC. DEGREES.

I.—PRELIMINARY M.A. AND M.SC. (EXAMINATIONS TO BE HELD IN 1927 AND AFTER.)

Three Papers.

Paper I.—Mathematical Analysis. (Corresponding to Honours Paper V.)

Paper II.—Analytical Statics and Hydrostatics. (Corresponding to Honours Paper VI.)

Paper III.—Dynamics of a Particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics. (Corresponding to Honours Paper VII and first part of Honours Paper VIII.)

II.—FINAL, M.A. AND M.SC. (EXAMINATIONS, TO BE HELD
IN 1927 AND AFTER.)

Five Papers.

Paper I.—Statics including the theory of the Potential.

Paper II.—Theory of Vibrations.

*Paper III.—Hydrodynamics or Electrodynamics (to be selected
with the approval of the head of the department).*

*Papers IV and V.—One of the following groups to be selected
with the approval of the head of the department.*

A

- (a) Harmonic Analysis ... One paper.
- (b) Theory of Tides and Water Waves ... One paper.

B

- (a) Harmonic Analysis ... One paper.
- (b) Theory of Elasticity ... One paper.

C

- (a) Celestial Mechanics ... Two papers.

D

- (a) Theory of Electrons ... One paper.
- (b) Theory of Radiation ... One paper.

Detailed Syllabuses.

(For examination to be held in 1927 and after.)

Statics—

System of forces in three dimensions; central axis, wrenches, screws, cylindroids stability of equilibrium, maximum or minimum height of centre of gravity, stability of equilibrium of a heavy body resting on a fixed rough surface; strings in three dimensions, central forces, elastic strings; astatics.

Books recommended:—

Loney ... Statics.
Routh ... Statics, Vol. II.

Theory of Potential—

Potential in general ; Logarithmic and Newtonian potential functions ; potential and work, some characteristics of potential function, surface distribution, law of Culomb and Poisson ; direct calculation of attractions and potentials of rods, discs, spheres, etc. ; Gauss's, Laplace's and Poisson's Theorems including the question of validity of Poisson's equation ; potential at a distant point, MacCullagh's Theorem, equipotential surfaces ; potentials and attractions of homogeneous ellipsoids, elliptic cylinders and ellipsoidal shells ; Ivory's and Maclaurin's Theorems ; Legendre's Theorem for the potential of a solid of revolution ; Dirichlet's problem for the sphere ; potential and stability ; Earnshaw's Theorem ; Green's Theorem, Green's equivalent layers ; potential completely determined by its characteristic properties ; uniqueness of solution. Method of inversion.

Books recommended :—

Loney	... Statics.
Routh	... Statics, Volume II.

Theory of vibrations—

- (a) A short history of the subject.
- (b) Fourier's series and Lagrangian equations of small oscillations in generalised co-ordinates. Dissipative forces.
- (c) Simple Harmonic motions. Composition and resolution.
- (d) Transverse vibrations of strings, equation of motion, finite string, string plucked, string struck by a blow, violin string, reflexion, forced vibration of a string. Waves on an unlimited string, peculiarities of the waves.
- (e) Longitudinal vibrations and flexural vibrations of rods, (a) longitudinal vibrations—equation of motion, rod free at both ends, rod free at one and fixed at the other, (b) flexural vibrations of a bar—equation of motion, bar free at both ends, bar clamped at both ends, bar supported at both ends, clamped supported bar, clamped free bar, supported free bar.
- (f) Extensional and flexural vibrations of a circular ring.

- (g) Vibrations of membranes—equation of motion, rectangular membrane, square membrane, circular membrane, sectorial membrane.
- (h) Vibrations of plates—equation of motion, boundary conditions, circular plate, rectangular plate.
- (i) Vibrations of air—equation of motion, waves, spherical waves, simple harmonic waves, sources, sinks, doublets; communications of vibrations to a gas, wave resulting from a given initial disturbance, waves due to the motions of solids through a gas, transmission of waves through an aperture, scattering of waves by an obstacle, reflexion, waves of finite amplitude, vibrations of air in tubes and resonators.

Books recommended:—

Lamb	...	Higher Mechanics.
Lamb	...	Dynamical Theory of Sound.

Hydrodynamics—

The course is to be covered by Besant and Ramsey's *Hydromechanics*, Part II, Chapters I-IX, and Chapter X, *Arts.* 209-226.

Harmonic analysis—

The course is to be covered by Byerly—Fourier's Series and Spherical Harmonics, Chapter I and Chapters V-VIII.

Theory of tides and water waves—

Tidal Waves.

1. Short description of the Tides and Tidal Phenomena. Sense in which the phrase "Tidal Oscillations" is used.
2. Free waves in a uniform canal—Energy of a wave system. Artifice of steady motion.
3. Effect of disturbing forces; free and forced oscillation in a finite canal.
4. Analysis of the Tide-generating forces. Classification of the different species of tides. Equilibrium theory; Dynamical theory. Correction to the equilibrium theory.
5. Canal theory of tides. Semi-diurnal and diurnal tides; fortnightly tides. Equatorial canal of finite length, lag of the tide.

6. Tidal oscillations in a canal of variable section.
7. Waves of finite amplitude.
8. Wave motion in two horizontal dimensions—oscillations of (1) a rectangular sheet, (2) a circular sheet of water.
9. Waves due to periodic local pressure.
10. Oscillations of a spherical sheet of water. Effect of mutual attraction of the liquid.
11. Tidal oscillations of a rotating plane sheet of water.
12. Tidal oscillations on a rotating globe.
13. Laplace's Kinetic Theory.
14. Tides of long period—Laplace's Solution—Darwin's solution.
15. Diurnal and semi-diurnal tides—Laplace's solution.
16. Hough's investigations.
17. Lag of the tides—spring and neap tides.
18. Effect of tidal friction on the length of the sidereal year.

Surface Waves.

1. Statement of the two dimensional problem—standing waves—progressive waves—energy.
2. Artifice of steady motion.
3. Waves on the boundary between two currents.
4. Theory of group velocity.
5. Cauchy-Poisson wave problem ; waves due to an initial elevation or to a local impulse.
6. Surface disturbance of a stream due to inequalities in the bed.
7. Waves due to a submerged cylinder.
8. Waves due to a travelling disturbance.
9. Surface waves of finite height.
10. Gerstner's rotational waves.
11. Solitary waves.
12. Wave propagation in two horizontal dimensions.
13. Ship waves.
14. Standing waves in limited masses of water.
15. Oscillations of a liquid globe.

16. Capillary waves—waves on the common boundary of two currents.

17. Vibrations of a liquid globule.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS.

B. SC. (ORDINARY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

First Year Course.

I. Properties of Matter and Sound: Two lectures per week.

(a) Properties of Matter.

Laws of motion; Work, Power, and Energy; Units and Dimensions of Physical Quantities; Motion in straight and circular paths; Friction; Machines; Elasticity; Moments of Inertia (simple cases only); Simple Harmonic Motion; Pressure in liquids and gases; Archimedes' Principle; Specific gravities; Liquids in Motion; Capillary action.

Text-books recommended:—

Duncan and Starling ... Text-book of Physics, Part I.

Watson ... Text-book of Physics.

(b) Sound.

Wave motion; Production and Propagation of Sound; Noises and Musical Notes and their Characteristics; Musical Scale and Intervals; Interference; Consonance and Dissonance; Vibrations of Strings and Air Columns; Resonance.

Text-books recommended:—

Poynting and

Thomson ... Sound.

Duncan and Starling ... Text-book of Physics, Part IV.

II. Heat: Two lectures per week.

Temperature and Thermometry; Expansion; Calorimetry; Change of state; Properties of Vapour; Hygrometry; Elementary Principles of Thermo-dynamics; Conduction, Convection and Radiation; Steam and other heat engines.

Text-book recommended:—

Edser ... Heat for advanced students.

Laboratory work: Two periods of two hours each per week.

The Spherometer ; Specific gravities ; Young's Modulus, simple Pendulum and determination of 'g' ; Atmospheric pressure and Boyle's Law. Velocity of sound ; Determination of pitch ; Kundt's Tube ; The Sonometer ; Melde's Experiments. Expansion of solids and liquids and gases ; Determination of Specific and Latent Heats ; Cooling ; Hygrometers.

Text-books recommended :—

Allen and Moor	...	Text-book of Practical Physics.
Harrison	...	Course of Practical Physics.
Watson	...	Practical Physics.

Second Year Course.

III. Light : Two lectures per week.

Propagation of Light ; Photometry ; Reflection and Refraction ; Prisms, mirror and lenses ; The Human Eye and Defects of Vision ; Optical Instruments ; Dispersion and Chromatic Aberration ; Velocity of Light ; Wave Theory, Interference ; Diffraction, Polarisation and Double refraction, elementary ideas only.

Books recommended :—

Houston	...	Light.
Eddser	...	Light.
Watson	...	Text-book of Physics.

IV.—Magnetism and Electricity : Two lectures per week.

Fundamental Theory of Magnetism and General Theories ; Magnetic Measurements ; Terrestrial Magnetism ; Fundamental Theory and General Theorems in Electrostatics ; Capacity and Condensers ; Electrical Machines ; Electrometers ; Atmospheric Electricity ; Primary and Secondary Cells ; General effects of Currents ; Fundamental Definitions and Units ; General Theory ; Currents and Magnets, Ampere's Hypothesis ; Galvanometers ; Divided Circuits ; Ohm's Law ; Electromotive Force ; Resistances ; Joule's Law ; Thermo Electricity ; Electromagnetic induction ; Induction Coils ; Electromagnetic Machinery ; Electrical units, Electrolysis ; Radio-activity, elementary theory only. X-rays elementary.

Text-books recommended .

Hadley	...	Electricity and Magnetism.
Hutchinson	...	Intermediate Text-book of Electricity and Magnetism.

Laboratory work: Two periods of three hours each per week.

The Sextant; Refraction through Prisms; Refractive Indices; Focal lengths of Mirrors and Lenses; The Optical Bench; Magnifying powers; The Spectrometer; Law of Inverse Squares; Determination of "H"; Spring Magnetometer; Dip, Simple determination; The Tangent Galvanometer; Comparison of Resistances and Electromotive forces; The Potentiometer, Wheatstone's Bridge; Electro Chemical Equivalents.

Text-books recommended:—

Allen and Moore	...	Text-book of Practical Physics.
Harrison	...	Course of Practical Physics.

The final examination at the end of the 2nd year will consist of two Theoretical papers of 3 hours each and one Practical Examination for six hours.

Paper I.—

- Part I. Properties of Matter and Sound.
- Part II. Heat.

Paper II.—

- Part I. Light.
- Part II. Magnetism and Electricity.
- Practical Examination.

HONOURS SCHOOLS OF PHYSICS.

B.Sc. (HONOURS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1929.

First Year Course.

I. Mechanics and Properties of Matter: Two lectures per week.

Motion in straight and circular paths; Laws of Motion, Work, Power, and Energy; Units, Power, and Dimensions of Physical Quantities; Collision and Impact; Rotatory Motion; Moments and Products of Inertia; Simple Harmonic Motion and

Motion about a fixed axis ; Simple and Compound Pendulums ; Attraction, Potential, Gravitation ; Theory of Elasticity ; Hydrostatics ; Pressure in liquids ; Centre of Pressure ; Hydraulic transmission of Energy ; Barometer ; Pumps ; Archimedes' Principle ; Liquids in Motion ; Total energy of a liquid ; Bernoulli's Theorem ; Discharge through an orifice ; Water-wheels, Turbines, Centrifugal pumps ; Surface-tension and Capillarity ; Laplace's Theory of Capillarity ; Diffusion of liquids and gases ; Viscosity of liquids.

Text-books recommended :—

Loney	...	Elementary Dynamics.
Poynting and Thomson	..	Properties of Matter.

For reference :—

Loney	...	Dynamics.
Loney	...	Statics.

II. Heat: Two lectures per week.

Temperature and thermometers ; Expansion ; Calorimetry ; Change of state ; Properties of Vapours ; Hygrometry ; Kinetic Theory of gases ; On the Continuity of State ; The Principles of Thermodynamics ; Convection, Conduction, and Radiation of Heat ; Steam and Heat Engines.

Text-book recommended :—

Poynting and Thomson	...	Heat.
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For reference :—

Preston	...	Theory of Heat.
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Laboratory work : Four periods of three hours each per week.

The Balance ; Sensibility curve ; Calibration of weights ; The Cathetometer ; Measurement of vertical length by a scale and reading telescope ; Density determination with corrections ; Determination of elastic constants ; Determination of 'g' by simple and compound pendulums and by ball rolling on a concave mirror ; Surface-tension ; Viscosity ; Moments of Inertia ; Heat Expansion of liquids ; Expansion of solids by the Weight Thermometers ; Weight Thermometers ; Calibration

of Thermometer tubing ; Experiments on Specific heat ; Berthelot's steam calorimeter ; Hygrometry ; Vapour Density ; Conductivity experiment ; Mechanical equivalent of heat.

Text-books recommended :—

Watson ... Text-book of Practical Physics.
 Allen and Moore ... Text-book of Practical Physics.

III. Sound : November to March—Two lectures per week.

Wave Motion ; Dynamical Theory ; Propagation of Sound ; Noises and Musical Notes ; Musical Scale ; Interference ; Transverse Vibration of Strings, Dynamical Investigation ; Longitudinal and Torsional Vibrations of Bars ; Plane Waves of Sound ; Vibrations of Air columns in Pipes. Resonance and Analysis of Vibrations, Combination Tones. Consonance and Resonance. The Ear and Musical Instruments.

Text-book recommended :—

Poynting and
 Thomson ... Sound Book.

For reference :—

Helmholtz ... Sensations of Tone.
 Lamb ... Dynamical Theory of Sound.
Second Year Course.

IV.—Light.

(a) Geometrical Optics—July to September : Two lectures per week.

Propagation of light ; Reflection and Refraction ; Mirrors, Prisms, Lenses ; Fermat's Law ; Caustics ; Dispersion and Achromatism ; Optical Instruments ; Velocity of Light.

Text-book recommended :—

Heath ... Elementary Treatise on Geometrical Optics.

For reference :—

Southall ... Mirrors, Prisms and Lenses.

(b) Physical Optics : July to March—Three lectures per week.

Wave Theory: Interference and Diffraction; Polarisation and Double Refractions; Spectroscopy of the Ultra Violet; Theories of Dispersion and Radiation, etc.

Text-book recommended:—

Houston ... Text-book of Light.

For reference:—

Preston ... Theory of Light.

Wood ... Physical Optics.

V. Static Electricity and Magnetism: November to March—
Two lectures per week.

(a) Static Electricity—General Phenomena and General theorems; Potential and Energy in electrified system, Capacity, The Dielectric and Specific Inductive Capacity, Atmospheric Electricity.

(b) Magnetism: General Phenomena and General Theorems, Inverse Square Law, Magnetic fields, Induced Magnetization, Magnetic Properties of Materials, Magnetic Susceptibility and Permeability, Terrestrial Magnetism, Magnetism and Light.

Text-books recommended:—

Poynting and

Thomson ... Electricity, Parts I and II.

Starling ... Electricity and Magnetism.

Wetham ... Theory of Experimental Electricity and Magnetism.

VI. Thermodynamics: One lecture per week.

Laboratory Work: Four periods of three hours each per week.

Light, Laws of geometrical optics, Mirrors, Prisms and Lens, Optical Bench, Optical instrument, Magnifying powers, the Spectroscope and the Spectrometer, Biprisms, Newton's rings, Polarimeter.

Sound, Velocity of Sound, Frequency, Vibrations of Strings, Vibrations of Air column.

Magnetism, Fundamental properties and laws, Magnetometry, Oscillations of a magnet in a magnetic field. The Earth's Magnetic Field.

Text-books recommended :—

Watson ... Text-book of Practical Physics.
 Allen and Moore ... Text-book of Practical Physics.

Third Year Course.

VII. Current Electricity : Three lectures per week.

The Electrical current, Ohm's Law, Electromotive Force and Resistance. Electrolysis, Thermo Electricity, Electromagnetics. Varying Currents. Alternating Currents, Units and Dimensions, Electromagnetic Radiation.

Text-books recommended :—

Starling ... Electricity and Magnetism.
 Wetham ... Theory of Experimental Electricity.

Electromagnetic Theory : One lecture per week.

VIII. Electronic Theory and Structure of Matter : One lecture per week.

Laboratory work : Two periods of two hours each per week.

Current Electricity, Measurement of Current, Electromotive force and resistance. Electrolysis, Induced currents, Comparison of capacity.

Text-books recommended :—

Watson ... Text-book of Practical Physics.
 Allen and Moore ... Text-book of Practical Physics.

Examinations—

Five papers of three hours each and a Practical Examination for 12 hours.

PHYSICS FOR THE M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1928.

Two Years' course for Ordinary Pass B.Sc. students.

First Year Course.

Geometrical Optics : 12 lectures. Covering the Honours B.Sc.

Light : Two lectures per week—July to March. Course.

Magnetism and Electricity, Covering the Honours B.Sc.—Two lectures per week—July to March.

Electrostatics : 12 lectures.

Magnetism : 12 lectures.

Electromagnetic Theory : 24 lectures.

Modern Work : 12 lectures.

Laboratory Work, covering the whole courses : Not less than 20 hours per week.

The Preliminary M.Sc. Examination consists of two theoretical papers of four hours each and a two days' practical examination.

This examination is held at the end of the first year course.

Second Year Course.

Electron Theory : 12 lectures.

Ionisation and conduction through gases : 12 lectures.

Quantum Theory and Thermodynamics : Two hours per week, 24 lectures.

Radioactivity : 12 lectures.

X-Ray and High Frequency Spectra : 12 lectures.

Relativity : 12 lectures.

Photo-Electricity : 12 lectures.

Atomic Structure : 12 lectures.

Modern Researches, including Spectroscopy : 12 lectures.

M. SC.—ONE YEAR'S COURSE FOR HONOURS B. SC. STUDENTS OF THE DACCA UNIVERSITY.

The Honours B. Sc. students will read the second year M. Sc. course.

Laboratory work in the second year M. Sc. course will consist of at least 20 hours per week.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY.

B.Sc. HONOURS.

Physical Chemistry.

Theoretical—

Laws of chemical combination by weight and volume ; Atomic theory and Avogadro's hypothesis ; molecular weights of gases.

Kinetic theory of gases.

Liquefaction of gases ; viscosity and surface tension, of liquids. Law of conservation of energy ; energy changes in chemical transformations.

Second law of Thermodynamics ; vaporisation of liquids and fusion of solids.

Osmosis ; theory of solution ; thermodynamic treatment of the properties of solutions.

Laws of electrolysis ; molecular conductivity of electrolytic solutions.

- Transport number of ions ; electrolytic dissociation theory.

Chemical changes in homogeneous systems :—Law of mass action ; reaction isochore, velocity of mono and demolecular reactions ; determination of the order of reaction, equilibrium in electrolytic solutions ; theory of indicators.

Chemical changes in heterogeneous systems :—Phase Rule ; catalysis ; colloidal solutions.

- Technical gas reactions ; manufacture of sulphur trioxide, ammonia, oxides of nitrogen, oxidation of ammonia to nitric acid, Deacon process for the manufacture of chlorine, manufacture of formaldehyde.

Theory of galvanic cells ; absolute value of single electrode potential, decomposition potential ; concentration and gas cells.

Determination of Avogadro's number. Structure of the atom. Radio-active transformations.

Practical work in the laboratory to cover the whole subject.

Books recommended as text-books for B.Sc. Honours in Physical Chemistry :—

1. Introduction to Physical Chemistry, by Sir James Walker.
2. Thermochemistry and Thermodynamics, by Sackur.
3. Theoretical Chemistry, by Nernst.
4. Physico-chemical Calculations, by Knox.

Books recommended for reference :—

1. A system of Physical Chemistry, by Lewis.
2. Phase Rule, by Findlay.
3. Principles of the Phase Theory, by Douglas A. Clibbens.
4. Osmotic Pressure, by Findlay.
5. Electro-Chemistry, by Leblanch.
6. Chemical Statics and Dynamics, by Mellor.
7. Colloidal solutions, by Taylor.
8. Catalysis, by Jobling.
9. Catalysis in Theory and Practice, by Rideal and Taylor.

10. Thermodynamics of Technical Gas Reaction, by Haber.
11. Atoms, by Perrin.
12. Electron, by Millikan.
13. Annual Reports on the Progress of Chemistry, issued by the Chemical Society, London.
14. Radio-active substances and their transformations, by Rutherford.
15. Ions, Ionising Substances and their Radiations, by Crowther.

Practical text-books :—

1. Practical Physical Chemistry, by Spencer.
2. Physical Chemistry, by Findlay.

Reference book :—

- K. Arndt—Handbuch der Physikalisch-chemischen Technik.

Organic Chemistry.

Theoretical—

A thorough knowledge of the following :—

Aliphatic saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons and their derivatives, *viz.*, haloid derivatives, alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, esters, acid chlorides, amides, amines, cyanogen compounds and sulphur compounds. Organo-metallic compounds of zinc and magnesium. Polyhydric alcohols and their oxidation products, carbohydrates, hydroxy and amino acids, aldehydic and ketonic acids, di-ketones, polybasic acids, and their derivatives, purines.

Aromatic hydrocarbons and their derivatives, *viz.*, haloid, nitro, amino, sulphonie acid and hydroxy derivatives ; diazo and azo-compounds ; aromatic alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, acids (including substituted acids), esters, acid chlorides, anhydrides, amides, quinone, multinuclear hydrocarbons, benzidine, di and tri-phenyl methanes and their derivatives, naphthalene and its derivatives, anthracene, anthraquinone, alizarin, indigo, phenanthrene ; pyridine and quinoline and their derivatives ; furfuran, thiophene, pyrol, diazoles, exazoles, thiazoles, diazines, oxazines, thiazines. A general knowledge of the essential oils, monocyclic terpenes, pinene, camphor and citral. A general knowledge of the alkaloids, piperine, cocaine, quinine and papaverine. A general knowledge of the synthetic drugs

and synthetic dyes; stereo chemistry of carbon, nitrogen and sulphur. A general knowledge of the principles of organic analysis, wood distillation, fermentation, distillation of coal-tar, theory of dyeing and bleaching.

Practical—

Identification of any of the simpler substances covered in the theoretical syllabus.

Estimation of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, halogens and sulphur in organic compounds. Determination of the molecular weights of organic acids and bases. Preparation of the following substances: -nitro benzene, aniline, acetanilide, sulphanilic acid, ethyl acetate, anthraquinone, phenol-phthalein, p-nitraniline, acetyl chloride, p-amine-azo-benzene, p-iodo-glucose, benzil, phenylglucosazone, phenyl mustard oil, phthalic acid.

Estimation of the common radicals in organic compounds.

Analysis of oils, fats, soaps, valuation of tannin materials, sugar, starch, phenol.

Recommended as text-books:—

Theoretical Organic Chemistry By J. B. Cohen.
 „ Wade.
 „ Holleman.
 „ Bernthsen.
 „ Sudborough.

Reference books:—

Richter's Organic Chemistry, Vols. I, II and III.
 Cohen's Organic Chemistry, Vols. I, II and III.
 Stewart's Recent Advances in Organic Chemistry.
 Pope's Modern Researches.
 Annual Reports on the Progress of Chemistry, issued by the Chemical Society, London.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Theoretical—

Classification and mutual relations of all the elements (including the radio-elements) and the study of the elements and their important compounds.

Metallurgy of Copper, Silver, Gold, Iron, Zinc, Lead, manufacture of sulphuric acid, bleaching powder, sodium carbonate, caustic soda, paints and pigments, porcelain, glass, cement, manufacture of fuel gases, calorific value of fuels.

Study of the theory of valency, allotropy, colloids, inter-metallic compounds, isotropism, crystalline structure, isomorphism and isotopic elements.

Practical—

Qualitative analysis of inorganic substances or mixture containing not more than five radicals.

A thorough knowledge of volumetric and gravimetric analysis, including analysis of minerals and gases.

Preparation of important inorganic compounds, as for example, anhydrous ferric chloride, magnesium chloride, potassium persulphate, sodium thiosulphate, cobaltammine colloidal ferric hydroxide, colloidal red gold.

The following books are recommended, the first as text :—

1. Inorganic Chemistry, by T. Martin Lowry.
2. Rare Elements, by Browning.
3. The Chemistry of Radio Elements, by Soddy.
4. Isotopes, by Aston.
5. Peracids and their Salts, by S. Price.
6. Intermetallic Compounds, by C. H. Desch.
7. Systematic Inorganic Chemistry, by Caven and Lander.
8. Catalysis in Theory and Practice, by Rideal and Taylor.
9. Outlines of Industrial Chemistry, by Thrope.
10. Treatise on Inorganic Chemistry, by Roscoe.
11. Text-book of Inorganic Chemistry, by J. N. Friend.
12. Dictionary of Applied Chemistry, by Thrope.

Practical—

Treadwell—Inorganic Analysis.

Biltz—Inorganic Preparations.

B. Sc. Pass.

Physical Chemistry.

Theoretical—

Essential features of chemical and physical change. Laws of chemical combination by weight and volume, Atomic theory, Avogadro's hypothesis and its application, Determination of molecular weights; Diffusion of gases; Elementary knowledge of (1) the kinetic theory of gases, (2) theory of solutions and

(3) electrolytic dissociation theory. Conditions of chemical change and thermal changes accompanying it ; Dissociation of gases ; Colloidal solutions ; Dialysis.

Book recommended as texts : —

(1) Introduction to Physical Chemistry, by Sir James Walker,

Or

(2) Physical Chemistry, by G. Senter.

Organic Chemistry.

Theoretical—

General principles of organic analysis.

Preparation and properties of the following :

Methane and ethane and their simple derivatives, *viz.*, haloid derivatives, alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, acids esters ; acetyl Chloride ; acetic anhydride ; acetamide ; amines cyanogen compounds, ethylene, acetylene, glycol, glycerine, cane-sugar, dextrose, fructose, starch, lactic acid, oxalic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid, urea, benzene and toluene and their simple derivatives, *viz.*, mono-haloid, nitro, amino hydroxy and sulphonic acids ; Benzyl alcohol, benzaldehyde acetophenone, benzoic acid, salicylic acid.

Practical—

• Identification of the following organic substances given single :—Methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, chloroform, ether acetone, formaldehyde, glycerine, formic acid, acetic acid, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, cane-sugar, glucose, starch, urea, benzene, aniline, phenol, benzoic acid.

Determination of melting and boiling points of organic compounds.

Qualitative detection of the elements present in an organic compound.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Preparation and properties of the following elements and their chief compounds :—Oxygen, Hydrogen, Nitrogen, Argon, Fluorine, Chlorine, Bromine, Iodine, Sulphur, Boron, Carbon, Silicon, Phosphorus, Arsenic, Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Magnesium, Manganese, Iron, Nickel, Cobalt, Tin, Lead, Antimony, Bismuth, Gold, Silver, Copper.

Chemical notation and nomenclature. Interpretation of chemical formulæ. Classification and mutual relation of elements. Compound radicals. Double decomposition, Allotropy.

Book recommended :—

Mellor—Inorganic Chemistry.

Practical—

Preparation of ferrous sulphate, caustic soda, ammonium carbonate, red lead potassium permanganate and substances of similar nature.

Qualitative analysis of inorganic substances containing not more than two salt radicals.

Volumetric estimation of alkalis, alkaline carbonates, acids, iron and silver.

Gravimetric estimation of copper sulphate or any similar substance.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW.

B. I. DEGREE COURSE.

Jurisprudence—

Holland—Jurisprudence.

Historical and Comparative Jurisprudence—

Maine—Ancient Law.

Kocourek and Wigmore—Primitive and Ancient Legal Institutions, Chapters X, XII, XV, XXI and XXVII.

Dr. Sen Gupta—Evolution of Law.

Roman Law—

Walton—Historical Introduction to Roman Law.

Girard—History of Roman Law.

Sohra—Institutes, Book I, Chapter I ; Book II, Chapter I, Sections 46-57, Chapter II, Chapter III ; Book III, Chapter II.

Book of reference :—

Justinian—Institutes (translation by Moyle).

History of English Law—

Maitland and Montagu—History of English Law.

Books of reference :—

- Holdsworth—History of English Law.
- Jenks—Short History of English Law.

Constitutional Law and History—

- Dicey—Law of the Constitution.
- Montagu and Chelmsford—Report, Part I, Chapters II-V.
- Government of India Act with Regulations.

Books of reference :—

- Maitland—History of the English Constitution.
- Acharyya—Codification in British India.
- Cowell—Courts and Legislative Authorities in British India.
- Ilbert—Government of India.
- P. Mukherjee—Indian Constitution.
- Anson—Law and Custom of the Constitution.

Hindu Law—

- G. C. Sastri—Hindu Law.
- Mayne—Hindu Law.
- P. N. Sen—Hindu Jurisprudence.

Books of reference :—

- Bhattacharyya—Hindu Law.
- Mandlik—Hindu Law.
- Sen Gupta—Sources of Law and Society in Ancient India.
- J. C. Ghose—Hindu Law.

Muhammadan Law—

- Abdur Rahim—Muhammadan Jurisprudence, Pages to 102.
- Mullah—Muhammadan Law.
- Abdul Latif—Muhammadan Law.

Books of reference :—

- Amir Ali—Muhammadan Law.
- Wilson—Anglo-Muhammadan Law.
- Baillie—Digest of Muhammadan Law.

Contracts and Torts—

- Indian Contract Act.
- Pollock—Law of Contract.
- Pollock—Law of Torts.

Law of Real Property, Trust and Transfer—

Digby—History of Real Property, Chapter I, Sections 1 and 2 ; Chapter II, Sections 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8 ; Chapter III, Sections 1 and 2 ; Chapter IV, Paras 2, 3 and 5 ; Chapter V, Paras 2, 3 and 4 ; and Chapters VII to X.

Maitland—Equity.

Indian Trust Act.

Transfer of Property Act.

Registration Act. Sections 17, 18, 28, 32, 48, 49, 50.

Law of Persons and Testamentary and Intestate Succession—

Campbell—Principles of English Common Law.

Indian Majority Act.

Guardians and Wards Act.

Indian Succession Act, omitting the sections relating to inheritance and to communities other than Hindus, Mahomedan and Christians.

Hindu Wills Act.

Probate and Administration Act.

Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure—

Indian Evidence Act.

Civil Procedure Code.

Limitation Act.

Best—Law of Evidence.

Land Laws—

Regulation I of 1793.

Preamble to Regulation II of 1793.

Regulation VIII of 1793.

„ XIX of 1793 (Secs. 1—7).

„ XXXVII of 1793 (Secs. 1—3).

„ VIII of 1819.

„ XI of 1825.

Act VIII of 1885. (Bengal Tenancy Act).

Act XI of 1859.

Act XV of 1877 (Secs. 26—28).

U. N. Mitra—Law of Prescription and Easements.

Field—Introduction to the Bengal Regulations (portions relating to Land Tenures).

Guha—Land Systems of Bengal and Bihar, omitting appendices.

Law of Crimes—

Indian Penal Code, Chapters I—V and such portions of Chapters VI—XXIII as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted.

Criminal Procedure Code, omitting Chapters I, IX, XIV, XXXIII—XL, XLII, XLIII, XLVI (except Sec. 562).

Stephen—General View of the Criminal Law of England.

Huda—Law of Crimes.

Legislation—

Bentham—Theory of Legislation.

Brown—Underlying Principles of Modern Legislation.

The examination for the degree shall embrace the following papers all of which shall be compulsory :—

Roman Law	...	...	...	1	Paper.
Hindu Law	...	...	...	1	"
Constitutional Law and English Legal History	...	...	...	1	"
Muhammadian Law	...	...	...	1	"
Law of Contracts and Torts	...	...	...	1	"
Law of Real Property and Trust and Transfer	...	...	...	1	"
<i>inter vivos</i>	...	...	...	1	"
Jurisprudence	...	...	...	1	"
Law of Persons and the Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession	...	...	...	1	"
Land Laws of Bengal	...	...	...	1	"
Law of Crimes	...	...	...	1	"
Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure	...	...	...	1	"

The whole examination may be taken either (i) at the end of the third academic year, or (ii) in two parts, the first part at the end of the second year and the second part at the end of the third academic year. No candidate shall be allowed to offer less than four papers for either part of the examination.

• The following Leading Cases will have to be studied in connection with the final examination in Law.

Law of Evidence, Civil Procedure and Limitation.

1. Raja Pearymohan *versus* Narendra Nath, 9 C. W. N. 421.
2. Balkissen Das *versus* Legge, 22 All. 149 (P.C.).
3. Amrit Lal Hazra *versus* Emperor, 42 Cal. 957.
4. Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs *versus* Lalitmohon Sing Roy, 26 C. W. N. 788.

5. Ram Ranjan Chakraborty *versus* Ram Narain Singh, 22 Cal. 533 (P.C.).
6. Tepu Khan *versus* Rajani Mohan Das, 25 Cal. 522 (F.B.).
7. Sarat Chandra Dey *versus* Gopal Chandra Laha, 20 Cal. 296 (P.C.).
8. Emperor *versus* Panchu Das and Gobordhan Singh, 31 C.L.J. 402 (F.B.).
9. Chhaymannessa Bibi *versus* Basirar Rahman, 37 Cal. 399.
10. In the matter of Tarini Mohon Barari and others, 26 C.W.N. 580 (F.B.).
11. Tantrodhari Sing *versus* Sundar Lal Misser, 7 C.L.J. 384.
12. Hriday Nath Roy *versus* Ram Chandra Barnasarma, 31 C.L.J. 482 (F.B.).
13. Kamini Debi *versus* Promotho Mukherjee and others, 20 C.L.J. 476.
14. Balwant Rao *versus* Puran Mal, 6 All. 1 (P.C.).
15. Maniram Seth *versus* Seth Rup Chand, 33 Cal. 1047.
16. Lala Sani Ram *versus* Kanhaiya Lal, 17 C.W.N. 605 (P.C.).
17. Madhabmani *versus* Lambert, 37 Cal. 706.
18. Ghuznavi *versus* Allahabad Bank, 44 Cal. 923.
19. Ram Sagar Mondal *versus* Alek Naskar, 26 C. W. N. 442.
20. King-Emperor *versus* Fatechand Agarwalla, 21 C. W. N. 33. (It covers Cal. 121.).
21. Kanta Prasad *versus* Jagat, 23 Cal. 335.
22. Abinashi Chandra *versus* Paresb Nath, 9 C. W. N. 402.

Land Laws.

1. Hurryhar Mukhopadhyaya *versus* Madhab Chandra Baboo, 14 M. I. A. 152.
2. Joy Kissen Mukherjee *versus* Collector of East Burdwan, 10 M. I. A. 16.
3. Lopez *versus* Madan Mohan Thakur, 13 M. J. H. 467.
4. Maharani Rajroop Koer *versus* Abdul Hosen, 6 Cal. 394.
5. Mohes Narain *versus* Nowbutt, 32 Cal. 397.
6. Narendra N. Roy *versus* Isan Ch. Sen, 22 W.R. 22.
7. Nagendra Ghosh *versus* Isoff, 18 W. R. 113.
8. Radha P. Singh *versus* Bal Kower, 17 Cal. 726.
9. Lelanund *versus* Government of Bengal, 4 W. R. 77.
10. Sham Koondoo *versus* Brojanath, 21 W. R. 94.
11. Sonet Koer *versus* Himmath, 1 Cal. 391.
12. Watson *versus* Ramchand, 18 Cal. 10.
13. Thakurain Ritraj *versus* Thakurain Sarfaraj, 32 I. A. 165.
14. Kripasindhu *versus* Ananda, 35 Cal. 34.
15. Secretary of State *versus* Kritibas, 42 I. A. 30.
16. Srinath *versus* Dinabandhu, 42 I. A. 221.

17. Paul *versus* Robson, 18 C. W. 42 I. A. 180.
18. Jabauand *versus* Kalidas, 42 Cal. 164.
19. Midnapur Zamindary Co. *versus* Hrisikes, 41 Cal. 1108.
20. Amulya *versus* Tarini, 42 Cal. 251.
21. Mahsenuddin *versus* Bhagabanchandra, 32 Cal. C. L. J.
22. Chandrabenode *versus* Alabux, 31 C. L. J. 510.
23. Chandra Kanta *versus* Amzad, 32 C. L. J.
24. Nilmani Kar *versus* Sati Prasad, 32 C. L. J.
25. Ranjit *versus* Kalidasi, 44 I. A. 117.
26. Ranjit Singh *versus* Maharaj Bahadur, 45 I. A. 162.

Law relating to persons.

1. Udny *versus* Udny, L. R., H. L. Sc. 441.
2. Skinner *versus* Orde, L. R., 4 P. C. 60.
3. Abraham *versus* Abraham, 9 M. I. A. 195.
4. Khumnilal *versus* Koer Gobind, L. R. 38 I. A. 87.
5. Surendra Nath Ray *versus* Krishna Sakhi Dasi, 15 C. W. N. 239.

Law relating to real property and succession.

1. London and S. W. Railway Co. *versus* Gumm, 20 Ch. D. 562.
2. Walsh *versus* Lonsdale, 21 Ch. D. 9.
3. Bhagabati Barmania *versus* Kalieharan Singh, L. R. 38 I. A. 54.
4. Narendra Nath Sarkar *versus* Kamal Basini, I. L. R. 32 Cal. 563.
5. Bai Mativaloo *versus* Mamubai, I. L. R. 21 Bom. 709.
6. Mirza Kutratulain *versus* Nawab Nuzhar-ud-Dowla, L. R. 32 I. A. 244.
7. South Eastern Railway Co. *versus* Associated Portland Cement Manuf. (1910), 1 Ch. 28.
8. Bhupendra Krishna Ghosh *versus* Amarendra Nath Dey, 20 C. W. N. (P. C.) 169.
9. Van Grutten *versus* Foxwell (1897) A. C. 658.

Law of Trust.

1. Gopee Kristo *versus* Gunga Pershed, 6 M. I. A. 53.
2. Fox *versus* Mackreth, 2 Wh. and T. L. C. 709.
3. Ramkumar Koondoo *versus* Mc Queen, L. R. I. A. Sup. 40.
4. In re Hallet's Trust, 12 Ch. D. 606.
5. Le Neve *versus* Le Neve, 2 Wh. and L. C. 175.
6. Cooper *versus* Philips, 2 L. R. H. L. 150.
7. Penn *versus* Baltimore, 1 White and Tudor L. C.

5. Ram Ranjan Chakraborty *versus* Ram Narain Singh, 22 Cal. 533 (P.C.).
6. Tepu Khan *versus* Rajani Mohan Das, 25 Cal. 522 (F.B.).
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7. Penn *versus* Baltimore, 1 White and Tudor L. C.

8. *Vidya Varuthi versus Balusami Ayyar*, I. L. R. 44 Mad 831.

Muhammadan Law.

1. *Hayatun Nisa versus Muhammad*, (1890) 12 All. 290, 17 I. A. 73.
2. *Hamir Singh versus Zakaia*, (1875) I. All. p. 57 (F. B.).
3. *Abdul Husein Khan versus Sona Dero*, (1918) 45 Cal. 450, 45 I. A. 10.
4. *Skinner versus Orde*, (1871) 14 M. I. A. 309.
5. *Ashrafoodowla versus Hyder Hussain*, 11 M. I. A. 94.
6. *Azizullah Khan versus Ahmed Ali Khan*, I. L. R. 7 A. M. 353.
7. *Abdul Fatah Md. Ishak versus Rasamay Dhar Choudhury*, (1895) 22 Cal. 619, 22 I. A. 76.
8. *Rance Khunjoorun Nissa versus Rowshan Jehan*, I. L. R. 2 Cal. 184, 3 I. A. 291.
9. *Nawab Amjad Ali versus Mohumdee Begum*, (1867) 11 M. I. A. 517.
10. *Baker Ali versus Anjuman Ara*, (1902) 25 All. 236, 30 I. A. 94.
11. *Hasarat Bibi versus Golam Jaffar*, (1898) 3 C. W. N. 57.
12. *Mullik Abdul Gaffur versus Musst. Maleka*, (1884) 10 Cal. 112.
13. *Nimai Chand versus Golam Husein*, (1909) 37 Cal. 179.
14. *Mahomed Ismail versus Ahmed Molla*, (1916) 43 I. A. 127, 43 Cal. 1085.
15. *Abdul Rezak versus Aga Mahomed Jaffar Bindanin*, 21 Cal. 666, 21 I. A. 56.
16. *Khajeh Salmulla versus Abul Khair M. Mustafa*, 37 Cal. 263.
17. *Imam Handi versus Hazi Mutsaddi*, 45 I. A. 73.
18. *Kulsum Bibi versus G. H. L. Ariff*, 10 C. W. N. 449.
19. *Jadu Lal versus Janki Koer*, 39 Cal. 615, 39 I. A. 101.
20. *Govinda Dayal versus Inayatulla*, 7 All. 775 (F. B.).
21. *Sadik Hussein versus Hashim Ali*, (1916) 43 I. A. 212, 38 A. M. 627.

Criminal Law.

1. *Gonwari Lal Das versus Queen*, 16 Cal. 206.
2. *Prasanna Kumar Patra versus Uday Saunt*, 22 Cal. 669.
3. *Queen versus Bal Gangadhar Tilak*, 22 Bom. 112.
4. *Queen versus Nayamuddin*, 18 Cal. 484.
5. *Queen versus Gorachand Gope*, B. L. R. Supp. Vol. 443, 5 W. R. Cr. 45.

6. Queen *versus* Sricharan Chango, 22 Cal. 1017.
7. Queen *versus* Haradhan, 19 Cal. 380.
8. Queen *versus* Sashi Bhushan, 15 All. 210.
9. Queen *versus* Abbas, 25 Cal. 512.
10. Empress *versus* Raisatali, 7 Cal. 352.
11. Khosh Mahammad *versus* Nasir Mahammad, 33 Cal. 352.
12. Vaithinath Pillai *versus* Emp., 40 I. A. 193.
13. Amritlal Hazra *versus* Emp., 42 Cal. 957.
14. Pulin Behari Das *versus* Emp., 15 C. L. J. 517, 16 C. W. N. 1107.
15. Barindra K. Ghosh *versus* Emp., 37 Cal. 467, 14 C. W. N. 1114.
16. Re Mati Lal Ghosh, 45 Cal. 169.
17. Amrita Lal Bose *versus* Corporation of Calcutta, 44 Cal. 1025.
18. Satis Chandra Chakraborty *versus* Ram Dayal Dey, 32 C. L. J. 94.
19. Ram Sagar Mandal *versus* Alak Naskar, 26 C. W. N. 242.
20. King-Empire *versus* Shick Abdul, 20 C. W. N. 725.
21. Fatchchand Agarwallah *versus* Emp., 21 C. W. N. 33.
22. Empress *versus* Dhumno Kazi and another, 8 Cal. 121.
23. Barendra Kumar Ghosh *versus* King-Empire, 30 C. L. J. 1, 20 C. W. N.

Law of Transfer inter vivos.

1. Billamy *versus* Sabine, 1 De. G. and J. 566.
2. Isfah Chandra Das Sirkar *versus* Bidhu Sirdar, 1 L. R. 24 Cal. 825.
3. Hakim Lal *versus* Mooshahar Sahu, 1 L. R. 34 Cal. 999, 23 C. L. J. 406.
4. Jadunath Poddar *versus* Ruplal Poddar, 1 L. R. 33 Cal. 967, 10 C. W. N. 650.
5. Petherpermal Chetty *versus* Mumiandi, 1 L. R. 35 Cal. 55, 12 C. W. N. 562.
6. Gokuldas Gopaldas *versus* Purannal Premasuk Das, 1 L. R. 10 Cal. 1035.
7. Ashutosh Sikdar *versus* Behari Lal Kirtania, 1 L. R. 35 Cal. 61.
8. Gurdeo Singh *versus* Chandrika Singh, 1 L. R. 36 Cal. 193.
9. Mahamaya *versus* Haridas Halder, 1 L. R. 42 Cal. 455.
10. Lal Achal Ram *versus* Kazim Husein Khan, 1 L. R. 27 All. 271.
11. Beniram *versus* Kundan Lal, 1 L. R. 21 All. 496.
12. Joitaram Ram Krishna *versus* Ram Krishna Nand Lal, 1 L. R. 27 Bom. 31.

Hindu Law.

1. Hunooman Pershad Panday *versus* Babooi Munraj Kunwar, 6 M. I. A. 393, 18 W. R. 81.
2. Bhāgwandeen Dobey *versus* Myna Bai, 11 M. I. A. 487, 9 W. R. P. C. 23.
3. Gurugobind *versus* Anund Lal, 5 B. L. R. 15.
4. Tagore *versus* Tagore, L. R. I. A. ; Sup. Vol. 47 W. R. 359.
5. Moniram Kolita *versus* Keri Kolutani, 7 I. A. 115, I. L. R. 5 Cal. 770.
6. Sree Balusu Gurulingaswami *versus* Sri Balusu Ramalakshamma, I. L. R. 22 Mad. 398.
7. Hirralal *versus* Tripura, I. L. R. 40 Cal. 615.
8. Debiprasad *versus* Golap Bhagat, I. L. R. 40 Cal. 721.
9. Ram Chandra *versus* Vinayak, I. L. R. 41 I. A. 200.
10. Bhupatinath *versus* Ramlal, I. L. R. 37 Cal. 128.
11. Bhagwan Singh *versus* Bhagwan Singh, L. R. 26 I. A. 153.
12. Bhubonmoyee Debi *versus* Ramkishore, 10 M. I. A. 279.
13. The Collector of Madura *versus* Mootoo Ramalinga, 12 M. I. A. 397.
14. Katama Natchiar *versus* Raja of Shivaganga, 9 M. I. A. 543.
15. Manikya Mala Bose *versus* Nanda Kumar Bose, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 1306.
16. Omrit Kumaree Debi *versus* Luckhee Narayan, 10 W. R. 76 F. B.
17. Radha Mohan *versus* Hardai Bibi, I. L. R., 21 All. 460.
18. Suraj Bansi Koer *versus* Sheo Pershad Singh, L. R. 6 I. A. 88.
19. Ram Gopal Bhattacharyee *versus* Narayan Chandra, I. L. R. 33 Cal. 315.
20. Hari Kissen *versus* Kashipershad, L. R. 42 I. A. 64.
21. Rajaninath *versus* Nitaichandra, 32 C. L. J.
22. Metharam *versus* Rewachand, L. R. 45 I. A. 41.
23. Sahu Ram *versus* Bhup Singh, L. R. 44 I. A. 126.
24. Rangasami *versus* Nachinappa, L. R. 46 I. A. 72.
25. Nagindas *versus* Bachoo, L. R. 43 I. A. 36.
26. Rama Rao *versus* Raja of Pittapur, L. R. 45 I. A. 148.
27. Puddo Kumari *versus* Court of Wards, L. R. 8 I. A. 229.
28. Madanmohan *versus* Purushothama, L. R. 45 I. A. 156.

Contracts and Torts.

1. Ashby *versus* White—I Sm. E. C. 231.
2. Barwick *versus* English Joint Stock Bank, L. R. 2 Ex. 259.
3. Canadian Pacific Railway *versus* Roy (1902) A. C. 220.

4. *Coggs versus Bernard*—I Sm. Leading cases 167.
5. *Dhanigopal versus Raja Maneshwar*, L. R. 33 I. A. 118 ;
I. L. R. 28 All. 520.
6. *Hadley versus Baxendale*, 9 Exch. 241 ; 96 L. R. 742.
7. *Cundy versus Lindsay*, L. R. 3 App. Cas. 459.
8. *Smith versus Baker*, 1891 A. C. 325.
9. *Keighly Maxsted & Co. versus Durant*, 1901 A. C. 210.
10. *Moghul Steamship Co. versus Mc. Gregor*, 1892 A. C. 25.
11. *Mohori Bibee versus Dharmadas*, L. R. 30 I. A. 114 ;
I. L. R. 30 Cal. 639.
12. *Quinn versus Leathem*, 1901 A. C. 495.
13. *Smith versus Hughes*, L. R. 6 Q. B. 597.
14. *Gackwar of Baroda versus Gandhi*, I. L. R. 27 Bom. 344 ;
I. L. R. 30 I. A. 60.
15. *Derry versus Peek*, L. R. 14 A. C. 337.
16. *Armory versus Delamirie*, 1 Strange 505.
17. *Shaikh Kalu versus Ramsaran*, 9 C. L. J. 216.
18. *Seth Kanhaya Lal versus National Bank of India* L. R. 40
I. A.

PART VI.

Examinations.

LIST OF EXAMINERS DURING THE SESSION 1924-25

ENGLISH.

Internal Examiners.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| C. L. Wrenn, Esq., M.A.,
<i>Chairman.</i> | 5. B. K. Roy, Esq., M. A. |
| 2. Dr. S. K. De, M.A.,
D.Lit. | 6. S. M. Chanda, Esq.,
M.A. |
| 3. U. C. Nag, Esq., M.A. | 7. Altaf Husain, Esq., M.A. |
| 4. P. K. Guha, Esq., M.A. | 8. Sukumar Ganguly, Esq.,
M.A. |

External Examiners.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 9. Dr. S. C. Gupta, M.A.,
Ph.D. | 12. N. K. Siddhanta, Esq.,
M.A. |
| 10. Prof. R. C. Goffin, M.A. | 13. Rai L. M. Chatterjee
Bahadur, M.A. |
| 11. Dr. S. K. Chatterjee,
M.A., D.Lit. | 14. E. F. Oaten, Esq., M.A. |
| 15. M. N. Ghosh, Esq., M.A., F.S.S., F.R.E.S. | |

SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Internal Examiners.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. S. C. Chakravarti, Esq.,
B.A., <i>Chairman.</i> | 4. Md. Shahidullah, Esq.,
M.A., B.L. |
| 2. Radha Govinda Basak,
Esq., M.A. | 5. Charu Bandyopadhyay,
Esq., B.A. |
| 3. Guruprasanna Bhatta-
charyya, Esq., M.A. | 6. Nani Gopal Banerjee,
Esq. |

External Examiners.

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|--|---|
| 7. Mm. H. P. Shastri,
C.I.E., M.A. | 14. Dr. S. K. Chatterjee,
M.A., D.Lit. |
| 8. Mm. A. T. Shastri, M.A. | 15. Pandit K. K. Goswami,
M.A. |
| 9. Prof. Sivaprasad Bhatta-
charyya, M.A. | 16. N. K. Bhattachali, Esq.,
M.A. |
| 10. Pandit H. C. Shastri. | 17. Prof. Vanamali Chakra-
varty, M.A. |
| 11. Dr. Bhagabat Kumar
Shastri, M.A., Ph.D. | 18. A. K. Datta Gupta, Esq.,
M.A. |
| 12. Dr. Pasupati Shastri. | |
| 13. Prof. Laksminarayana
Chatterjee. | |

ARABIC AND ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Internal Examiners.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Prof. A. S. Siddiqi, M.A.,
Ph.D., <i>Chairman</i> . | 4. Marghoob Ahmad, Esq.,
M.A. |
| 2. Fida Ali Khan, Esq.,
M.A. | 5. Maulana Munawar Ali,
6. Mohd. Saadat Ullah
Israely, Esq., |
| 3. A. Abdul Wahhab, Esq.,
M.A., B.L. | 7. A. Subhan, Esq., M.A. |

External Examiners.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 8. Dr. A. Suhrawardy,
M.A., Ph.D., D.Lit. | 9. Shams-ul-Ulama Kamal
Uddin Ahmad, M.A.,
I.E.S. |
|--|---|

PERSIAN.

Internal Examiners.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Fida Ali Khan, Esq.,
M.A., <i>Chairman</i> . | 3. A. Abdul Wahhab, Esq.,
M.A., B.L. |
| 2. S. M. Z. Azad, Esq.,
B.A. | 4. Sved Muzaffar Uddin,
Esq., M.A. |
| 5. Moayyidul Islam Borrah, Esq., M.A. | |

External Examiners.

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|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 6. Mirza Abu Jafar, Esq.,
M.A. | 7. Mir Mirza Kazim Shirazi,
Esq. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|

PHILOSOPHY.

Internal Examiners.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. H. D. Bhattacharyya,
Esq., M.A., B.L.,
<i>Chairman</i> . | 4. Kazemuddin Ahmad,
Esq., M.A. |
| 2. U. N. Gupta, Esq., M.A. | 5. Khirodchandra Mukher-
jee, Esq., M.A. |
| 3. U. C. Bhattacharyya,
Esq., M.A. | 6. Benoyendra Nath Roy,
Esq., M.A. |
| 7. Fida Ali Khan, Esq., M.A. | |

External Examiners.

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|--|---|
| 8. Dr. N. N. Sen Gupta,
M.A., Ph.D. | 11. Dr. G. S. Bose, D.Sc.,
M.B. |
| 9. S. K. Maitra, Esq. M.A. | 12. Dr. H. Haldar, M.A.
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Second Class.

Mohammad Taherul Islam.

PERSIAN.

First Class.

Moayyidul Islam Borrah.

Second Class.

Abdul Hadi.

PHILOSOPHY.

First Class.

Mahendra Nath Chakrabarti.	| Sudhir Chandra Ray.
Nikhil Chandra Sen.	| Syed Jafar Uddin Ahmed.

Second Class.

Birendra Chandra Mukhop-	| Shahed Ali.
dhyay.	| Sudhansu Kumar Banerjee.

Third Class.

Muhammed Abdus Salam.

GRADUATES—M. A.

HISTORY (GROUP A.)

First Class.

Amulyaranjan Biswas. | Jyotirmay Sen.
Prafulla Chandra Lahiri.

Second Class.

Narendra Mohan Ray. | Satyendra Nath Dasgupta.

Third Class.

Surendra Kumar Aich.

HISTORY (GROUP B.)

First Class.

Jatis Chandra Dasgupta. | Muhammad Zahurul Islam.

Second Class.

Dharmabrata Sinharay. | Narendra Kumar Das.
Ziauddin Ahmed.

Third Class.

Kshitis Chandra Ray. | Mohammad Husain Ali.
Snehendu Basu.

ECONOMICS.

First Class.

Dines Chandra Datta. | Parimal Ray.

Second Class.

Prafullachandra Haldar.

Third Class.

Abinashchandra De.

1924.

(In alphabetical order.)

ENGLISH (GROUP A.)

First Class.

Abanimokan Bandyopadhyay. | Mahendranath De.
Manmathanath Guha.

GRADUATES—M. A.

Second Class.

Abdur Rahman.	Prabodhchandra Mitra.
Harendralal Chaudhuri.	Pramodchandra Bandyo-
Herambanath Bhattacharyya.	padhyay.
Narendrachandra Kar.	Sudhirschandra Mukho-
Prabhatkumar Ray.	padhyay.
Upendrachandra Sinha.	

Third Class.

Askar Ali.	Kalipada Chakrabarti.
Brajeschandra Ray.	Mir Asghar Ali.
Gopalchandra Acharyya.	Pareschandra Chakrabarti.
Gopendrachandra Chakrabarti.	Pramathanath Majumdar.
Jogendranath Sengupta.	Sukumar Nag.
Sultanuddin Ahmad.	

ENGLISH (GROUP B).

Second Class.

Jnanranjan Datta.

Third Class.

Bibekpraphulla Pal.	Durgacharan Samajdar.
Narendranath Dasgupta.	

SANSKRIT (GROUP A).

First Class.

Abinaschandra Chaudhuri.

SANSKRIT (GROUP B).

First Class.

Niharchandra Chakrabarti.

SANSKRIT (GROUP C).

Third Class.

Charuchandra Sen.

SANSKRIT (GROUP D).

First Class.

Sureschandra Chakrabarti.

GRADUATES—M. A.

ARABIC.

First Class.

Muhammad Abul Hashem. | Md. Gholam Mowla.
Syed Moazzam Hossain.

PERSIAN.

First Class.

Md. Abul Fazl Syed Ahmed.

Third Class.

Nader Ali Rarhi. | Syed Ramzan Ali.

PHILOSOPHY.

First Class.

Abu Nasr Muhammed Saleh. | Ganganath Bhattacharyya.
Mehinimohan Bandyopadhyay.

Second Class.

Abbasuddin Ahmed. | Khagendranath Chakrabarti.

Third Class.

Jyotirmay Biswas

HISTORY (GROUP A).

First Class.

Prahladchandra Gop.

Second Class.

Asutosh Chakrabarti. | Nalinimohan Kar.
Gunagobinda Datta. | Nalininath Dasgupta.

Third Class.

Bankimchandra Datta. | Sachindralal Raychaudhuri.
Subodhchandra Banerjee.

GRADUATES—M. A.

HISTORY (GROUP B).

Second Class.

Abdul Munim Chowdhury.	Md. Nurul Huda.
Bhubannmohan Raychaudhuri.	Paresnath Sil.
Bidhubhushan Chatterjee.	Santoshchandra Guha.
Jasodaranjan Das.	Sudhirschandra Ghosh.

Third Class.

Bhubannmohan Goswami.	Kshitischandra Ray.
	Sarojprāsanna Gupta.

ECONOMICS.

First Class.

Jyotishchandra Ghosh.	Kshitischandra Chaudhuri.
	Sisirkumar Basu.

Second Class.

Altafur Rahman Khan.	Mahammed Hanif Bhuya.
Bibhutibhushan Sen.	Muhammed Firdous Ali.
Digindrakisor Ray.	Sudhansukumar Dasgupta

Third Class.

Abdul Majeed Khandoker.	Manmathakumar Ray.
Manadacharan Chakrabarti.	Torabali Miah.

MATHEMATICS.

First Class.

Hirendramohan Sengupta.

GRADUATES—M.Sc.

1922.

(In order of merit.)

PHYSICS.

Class II.

Phanindra Kumar Mitra	Prāfulla Kumar Roy.
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GRADUATES—M. Sc.

CHEMISTRY.

Class I.

Dhirendra Chandra Roy. | Gopal Chandra Sarkar.

Class III.

Bijoy Kumar Seth.

1923.

(In alphabetical order.)

PHYSICS.

Second Class.

Momtazuddin. | Susil Chandra Biswas.

CHEMISTRY.

First Class.

A. N. Kappanna.	|	Kalipada Basu.
Aswinikumar Guha.		Pareschandra Datta.
Hariprasanna Ray.		Pradoshchandra Raychaudhuri.

Satishchandra De.

Second Class.

Sisirkumar Guha.

MATHEMATICS.

Second Class.

Jagadishchandra Bhattacharyya.

1924.

(In alphabetical order.)

PHYSICS.

First Class.

Sudhendukumar Basu. | Surendrachandra Chakrabarti.

GRADUATES—M. Sc.

Third Class.

Bimalaprasanna Ray.

CHEMISTRY.

First Class.

Asutosh Sen.	|	Nirmalchandra Guharay.
K. P. Srikumaran Unni Nair.	|	Prankumar De.

Second Class.

Binaykumar Sengupta.	|	Subarnakamal Ray.
		Sudhanyakumar Ray.

Third Class.

Dhirendranath Basuraychaudhuri.

MATHEMATICS.

Second Class.

Chandrakumar Dhar.

GRADUATES—HONOURS, B.A. (on Calcutta University Syllabus.)

1922.

(In order of merit.)

ENGLISH.

Class I.

Manmatha Nath Guha.

Class II.

Abdul Majeed Mollah.	|	Probodh Chandra Mittra.
Narendra Chandra Kar.	|	Jogendra Nath Sen Gupta.
Sudhir Chandra Mukhopadhyay.	|	Dines Chandra Sarkar.
Kiran Lal Dutt.	|	Kalipada Chakraborty.
Amarendra Nath Kundu.	|	Upendra Chandra Sinha.
Syed Mustafa Ali.	|	Surendra Nath Das.
	|	Dhirendra Kishor Dhar.

GRADUATES—HONOURS, B.°A.

Sukumar Nag.	Udoya Chandra Das.
Narendra Nath Das Gupta.	Md. Vilayet Hussain.
Akshov Chandra Khasnabis.	{ Sohrab-ud-din Ahmad.
	{ Bibek Prafulla Pal.

SANSKRIT.

First Class.

Nihâr Chandra Chakravarti.

ARABIC.

First Class.

Syêd Moazzum Hossain. | Md. Gholam Mowla.

Second Class.

Mohammad Abul Hashem. | Abdur Rahman.

PERSIAN.

Second Class.

Md. Jimot-ullah Miah.

PHILOSOPHY.

First Class.

Ganganath Bhattacharjee

HISTORY.

*Second Class.*Prahlad Chandra Gepe. | Jyotish Chandra Ghosh.
Md. Nural Huda.

ECONOMICS.

Second Class.{ Mohammed Firdous Ali. | Sudhansu Kumar Das Gupta.
{ Sisir Kumar Basu. | Upendra Chandra Gupta.

MATHEMATICS.

Second Class.

Prafulla Chandra Majumdar. | Haladhar Bhaumik.

GRADUATES—HONOURS, B. A.

1924.

(In alphabetical order.)

ENGLISH.

Class II.

Amulyaratan Ghosh.	Dhirendrachandra Pal.
Azizuddin Ahmad.	Sailendranath Bhadra.
Bhupendrachandra Hajra.	Timirharan Mukherjee

SANSKRIT.

Class II.

Dakshinacharan Chakrabarti.	Prankisor Goswami.
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SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Class I.

Bishadbhushan Dasgupta.

ARABIC.

Class I.

Abdul Jabbar Khan.	Fazlul Karim.
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Class II.

Fazlar Rahman.	Inainul Hossain.
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ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Class I.

Abul Ula Muhammad Wali- ullah.	Md. Turab Ali.
Md. Abdul Aziz.	Muhammad Moslehuddin.
	Mutiur Rahman.

Class II.

Abdur Rashid.	Mohammad Habibullah.
Md. Abdul Majid.	Mohammed Abdul Basir.
Md. Nurul Haq.	Syed Abdul Mannan.

GRADUATES—HONOURS, B. A.

PERSIAN.

Class I.

Faiz-ud-Din Khundakar.

Class II.

Fayezuddin Ahmed.

PHILOSOPHY.

Class I.

Manmathanath Bhattacharyya.

HISTORY.

Class I.

Praphullachandra Mukherjee.

Class II.

Dhirendrakumar Basu.	|	Pramathanath Chatterjee.
Golam Jabbar.		Sachindrakumar Gupta.
Nuruddin Ahmad.		Syed Takiuddin.

ECONOMICS.

Class I.

Hedayet-ul-Islam.	|	Kumudranjan Chaudhuri.
Md. Hafizur Ralfman.		

Class II.

Dhireschandra Raybardhan.	|	Phanibhushan Basu.
Gopalchandra Bhowal.		Prajaranjan Mukhopadhyay.
Jyotirindranath Ray.		Praphullakumar Banerjee.
Manindrakisor Ray.		Priyanath Basu.
Nagendrachandra Das.		Upendrakumar Saha.

MATHEMATICS.

Class I.

Pareschandra Bhattacharyya.

Class II.

Mahendranath Datta.

GRADUATES—HONOURS, B.Sc. (On Calcutta University
(Syllabus).

1922.

(In order of merit.)

PHYSICS.

Class I.

Surendra Chandra Chakraborty.

Class II.

Sudhendu Kumar Basu. | Sudhir Chandra Bose.

CHEMISTRY.

Class I.

Pran Kumar De. | Nirmal Chandra Guha Ray.
Surendra Kumar Majumdar.

Class II.

Salauddin Ahmad Yusuf. | B'sveswar Mukhopadhyay.
Tarapada Bose.

MATHEMATICS.

Class II.

Santosh Chandra Das Gupta. | Ashutosh Sen.

1924.

(In alphabetical order.)

PHYSICS.

Class I.

Arunkumar Datta. | Bhabeskumar Som.
Kamakhyaranjan Sen.

Class II.

Brajendrakumar Sen. | Rābindranarayan Bhaumik.
Hiralal Bandyopadhyay. | Saradacharan Paik.

GRADUATES—HONOURS, B. SC.

CHEMISTRY.

Class I.

Jadulal Mukherjee. | Mahendrakumar De.
Samarendra Gupta.

Class II.

Haridas Gangopadhyay. | Ratindranarayan Mitra.
Manindranath Chakladar. | Taranikanta Chakrabarti.

GRADUATES—M. A.

(In alphabetical order.)

1922—24.

Name	Year	Subject	Class	Group
Abanimohan Bandyopadhyay (P)	1921	English	I	A
Abani Mohan Gupta	1922	English	III	
Abbasuddin Ahmed	1924	Philosophy	II	
Abdul Aziz	1923	English	II	A
Abdul Hadi	1923	Persian	II	
Abdul Karim	1923	English	III	A
Abdul Majeed Khandoker	1924	Economics	III	
Abdul Munim Chowdhury	1924	History	II	B
Abdur Rahman	1924	English	II	A
Abinaschandra Chaudhuri	1924	Sanskrit	I	A
Abinas Chandra Das	1923	Sanskrit	II	A
Abinaschandra De	1923	Economics	III	
Abu Nasr Muhammed Saleh (P)	1924	Philosophy	I	
Aftabuddin Ahmad	1923	English	III	A
Altaf Husain (P)	1923	English	I	A
Altafur Rahman Khan	1924	Economics	II	
Amulyaranjan Biswas	1923	History	I	A
Anil Chandra Ray	1923	English	III	A
Askar Ali	1924	English	III	A
Asutosh Chakrabarti	1924	History	II	A
Bankimchandra Datta	1924	History	III	A
Bhubanmohan Goswami	1924	History	III	B
Bhubanmohan Raychaudhuri	1924	History	II	B

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class).

GRADUATES—M. A.

Name	Year	Subject	Class	Group
Bhupendra Nath Dutta Roy	1922	English	II	
Bibekpraphulla Pal	... 1924	English	III	B
Bibhutibhushan Sen	... 1924	Economics	II	
Bidhu Bhushan Bhattacharyya	1923	English	III	A
Bidhubhushan Chatterjee	... 1924	History	II	B
Binal Chandra Sen	... 1923	English	II	A
Binit Chandra Sen	... 1923	English	III	A
Bipin Chandra Pandit	... 1923	English	II	A
Birendra Chandra Mukhopadhyay	... 1923	Philosophy	II	
Brajeschandra Ray	... 1924	English	III	A
Charuchandra Sen	... 1924	Sanskrit	III	C
Debendra Mohan Lahiri	... 1923	English	II	A
Debendra Nath Sarkar	... 1922	English	III	
Dharmabrata Sinharay	... 1923	History	II	B
Dhirendra Nath Sen	... 1922	English	II	
Digendra Lal Desarkar	... 1923	English	II	A
Digindrakisor Ray	... 1924	Economics	II	
Dines Chandra Datta (P)	... 1923	Economics	I	
Durgacharan Samajdar	... 1924	English	III	B
Ganganath Bhattacharyya (P)	1924	Philosophy	I	
Gopalchandra Acharyya	... 1924	English	III	A
Gopendrachandra Chakrabarti	1924	English	III	A
Gopi Nath Gupta	... 1923	English	II	B
Gunagobinda Datta	... 1924	History	II	A
Harandra'nal Chaudhuri	... 1924	English	II	A
Herambanath Bhattacharyya	1924	English	II	A
Hiranya Kumar Banerjee	... 1923	English	III	A
Hirendramohan Sengupta (P)	1924	Mathematics	I	
Hrishikes Bhattacharyya	... 1923	English	III	A
Jasodaranjan Das	... 1924	History	II	B
Jatis Chandra Dasgupta	... 1923	History	I	B
Jogendranath Sengupta	... 1924	English	III	A
Jnanranjan Datta	... 1924	English	II	B
Jyotirmay Biswas	... 1924	Philosophy	III	
Jyotirmay Sen (P)	... 1923	History	I	A
Jyotishchandra Ghosh	... 1924	Economics	I	
Kalipada Chakrabarti	... 1924	English	III	A
Khagendranath Chakrabarti	1924	Philosophy	II	
Kshitishchandra Chaudhuri (P)	1924	Economics	I	
Kshitis Chandra Ray	... 1923	History	III	B
Kshitishchandra Ray	... 1924	History	III	B

(P. University prizeman for having stood first in the first class).

GRADUATES—M. A.

Name	Year	Subject	Class	Group
Lila Nag ...	1923	English	II	A
Mahammed Hanif Bhuya ...	1924	Economics	II	.
Mahendranath Chakrabarti ...	1923	Philosophy	I	.
Mahendranath De ...	1924	English	I	A
Manadacharan Chakrabarti ...	1924	Economics	III	.
Manindra Mohan Chakrabarti	1923	English	III	A
Manindra Nath Mitra ...	1923	English	I	A
Manmathakumar Ray ...	1924	Economics	III	.
Manmathnath Guha (P) ...	1924	English	I	A
Md. Abul Fazl Syed Ahmed (P) ...	1924	Persian	I	.
Md. Gholam Mowla ...	1924	Arabic	I	.
Md. Nurul Huda ...	1924	History	II	B
Mir Ahmed Ali ...	1923	English	III	A
Mir Asghar Ali ...	1924	English	III	A
Mizanur Rahman (P) ...	1923	Arabic	I	.
Moayyidul Islam Borrah (P)	1923	Persian	I	.
Mohammad Abu Yusuff ...	1922	English	II	.
Mohammad Husain Ali ...	1923	History	III	B
Mohammad Teherul Islam ...	1923	Arabic	II	.
Mohanimohan Bandyopadhyay	1924	Philosophy	I	.
Muhammad Abul Hashem ...	1924	Arabic	I	.
Muhammad Serajul Islam (P)	1923	Arabic	I	.
Muhammad Zahurul Islam (P) ...	1923	History	I	B
Muhammed Abdus Salam ...	1923	Philosophy	III	.
Muhammed Firdous Ali ...	1924	Economics	II	.
Nader Ali Rasbi ...	1924	Persian	III	.
Nages Chandra Gupta ...	1922	English	II	.
Nalinimohan Kar ...	1924	History	II	A
Nalininath Dasgupta ...	1924	History	II	A
Narendrachandra Kar ...	1924	English	II	A
Narendra Kumar Das ...	1923	History	II	B
Narendra Mohan Ray ...	1923	History	II	A
Narendranath Dasgupta ...	1924	English	III	B
Nares Chandra Chakrabarti ...	1923	English	III	B
Nefazuddin Khaz ...	1923	English	III	A
Niharchandra Chakrabarti (P) ...	1924	Sanskrit	I	B
Nikhil Chandra Sen (P) ...	1923	Philosophy	I	.
Nirmal Kumar Sen ...	1922	Chemistry	I	.
Pabitra Lal Mukherjee ...	1923	English	III	A

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class).

GRADUATES—M. A.

Name	Year	Subject	Class	Group
Pareschandra Chakrabarti ...	1924	English	III	A
Paresnath Sil ...	1924	History	II	B
Parimal Ray ...	1923	Economics	I	
Prabhatkumar Ray ...	1924	English	II	A
Prabodhchandra Mitra ...	1924	English	II	A
Prafullachandra Halder ...	1923	Economics	II	
Prafullachandra Lahiri ...	1923	History	I	A
Prafullachandra Sen ...	1923	English	II	A
Prahladechandra, Gop (P) ...	1924	History	I	A
Pramathanath Majumdar ...	1924	English	III	A
Pramodchandra Bandyopadhyay ...	1924	English	II	A
Rabindra Chandra Guha ...	1923	English	I	B
Sachindra Kumar Adhikari ...	1922	English	II	
Sachindralal Raychandhuri ...	1924	History	III	A
Santoshchandra Guha ...	1924	History	II	B
Santoshkumar Chattopadhyay ...	1923	English	I	A
Sarojprasanna Gupta ...	1924	History	III	B
Satyendra Nath Dasgupta ...	1923	History	II	A
Shahed Ali ...	1923	Philosophy	II	
Sisir Chandra Chakravarty ...	1922	English	II	
Sisirkumar Basu ...	1924	Economics	I	
Snehendu Basu ...	1923	History	III	B
Subodhchandra Banerjee ...	1924	History	III	A
Sudhansu Kumar Banerjee ...	1923	Philosophy	II	
Sudhansukumar Dasgupta ...	1924	Economics	II	
Sudhirschandra Ghosh ...	1924	History	II	B
Sudhirschandra Mukhopadhyay ...	1924	English	II	A
Sudhir Chandra Ray ...	1923	Philosophy	I	
Sukumar Ganguly (P) ...	1922	English	I	
Sukumar Nag ...	1924	English	III	A
Sultanuddin Ahmad ...	1924	English	III	A
Surendra Kumar Aich ...	1923	History	III	A
Sureschandra Chakrabarti ...	1924	Sanskrit	I	D
Sures Chandra Sen ...	1922	English	III	
Syed Jafar Uddin Ahmed ...	1923	Philosophy	I	
Syed Moazam Hossain (P) ...	1924	Arabic	I	
Syed Ramzan Ali ...	1924	Persian	III	
Torabali Miah ...	1924	Economics	III	
Uma Prasanna De ...	1923	English	I	A

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class.)

GRADUATES—M. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.	Group
Umes Chandra Bhattacharyya				
(P) ...	1923	Sanskrit	I	E
Umesh Chandra Bagchi	1922	English	II	
Upendrachandra Sinha	1924	English	II	A
Ziauddin Ahmed	1923	History	II	B

AD EUNDEM—M. A.

A. K. G. Sofdar.	Aswini Kumar Bhatta-
A. K. Wajiuiddin Ahmad.	charyya.
A. Rahim.	Aswini Kumar Das-gupta.
Abani Kanta Ghose Roy.	Aswini Kumar Lahiri.
Abhoya Charan Chakravarti.	Ataul Hakim.
Abdul Aziz Talukdar.	Atul Chandra Ghosh.
Abdullah-Al-Mamun	Atul Chandra Sen.
Suhrawardy.	Bhabatosh Sen.
Abdul Majid (1923).	Bholanath Saha (1923).
Abdul Majid.	Blubhan Mohan Pait.
Abdur Rahman Khan, I.	Blupendra Kumar Basu.
Abdur Rahman Khan, II.	Bidhu Ranjan Ghose.
Abdur Rub Chowdhury (1923)	Bijoy Blusan Datta.
Abdus Sattar Siddiqui.	Binoy Kumar Ghosh (1923).
Abul Hussain.	Birendra, Kishore Tarafdar.
Abul Quasem.	Birendra Kumar Das.
Abu-Usman Khalid.	Chandra Kumar Dutt.
Adiluzzaman Khan.	Chintaharan Majumdar.
Adinath Sen (1923).	Debendra Kumar Mitter
Akramazzaman Khan.	(1923).
Amal Chandra Bose.	Debendra Nath Sanyal.
Ambica Charan Das.	Devendra. Kumar Ray (Rai
Amiya Chandra Ghose.	Sahib) (1923).
Amiyansu Kumar Das-gupta.	Dhirendra Mohan Dutt.
Amulya Kumar Datta-gupta.	Dhirendra Nath Banerjee.
Amulya Mohan Roy.	Dhirendra Nath Ghosh.
Amulya Nath Basu.	Dhirendra Nath Sen.
Annada Charan Banerjee.	Durga Kanta Chaudhury.
Anukul Chandra Bhatta-	Dwijendra Mohan Sen.
charyya.	Ghulam Rahman.
Anukul Chandra Das.	Girija K. Majumdar.
Anukul Chandra Sen.	Girish Chandra Nag (Rai
Arshaduzzaman Khan.	Bahadur) (1923).
Ashraf Ali Khan.	Hara Mohan, Paul (1923).

(N.B.—No year has been put against the names of those graduates on whom the ad eundem degrees were conferred in 1924.)

AD EUNDEM—

- | | |
|---|--|
| Haripada Banerjee. | Manmatha Nath Chakravarty. |
| Har Kumar Shaha. | Manoranjan Ray. |
| Hem Chandra Banerjee. | Mati Lal Dam. |
| Hem Chandra Biswas (1923). | Md. Khalilullah. |
| Hem Chandra Ray. | Md. Serajul Islam. |
| Indra Kumar Dutta. | Md. Usman Ghani. |
| Jatindra Mohan Dutta. | Mobarak Ali. |
| Jatindra Mohan Ghose. | Mohammad 'Abdullah. |
| Jitendra Mohan Ghose. | Mohammad Ali Hussain |
| Jitendra Mohan Bhatta-
charyya. | Bhuiyan. |
| Jogen (ra) Nath Sen. | Mohini Mohan Ray. |
| Jogindra Nath Das. | Mosahab Ali Khan. |
| Jyotish Chandra Ghoshal. | Muhammad Osman. |
| Kalika Ranjan Ray. | Muhammad Shahidullah. |
| Kalpada Sen-gupta. | Muhammad Samed Ali. |
| Kazemuddin Ahmed. | Muhammad Yusuff (1923). |
| Kazi Abdul Wadud. | Munindra Chandra Guha. |
| Khalilur Rahman Md. Nurul
Islam. | Nagesh Chandra Gupta. |
| Khurshed Ali Talukdar. | Naimuddin Ahmad (1923). |
| Kiron Coomer Ghosh (1923). | Nareish Chandra Choudhury. |
| Krishna Binode Shaha. | Narmada Charan Banerjee. |
| Kshitish Chandra Barman. | Nasiruddin Ahmed (Khan
Bahadur). |
| Kshitish Chandra Neogi
(1923). | Nirmal Chandra Pal (1923). |
| Kuleranjan Dhar. | Nirmal Kumar Sen. |
| Kumud Chandra Chakra-
varty. | Nitya Hari Aich. |
| Mafizuddin Ahmad (1923). | Nur Ahmed. |
| Mahammad Abdul Bashar
(1923). | Pankoj Coomar Ghosh (1923). |
| Mahammad Sidiq Khan
(1923) | Paresh Chandra Nandi. |
| Mahammed Nurul Huq
Chowdhury (1923). | Paresh Nath Bhattacharyya. |
| Mahendra Kumar Ghose. | Prafulla Chandra Sen. |
| Mahendra Kumar Sircar
(1923). | Prafulla Kamal Sen. |
| Mahmudul Ameen. | Prafulla Nath Roy. |
| Mahmood Hasan. | Pramatha Nath Chakrabarty. |
| Manindra 'Chandra Bhatta-
charyya. | Pramatha Nath Sen. |
| Manindra Mohan Deb. | Pran Kumar Sen. |
| Manindra Nath Basu. | Prasanna Kumar Biswas. |
| | Priyanath Bidhyabhusan
(Pandit) (1923). |
| | Priyesh Chandra Datta. |
| | Quader Bukhsh. |
| | Qumaruddin Muhammad
(1927). |
| | Rabindra Nath Ghose. |
| | Rabindra Nath Guha. |

AD EUNDEM—M. A.

Rabindra Nath Sen.	Sisir Kumar Niyogi (1923).
Rabindra Nath Sen-gupta.	Sisir Kumar Sen.
Radha Govinda Basak (1923).	Sudhir Chandra Roy.
Rai Kishore Majumdar.	Sudhirindira Nath Guha.
Rajendra Kumar Banik.	Supati Ranjan Nag.
Rakhaldas Ghose.	Surendra Chandra Datta.
Ramada Prasanna Ghose.	Surendra Chandra Gupta.
Ramendra Mohan Bose.	Surendra Mohan Sen-gupta
Rash Behari Bose.	(1923).
Rezaur Rahman Khan.	Surendra Nath Basu.
S. Tamizuddin Khan.	Suresh Chandra Bhatta-
Sachindra Chandra Sen	charyya.
(1923).	Suresh Chandra Sen.
Sachindra Kumar Ghose.	Syama Kanta Banerjee.
Sachindra Mohan Chanda.	Syed Abdus Sybhan.
Sachindra Nath Chatterjee.	Syed Ahmadullah.
Sanjib Kumar Chaudhury.	Syed Ansaruddin Ahmed.
Santosh Kumar Ray.	Tarapada Ganguly.
Sarada Charan Ghose (Rai	Umesh Chandra Bagchi.
Bahadur).	Umesh Chandra Bhatta-
Sasanka Kumar Bose.	charyya (1923).
Satyajal Das.	Umesh Chandra Sen.
Satyendra Chandra Mitra.	Upendra Chandra Talukdar.
Sisir Chandra Chakravarty.	Z. R. Zaidi, Suhrawardy
Sisir Kumar Ghosh.	(Hon'ble Justice).

GRADUATES—B. A.

1922—24.

This list excludes the names of Graduates who have taken the M.A. Degrees.

(In alphabetical order.)

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
A. F. M. Mesbah Uddin	... 1923		
A. J. G. Samdani Khan	... 1922		
A. Z. M. Rezai Karim	... 1923		
Abani Bhusan Laha†	... 1922		
Abani Kanta Chatterjee†	... 1924		
Abani Mohan Gope	... 1923		
Abdul Aref	... 1922		

- * Passed with Honours.
† " " Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year	Subject.	Class.
Abdul Ashraf Afikor Rahman	1924		
Abdul Aziz	... 1922		
Abdul Bari	... 1923		
Abdul Gaffar†	... 1922		
Abdul Gafiur	... 1924		
Abdul Hai	... 1923		
Abdul Hai	... 1924		
Abdul Halim Mia	... 1924		
Abdul Jabbar Khan*	... 1924	Arabic	I
Abdul Majeed Mollah*	... 1922	English	II
Abdul Malek	... 1922		
Abdul Matin	... 1922		
Abdul Motaleb	... 1924		
Abdur Rahman*	... 1922	Arabic	II
Abdur Rajjaque	... 1922		
Abdur Raschid	... 1922		
Abdur Rashid*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	II
Abdus Setter	... 1923		
Abdus Sobhan	... 1922		
Abinas Chandra De	... 1922		
Abul Kasem Aminullah	... 1922		
Abul Ula Muhammad Waliullah*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	I
Aditi Kumar Sen Gupta†	... 1922		
Afsar Uddin Ahmad	... 1924		
Aftabuddin Ahmad	... 1923		
Ahmed Ali	... 1922		
Akhtaruzzaman	... 1922		
Akshoy Chandra Khasnobis*	... 1922	English	II
Akshoy Kumar Mukherjee	... 1922		
Ali Acks	... 1924		
Amalapasanna Sengupta	... 1924		
Amarendra Nath Ghosh†	... 1922		
Aminuddin Ahmad	... 1924		
Amir Hossain Khan	... 1923		
Amorendra Nath Kundu*	... 1922	English	II
Amrita-Kanta Chatterji†	... 1922		
Amulyachandra Ghosh	... 1924		
Amulya Chandra Sen	... 1922		
Amulyaratan Ghosh*	... 1924	English	II
Ananga Mohan Chatterjee	... 1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction

GRADUATES—B. A.*

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Ananta Nath Ghatak†	... 1922		
Anath Bandhu Debnath	... 1922		
Anath Bandhu Doss	... 1922		
Anath Bandhu Karmakar	... 1922		
Añfilchandra Basu	... 1924		
Annadacharan Basu	... 1924		
Ardhendusekhar Chakrabarti	1924		
Ashraf Ali Khan	... 1923		
Ashrafuddin Ahmad	... 1923		
Asutosh Bhattacharyya	... 1923		
Asitnath Bhattacharyya	... 1924		
Atindramohan Sen	... 1923		
Azheruddin Ahmad	... 1923		
Azizuddin Ahmad*	... 1924	English	II
Aziz Ullah	... 1923		
Badrudin Ahmad	... 1923		
Barada Kanta Chakravarty	... 1922		
Barunchandra Dasgupta	... 1924		
Basudhakanta Das	... 1923		
Benoy Bhushan Das	... 1922		
Bhabatosh Mukherjee	... 1922		
Bhabatosh Sen Gupta	... 1922		
Bhabeschandra Nandi	... 1924		
Bhupendrachandra Hajra*	... 1924	English	II
Bhupendrakisor Rakshit	... 1924		
Bibek Prafulla Pal*	... 1922	English	II
Bimalacharan Ghosn	... 1924		
Bimalananda Bhattacharjee	1922		
Bimalchandra Guha	... 1924		
Binayendranath Sen	... 1924		
Binodebehari Chandhuri	... 1923		
Bipinchandra Banik	... 1924		
Biraja Kanta Bhowmik	... 1922		
Bishadblushan Dasgupta	... 1924	Sanskrit & Bengali	I
Braja Gopal Das†	... 1922		
Brajendra Chandra Chakravarti	... 1922		
Brajendra Gopal Sur	... 1922		
Brajendra Kumar Das	... 1922		
Byomkesh Majumdar†	... 1922		
Chandra Binod Roy	... 1922		

* Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Chandrasekhar Gupta ...	1924		
Charu Chandra Basu ...	1922		
Charuchandra Datta ...	1923		
Chintaharan Ray ...	1923		
Chitta Ranjan Deb ...	1922		
Dakshinacharan Chakrabarti*	1924	Sanskrit	II
Debendra Mohan Debnath ...	1922		
Devendra Nath Das ...	1922		
Dhanes Chandra Sen Gupta	1922		
Dhirendrachandra Ganguli ...	1923		
Dhirendrachandra Pal*	1924	English	II
Dhirendra Kishor Dhar*	1922	English	II
Dhirendrakumar Basu*	1924	History	II
Dhirendramohan Sen ...	1924		
Dhirendra Nath Guha ...	1922		
Dhireschandra Raybardhan*	1924	Economics	II
Dines Chandra Sarkar*	1922	English	II
Dineschandra Mukherjee ...	1923		
Dineschandra Sarkar ...	1923		
Dwijendra Kishor Bhatta- charjee ...	1922		
Dwijendra Kumar Bhatta- charyya ...	1922		
Fa'iz-ud-Din Khundkar*	1924	Persian	I
Fayezuddin Ahmed*	1924	Persian	II
Faz'ul Karim*	1924	Arabic	I
Fazlur Rahman*	1924	Arabic	II
Ganganath Bhattacharjee*	1922	Philosophy	I
Gayachand Nath ...	1924		
Girindra Kumar Bando- padhaya ...	1922		
Girindra Nath Mukherjee ...	1922		
Gobinda Krishna Gupta† ...	1922		
Gokulchandra Barman ...	1923		
Golam Arobiya ...	1922		
Golam jabbar* ...	1924	History	II
Gopalchandra Bhowal*	1924	Economics	II
Gopendra Chandra Das Gupta ...	1922		
Gopikaballav Goswami ...	1924		
Govinda Lal Das ...	1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Haladhar Bhaumik*	... 1922	Mathematics	II
Haladhar Saha	... 1924		
Haralal Das	... 1924		
Hara Lal De	... 1922		
Harānchandra Chakrabarti	... 1924		
Harendra Chandra Ray	... 1922		
Hari Binode Basak	... 1922		
Hari Charan Nath	... 1922		
Haridas Banerjee	... 1923		
Harikumar Nath	... 1922		
Harilal Basak	... 1924		
Hedayet-ul-Islam*	... 1924	Economics	
Hem Chandra Mukherjee	... 1922		
Himansubikas Basu	... 1924		
Hiralal Banik	... 1924		
Hiralal Gangopadhyay	... 1924		
Hirendra Mohan Sen Gupta†	1922		
Inamul Hossain*	... 1924	Arabic	II
Jabed Ali	... 1924		
Jagadischandra Saha	... 1924		
Jagat Bandhu Das	... 1922		
Jagatjiban Das	... 1924		
Jahnabicharan Chakrabarti	... 1924		
Jajneswar Ghosh	... 1924		
Jatindra Kumar Roy	... 1922		
Jatis Chandra Basu	... 1922		
Jibankumar Ganguli	... 1923		
Jitendrachandra Datta	... 1923		
Jnanendramohan Chakrabarti	1924		
Jnanranjan Chakraborty†	... 1922		
Jogendra Kumar Ghosh	... 1922		
Jogendra Nath Sen Gupta*	... 1922	English	II
Jogeschandra Chakrabarti	... 1923		
Jogeschandra Lodh	... 1923		
Joges Chandra Roy	... 1922		
Jogindranath Chaudhuri	... 1923		
Jogneswar Mazumdar†	... 1922		
Jyotirindra Mohan Bir†	... 1922		
Jyotirindranath Ray*	... 1924	Economics	II
Jyotish Chandra Ghosh*	... 1922	History	II
Kalachand Ray	... 1924		

*Passed with Honours.

† " " Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Kalicharan Nandi	... 1924		
Kalidas Gope	... 1923		
Kali Pada Chakraborty*	... 1922	English	II
Kaliprasanna Chaudhuri	... 1924		
Kamakhyacharan De	... 1923		
Kanti Bhushon Shom	... 1922		
Kazi Shams-uddin	... 1922		
Kedarnath Chakrabarti	... 1924		
Keramat Ali	... 1922		
Khagendrachandra Kar	... 1923		
Kiranchandra Basu	... 1924		
Kiranchandra Saha	... 1924		
Kiran Lal Dutt*	... 1922	English	II
Kisori Mohan Sarkar	... 1922		
Krishnabihari Goswami	... 1924		
Kshitischandra Chakrabarti	... 1923		
Kshitischandra Datta	... 1923		
Kshitischandra Sengupta	... 1923		
Kulada Ranjan Chakravarty	1922		
Kumudbandhu Das	... 1923		
Kumudranjan Chaudhuri*	... 1924	Economics	I
Lalit Mohan Chanda	... 1922		
M. Habibullah	... 1923		
Madhusudan Biswas	... 1924		
Mahendranath Datta*	... 1924	Mathematics	II
Makhan Lal Chanda	... 1922		
Makhan Lal Ghosh	... 1922		
Mamtazul Huq†	... 1922		
Manindra Chandra Naha Roy	1922		
Manindrakisor Ray*	... 1924	Economics	II
Manindralal Sengupta	... 1924		
Manmathanath Bhatta- charyya*	... 1924	Philosophy	I
Manmatha Nath Guha*	... 1922	English	I
Md. Abdul Aziz*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	I
Md. Abdul Latif Khan	... 1924		
Md. Abdul Majid*	1924	Islamic Studies	II
Md. Abdul Quddus†	... 1922		
Md. Fazlur Rahman	... 1923		
Md. Gholam Mowla*	... 1922	Arabic	I
Md. Golaam Hossain	... 1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† " " Distinction.

GRADUATES--B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Md. Hafizur Rahman*	... 1924	Economics	I
Md. Israil	... 1923		
Md. Jinnot-ullah Miah*	... 1922	Persian	II.
Md. Manirul Haque Bhuiyan	1924		
Md. Nuful Haq*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	II*
Md. Nurul Huda*	... 1922	History	II
Md. Shamsul Huda†	... 1922		
Md. Turab Ali*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	I
Md. Vilayet Hussain*	... 1922	English	II
Md. Yusuff Ali	... 1922		
Mohammad Abdul Basir*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	II
Mohammad Abdul Hashem*	1922	Arabic	II
Mohammad Firdous Ali*	... 1922	Economics	II
Mohammad Habibullah*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	II
Mohini Mohan Bando- padhyay†	... 1922		
Mohini Mohan Saha	... 1922		
Mohit Kumar Majumdar	... 1922		
Mohi-uddin Ahmad	... 1923		
Muhammad* Abdur Rahman	1922		
Muhammad Arab Ali	... 1924		
Muhammad Faiz Hossain	... 1923		
Muhammad Moslehuddin*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	I
Muhammad Vasin	... 1923		
Muhammad Vasin	... 1924		
Mujibur Rahman	... 1923		
Mulluk Hossain	... 1923		
Mutiur Rahman*	... 1924	Islamic Studies	I
Nagendrachandra Das*	... 1924	Economics	II
Nagendrachandra Rav	... 1924		
Nagendra Kumar Chaudhuri	1923		
Nagendra Nath Dey	... 1922		
Nalini Kanta Soper	... 1922		
Nandalal Das	... 1924		
Nanigopal Bando padhyay	... 1923		
Narendra Chandra Kar*	... 1922	English	II
Narendramohan Saha	... 1923		
Narendra Nath Das Gupta*	1922	English	II
Nareschandra Ray	... 1924		
Nareschandra Chanda	... 1923		
Nareschandra Ghatak	... 1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Nawab Ali Mollah ...	1923		
Nibaran Chandra Gangopadhyay†	1922		
Nibaran Chandra Roy ...	1922		
Nihar Chandra Chakravarti*	1922	Sanskrit	I
Nikhilswar Gangopadhyay	1922		
Niradkumar Bhadra ...	1924		
Nirmalachandra Sen, I ...	1923		
Nirmanchandra Sen, II ...	1923		
Nirmalendu Basu ...	1924		
Nuruddin Ahmad*	1924	History	II
Nurul Wahab ...	1924		
Nuruzzaman ...	1922		
Palaschandra Pal†	1924		
Panchanan Saha ...	1922		
Panchanan Saha ...	1923		
Pareschandra Bhattacharyya*	1924	Mathematics	I
Paresnath Banik ...	1923		
Phanibhushan Basu*	1924	Economics	II
Phanibhushan Desarkar ...	1924		
Phanindra Mohan Chaudhuri†	1922		
Poresch Nath Roy ...	1922		
Prabhatchandra Das ...	1923		
Prabodhlal Dharbhaumik ...	1924		
Prāfullachandra Majumdar*	1922	Mathematics	II
Prāfulla Manikya Sen Gupta	1922		
Prāladchandra Basu ...	1924		
Prālad Chandra Gope*	1922	History	II
Prajaranjan Mukhopadhyay*	1924	Economics	II
Pramatha Chandra Mitra ...	1922		
Pramathanath Chatterjee*	1924	History	II
Pramatha Nath Chowdhury	1922		
Pramatharanjan Datta ...	1924		
Pran Gopal Sirkar ...	1922		
Prankisor Goswami*	1924	Sanskrit	II
Prāphul'achandra Mukharjee*	1924	History	I
Prāphulla Kumar Bauerjee*	1924	Economics	II
Prasanna Chandra Saha ...	1922		
Prithwischandra Chaudhuri ...	1924		
Priyanath Basu*	1924	Economics	II
Priya Nath Ganguly ...	1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Probodh Chandra Mittra*	... 1922	English	II
Pulinchandra Das	... 1923		
Puramlal Saha†	... 1922		
Purna Chandra Bala†	... 1922		
Purna Chandra Paul	... 1922		
Quazi Ambor Ali	... 1924		
Radhaballav Chatterji	... 1922		
Radhaballav Sutradhar	... 1922		
Radha Syam Roy†	... 1922		
Rajendrakishore Das	... 1923		
Rajendra Kumar De	... 1922		
Rakibuddin Ahmed	... 1924		
Ramaniranjana Biswas†	... 1923		
Ramendra Mohan Adhya	... 1922		
Ramesh Chandra Chaudhuri	1922		
Rameschandra Saha	... 1923		
Rameskiran Pal	... 1923		
Ramlal Das	... 1922		
Ranjit Kumar Dutt	... 1922		
Rashik Mohan Saha†	... 1922		
Rathindrakumar Guharay	... 1924		
Rebati Mohan Poddar	... 1922		
Rastumullah Bhuya	... 1923		
Sachin Kanta Niyogi	... 1922		
Sachindrakumar Gupta*	... 1924	History	II
Sachindra Mohan Ghatak	... 1922		
Sailendrakisor Ray	... 1924		
Sailendramohan Sen	... 1924		
Sailendranath Bhadra*	... 1924	English	II
Sailendraprasad Ray	... 1924		
Saileschandra Ray	... 1924		
Salehuddin Ahmad	... 1924		
Sanatkumar Pal	... 1923		
Santi Phusan Roy	... 1922		
Sarada Prasanna Sarma	... 1922		
Saroje Kumar Bose	... 1922		
Satish Chandra Saha†	... 1922		
Satyabhushan Gupta	... 1924		
Satyendra Kumar Saha	... 1922		
Satyendranath Das	... 1924		
Serajul Haque Chowdhury	... 1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† " " Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject	Class
Shashi Bhuson De ...	1922		
Shyama Charan Roy Choudhury ...	1922		
Siddhan Chakrabarti ...	1924		
Sisir Kumar Basu*	1922	Economics	II
Sisirkumar Basu Ray-chaudhuri ...	1923		
Sohrab-ud-din Ahmad*	1922	English	II
Subodhchandra Das ...	1923		
Subodhchandra Datta ...	1923		
Subodh Chandra Gupta Bakshi ...	1922		
Sudhanshu Mohan Sarcar ...	1922		
Sudhansuchandra Bandyopadhyay ...	1924		
Sudhansu Kumar Das Gupta*	1922	Economics	II
Sudhendulal Ghosh ...	1923		
Sudhindrachandra Bandyopadhyay ...	1924		
Sudhir Chandra Ghosh† ...	1922		
Sudhirchandra Gupta ...	1924		
Sudhirchandra Mukhopadhyay*	1922	English	II
Sudhirchandra Ray ...	1924		
Sudhirkumar Sen ...	1924		
Sukhendu Lal Sen Gupta ...	1922		
Sukumar Nag*	1922	English	II
Surapati Sur ...	1924		
Surath Kumar Bhattacharjee ...	1922		
Surendra Chandra Dutt† ...	1922		
Surendra Nath Das*	1922	English	II
Surendra Nath Kar† ...	1922		
Sureschandra Pal ...	1924		
Surayyakanta Nath ...	1923		
Syed Abdul Mannan*	1924	Islamic Studies	II
Syed Moazzum Hossain*	1922	Arabic	I
Syed Mustafa Ali*	1922	English	II
Syed Takiuddin*	1924	History	II
Tamezuddin Ahmad ...	1923		
Tarakeswar Chakravarty ...	1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. A.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Taraknath Chakrabarti	... 1924		
Timirharan Mukherjee*	... 1924	English	II.
Ubaidun, Nur Siddiqui	... 1924		
Udaya Chandra Das*	... 1922	English	II*
Umesh Chandra Debnath	... 1922		
Umesh Chandra Majumdar	... 1922		
Upendrachandra Gop	... 1924		
Upendra Chandra Gupta*	... 1922	Economics	II
Upendra Chandra Sinha*	... 1922	English	II
Upendrakumar Saha*	... 1924	Economics	II
Ushaprasanna Naha	... 1922		
Yogajiban Basu	... 1923		

AD FUNDEM—B. A.

(In alphabetical order.)

1924.

A. H. M. Wazir Ali.	A. M. Siddiquir Rahman
A. H. Nurul Huda.	Abani Kanta Bakshi
A. K. M. Abdul Latif.	Abani Kumar Roy
A. K. M. Rafiqueul Haque.	Abani Mofian Mukhuty
A. M. M. Golam Kibria.	Abbas Aji Ahmad
A. M. M. Shahoodul Haque.	Abdul Afim, I
A. M. Nazir Ahmad	Abdul Afim, II

Abdul Aziz

1923.

Abdul Aziz (Khan Sahib)

1924.

Abdul Bari

*Passed with Honours.
† „ „ Distinction.

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1923.

Abdul Ghafur

1924.

Abdul Ghafur, I	Abdul Jalil
Abdul Ghafur, II	Abdul Kahleque, I
Abdul Ghafur Mir	Abdul Kahleque, II
Abdul Ghani Chaudhury	Abdul Karim, I
Abdul Ghani Khan	Abdul Karim, II
Abdul Halim Chowdhury	Abdul Karim, III
Abdul Karim, IV	

1923.

Abdul Khaliq

1924.

Abdul Khayer	B a z l u r	Abdul Mabud Khan
Rahman		Abdul Majid Chowdhury
Abdul Latif, I		Abdul Mannan
Abdul Latif, II		Abdul Monem Khan
Abdul Latif Biswas		Abdul Rahman, I
Abdul Sattar		(Khan Sahib)

1923.

Abdul Siddique | Abdul Wadud Chowdhury

1924.

Abdul Wahab	Abdus Sattar
Abdul Wahab Khan	Abinash Chandra Bagchi
Abdul Wajid	Abinash Chandra Kar
Abdur Ghani	Abinash Chandra Roy
Abdur Gofran	Abu Ahmed
Abdur Rahman	Abu Muhammad Hossain-
Abdur Razzak, II	uddin Haider Ahmadi
Abdur Razaq, I	Abu Musa Ahmed Mujtaba

1923.

Abul Hashat Md. Abdul Hye

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1924.

Abul Lais Mohammad

1923.

Abul Muzaffar Ahmad

1924.

Abul Wazid Zuhurul Huq | Acghar Ali

1923.

Afzalur Rahman (Khan Bahadur)

1924.

Ahmed Ali | Ahmed Meah

1923.

Ahsan Ullah

1924.

Ajit Kumar Das	Amanat Khan
Ajit Kumar Ghose	Ambuja Prasanna Gupta
Akhil Chandra Das	Ameer Ali
Akhil Chandra Pal	Ameer Hossain Ahmed
Akhileswar Moulik	Aminuddin Ahmad
Akhteruzzaman	Amulya Chandra De Sarkar
Akshaya Nath Guha	Amulya Charan Chakravarty
Alfazuddin Ahmed	Amulya Kumar Basu

Amulya Kumar Das

1923.

Amulyaratan Guha

1924.

Ananda Chandra Nandy	Angona Ranjan Chakravarty
Ananta Kumar Das	Anil Chandra Das Gupta
Anath Bandhu Basak	Anil Chandra Dutt
Anath Bandhu Pal	Anisuddin Ahmed
Anath Gopal Sen	Annada Charan Dutta

Annada Charan Ganguly

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1923.

Annada Charan Gupta

1924.

Annada Prasad Gangopadhyaya	Ashrafuddin
Annada Prasad Mazumdar	Ashutosh Chakravarti
Ansar Ali	Ashutosh Chanda
Anwarul Quadir	Asutosh Das Gupta
Arabinda Ghose	Asutosh Ganguly
	Aswini Kumar Chakravarti
	Aswini Kumar Mitra

1923.

Aswini Mohan Ghosh

1924.

Atal Behari Kar	Atharuddin Chowdhury
Ataur Rahman	Atul Chandra Rakshit
Ataur Rahman (Khan Bahadur)	Azharuddin Ahmed
	Azizur Rahman

1924.

Badrul Haque Khan	Bhupaladas Ghosh
Bagala Prasanna Das	Bhupati Chandra Dutt
Balai Chand Banik	Bhupendra Chandra Roy
Basanta Kumar Chakravarti	Bhupendralal Sen Chaudhuri
Basuda Kanta Banerjee	Bhupendra Prasad Neogi
Basuda Ranjan Das Gupta	Bhupesh Chandra Das Gupta
Baul Chand Basak	Bhupesh Chandra Guha
Bazlur Rahman, I	Bidhu Bhūsan Das
Bazlur Rahman, II	Bidhu Bhūsan Nandy
Bejoy Sankar Sengupta	Bidhu Ranjan Das
Beni Madhab Bhattacharyya	Bidya Mohan Chatterjee
Bepin Behari Bhowal	Bijoy Bhuran Ghosh
Bepin Behari Pal	Bijoy Chandra Mukhopadhyaya
Bepin Chandra Chanda	Binoy Bhūsan Ghose
Bepin Chandra Laskar	Binoykumar Gangopadhyaya
Bhaba Sankar Sengupta	Biraj Mohon Ghose
Bhabatosh Chakravarti	Birendra Chandra Bhattacharyya
Bhabatosh Roy	Birendra Chandra Sarkar
Bharat Chandra Saha	Birendra Kumar Sen
Bhuban Mohan Chaudhury	
Bhudeb Mukherjee	

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1923.

Birendra Mohan Ghosh | Birendra Nath Bose

1924.

Birendra Nath Mazumdar | Broja Behari Goswami
Birendra Nath Rai | Brinlaban Chandra Basak

1924.

Chandra Kumar De | Chandra Mohan Saha

1923.

Charu Chandra Chakravarty

1924.

Chintaharan Bandopadhyaya	| Chitta Ranjan Chakravarti
Chintaharan Chowdhury	|
Daliluddip Ahmad	| Digendra Kumar Dattagupta
Dakshina Ranjan Gupta	| Dinesh Chandra De
Debendra Chandra Das	| Dinesh Chandra Dutta
Debendra Kumar Brahma-	| Dinesh Chandra Gupta
chary	| Dinesh Chandra Mukherjee
Debendranath Dutt	| Dinesh Chandra Roy
Debendra Nath Sarkar	| Dinesh Chandra Sen, I
Dharamadas Guha	| Dinesh Chandra Sen, II
Dhirendra Chandra Bardhan	| Dinesh Chandra Talukdar
Dhirendra Chandra Chakra-	| Dinesh Ranjan Sen
varti	| Durga Kumar Mitra
Dhirendra Chandra Roy	| Durga Mohan Bose
Dhirendra Kishore Bhatta-	| Dwaraka Nath Datta
charyya	| Dwijendra Nath Mukherji
Dhires Chandra Sen	|
Elah Newaz Khan	| Eshaque Ali Taluqdar
Enayater Rahim	|
Fanindra Kumar Duttagupta	| Fazlur Rahman, I
Fariduddin Ahmad	| Fazlur Rahman, II
Fauzul Kabir	|
Ganesh Chandra Sengupta	| Girindra Nath Mukherjee
Girindra Chandra Mazumdar	| Girish Chandra Das

1923.

olam Kibria

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1924.

Gunendra Nath Roy Chowdhury | Guru Charan Roy

1923.

Guruprasad Bhattacharya

1924.

Hamiduddin Ahmad

1923.

Hamidur Rahman

1924.

Harendra Kumar Bhatta- charyya	| Hari Charan Chakravarti
Hari Chaitanya Das	| Haridas Chakravarti

1923.

Hari Nath Chakrabutty

1924.

Haripada Sengupta	| Hem Chandra Shom
Haripada Sikdar	| Hemendra Mohan Sengupta
Hari Ram Dhar	| Heramba Chandra Ghosh
Haris Chandra Gangopadhyaya	| Heramba Kishore Roy
Harshalal Sengupta	| Herambanath Chakravarty
Harsha Nath Banerjee	| Himangsu Kumar Dasgupta
Hemanta Kumar Chatterjee	| Ikhlasur Rahman
Hemanta Kumar Mukherjee	| Indu Bhushan Datta
Hem Chandra Dasgupta	| Ishan Chandra Dutta
Hem Chandra De	| Izad Baksh
Hem Chandra Majumdar	| Jagadish Chandra Pal
Hem Chandra Ray	

1923.

Jagneswar Das Gupta

1924.

Jalaluddin Ahmad	| Jamini Kanta Chakravarty
Jamiluddin Ahmad	| Jamini Kanta Nathak

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

Jamini Kumar Banerjee	Jitendra Nath Danda
Janaki Nath Saha	Jitendra Nath Ghosh
Jashoda Lal Banik	Jnanendra Chandra Mitra
Jatindra Kumar Mukhopadhyaya	Jnanendra Lal Dutta
Jatindra Mohan Das	Jnanendra Nath Chakravarty
Jatindra Mohan Dasgupta	Jnanendra Nath Dasgupta
Jatindra Mohan Sarkar	Jnanendra Nath Datta
Jatindra Nath Bhattacharyya	Jnanendra Nath Ghosh
Jatindra Nath Mazumdar	Jnan Ranjan Ghose Chaudhury
Jitendra Chandra Chakravarty	Jnan Ranjan Sengupta
Jitendra Chandra Mukherjee	Jogendra Chandra Dutta
Jitendra Kishore Chakravarti	Jogendra Kishore De
Jitendra Mohon Das Gupta	Jogendra Lal Mukherjee

1923.

Jogendra Mohan Dutta

1924.

Jogendra Mohan Nandi	Jogesh Chandra Ray
Jogendra Nath Banerjee	Jogesh Chandra Sen, I.
Jogesh Chandra Chakravarty	Jogesh Chandra Sen, II
Jogesh Chandra Ghosh, I.	Jogeswar Mukherjee
Jogesh Chandra Ghosh, II	Jyotirindra Nath Dutta
Jogesh Chandra Mukherjee	Jyotish Chandra Choudhury
Jogesh Chandra Nandy	
K. Serajuddin Ahmad	Kalidas Ghose
Kabiruddin Ahmad Khan	Kalidas Gupta
Kafiluddin Khandakar	Kali Kumar Shaha
Kalachand Karmakar	

1923.

Kalam Uddin Ahmad

1924.

Kali Prasanna Chanda	Kamaleswari Prasad Chakravarty
Kali Prasanna Das	Kamini Kumar Datta
Kamakhyia Natl Rakshit	Kazi Abdur Rashid

1923.

Kazi Alauddin Ahmad (Khan Bahadur)	Kazi Imdadul Huque (Khan Sahib)
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AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1924.

Kedar Nath Ghosh | Keramat Ali

1923.

Khabir Uddin Ahmad

1924.

Khabiruddin Ahmad	Krishna Gopal Guha
Khaliluddin Bhuiyan	Kshetra Mohan Das
Khandakar Abdul Halim	Kshetra Mohan Pal
Khandakar Abdul Hannan	Kshetra Mohan Ray
Khurshid Alam Chaudhury	Kshetra Mohan Saha
Kiron Chandra Mukhopadhyaya	Kshitish Chandra Bhattacharyya
Krishna Chandra Baral	Kshitish Chandra Guha
Labanya Mohan Ray	Lalit Mohan Gupta
Lalit Mohan Das	Lalit Mohan Ray
Lalit Mohan Gangopadhyaya	

1923.

Lehazuddin Ahmed

1924.

M. Abdul Momen (Khan Bahadur)	Mahboobar Rahman
Madhu Sudan Lahiri	Mahendra Chandra Biswas
Mafizuddin Ahmed, I	Mahendra Chandra Ray
Mahabbat Ali	Mahim Chandra Seal
Mahammad Ayub Khan	Mahmudur Rahman
Mahammad Said Ali	Mahtabuddin Ahmed

1923.

Makhan Lal Chakrabarty

1924.

Makhan Lal Deshamakhya	Manomohan Das
Manindra Chandra Mukherjee	Manomohan Sarkar
Manindra Chandra Sen	Manoranjan Banerjee
Manindra Kumar Dutt	Manoranjan Dattagupta
Manmatha Nath Chakladar	Matindra Kumar Sen
Manmatha Nath Gangopadhyaya	Mazaffar Ullah
	Mazharul Islam

AD FUNDEM—B. A.

Md. Abdul Ghani Chaudhury	Md. Ismail
Md. Abdul Matin	Md. Mohsin Imam
Md. Abdul Wahab	Meerza Shagufta Bukht
Md. Abdus Samad Talukdar	Mir Hafizuddin
Md. Abu Yusuff	Mir Hossain
Md. Fariduddin	

1923.

Mirza Md. Abdul Aziz

1924.

Mdazam Hussain	Mokhlesur Rahman
Mofizuddin Ahmad, II	Montazuddin
Mohamed Sadeque	Montazuddin Ahmad
Mohidur Rahman Khan	Mono Ranjan Das Gupta
Mohini Mohan Barman Roy	Mono Ranjna Ghose Choudhury
Mohini Mohan Das	Monoranjan Mitra
Mohini Mohan Mazumdar	Muhammad Abdul Hamid
Mohini Mohan Mitra	

1923.

Muhammad Abdullah

1924.

Muhammad Abdullah	Muhammad Fazlul Huq
Muhammad Abdur Rashid	Muhammad Fazlul Karim
Muhammad Abdus Samad	Muhammad Ibrahim
Muhammad Asad	Muhammad Ishaque

1923.

Muhammad Ismail (Khan Bahadur)

1924.

Muhammad Muslim	Mukunda Lal Basu
Muhammad Tafazzal Hossain	Murabar Gupta
Muhammad Yusuf	Musharraf Hussain
Nabadwip Chandra Shaha	Nalini Kanta Sil
Nagendra Kumar Dhar	Nalini Ranjan Bandopadhyaya
Nagendra Lal Sen	Nalini Ranjan Barori
Najmul Hussain Choudhury	Nanda Kumar Kar
Nakuleswar Dasgupta	Nanda Lal Acharyya
Nalini Chandra Nag	Narendra Chandra Bhadra
Nalini Kanta Chakravarty	Narendra Kishore Ray

AD FUNDEM—B. A.

1923.

Narendra Kumar Sen

1924.

Narendra Nath Ghosh	| Nares Chandra Ghosh
Narendra Prasad Das	| Nares Chandra Sarkar

1923.

Nasiruddin Ahmad

1924.

Nawab Ali	| Niranjan Sengupta
Nayananda Dasgupta	| Nirmal Chandra Basu
Newazish Ali	| Nirmal Chandra Dutta
Niazuddin Ahmed	| Nirod Baran Sengupta
Nibaran Chandra Bando- padhyaya	| Nishi Kanta Kar
Nibaran Chandra Guha	| Nripati Nath Mitra
Nihar Ranjan Ghose	| Nripendra Krishna Paul
Nikunja Bihari Mukho- padhyaya	| Nripendra Kumar Dutta
Nilkamal Pandit	| Nur Hussain Khan
Nirad Ranjan Mazumdar	| Nur Muhammad Chaudhury
Pandit Chandra Shaha.	| Nurul Amin
Pankoj Behari Mukherjee.	| Osman Ghani
Parbati Charan De.	| Pramatha Kumar Chakra- varti.
Parpati Charan Haldar.	| Pramatha Nath Basu.
Parsh Chandra Banerjee.	| Pramatha Nath Guha.
Parsh Nath Banerjee.	| Pramatha Nath Joardar.
Parsh Nath Chakravarti.	| Pran Kumar Banerjee.
Parsh Nath Roy.	| Prasanna Kumar Das.
Prabhat Chandra Basu.	| Prasanna Kumar Guha.
Prabhat Chandra De.	| Prasanna Kumar Nath.
Prabhat Chandra Mazumdar.	| Priti Nidhan Ray.
Pratullabandan Brahmachari.	| Priya Bhushan Dandopad- hyaya.
Pratulla Chandra Dasgupta.	| Probodh Chandra Das.
Pratulla Chandra Ray.	| Probodh Chandra Dasgupta.
Pratulla Kumar Chakravarty.	| Prodyot Kumar Bose.
Pratulla Kumar Mitra.	| Promode Chandra Bose.
Pratulla Kumar Sengupta.	| Purna Chandra Bhatta- charyya.
Pratlad Chandra Bysak.	| Pyari Mohan Banik.
Prakash Chandra Banik.	| R. J. S. M. Hossain Aly.
Prakash Chandra Ukil.	
Pramatha Kumar Chakra- varty.	

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1923.

R. K. Doss.

1924.

Rabindra Kumar Mitra.	Ramesh Chandra Bhawal.
Radhakanta Basak.	Ramesh Chandra Chakravarty.
Radhika Mohan Basak.	Ramesh Chandra Sen, I.
Radhika Mohan Goswami.	Ramesh Chandra Sen, II.
Rai Mohan Mukherjee.	Ram Kamal Chakravarti.
Rajendra Chandra Banerjee.	Ranga Lal Ghose.
Rajendra Chandra Paul.	Ranjit Kumar Bose.
Rajendra Kishore Choudhury.	Ratindra Chandra Basu.
Rajendra Kishore Ghose.	Rohini Kumar Mazumdar.
Rajendra Lal Mazumdar.	Rohini Kumar Mukherjee.
Rajkumar Sarkar.	Ruhul Amin Chaudhury.
Rajmohan Chakravarty.	S. M. Siddique Ahmed.
Ramakanta Dutta.	S. Nader Ali.
Ram Chandra Bhattacharya.	Saad Hosain Chaudhury.
Ram Chandra Das.	Sachindra Kanta Lahiri
Ramesh Chandra Banerjee.	Choudhury.
	Sachindra Mohan Sen.

1923.

Sachindra Nath Chakrabarty.

1924.

Sailem Chandra Banerjee.	Sailesh Chandra Gupta.
Sailem Chandra Chatterjee.	Sailesh Chandra Kar.
Sailesh Chandra Chaudhury.	Sailesh Chandra Mazumdar.

1923.

Sakhawat Hussain Khan.

1924.

Salamat Ullah Chowdhury.	Sarada Prasanna Ghose.
Sarada Charan Chakravarty.	

1923.

Sarada Prasad Sen (Rai Bahadur).

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1924.

Sarada Ranjan Duttagupta.	| Sarat Chandra Goswami.
Sarat Chandra Dutta.	|

1923.

Saroj Kanta Chowdhury.

1924.

Saroj Kumar Basu.

1923.

Sasanka Coomar Ghose (Rai Bahadur).

1924.

Sasanka Kumar Adhikari.

1923.

Sasanka Sekhar Bhattacharyya.

1924.

Sasi Bhusan Chanda.

1923.

Sasi Kumar Chakrabarty.

1924.

Sasi Mohan Bhattacharyya.	| Serajuddin Ahmad
Satish Chandra Basak.	| Chaudhuri.
Satish Chandra Chakravarty.	| Serajul Islam.
Satish Chandra Dutta.	| Shahabuddin Ahmed.
Satish Chandra Majumdar.	| Shahibuddin Muhammad.
Satish Chandra Ray.	| Shamsul Alan Mohammad
Satish Chandra Sadhya.	| Aflatun.
Satya Prasanna Ghose.	| Sharfuddin Ahmed.
Satya Ranjan Guha.	| Sheriff Shamsuddin.
Satya Ranjan Sen.	| Shih Prasanna Roy Chau-
Satyendra Kumār Datta-	| dhuri.
gupta.	| Shyam Bandhu Basak.
Satyendra Mohan Sen.	| Shyamdas Basista.

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

Sib Kishore Ray.	Sultan Ahmed Khondakar.
Siddiqur Rahman.	Sultan Mahmood.
Sisir Kumar Basu.	Sultan Mahomad.
Sisir Kumar Chanda.	Suprasanna Ray.
Sisir Kumar Paul.	Supratul Chandra Ray.
Sitapath' De.	Surahar Gupta.
Somendra Nath Sen.	Surath Lal Sengupta.
Srinath Das.	Surendra Chandra Das.
Srish Chandra Chatta-	Surendra Mohan Basak.
padhaya.	Surendra Mohan Chakravarti.
Srish Chandra Guha.	Surendra Nath Ghose.
Subodh Chandra Sen Gupta.	Surendra Nath Ray.
Sughansu Bhusan Sen.	Surendranath Sengupta.
Sudhendu Chandra	Suresh Chandra Basu (Rai
Mazumdar.	Bahadur).
Sudhindra Chandra Das.	Suresh Chandra Choudhury.
Sudhir Chandra Banerjee.	Suresh Chandra Dighal.
Sudhir Chandra Nag.	Suresh Chandra Nag.
Suhas Kusum Sen.	Suresh Kiron Pal.
Sukhendra Chandra Bhatta-	Sushil Chandra Bose.
charyya.	Sushil Chandra Dutt.
Sukumar Guha.	Syam Chand Basak.
Sultan Ahmed.	

1923.

Syed Abdul Latif (Khan Bahadur).

1924.

Syed Abdul Majid.	Syed Magbhl Hussain.
Syed Ali Ashraf (Nayabzada).	Syed Md. Atiqullah.
Syed Ali Mahdi.	Syed Misbahuddin Hussain.
Syed Habibur Rahman.	Syed Nurur Rahman.
Syed Mahomed Ghazial Huq.	Syed Saycedul Huq.
Syed Mahsin Ali.	

1923.

Tafail Ali Khondkar.

1924.

Taib Ali Ahmed.	Tarani Mohan Barori.
Tamasha Ranjan Dutt.	Tarit Mohan Das.

AD EUNDEM—B. A.

1923.

Tasuddaq Ahmad (Khan Bahadur).

1924.

Tayeb Ali.	Upendra Mohan Dhar.
Umacharan Sen.	Upendra Mohan Dutta.
Umesh Chandra Dasgupta.	Upendra Nath Sen.
Upendra Chandra De.	Waliur Rahman.
Upendra Chandra Gupta.	Wazihuddin Ahmed.
Upendra Chandra Mazumdar.	Zahiruddin Ahmed.

1923.

Zahirul Huq (Khan Bahadur).

1924.

Zahooral Haq. | Zakir Husain.

GRADUATES—M. Sc.

1922—24.

(In alphabetical order.)

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
A. N. Kappanna	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Asutosh Sen	... 1924	Chemistry	I
Aswinikumar Guha	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Bijoy Kumar Sen	... 1922	Chemistry	III
Bimalaprasanna Ray	... 1924	Physics	III
Binaykumar Sengupta.	... 1924	Chemistry	II
Chandrakumar Dhar	... 1924	Mathematics	II
Dhirendra Chandra Roy (P)	1922	Chemistry	I
Dhirendranath Basuraychauhuri	... 1924	Chemistry	III
Gopal Chandra Sarkar	... 1922	Chemistry	I
Hariprasanna Ray	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Jagadisachandra Bhattacharyya	... 1923	Mathematics	II

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class.)

GRADUATES—M. Sc.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
K. P. Srikumaran Unni Nair	1924	Chemistry	I
Kalipada Basu (P)	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Momtazuddin ...	... 1923	Physics	II
Nirmalechandra Guharay	... 1924	Chemistry	I
Pareschandra Datta	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Phanindra Kumar Mitra	... 1922	Physics	II
Pradoshechandra Ray- chaudhuri ...	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Prafulla Kumar Ray	... 1922	Physics	II
Prankumar De (P)	... 1924	Chemistry	I
Satishchandra De ...	... 1923	Chemistry	I
Sisirkumar Guha	... 1923	Chemistry	II
Subarnakamal Ray	... 1924	Chemistry	II
Sudhanyakumar Ray	... 1924	Chemistry	II
Sudhendukumar Basu	... 1924	Physics	I
Surendrachandra Chakrabarti (P) ...	... 1924	Physics	I
Susil Chandra Biswas	... 1923	Physics	II

AD EUNDEM—M. Sc.

(In alphabetical order.)

1924.

Aswini Kumar Dutta.	| Bhupendra Kishor, Basu.
Bhabani Charan, Guha.	| Dharendra Chandra Ray.
Bholanath Saha.	| Harendra Nath Dutta.

1923.

Haridas Sen.

1924.

Jnenendra Nath Sengupta.	| Perimal Bikas Sen.
Judhistir Chandra Das.	| Purnachandra Datta.
Omdatul Islam.	| Sasindra Chandra Dhar.
Phanindra Kumar Datta.	| Satish Chandra Saha.
Phanindra Kumar Mitra.	| Satya Ranjan Nag.
Paresh Nath Basu.	| Surat Lal Das.

1923.

Surenbra Kumar Dasgupta.

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class.)

GRADUATES—B. Sc.

1922—24.

(This list excludes the names of Pass Graduates who have taken the M.Sc. Degree).

(In alphabetical order.)

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
A. F. M. Fazlul Karim† ...	1924		
Aghorenath Sen ...	1923		
Ahmad Ullah ...	1923		
Ardhendu Shekhor Bhowmik	1922		
Arunchandra Dasgupta ...	1924		
Arunkumar Datta*	1924	Physics	I
Ashutosh Sen* ...	1922	Mathematics	II
Bhabeskumar Som*	1924	Physics	I
Bibhutibhusan Ghosh ...	1924		
Birendra Nath Chatterji ...	1922		
Birendranath Ray ...	1924		
Bisveswar Mukhopadhyay*	1922	Chemistry	II
Biswambar Nagdas ...	1924		
Brajendrakumar Sen*	1924	Physics	II
Chittaranjan Sengupta† ...	1923		
Dwijendranath Ray ...	1923		
Ha. idas Gangopadhyay*	1924	Chemistry	•II
Hemchandra Das† ...	1923		
Hemendra Kishore Roy ...	1922		
Hiralal Bandyopadhyay*	1924	Physics	II
Indumohan Ghosh ...	1923		
Jadulal Mukherjee*	1924	Chemistry	I
Jagatbandhu Ghosh ...	1924		
Jasodalal Das ...	1923		
Jatindra Chandra Deb Ray†	1922		
Jayan'aktumar Bhattacharyya	1923		
Jogabrāta Sinhāray ...	1924		
Jogendralal Bhattacharyya ...	1924		
Jogesh Chandra Kar ...	1922		
Jyoti Prasad Maitra† ...	1922		
Jyotish Chandra Bandyopadhyay* ...	1922		

*Passed with Honours.

† " " Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. Sc.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Kamakhyaranjan Sen*	1924	Physics	
Khagenārabhushan Chanda	1924		
Khiltindra Mohan Chakra-			
varty	1922		
Kiran Chandra Basu	1922		
Kshetra Mohan Sutradhar	1922		
Kshirodbihari Mukhopadhyay	1924		
Kshirodgobinda Dasmahala-			
nabis	1923		
Mahammad Hafez Mia	1924		
Mahendrakumar De*	1924	Chemistry	I
Manindranath Chakladar*	1924	Chemistry	II
Manoranjan Sarkar	1923		
Matilal Mukhopadhyay	1923		
Munindramohan Mitra†	1924		
Nagendramohan Basu	1924		
Nalinimohan Dhar	1923		
Narendranath Dasgupta, II	1924		
Nareschandra Guha	1924		
Nihar Chandra Guha†	1922		
Nihar Ranjan Datta†	1922		
Nirmal Chandra Guha Ray*	1922	Chemistry	I
Nisikanta Majumdar	1923		
Nripendra Nath Sengupta	1922		
Pabitra Kumar Baral	1923		
Phanindrābhushan Ray	1923		
Pran Kumar De*	1922	Chemistry	I
Praphullakumar Guha	1924		
Praphullakumar Sengupta	1924		
Pratapchandra Guha	1924		
Pratul Chandra Sen†	1922		
Rabindranarayan Bhaumik*	1924	Physics	II
Ramesh Chandra Ganguly†	1922		
Ratindranarayan Mitra*	1924	Chemistry	II
Romanath Banerjee	1922		
Rukminikisor Dattaray	1924		
Salauddin Ahmad Yusuf*	1922	Chemistry	II
Samarendra Gupta*	1924	Chemistry	I
Samsuddin Ahmed	1924		

*Passed with Honours.

† „ „ Distinction.

GRADUATES—B. Sc.

Name.	Year.	Subject.	Class.
Santosh Chandra Das Gupta*	1922	Mathematics	II
Saradacharan Paik*	... 1924	Physics	II
Satindramohan Ghoshray	... 1923		
Satish Chandra Paul	... 1922		
Satish Chandra Roy	... 1922		
Sisirkumar Majumdar	... 1924		
Sisirkumar Ray	... 1923		
Subinoy Guha†	... 1922		
Subodhechandra Ghosh	... 1924		
Sudhendu Kumar Basu*	... 1922	Physics	II
Sudhindranath Dasgupta	... 1924		
Sudhir Chandra Bose*	... 1922	Physics	II
Sukhamay Guha	... 1923		
Surendra Kumar Majumdar*	1922	Chemistry	I
Susilchandra Nag	... 1924		
Suryyakanta Ray	... 1923		
Tamasranjan Ray	... 1924		
Taranikanta Chakrabarti*	... 1924	Chemistry	II
Tarapada Bose*	... 1922	Chemistry	II
Upendra Chandra Chakrabarti	1923		

AD EUNDEM—B. Sc.

(In alphabetical order.)

1923.

Abani Kisore Dutta Roy.

1924.

Akhil Chandra Chanda.	Charu Chandra Sengupta.
Ali Karim.	Debendra Mohan Guha
Ambika Prasanna Rai.	Neogi.
Ansar Ali.	Dhirendra Kumar Basu.
Anath Bandhu Mazumdar.	Dhirendra Nath Bhattacharya.
Badiur Rahman.	Dines Chandra Aich
Bagala Charan Basu.	Chaudhuri.
Bepin Behari Basak.	Jatindra Mohan Ray.
Bhupendra Mohan Gupta.	Jogesh Chandra Dighal.

*Passed with Honours.

† " " Distinction.

AD EUNDEM—B. Sc.

Kali Kinkar Banerjee.	Nishi Kanta Dasgupta.
Kamesh Chandra Dasgupta.	Nitish Chandra Basu
Khagendra Jiban Ray.	Chaudhuri.
Khagendra Nath Sengupta.	Radhanath Roy.
Kshetra Mohan Ghosh.	Rajendra Mohan Newgi.
Mohini Mohan Sircar.	Ramendu Sen.
Motilal Poddar.	Ramesh Chandra Nandy.
Muhammad Babroo.	Srinath Saha.
Mukul Chandra Bhatta-	Surendra Chandra Dasgupta.
charya.	Suresh Chandra Dutta.
Niraja Sankar Bhattacharya	Tarani Kanta Banerjee.

GRADUATES—B. Com.

*(In alphabetical order.)**Class II.*

Abanimohan Mukherjee.	Abdul Quader Meah.
Asutosh Mukhopadhyay.	

Class I.

Bankimchandra Gangopadhyay.

Class II.

Binayendranath Lalā.	Dhirendrachandra Datta.
Binodbihari Sen.	Haripada Biswas.

Class I.

Jatindramohan Barori.	Jogeschandra Ray.
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Class II.

Kaligopal Bhattacharyya.

Class I.

Kanailal Das

Class II.

Kshitischandra Ghosh.	Manindranath Sengupta.
Mahatapchandra Bhatta-	Pareschandra Ghosh.
charyya.	

GRADUATES—B. COM.

Class I.

Praphullaranjan Chakrabarti. } Pratulchandra Basu.
Santoshkumar Mitra.

Class II.

Satindramohan Mitra. } Sudhirschandra Dasgupta.
Srischandra Bhattacharyya. } Sudhirkumar Basak.
Taranikanta Majumdar.

GRADUATES—B. T.

1922—24.

(In alphabetical order.)

Name.	Year.	Class.
Abdul Gaffar ...	1924	II
Abdul Gafur Chaudhuri ...	1923	II
Abdul Majid* ...	1923	
Abdul Wahed ...	1922	
Abdur Rahim ...	1923	II
Abdur Rashid, I ...	1924	II
Abdur Rashid, II ...	1923	II
Abdur Rashid Siddiqi ...	1922	
Adityachandra Ray ...	1923	II
Ahmed Ali ...	1924	II
Ainul Kobi ...	1922	
Akhilnath Chakrabarti ...	1923	II
Akshay Kumar Ray ...	1922	
Ambikacharan Deka ...	1923	II
Ambikadas Sanyal ...	1924	II
Anandeswar Barua ...	1923	II
Ananga Mohan Bhattacharyya ...	1922	
Annaram Barua ...	1923	II
Ansar Ali ...	1922	
Ash-har Ali ...	1924	II
Azimu'ddin Ahmad ...	1922	
Baidyanath Chaudhuri ...	1924	I
Baikunthanath Barua ...	1923	II
Basanti Lal Bhargava ...	1923	I
Bijoy Bhushan Dutta ...	1922	
Birendramohan Banerjee ...	1923	II
Brahmanarayan Adhikary ...	1922	

*No class is awarded on account of his being a 1921-22 student.
(No class was awarded in 1922).

GRADUATES—B. T.

Name.	Year.	Class
Chandranath De ...	1923	II
Charu Chandra Chuckerwatty	1922	
Digendranath Ghosh ...	1923	II*
Dhneschandra Kar ...	1924	III
Durgamohan Bhattacharyya ...	1923	II
Fauzul Kabir ...	1922	
Fazlul Karim ...	1922	
Ghyasuddin Ahmed ...	1922	
Girindra Chandra Banerjee ...	1922	
Golap Chandra Sarma Goswami	1922	
Gourchandra Nath ...	1923	II
Gour Hari Das ...	1922	
Guruprasad Ganguli ...	1924	II
Harendranath Biswas ...	1923	II
Harimohan De ...	1923	II
Haripada Gangopadhyay ...	1922	
Hemchandra Bandhyopadhyay ...	1923	I
Intiaz Ali ...	1923	II
Jajneswar Chakrabarti ...	1922	
Jasimuddin Ahmed ...	1924	II
Jatindramohan Mukherjee ...	1924	III
Jitendranath Sengupta ...	1923	II
Jogeschandra Mutsuddi ...	1924	II
K. S. Raghavan† ...	1922	
Kalidas Gupta ...	1922	
Kalipada Chandra ...	1922	
Kali Prasanna Banerjee ...	1922	
Kaliram Talibildar ...	1924	III
Kanai Lal Das ...	1922	
Karim Ahmad Khan Lodhi ...	1922	
Karttikchandra Das ...	1923	II
Kedareswar Dasgupta ...	1924	I
Kedarnath Chaudhuri ...	1923	II
Khaliruddin Ahmad ...	1922	
Khageswar Ray ...	1924	III
Khondkar Dad Elahi ...	1922	
Kiran Chandra Ghose† ...	1922	
Krishnagopal Gulha ...	1924	II
Kshireswar Sarma ...	1923	II
Kshirodechandra Sen ...	1924	II

* Passed with Distinction.

(No class was awarded in 1922).

GRADUATES—B. T.

Name.	Year.	Class.
Kshitischandra Lahiri ...	1923	II
Kumudbandhu Sengupta ...	1923	I
Laksheswar Sarmabaruya ...	1923	II
Lala Hemanta Kumar Dey ...	1922	
Lal Behari Ray ...	1922	
Madhi Hasan Zubairi ...	1923	II
Mahammad Zobaidullah ...	1922	
Mahendrakumar Sinha ...	1923	II
Mahendranath Das ...	1923	II
Mahinichandra Das ...	1924	III
Mahmudar Rahman ...	1924	III
Mamtaazuddin ...	1924	III
Manindranath Ehattacharyya ...	1924	II
Manmathanath Chakrabarti ...	1924	I
Manmathanath Majumdar ...	1923	II
Md. Amjad Hossain ...	1923	III
Md. Marghubuddin ...	1923	II
Mohini Mohan Bhattacharji ...	1922	
Mokhesur Rahman ...	1923	I
Mokshadacharan Chakrabarti ...	1924	II
Mokshadamohan Das ...	1924	II
Mufizur Rahman ...	1922	
Muhammad Abul Hai ...	1923	II
Muhammad Ahmadullah ...	1923	II
Muhammad Babroo ...	1924	II
Muhammad Muslim ...	1923	III
Mukundachandra Bhatta- charyya ...	1924	II
Munindra Chandra Guha ...	1922	
Nader-uz-Zaman ...	1922	
Nagendra Nath Chatterjee ...	1922	
Nagendranath Majumdar ...	1924	I
Nalinimohan Chaudhuri ...	1924	II
Nibaranachandra Sen ...	1924	II
Nikunjaanjan Saha ...	1923	II
Nilakanta Hazarika ...	1923	II
Nripendra Narayan Das ...	1922	
Omarali Ahmad ...	1923	III
Omar Ali Barlasakar ...	1922	
Osman Ghani ...	1923	II
Prabodhchandra Debchaudhuri ...	1924	II

†Passed with Distinction.

(No class was awarded in 1922).

GRADUATES -B. T.

Name.	Year.	Class.
Prafullakumar Ray ...	1923	II
Prakaschandra Sarkar ...	1923	II
Pramatha Nath Wadader ...	1922	
Pranathaprasanna Sengupta ...	1923	II
Prithwischandra Bhadra ...	1924	II
Priyalal Guha ...	1923	II
Priyanath Gupta ...	1923	II
Radharanjan Poddar ...	1923	II
Radhika Nath Chakravarty ...	1922	
Raicharan Ghosh ...	1923	II
Rajanimohan Dastidar ...	1923	II
Rajendra Kumar Chakravarty	1922	
Ramani Mohan Chakrabarty ...	1922	
Ram Chandra Raha ...	1922	
Rameschandra Datta ...	1923	III
Rameschandra Majumdar ...	1923	II
Rasamay Purkayestha ...	1924	II
Ruthal Amin Chaudhuri ...	1924	II
Sachindrakumar Adhikari ...	1924	II
Sachindramohan Sarkar ...	1924	II
Sachindranath Chakrabarti ...	1923	II
Sasikanta Sarma ...	1923	II
Satishchandra Banerjee ...	1924	II
Satishchandra Pal ...	1923	II
Satya Jiban Pal†	1922	
Satyendranath Baral ...	1923	II
Serajuddin Ahmad ...	1923	II
Shivanath Gogai ...	1924	II
Sibchandra Sarma ...	1924	II
Sisukumar Pal ...	1924	I
Sriram Gohain ...	1922	
Subodhchandra Ghosh ...	1924	II
Sukumar Datta ...	1924	II
Surendrachandra De ...	1924	II
Surendrakumar Saha ...	1923	III
Surendralal Raychaudhuri ...	1923	II
Sureschandra Chakrabarti ...	1923	II
Sureschandra Datta ...	1923	II
Sureschandra Kar ...	1923	II
Syed Abdur Rahim ...	1922	
Syed Hafizur Rahman ...	1924	III

† Passed with distinction.
(No class was awarded in 1922.)

GRADUATES—B. T.

Name.	Year.	Class.
Syed Hossain ...	1923	II
Syed Wahajuddin Ahmad† ...	1922	
T. Sri Raman ...	1923	II
Tarânath Gagai ...	1924	II
Umakanta Sarma ...	1924	II
Zahiruddin Ahmad ...	1922	

L. T.

1922—24.

(In alphabetical order.)

Abdul Bari ...	1924	III
Abdul Hakim Chaudhuri ...	1924	III
Aftabuddin Ahmad ...	1923	II
Bapuram Dutta† ...	1922	
Bhubaneswar Bhattacharya ...	1922	
Cheni Chandra Dowerah ...	1922	
Dabiruddin Ahmed ...	1924	I
Ghulam Tayab† ...	1922	
Golap Chandra Goswami ...	1922	
Iyakub Ali ...	1924	II
Jamini Mohan Bhowmik ...	1922	
Lakshminath Bairagi ...	1924	II
Maizuddin Ahammed ...	1924	III
Md. Badaruzzaman Chaudhuri ...	1924	II
Md. Moslimuddin Khan ...	1924	II
Mohendra Nath Choudhuri ...	1922	
Muhammad Hashim ...	1923	II
Nowaz Ali ...	1922	
Prabodhananda Chakraborty ...	1922	
Promoda Mohan Das ...	1922	a
Santapal Das ...	1924	II
Sarbeswar Sarma Katakī ...	1924	I
Satischandra Banerjee ...	1924	II
Satis Chandra Sikidhar ...	1922	
Satyapada Lahiri ...	1922	
Surendrachandra Chaudhuri ...	1924	III

†Passed with Distinction
(No class was awarded in 1922).

L. T.

Name.	Year.	Class
Sures Chandra Chakrabarti ...	1922	
Syed Abid Husain ...	1922	
Syed Shafuddin ...	1923	III
T. Vedavyasa Rao ...	1923	I
Waizuddin Ahmed ...	1922	

GRADUATES—B. L.

1922—24 (January).

(In alphabetical order.)

Abdul Hakim ...	1924	II
Abdul Karim ...	1924	II
Abdul Latif ...	1923	II
Abdul Latif Khan ...	1923	II
Abinashchandra Ghosh ...	1923	I
Abinashchandra Ray ...	1923	I
Abinashchandra Sarkar ...	1924	II
Abul Khayer Md. Bazlur Rahman ...	1923	II
Akshaykumar Datta ...	1923	II
Atharuddin Chaudhuri ...	1923	I
Baradacharan Chaudhuri ...	1924	II
Boroybhushan Ghosh ...	1923	II
Bhupendralal Basu ...	1923	II
Bhupendra Narayan Chakravarty ...	1922	II
Brajendralal Das ...	1923	II
Chintaharan Bandopadhyay ...	1922	I
Debendranath Sarkar ...	1924	II
Dhirendra Chandra Roy ...	1922	II
Dhirendranath Ghosh ...	1923	I
Dhirendranath Maitra ...	1923	II
Digindralal Ray ...	1923	II
Enayeter Rahman ...	1923	I
Fariduddin Ahmad ...	1923	II
Gobindachandra Bhaumik ...	1923	II
Gopalchandra Bandyopadhyay ...	1923	I
Gopal Chandra Neogy ...	1922	I
Harendra Kumar Chakrabarti ...	1922	I
Harinath Chakrabarti ...	1923	II

GRADUATES—B. L.

Name.	Year.	Class.
Jagat Bandhu Saha ...	1922	I
Janakinath Saha ...	1924	II
Jatis Chandra Gupta ...	1922	I
Jitendra Nath Danda ...	1922	I
Jitu Mian Dewan ...	1924	II
Kailash Chandra Saha ...	1922	II
Kamakhyanath Rakshit ...	1923	I
Kamāleswariprasad Chakrabarti ...	1924	II
Kiron Chandra Bandyopadhyay ...	1922	I
Krishna Kumar Saha ...	1922	I
Lalit Mohan Das, I ...	1923	II
Mahim Chandra Sil ...	1922	II
Makhanlal De ...	1924	I
Manatosh Gangopadhyaya ...	1922	I
Manindrakumar Bandyopadhyay ...	1923	II
Mathuramohan Karanjai ...	1924	II
Md. Abdul Hamid ...	1923	I
Nalini Kanta Chakravarty ...	1922	I
Narendra Chandra Bandyopadhyay ...	1922	I
Nikunjalal Gangopadhyay ...	1923	II
Niranjan Das ...	1923	I
Nishi Kanta Kar ...	1922	I
Nripendrakumar Ghosh ...	1923	I
Nu Hossain Khan ...	1923	II
Phanindrakumar Dattagupta ...	1924	II
Prabodhichandra Dasgupta ...	1923	I
Prabodh Chandra Sarma ...	1922	II
Pramathanath Das ...	1923	II
Prasannakumar Nath ...	1924	II
Raicharan Das ...	1923	II
Ramendramohan Ray ...	1923	II
Ramesh Chandra Sircar ...	1922	I
Ramesh Chandra Biowal ...	1922	I
Rebatiraman Das ...	1924	II
Rebati Mohan Majumdar ...	1922	I
Rohini Kumar Lodh ...	1922	I
Sachindrakanta Lahiri-chaudhuri ...	1924	II
Sailendra Chandra Guha ...	1922	I
Sashi Kumar Nath ...	1922	I
Sasibhushan Datta ...	1923	II

GRADUATES—B.L.

Name.	Year.	Class.
Satyabhushan Majumdar	... 1924	II
Satyendra Nath Das	... 1922	II
Sharfuddin Ahmad	... 1922	II
Sisir Kumar Ghose	... 1922	I
Sri Chandra Chakravarti	... 1922	I
Sultan Baid Chaudhuri	... 1923	II
Suprasanna Ray	... 1923	II
Surendrachandra Ray	... 1923	II
Surendrakumar Majumdar	... 1923	II
Syed Nurur Rahman	... 1924	II
Upendra Chandra Bhowal	... 1922	I
Upendrachandra Ray	... 1923	I
Velayet Hossain Mollah	... 1923	I
Vusuff Ali	... 1923	II

FINAL B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION (ON THE
SYLLABUS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
DACC), July, 1924.

(In alphabetical order.)

First Division.

Indumadhab Majumdar. | Surendramohan Das.

Second Division.

Bipinchandra Pandit.	Mahammad Golam Mowla.
Gopaldas Banerjee.	Mahendrachandra Debnath.
Jadukanta Tarafdar.	Md. Sirajul Islam.
Kshitishchandra Majumdar.	Nibaranchandra Chakravarti.
Lalmohan Saha.	Sripatiprasanna Ghosh.

The following students have failed in the subject or subjects noted against their names and are entitled, at their option, either to sit for the whole of Part II again or take only the paper or papers in which they have failed, at the next following examination. But if they fail to pass as a result of this supplementary examination they will be required to take all the papers

originally offered by them for Part II at a subsequent examination :—

Bhubanmohan Baisya	...	{ 1. Jurisprudence.
		2. Constitutional Law.
Kaminikumar Saha	...	1. Constitutional Law.
Manomohan Basak	...	1. The Law of Real Property.
		2. Constitutional Law.
Sureschandra Niyogi	...	1. Constitutional Law.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN LAW (ON THE
SYLLABUS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
CALCUTTA), July, 1924.

First Class.

Dhirendranath Sen.

(In alphabetical order.)

Second Class.

Abinaschandra Chakrabarti.	|	Nabadwipchandra Goswami.
Brajendralal Guha.		Nageschandra Gupta.
Kedarnath Ray.		Tarinicharan Adhikari.
		Usharanjan Datta.

B. L. EXAMINATION, PART I (ON THE SYLLABUS OF
THE UNIVERSITY OF DACCA), July, 1924.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the B. L. Examination, Part I, held in July, 1924, in accordance with the syllabus of the University of Dacca in the subjects noted against their names :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Abinaschandra De	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Aditikumar Sengupta	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Dhirendrachandra De	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Dineschandra Datta	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.

Hafizuddin Ahmad	...	...	R. H. J. S.
Harendrachandra Ray	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Hiranyakumar Banerjee	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Iswarchandra Sarma	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Jyotirindramohan Bir	...	...	R. H. M. J. C.
Jyotischandra Ghoshal	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Kedarprasanna Ray	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Kisorimohan Sarkar	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Kshitendranath Ghosh	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Kshitischandra Datta	...	...	R. H. M. S. E.
Mahboobor Rahman	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Manindralal Das	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Manindralal Laskar	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Mohanimohan Das	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Muhammad Zahurul Islam	...	...	R. H. M. J. C.
Pradyotkumar Basu	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Priyanath Guba	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Sachindrakisor De	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Sasadharnath Rudrasarma	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Surendrachandra Kar	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Tofazzal Hussain	...	...	R. H. M. S.
Umeshchandra Majumdar	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Upendrakamal Niyogi	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.

Abbreviations used—

R	stands for	Roman Law.
H	"	Hindu Law.
M	"	Muhammadan Law.
J	"	Jurisprudence.
S	"	Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
E	"	Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
C	"	Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

FINAL B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION (ON THE
SYLLABUS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
CALCUTTA), July, 1924.

(In order of merit.)

Class I.

Phanibhushan Chakrabarti. | Sisirchandra Chakrabarti.

Class II.

Jnanendralal Datta.	Parbaticharan Haldar.
Lalitmohan Das.	Mahammad Said Ali.
Sureschandra Sen.	

FINAL B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION (ON THE
SYLLABUS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
DACCA), January, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class II.

Abinaschandra De.	Kaminikumar Saha.
Bhubanmohan Baishya.	Manomohan Basak.
Brendralal Basu.	Mir Fazle Ali.
Sureschandra Niyogi.	

FINAL B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION (ON THE
SYLLABUS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF
CALCUTTA), January, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class II.

Brajendralal Guha.	Saileschandra Kay.
Nageschandra Gupta.	Usharanjan Datta.

B. L. EXAMINATION, PART I (ON THE SYLLABUS OF
THE UNIVERSITY OF DACCA), January, 1925.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the B.L.
Examination, Part I, held in January 1925, in accordance with

the syllabus of the University of Dacca in the subjects noted against their names :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Abdul Aziz	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Abdul Ghaffar	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Abdul Karim	...	...	H. M. E. C.
Abdur Rohoman Barbhuya	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Abinaschandra De	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Abul Fazle Nurunnabi	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Abul Kasem Aminullah	...	...	R. H. J. S.
Ayubikacharan Pal	...	...	R. H. M. J. E. C.
Bhupatimohan Chakrabarti	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Bimalchandra Sen	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Brajendrakumar Das	...	...	R. H. M. S.
Buddhanath Hazarika	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Chaudrabinod Ray	...	...	R. H. M. E.
Durgaprasanna Saha	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Fazlur Rahman	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Gunagobinda Datta	...	...	R. H. M. E. C.
Hafizul Islam	...	...	R. H. M. S. C.
Haladhar Bhaumik	...	...	R. H. M. S. E. C.
Jatindrachandra Ray	...	...	R. H. M. S. E.
Jogendranath Sengupta	...	...	R. H. M. S. C.
Jaysundar Das	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Jnanendramohan Goswami	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Jyotirpay Biswas	...	...	R. H. M. S.
Kazi Shams-Uddin	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Krishnachandra Pal	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Kulachandra Bhaumik	...	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Mahammad Neyz Ali	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Mahammed Enam Uddin	...	...	R. H. M. J. E. C.
Manindrachandra Naharay	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Mohinimohan Saha	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Mohitkumar Majumdar	...	...	R. H. M. S. E.
Muhammad Abdul Rahman	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Mukhlesur Rahman	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.

Abbreviations used—

R	Stands for Roman Law.
H	" " Hindu Law.
M	" " Muhammadan Law.
J	" " Jurisprudence.
S	" " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
E	" " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
C	" " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

Nefazuddin Khan	...	...	R. H. M. J.
Nisikanta Saha	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Pareschandra Ray	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Prabhatchandra Sengupta	...	...	R. H. M. S.
Prasannachandra Saha	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Purnachandra Bala	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Rajendrakumar Bhattacharyya	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Rameschandra Majumdar	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Ramlal Sarkar	...	...	R. H. M. S.
Rameshak Bhattacharyya	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Sasadhanath Rudrasarma	...	...	E. C.
Satyacharan Mukherjee	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Sukumar Nag	...	...	R. H. M. C.
Syed Abdus Salam	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Upendrachandra Chakrabarti	...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Upendrachandra Gupta	...	...	R. H. M. S. C.
Ushaprasanna Naha	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Yousof Hossain Choudhury	...	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.

Abbreviations used: R stands for Roman Law.

H	"	"	Hindu Law.
M	"	"	Muhammadan Law.
J	"	"	Jurisprudence.
S	"	"	Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
E	"	"	Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
C	"	"	Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

'B.COM. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class I.

L. K. Sanyal.

Class II.

Amalendu Gangopadhyay.	Kulabhushan Ghosh.
Dhrubachandra Bandyopadhyay.	Narendrachandra De.
Haraprasanna Guha.	Nrsinghadas Saha.
Hiralal Kar.	Pramathanath Chakrabarti.
Ishaq Khanolkar.	Premananda Datta.
Jagadishchandra De.	Rameschandra Bhattacharya.
Jitendranath Gupta.	Sukumar Niyogi.
Kesabchandra Das.	Zahiruddin Ahmed.

The following candidates having failed in one subject only and having obtained the minimum aggregate required will be allowed to take the examination again by presenting themselves at the next examination only in the subject indicated against their names :—

Khondakar Fazlur Rahman ... Accountancy.
Kshritosh Bandyopadhyay ... Elements of Economics.

B. Sc. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Passed with Honours.

PHYSICS.

Class I.

Labanyantohan Das. | Nripendranarayan Pal.

Class II.

Amritalal Nath. | Yakub Ali.

CHEMISTRY.

Class I.

Manmathanath Chaudhuri.

Class II.

Hirendrakumar Bandyopadhyay.	Narendrachandra Das.
Indubhushan Pal.	Sadasib Sengupta.
Jagatbandhu Bakshi.	Sisirkumar Ghosh.
	Sunilchandra Guha.

Passed.

Abdul Hafiz.	Bhabeschandra Ghosh.
Amivakumar Lahiri.	Bibhorchandra Chattopadhyay.
Anilkumar Mukhopadhyay.	Girijaprasanna Chakrabarti.
Atulchandra Khasnabis.	Jatindrakumar Mitra.
Bamacharan Nandi.	

Kalipada Rakshit.	Parames Sengupta.
Kiranchandra Palchaudhuri.	Pareschandra Bhattacharyya.
Krishnalal Datta.	Ramendrachandra Ray.
Kshitischandra Bhattacharyya.	Sachindrachandra Das.
Manoranjan Gupta.	Sachindrakumar Dhar.
Muhammad Umed Ali.	Sailendranath Mitra.
Muranimohan Ghosh.	Saratchandra Aich.
Narendrakumar Ghosh.	Satishchandra Ray.
Narendrakumar Mukhopadhyay.	Srischandra Majumdar.
Nirodbihari Chaudhuri.	Sudhibhushan Datta.
	Sudhirschandra Chakrabarti.

The following candidates having failed in one subject only and having obtained the minimum aggregate required will be allowed to take the examination again by presenting themselves at the next examination only in the subject indicated against their names :—

Abdul Hakim	...	...	Chemistry.
Abdul Khalil	...	...	Physics.
Digendranath Ghosh	...	...	Chemistry.
Dwijendranath Sengupta	...	...	Physics.
Humayun Bakht Chaudhuri	...	...	Physics.
Jogeschandra Chaudhuri	...	...	Physics.
Kalidas Gangopadhyay	...	...	Mathematics.
Kshirodmohan Bhattacharyya	...	...	Physics.
Pradyotkumar Basak	...	...	Chemistry.
Saurindranath Sengupta	...	...	Physics.
Sudhirschandra Ray	...	...	Chemistry.
Sudhirschandra Sen	...	...	Physics.

The undermentioned candidates who have failed to qualify for Honours but have obtained the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree are admitted to the Ordinary Degree of Bachelor of Science :—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHYSICS.

Akshaykumar Saha.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY.

Harendranath Chattopadhyay.

B. Sc. HONOURS EXAMINATION, PART I, 1925.

The following candidates have passed in their subsidiary subjects :—

(In alphabetical order.)

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHYSICS.

Gurupada Banerjee.	Sukhamay Purkayestha.
Kritantakumar Basu.	Upendrakumar Datta.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY.

Bhupendranath Mitra.	Rajanyamohan Ray
Bijendranath Dasgupta.	Ranendrakumar Das.
Golam Ambia Talukdar.	Satyaranjan Sengupta.
Hariprasanna Ghosh.	Satyendrakumar Ray-
Jadabananda Goswami.	chaudhuri.
Jogeschandra Das.	Sudhirchandra Bhattacharyya.
Kiranchandra Chakrabarti.	Sudhirchandra Ray.
Narendranath Dasgupta.	Tejendranath Ghosh.

The following candidates have passed in one subsidiary subject mentioned against their names :—

Bireslobhan Sen	...	...	Mathematics.
Jyotishchandra Sen	...	...	Ditto.
Nripendranath Bhadra	...	...	Ditto.
Prakaschandra Sengupta	...	...	Physics.
Sukhamay Ray	...	...	Chemistry.
Tikendrachandra Bandyopadhyay	...	...	Physics.

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Passed with Honours.

ENGLISH.

Class I.

Salipada Bandyopadhyay.

Class II.

Bhupendrakumar Adhikari.	Muhammad Abdal Hafez.
Raj Dhirendranarayan Chaudhuri.	

SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Class II.

Rameschandra Bhattacharyya.

SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Class I.

Gangescharan Basu.

ARABIC.

Class I.

Abdul Latif. | Ashrafuddin.

*Class II.*Abdus Sobhan. | Meer Rafique Ali.
Ramizuddin Ahmed.

ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Class I.

Muhammad Nur Baksh.

*Class II.*Abdul Malek Chowdhuri. | Khandakar Muhammad Taj-
ammul Hosain.

PHILOSOPHY.

Class I.

Montuzuddin Ahmed.

*Class II.*Abul Aziz. | Nagendrakumar Chaudhuri.
Ramcharan Chakrabarti.

HISTORY.

Class I.

Nirodbhushan Ray.

Class II.

Bidhubhushan Sarkar.	Muazzam Husain Khan.
Indubhushan Basu.	Sudhichandra Gupta.

ECONOMICS.

Class I.

Aniyakumar Dasgupta.	Sachindranarayan Chaudhuri.
Susilkumar Kusari.	

Class II.

Bipodbihari Chaudhuri.	Pulinchandra Bardhan.
Dharamimohan Bhatta- charyya.	Sachindrakumar Saha.
Kaliprasanna Banerjee.	Sailendrakumar Basu.
Kedarnath Basu.	Subodhchandra Datta.
	Sudhansukumar Basu.

MATHEMATICS.

Class II.

Satiprasanna Bhaumik

Passed.

(In alphabetical order.)

A. K. M. Mujeibur Rahman.	Doulat Khan Khadim.
Abdul Ghani.	Dwarakanath Nath.
Abdus Salam Chaudhuri.	Dwijendrachandra Dhar.
Abdus Satter.	Fazful Huss.
Abul Fazl Muhammad Masu- dar Rahman.	Girijaprasanna Chakrabarti.
Abul Kasem Muhammad	Golan Martuza.
Zahirul Huq.	Habibar Rahman Bhuiyan.
Abdur Rouf.	Harischandra Dattagupta.
Ahmad Ali Khan.	Hemchandra Chattopadhyay.
Aswinikumar Pal.	Janakinath Chathati.
Bazler Rahman.	Jatindrakumar Chaudhuri.
Bijanbihari Bandyopadhyay.	Jogendranath Niyogi.
Bijaykumar Chakrabarti.	Jogeschandra Das.
Birendrachandra Bandyo- padhyay.	Kanusakha Datta.
Brajendrakumar Sarkar.	Kulabhushan Chakrabarti.
Debendrakumar Ray.	Moharak Ali Bhuiya.
Debeschandra Ray.	Mahindramohan Ray.
	Muhammad Abdur Rouf.
	Muhammad Abdus Satter.

Muhammad Fazlul Huq.	Sachindrachandra De.
Mumtazuddin.	Sachindranath Acharyya.
Nazir Ahmed.	Subodhchandra Mukhuti.
Nibaranchandra Chakrabarti.	Subodhchandra Sengupta, I.
Nirmalchandra Basu.	Srischandra Dasgupta.
Nripendrachandra Gayen.	Sudhindranath Guha.
Paramesprasad Mukhopadhyay.	Sureschandra Mukherjee.
Phanindrachandra De.	Syed Abul Fazl.
Pramathanath Chakrabarti.	Trailakyanath Das.

The following candidates having failed in one subject only and having obtained the minimum aggregate required will be allowed to take the examination again by presenting themselves at the next examination only in the subject indicated against their names :—

Bharatchandra Das	...	...	English.
Janakinath Nath	...	...	Ditto.
Kazi Abdul Awal	...	...	Ditto.
Kazi Abdul Wazed	...	...	Politics.
Md. Abdul Gani Mian	...	...	English.
Rashid Ahmed	...	...	Ditto.
Sarojranjan Guha	...	...	Economics.

The undermentioned candidates who have failed to qualify for Honours but have secured the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree are admitted to the Ordinary Degree of Bachelor of Arts :—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF HISTORY.

Muhammad Manir Hossain.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

Arunkumar Mukhopadhyay.	Rakhalchandra Datta.
Baidyanath Bhattacharyya.	
Chaudhuri Abraruddin	Rasamay Sur.
Ahmed Siddiqui.	

HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS.

Muhammad Serazal Huque.

B. A. HONOURS EXAMINATION, PART I, 1925.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the two subsidiary subjects mentioned against their names :—

(Alphabetical order.)

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ENGLISH.

Paramesprasanna Ray	...	History, Sanskrit and Bengali.
Saurindranarayan Raychoudhuri	...	History, Sanskrit and Bengali.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ARABIC.

Mosleh Uddin Ahmed Khandaaker	...	English, History.
Md. Khalilur Rahman Chaudhury	...	English, History.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Ali Ahmed	...	English, History.
Farrukh Ahmad	...	English, Persian.
Muhammad Serajul Islam	...	English, Persian.
Saadat Husain Khan	...	English, Persian.
Serajul Huq	...	English, Persian.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY.

Abdur Rahim	...	English, Arabic.
Bibhuranjan Guha	...	English, Politics.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF HISTORY.

Mohamed Rafique	...	Politics, Persian and Urdu.
Subimalchandra Ray	...	Economics, Politics.
Sukumar Ray	...	Sanskrit, Politics.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

Abdul Wadud	...	History, Politics.
Bhupeschandra Chakrabarti	...	History, Politics.
Faizul Haque	...	Politics, Mathematics.
Praphullachandra Bhattacharyya	...	Politics, Mathematics.
Subodhchandra Sengupta	...	Politics, Mathematics.
Umeshchandra Das	...	Politics, Mathematics.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS.

Durgaprasad Banerjee	...	English, Philosophy.
Himangsukumar Gulha- thakurta	...	Economics, Politics.

The undermentioned candidates have passed in only one subsidiary subject mentioned against their names :—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Jitendrakumar Sen	...	English.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

A. M. Taher Uddin Mia	...	English.
Mohinimohan Saha-ray	...	English.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ARABIC.

Abul Kalam Khorshid-ud-din Ahmed	...	History.
Ruhuddin Ahmad	...	Philosophy.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Mohammad Husain Ali	...	Persian.
Md. Sanaukiah	...	Persian.
Muhammad Abdul Quader	...	Persian.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PERSIAN.

Mohiuddin Ahmed	...	History.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF HISTORY.

Abdul Halim	...	Persian and Urdu.
Sudhansubikas Raychaudhuri	...	Politics.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

Kiranchandra Das	...	History.
Md. Erfaner Rahman	...	Mathematics.

PRELIMINARY M.A. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(Alphabetical order.)

ENGLISH—GROUP A.

Alpanikanta Chatterjee.	Pramodechandra Goswami.
Arunchandra Dasgupta.	Surendrachandra Saha.
Mahinchandra Senapati.	Sureschandra Homchaul-
Md. Abdul Mutaleb.	dhari.
Muhammad Aslam.	Upendrachandra Gop.

ENGLISH—GROUP B.

Brajnath Majumdar.

SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Palaschandra Pal.	Sudhendumohan Sinha.
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SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Jibankumar Ganguli.	Makhanlal Chanda.
	Nagendrachandra Ray.

ARABIC.

Md. Israil.	Mohammad Taiyeb Ali.
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PHILOSOPHY.

Bishnurajan Samajpati.	Kalicharan Nandi.
Dhirendrakumar De-	Madhusudan Biswas.
chaudhuri.	Pandoji Bhage.
Kalachand Ray.	Rakesranjan Sarma.

HISTORY.

Abdul Quddus Chowdry.	Rameschandra Saha.
i Acks.	Razi-ud-Din Muhammad.
madacharan Basu.	Idris.
upendrakisor Rakshit.	Sailendrakisor Ray.
rendrakumar Gupta.	Satyabhushan Gupta.
iralal Gangopadhyay.	Sisirkumar Basuray-
gathbandhu Sen.	Chaudhuri.
hammad Arab Ali.	Sudhirchandra Ray.
ritishwischandra Chakra-	Surendranath Guha.
barti.	

ECONOMICS.

Ashrafuddin Ahmed.	Rakibuddin Ahmed.
Bhabeschandra Nandi.	Sailendraprasad Ray.
	Surapati Sur.

PRELIMINARY M.Sc. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(Alphabetical order.)

PHYSICS.

Indrabhushan Banerjee.	Pratapchandra Guha.
Khagendrabhushan Chanda.	Santoshkumar Das.
	Sudhirschandra Dasgupta.

CHEMISTRY.

Munindramohan Mitra.	Subodhchandra Ghosh.
Priyanath Sengupta.	Susilechandra Nag.
	Tamasranjan Ray.

MATHEMATICS.

Md. Fazlur Rahman.

B.T. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class I.

Hemchandra Mukherjee (1),	Jyotirmay Lahiri (2).
(2), (4).	Srischandra Gupta (1), (3).
Jogendrachandra Datta (1),	Syamakanta Banerjee (1), (4).
(3).	

N.B.—(1) Mark of proficiency in Educational Measurement.
 (2) Do. do. do. in English and method of teaching the subject.
 (3) Do. do. do. in Mathematics and method of teaching the subject.
 (4) Do. do. do. in History and method of teaching the subject.

Class II.

Abdul Ali Chaudhury.	Narendranath Ray.
Abdur Razzaque, I.	Nareschandra Das.
Abdur Razzaq, II.	Nikhileswar Ganguli.
Ahmadur Rahman.	Pramodkumar Samaddar.
Aziz Bakht Chaudhury.	Prasannakumar Nag.
Binodbihari Chakrabarti.	Radhikalal Poddar.
Binaybhushan Nag.	Rajendrachandra Ganguli.
Bipinchandra Chaudhuri.	Rajendranath Baruya (2).
Brindabanchandra	Rameschandra De (2).
Purkayastha.	Salimuddin Ahmed.
Debendranath Sarkar (3).	Sanatkumar Ray.
Dineschandra Sengupta.	Santiram Das.
Grindranarayan Basak.	Saradacharan Bhattacharyya.
Jagadananda Mitra.	Sasadhur Karnakar.
Jogendra Nath Chakrabarti.	Sisirkumar Ray.
Kushakanta Patoi.	Syarnakumar Chaudhuri.
Md. Sabed Ali.	Taraprasanna Chakrabarti.
Mohinimohan Ray.	Uttamchandra Chaudhuri.

Class III.

Abdul Wadud.	Digindralal Sahamandal.
Akshaykumar Ghosh.	Kalpanath Datta.
Amiyachandra Ghosh.	S. Azizar Rahman.
Anukulchandra Saha.	Satyendra Kumar Bhaumik.
Badiur Rahman.	Sharafat Ali.
Bipinchandra Banik.	Sudhirechandra Gupta.

N.B.—(1) Mark of proficiency in Educational Measurement.

- (2) Do. do. do. in English and method of teaching the subject.
- (3) Do. do. do. in Mathematics and method of teaching the subject.
- (4) Do. do. do. in History and method of teaching the subject.

I. T. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class I.

Tarakeswar Gupta.

Class II.

Bangsibhushan Baruya.	Kalpanath Bhuyan (1).
Jnanaranjan Sen.	Prananath Sarma Barthakur.

N.B.—(1) Mark of proficiency in Art and Manual Work.

M.T. EXAMINATION, 1925.

Karim Ahmad Khan Lodhi.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY, 1925.

Benoytosh Bhattacharyya.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

ENGLISH—GROUP A.

Class II.

Amulyaratan Ghosh.	Niranjan Bandyopadhyay.
Bipinchandra Nath.	Kamaniranjan Biswas.
Dhirendrachandra Pal.	Ramschak Bhattacharyya.*
Janakijiban Ghosh.	Sailendranath Bhadra.
Jatindramohan Bandyopadhyay.	Syed Abdul Alim.

Class III.

Azizuddin Ahmad.	Krishnala Saha.
Binodkumar Sen.	S. Balasubramania Ayyar.

ENGLISH—GROUP B.

Class III.

Brajanath Majumdar.

SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Class I.

Narendranath Bhattacharyya. | Prabodhchandra Lahiri.

*Presented a Dissertation.

Class II.

Prankisor Goswami.

SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Class II.

Bishadbhushan Dasgupta.	| Latika Ray.
Kumudbandhu Das.	| Lila Ray.

Class III.

Arubala Sengupta.

ARABIC.

Class I.

Abdul Jabbar Khan.	Fazlul Karim.
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Class II.

Mir Feda Ali.	Mohammed Abdul Basit.
Muslim Miah.	

Class III.

Abdur Rashid.	Md. Nurul Haq.
Inamul Hossain.	| Syed Abdul Mannan.

ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Class I.

Abul Ula Muhammad Wali-ullah.	| Md. Abdul Aziz.
Matiur Rahman.	| Md. Turab Ali.
Muhammad Mostehuddin	

PERSIAN.

Class I.

Faiz-ud-din Khundkar.

Class II.

Abdul Awal.

PHILOSOPHY.

Class I.

Md. Salahuddin.

Class II.

Kedarprasanna Ray. | Manmathanath Bhattacharyya.

*Class III.*Pandoji Dhage. | Prankumar Ray.
Tapaskumar Datta.

HISTORY—GROUP A.

Class I.

Prapiullachandra Mukherjee.

*Class II.*Dhirendrachandra Ganguli. | Pramathanath Chatterjee.
Sachindrakumar Gupta.*Class III.*

Rameschandra Saha.

HISTORY—GROUP B.

Class I.

Abdul Kaddus Choudbury.

*Class II.*Abdus Salam. | Jogindranath Chaudhuri
Dhirendrakumar Basu. | Nuruddin Ahmad.*Class III.*Chintaharan Ray. | Mujibur Rahman.
Sisirkumar Basuraychaudhuri.

ECONOMICS.

Class I.

Kumudranjan Chaudhuri. | Md. Hafizur Rahman.

Class II.

Dhireschandra Raybardhan.	| Nagendrachandra Das.
Prajaranjan Mukhopadhyay.	

Class III.

Anilendu Guha.	| Phanibhushan Basu.
Manindrakishor Ray.	| Praphullakumar Banerjee
	Priyanath Basu.

. MATHEMATICS.

Class I.

Mahendranath Datta.	Pareschandra Bhattacharyya.
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Class III.

Praphullachandra Majumdar.

M. Sc. EXAMINATION, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

• PHYSICS.

. • *Class I.*

Arunkumar Datta.	Bhabeskumar Sen.
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Class II.

Brajendrakumar Sen.	Kamakhyanarajan Sen.
	Pabitrakumar Baral.

Class III.

Hedayetullah Islam.	| Md. Azizur Rahman.
Hiralal Bandyopadhyay.	| Priyabhushan Banik.

CHEMISTRY.

Class I.

Hemantakumar Pal.*	| Mahendrakumar De.*
Jadulal Mukherjee.*	| Manindranath Chakladar.*
Khitindranathan Chakrabarti.*	| Samarendra Gupta.*

*Presented a Dissertation.

Class II.

B. S. Srikantan.*	Jogendranath Chakrabarti.*
Dharanimohan Ghoshdastidar.	Pratulchandra Sen.*
Hemchandra Das.*	Sailendranath Sen.*
Jnanendranarayan Majumdar.*	Satyaprasanna Sen.*

FINAL, B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION, July, 1925.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class I.

Ambikacharan Pal.	Bimalchandra Sen.
Jyotirindramohan Bir.	

Class II.

Abinaschandra De.	Mohinimohan. Das.
Abul Fazle Nurannabi.	Mohinimohan Saha.
Aditikumar Sengupta.	Mohitkumar Majumdar.
Anatlibandhu Basu.	Muhammad Abdur Rahman.
Bhupatimohan Chakrabarti.	Mukhlesur Rahman.
Buddhanath Hajarika.	Nisikanta Das.
Dhirendrachandra De.	Nisikanta Saha.
Dinēschandra Datta.	Pradyotkumar Basu.
Gungagobinda Datta.	Praphullakumar Niyogi.
Herambanath Bhattacharyya.	Priyanath Chha.
Jatindrachandra Ray.	Purnachandra Bala.
Jaysundar Das.	Rajendrakumar Bhattacharyya.
Jogendranath Sengupta.	Sachindrakisor De.
Jyotishchandra Chauduri.	Sasadharnath Rudrasarma.
Jyotishchandra Ghoshal.	Surendrachandra Kar.
Kshitindranath Ghosh.	Swarnakamal Chakrabarti.
Mahammed Enam Uddin.	Umeschandra Majumdar.
Manindralal Laskar.	Upendrakamal Niyogi.
Moayyidul Islam, Borrah.	Ushaprasanna Naha.
Mofizuddin Ahmed.	

The following candidates have failed in the subject or subjects noted against their names and are entitled, at their option, either to sit for the whole of Part II again or take only the paper or papers in which they have failed, at the next following examination. But if they fail to pass as a result of this supplementary examination they will be required to take

all the papers originally offered by them for Part II at a subsequent examination :—

Abdul Karim ...	...	1. Land Laws.
Abdul Rohoman Barbhuya ...	...	1. Ditto.
Iswarchandra Sarma ...	{	1. Law of Crimes. 2. Constitutional Law and History of English Law.
Krishnachandra Pal ...	{	1. Law of Real Property, Transfer of Property and Trusts. 2. Land Laws.
Paraschandra Ray ...	{	1. Land Laws. 2. Constitutional Law and History of English Law.
Praphullakumar Mitra ...	{	1. Law of Real Property, Transfer of Property and Trusts. 2. Constitutional Law and History of English Law.
Pratulchandra Dasbhaumik ...	...	1. Constitutional Law and History of English Law.
Surendrakumar Aich ...	...	1. Land Laws.

B. L. EXAMINATION, PART I, July, 1925.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the B. L. Examination, Part I, held in July, 1925, in the subjects noted against their names :—

(In alphabetical order.)

Abbasali Ahmad ...	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Abbasuddin Ahmed ...	...	R. H. M. J. C.

Abbreviations used:	R	stands for Roman Law.
	H	" " Hindu Law.
	M	" " Muhammadan Law.
	T	" " Law of Contracts and Torts.
	J	" " Jurisprudence
	S	" " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
	Cr	" " Law of Crimes.
	E	" " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
	C	" " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

Abdul Gafur Kazi	...	R. H. M. T. J. S.
Abdul Hai	...	R. H. M. S.
Abdul Munim Chowdhury	...	H. M. T. J. C.
Abu Nasar Muhammed Saleh	...	R. M. J. Cr. C.
Akshaychandra Khasnabis	...	R. H. M. J. C.
Arissuddin Ahmed	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Aśutosh Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Aswinikumar Sengupta	...	R. H. M. J.
Aziz Ullah	...	R. H. M. S. E.
Bankimchandra Datta	...	R. H. M. E.
Bhukanmohan Raychaudhuri	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Daihakilal Basak	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Debendramohan Debnath	...	R. H. M. J.
Dharmabrata Sjnharay	...	R. H. M. S.
Dhirendrakisor Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Golam Ambiya	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Harendrakumar Ray	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Jitendrakumar Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Kshirodgobinda Dasmahalanabis	...	R. H. M. J.
Maheschandra Pal	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Makhanlal Majumdar	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Manmathakumar Ray	...	R. M. J. S. C.
Manoranjan Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Md. Abdul Wahed	...	R. H. M. J. E. C.
Md. Esahaque Uddin	...	R. H. M. J. E. C.
Md. Gholam Mowla	...	R. H. M. C.
Md. Golam Hossain	...	R. H. M. J. C.
Md. Mokhesur Rahman	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Md. Yunus Mia	...	R. H. M. S.
Md. Yusuff Ali	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Nagendrakumar Chaudhuri	...	R. H. M. J. C.
Nagendranath Sarkar	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Nareschandra Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. T. J. C.
Nirmalchandra Datta	...	R. H. M. J.
Prabhatchandra Majumdar	...	R. H. M. T. J.
Pramadakanta Ray	...	R. H. M. J. S.

Abbreviations used : R stands for Roman Law.
H. " " Hindu Law.
M. " " Muhammadan Law.
T. " " Law of Contracts and Torts.
J. " " Jurisprudence.
S. " " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
Cr. " " Law of Crimes.
E. " " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
C. " " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

Pramiathachandra Ray	...	R. H. M. J. C.
Praphullamanikya Sengupta	...	R. H. M. J.
Purnachandra Ray	...	R. M. S. C.
Ramlal Das	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Sambhucharan Mukhopadhyay	...	R. H. M. T. J.
Satyaranjan Ray	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Sudhendumohan Sinha	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Sudhirmohan Barari	...	R. H. M. S.
Surendrachandra Saha	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Sureschandra Basu	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Sureschandra Bhaumik	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Sureschandra Biswas	...	R. H. M. J. S. C.
Sureschandra Ray	...	R. H. M. S.
Upendrachandra Rakshit	...	R. H. M. T. J. E.
Upendrakumar Datta	...	R. H. M. J.

Abbreviations used : R stands for Roman Law.
H " " Hindu Law.
M " " Muhammadan Law.
T " " Law of Contract and Torts.
J " " Jurisprudence.
S " " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
Cr. " " Law of Crimes.
E " " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
C " " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

Degree with Honours.

SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Class II.

Jitendrakumar Sen.

SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Class II.

A. M. Taheruddin. | Mohinimohan Saharay.

ARABIC.

Class I.

Mohammad Khalilur Rahman Chowdhury. (P)

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class.)

Class II.

Mosleh Uddin Ahmed Khandaker.

ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Class I.

Saadat Husain Khan. | Serajul Haque (P).

Class II.

Ali Ahmed. | Farrukh Ahmad.
Muhammad Serajul Islam.

PERSIAN.

Class II.

Mohiudd'in Ahmed.

PHILOSOPHY.

Class II.

Abdur Rahim. | Bibhuranjan Guha.

HISTORY.

Class II.

Abdul Halim. | Subimalchandra Ray.
Muhammad Rafique. | Sukumar Ray.

ECONOMICS.

Class II.

Abdul Wadud. | Subodhchandra Sengupta.
Umeshchandra Das.

MATHEMATICS.

Class I.

Durgaprasad Bandyopadhyay (P).

Class II.

Himansukumar Gūhathakurta.

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class.)

Ordinary Degree.

(In alphabetical order.)

A. K. M. Nazir Hosain.	Makabbir Ali Majumdar.
Abdul Khatique.	Md. Abdul Gani Miah.
Abdul Mayeed Choudhurie.	Md. Molfat Ally.
Abinashchandra Bhattacharyya.	Mohammad Nurul Huda.
Abu Nasr Waheed.	Muhammad Abdul Ghani.
Abu Yusuf, Md. Hafizur	Muhammad Hussain Ali.
Rahman Chaudhuri.	Mujibur Rahman Khan.
Agnikumar Sarkar.	Mukundalal Maulik.
Ali Nur.	Nabadwipchandra Debnath.
Anilchandra Ghosh.	Nalinimohan Bhaumik.
Bazlar Rahman.	Nanakdas Bal.
Bharatchandra Das.	Nareskiran Pal.
Birendrachandra Panday.	Nibaranchandra Ray.
Birendramohan Gango-	Pareschandra Saha.
padhyay.	Pratulchandra Basu.
Brajagopal Gangopadhyay.	Pritishchandra Basuchaudhuri.
Chunilal Chaudhuri.	Purnachandra Chaudhuri.
Dhirendrachandra Kunda.	Rajendranarayan Aditya-
Gangacharan Poddar.	chaudhuri.
Haridas Chakrabarti.	Rameschandra Das.
Haripada Banerjee.	Rangopal Saha.
Hemchandra Nath.	Rashid Ahmed.
Hemendralal Mukherjee.	Rasiklal Das.
Jagadishchandra Sarkar.	Sachindrachandra Barman.
Jogendraamohan Biswas.	Sarojraujan Guha.
Kamakhyapada Chauda.	Sailendrachandra Das.
Kazi Abdul Awal.	Satyabrata Ray.
Kazi Abdul Wajed.	Serajuddiq Khan.
Khandaker Md. Wajed Ali.	Upendranath Chatto-
Lalchand Basak.	padhyay.

The following candidates having failed in one subject only and having obtained the minimum aggregate required will be allowed to take the examination again by presenting themselves at the next examination only in the subject indicated against their names:—

Abdur Rajjak	...	English.
Abul Khair Murshed Ahmiad	...	Ditto.
Ashraf Ali	...	Ditto.
Atulchandra Ghosh	...	Ditto.
Azizur Rahman Khan	...	Ditto.
Banadakanta Biswas.	...	Ditto.
Chaudhury Aminul Haque	...	Ditto.

Jasodalal Chanda	...	...	Economics.
Kazi Amiruzzaman	...	...	Bengali.
Manindrachandra Basu	...	...	English.
Meher Ali Mollah	...	...	Ditto.
Nawab Ali Talukdar	...	...	Ditto.
Radhakanta Das	...	...	Politics.
Saratchandra Mandal	...	...	Sanskrit.
Sudhirschandra Mukhopadhyay, I	...	...	Ditto.
Syed Abul Khair Mahammad	...	...
Najmul Huda	...	...	Bengali.
Tahur Ahmad Chaudhury	...	...	English.
Zainal Abedin	...	...	Ditto.

The undermentioned candidates who have failed to qualify for Honours but have secured the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree are admitted to the Ordinary Degree of Bachelor of Arts:—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ENGLISH.

Paramesprasanna Ray.		Saurindranarayan Ray- chaudhuri.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF ARABIC.

Abul Kalam Khorshidud Din Ahmad.		Abul Quasem Mohammad Hosain.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

Bhupeschandra Chakrabarti.		Md. Erfaner Rahman.
Praphullachandra Bhattacharyya.		

EXAMINATION IN SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS OF B. A. HONOURS SCHOOLS, 1926.

The following candidates have passed the two subsidiary subjects mentioned against their names:—

(In alphabetical order.)

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ENGLISH.

Abdul Majid Chaudhuri	...	Arabic, History.
Bhabaranjan Guha	...	Economics, Politics.
Manmathanath Ghosh	...	Sanskrit, Economics.

Nirmānsukumar Dasgupta ...	Sanskrit and Bengali, Philosophy.
Nirmalchandra Nandi ...	Economics, Politics.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Debandrachandra Nath ...	English, Economics.
Nagendranarayan Chaudhuri ...	History, Economics.
Raiharan Chakrabarti ...	English, Economics.
Susilprasad Lahiri Chaudhuri ...	English, History.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Hingansuchandra Chaudhuri ...	English, History.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF ARABIC.

Serajul Hoque, II ...	Economics, Politics.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Abul Farh Md. Nurullah ...	English, History.
Ali Akbar ...	English, Persian.
Serajul Huq, I ...	English, History.
Syed Abdul Mabud ...	Ditto.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PERSIAN.

A. M. Azharul Islam Bhuiyan ...	English, Economics.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY.

Abdus Sabhan ...	English, Persian.
Serajul Karim ...	Ditto.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF HISTORY.

Amulyakumar Datta ...	Economics, Politics.
Bhupendralal Sen ...	English, Politics.
Maranichandra Karanakar ...	English, Sanskrit.
Surachandra Ghosh ...	Economics, Politics.
Susilchandra Sengupta ...	Ditto.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

Abanibhushan Rudra ...	English, Politics.
Abul Khayer Ahmad Khan ...	Ditto.
Fazlur Rahman ...	Persian, History.

Ghiasuddin Ahmad	...	English, Politics.
Matindrachandra Bardhan	...	Ditto.
Md. Abdul Khaleque	...	Ditto.
Shamsuddin Ahmed	...	Ditto.
Sudhansunath Mukhopadhyay	...	Ditto.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS.

Abdul Hakim	...	English, Economics.
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The following candidates have passed in only one subsidiary subject mentioned against their names :—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ENGLISH.

Dineschandra Mukhopadhyay	...	Politics.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Haripada Sengupta	...	English.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF ARABIC.

Badruddin Haider	...	Philosophy.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF ISLAMIC STUDIES.

Abdul Majid	...	Persian.
Syed Habibur Rahman	...	History.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY.

Abu Hamed Mohd. Ali Anwar	...	English.
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HONOURS SCHOOL OF HISTORY.

Bhupendrachandra Majumdar	...	Politics.
Sukumar Chakrabarti	...	Ditto.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

Abdur Raquib	...	History.
Mohammad Aboo Abdullah	...	Arabic.

B. Sc. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

Degree with Honours.

PHYSICS.

Class I.

Upendrakumar Datta (P).

Class II.

Gurupada Bandyopadhyay. | Kritantakumar Basu.

• CHEMISTRY.

Class I.

Blupendranath Mitra.	| Rameschandra Bagchi.
Dwijendranath Dasgupta (P).	| Satyendrakumar Raychaudhuri.
Sudhirchandra Bhattacharyya.	

Class II.

Jadabananda Goswami.	| Satindramohan Chatter- padhyay.
Kiranchandra Chakrabarti.	| Subodhchandra Bandyo- padhyay.
Ranendrakumar Das.	| Tejendranath Ghosh.

Ordinary Degree with Distinction.

Bimaichandra Dasgupta.	| Mohinimohan Mukho- padhyay.
Sushendramohan Datta.	

Ordinary Degree.

Abdul Hakim.	| Gangadas Basak.
Abdul Hamid.	| Hirendranath Mukherji.
Abdul Khalil.	| Humayun Bakht Chaudhuri.
Amritlal Chanda.	| Indubhushan Sarkar.
Anilchandra Gupta.	| Jogendrachandra Bhatta- charyya.
Balaram Bandyopadhyay.	| Jogeschandra Chaudhuri.
Birajmohan Naha.	| Jogeschandra Gangopadhyay.
Birendrakumar Dam.	| Kalidas Gangopadhyay.
Dhirendranath Mukho- padhyay.	| Kshirodmohan Bhattacharyya.
Digendranath Ghosh.	| Kuladharanjan Gangopadhyay.
Dwijendranath Sengupta.	| Muhammad Abdul Mannan.

(P. University Prizeman for having stood first in the first class.)

Nalinimohan Dasgupta.	Sasankakumar Datta.
Narmadakanta Ray.	Sisirkumar Ray.
Nripendramohan Dhar.	Sudhansukumar Gango-
Pabitra Kumar Sengupta.	padhyay.
Pareschanda Datta.	Sudhirchandra Chaudhuri.
Pradyotkumar Basak.	Sudhirchandra Ray.
Pramodgobinda Dasmahala-	Sudhirchandra Sen.
nabis.	Suprasanna Sengupta.
Rameschandra Chaudhuri.	Susilechandra Chakrabarti.
Rana-lacharan Bhattacharyya.	Swadeskumar Basu.

The following candidates having failed in one subject only and having obtained the minimum aggregate required will be allowed to take the examination again by presenting themselves at the next examination only in the subject indicated against their names :—

Afazuddin Miah	...	Physics.
— Aghoranath Batabyal	...	Physics.
Amiyabandhu Basu	...	Mathematics.
Gournitai Das	...	Physics.
Hemendranath Mukhopadhyay	...	Mathematics.
Kalipada Basu	...	Chemistry.
Kalipada Dasgupta	...	Chemistry.
Kshitindrachandra Dhar	...	Mathematics.
Meseruddin Miah	...	Physics.
Muhammad Mawla Boksh	...	Physics.
Munindrachandra Talapatra	...	Mathematics.
Nagendranath Basu	...	Physics.
Pramodranjan Guha	...	Mathematics.
Robinikanta Lahirichaudhuri	...	Physics.
Saileschandra Barari	...	Mathematics.
Sudhindranath Sen	...	Chemistry.
Sudhirkumar Pal	...	Mathematics.
Sunirmalchandra Sengupta	...	Chemistry.

The undermentioned candidates who have failed to qualify for Honours but have obtained the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree are admitted to the Ordinary Degree of Bachelor of Science :—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHYSICS.

Sukhamay Purkayastha.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY.

Nalinikanta Ray.	Rajaryamohan Ray.
Narendranath Dasgupta.	Satyranjan Sengupta.
Prakaschandra Sengupta.	Sureschandra De.

EXAMINATION IN SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS OF
B. Sc. HONOURS SCHOOLS, 1926.

The following candidates have passed the two subsidiary subjects :—

(In alphabetical order.)

HONOURS SCHOOL OF PHYSICS.

Narendrachandra Mahalanabis.	Pareschandra Sengupta.
Dhirajkumar Bhattacharyya.	Pramathanath Sengupta.
Nripendrachandra Ray.	Srischandra Basu.

HONOURS SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY.

Anilkumar Das.	Niharchandra Ray.
Chandrakumar Pal.	Pareschandra Nandi.
Debendranath Datta.	Phanindrachandra Majumdar.
Hemenranath Pal.	Pramodbihari Bhattacharyya.
Hrishikes Chattopadhyay.	Saileschandra Ray.
Jitendranath Pal.	Satyabrata Dasgupta.
Kshitichandra Chakrabarti.	Sukhendrachandra Pal.
Md. Abdul Hye.	Surendrachandra Hazra.
Upendranath Bhaduri.	

HONOURS SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS.

Haraprasad Bhattacharyya.

The following candidates have passed in one subsidiary subject mentioned against their names :—

HONOURS SCHOOL OF CHEMISTRY.

Chandrabhinod Chakrabarti.	... Mathematics.
Kshitindrakumar Majumdar.	... Ditto.
Sachinframohan Pal.	... Physics.
Sailendramohan Sengupta.	... Mathematics.

B. COM. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class II.

Amulyachandra Das.	Gobindalal Das.
Bijaykrishna Bandyopadhyay.	Indubhushan Bhattacharyya.
Durgaprasanna Chakrabarti.	Jitendranath Bhattacharyya.

Khondkar Fazlur Rahman.	Pramathanath Mukhopadhyay.
Kshititosh Bandyopadhyay.	Priyanath Das.
Kuleswar Bhattacharyya.	Sudhirschandra Bhattacharyya.
Mir Majed Ally.	Surendrachandra Das.
Motaher Uddin Khan.	Usharanjan Ghosh.
Narendranath Guharay.	

The following candidate having failed in one subject only and having obtained the minimum aggregate required will be allowed to take the examination again by presenting himself at the next examination only in the subject indicated against his name :—

Sudhirschandra Ghosh ... Accountancy.

B. T. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class I.

Abdus Samad (1).	Jitendranath Mukherjee (7).
Debicharan Chatterjee (5).	Kalimohan Sarmaadhikari.
Jatindrachandra Guha (2) (4).	Makhanlal Chakrabarti (4).
Sarojkumar Sengupta (1) (3) (6).	

Class II.

Abdul Hakim.	Bidhubhushan Chatterjee.
Abdul Majid.	Boloram Dowerah.
Abdul Mannan Khan.	Debendrachandra De.
Abinaschandra Chaudhuri (5).	Gholam Rabbani Ahmed.
Azizur Rahman.	Habibuddin Ahmed.
Bamacharan Bhattacharyya.	Hafizuddin Akhund.
Banamali Bhattacharyya.	Hassan Jamal.
Bashir Uddin Ahmed.	Indreswar Mohanta.

- N.B.—(1) Mark of proficiency in educational measurement.
 (2) Mark of proficiency in English and method of teaching the subject.
 (3) Mark of proficiency in Mathematics and method of teaching the subject.
 (4) Mark of proficiency in History and method of teaching the subject.
 (5) Mark of proficiency in Art and Manual work.
 (6) Mark of proficiency in Geography and method of teaching the subject.
 (7) Mark of proficiency in Bengali and method of teaching the subject.

Jagannath Boruwa.	Obisor Roy Khongwir.
Jaminikumar Bhattacharyya.	Pramathanath Chatterjee.
Jasodaranjan Das.	Praphullachandra Banerjee (7).
Jnanendramohan Barma (1)	Pranjuran Baidya.
(3).	Priyanath Ghosh.
Kaliprasad Bhaumik.	Rabindrakumar Mitra.
Kustumbihari Chakrabarti.	Rajkumar De.
Mahbub Ali Chowdhry.	Rameschandra Sengupta.
Md. Badrudduja Choudhury.	S. Balasubramania Ayyar.
Mohammad Harunur Rashid.	Serajul Islam Bluiiah.
Muhammed Abdur Rashid	Sureschandra Chakrabarti.
Chaudhuri.	Syed Abdul Halim.
Mullock Hussain.	Upendrakumar Naha.
Nagendranath Sarkar.	Zal. Dadabhai Cooper.
Nibarauchandra Ray.	

Class III.

Abdul Hai.	Prasannakumar Sarkar.
Abhiram Talukdar.	Rahim Baksh Mian.
Aftabuddin Ahmed.	Sarbarinath Chakrabarti.
Jyotishchandra Banerjee.	Surendranarain Mitra.
Keshabram Nath.	Sureschandra Thakur.
Nalinikanta Mahatta.	U. Borsingh Gynpad.

- N.B.—(1) Mark of proficiency in educational measurement.
 (2) Mark of proficiency in English and method of teaching the subject.
 (3) Mark of proficiency in Mathematics and method of teaching the subject.
 (4) Mark of proficiency in History and method of teaching the subject.
 (5) Mark of proficiency in Art and Manual work.
 (6) Mark of proficiency in Geography and method of teaching the subject.
 (7) Mark of proficiency in Bengali and method of teaching the subject.

I. T. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class II.

Anantachandra Deka.	Paresnath Mukhopadhyay.
Mitradeb Mahanta.	Radhacharan Das.
Nareschandra Das.	

Class III.

Abdul Majed.	| Fatikchandra Gogoi.
	Jnanranjan Pal.

PRELIMINARY M. A. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

ENGLISH.

Fazlul Huq.	| Jogendranath Niyogi.
	Kulabhushan Chakrabarti.

SANSKRITIC STUDIES.

Dwarkanath Nath.

SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Manindramohan Chatterjee.	Manindranath Lahiri.
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PERSIAN.

Abdul Ghani.	Jalu Mia.
Ahmad Ali Khan	Md. Abdus Samad.
Golam Martuza.	Mohammad Abdus Satter.

PHILOSOPHY.

Birendrachandra Das.	| Janakinath Chathati.
Hirendranath Ray.	| Nazir Ahmad.
	Rathindrakumar Guharay.

HISTORY.

Abdul Mannan.	| Chandrasekhar Gupta.
Brajendrakumar Sarkar.	| Mohammad Shamsazzoha.
	Sasibhushan Chaudhuri.

ECONOMICS.

Abul Fazal Md. Masudur	| Dhirendramohan Chakrabarti.
Rahman.	| Khagendranath Sengupta.
Arunkumar Mukherjee.	Trailakyanath Das.

MATHEMATICS.

Fazilatan Nessa.	Priyanath De.
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PRELIMINARY M. SC. EXAMINATION, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

PHYSICS.

Kshitishchandra Bhatta-
charyya.

Sudhirschandra Chakrabarti.

CHEMISTRY.

nanendramohan Dasgupta.

Rukminikisor Dattaray.

FINAL B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION, January, 1926.

(In alphabetical order.)

Class I.

Bhubanmohan Raychaudhuri. | Nareschandra Chakrabarti.
Sachindrakumar Chaudhuri.

Class II.

Abdur Rohoman Barbhuya.
Dharmabrata Sinharay.
Fazlar Rohaman.
Hafizul Islam.
Haladhar Bhaumik.
Hafendrachandra Ray.
Hiranyakumar Bandyo-
padhyay.
Iswarchandra Sarma.
Krishnachandra Pal.
Kulachandra Bhaumik.
Mahboobur Rahman.
Manadacharan Chakrabarti.Manindralal Das.
Manmathakumar Ray
Md. Abdur Rasid.
Pareschandra Ray.
Praphullakumar Mitra
Prasannachandra Saha.
Pratulchandra Dasbhaumik.
Rameschandra Majumdar.
Ram Lal Sarkar.
Shahed Ali.
Surendrakumar Aich.
Yousof Hossain Choudhury.

The following candidates have failed in the subject or subjects noted against their names and are entitled, at their option, either to sit for the whole of Part II again or take only the paper or papers in which they have failed, at the next following examination. But if they fail to pass as a result of this supplementary examination, they will be required to take all the papers originally offered by them for Part II at a subsequent examination:—

Abdul Aziz	...	1. Law of Contracts and Torts.
		2. Constitutional Law.

Jyotirmay Biswas	...	Jurisprudence.
Kisorimohan Sarkar	...	Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
Tofazzal Hussain	...	Law of Crimes.

B. L. EXAMINATION, PART I, January, 1926.

The undermentioned candidates have passed the B.L. Examination, Part I, held in January, 1926, in the subjects noted against their names:—

(In alphabetical order.)

A. S. M. Azizullah	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Abdul Awal	...	R. H. M. C. J.
Abdul Jabbar Khan	...	R. H. J. Cr.
Abdus Satter Chowdry	...	R. H. M. C. J. Con.
Amcer Ali Khan	...	R. H. M. J. S. Con.
Anathbandhu Das	...	R. H. M. C. J.
Anilchandra Ray	...	R. H. M. J.
Anukulchandra Datta	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Aswinikumar. Das, I	...	R. H. M. J. L.
Azizuddin Ahmad	...	R. H. J. Cr.
Bankimchandra Ghosh	...	R. H. M. J.
Basudhakanta Das	...	R. H. M. E. Con.
Benimadhab Bhaumik	...	R. H. M. J. E. Con.
Bimalananda Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Binodbihari Pal	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Binodkumar Sen	...	R. H. M. C. J. Con.
Chintaharan Ray	...	R. H. M. J. E. Con.
Debendranath Chaudhuri	...	R. H. M. C. J. S.
Dhirendrachandra Ganguli	...	R. H. M. J.
Dhirendranarayan Deray	...	R. H. M. J. Con.

Abbreviations used: R stands for Roman Law.
H " " Hindu Law.
M " " Muhammadan Law.
C " " Law of Contracts and Torts.
J " " Jurisprudence.
S " " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
L " " Land Laws of Bengal.
Cr. " " Law of Crimes.
E " " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
Con. " " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

Digendralal Desarkar	...	R. H. M. J.
Digindramohan Talukdar	...	R. H. M. J.
Dineschandra Mukherjee	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Dineschandra Sarkar	...	R. H. M. J.
Dwijendrakisor Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Dwijendrakuntar Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Fazlat Rahman	...	R. H. C. J. Cr.
Harikumar Nath	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Hemantakumar Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Hemchandra Mukherjee	...	R. H. M. J. S. E.
Jalal Ahmed	...	R. H. M. C. J. Con.
Jasodakumar Ray	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Jatindramohan De	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Jitendrachandra Datta	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Jitendranath Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. S.
Jogeschandra Sinha	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Kalipada Chakrabarti	...	R. H. J. Cr. E.
Kamakhyaacharan De	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Khurshiduddin Ahmad	...	R. H. M. Con.
Krishnalal Saha	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Kshitischandra Ray, II	...	R. H. M. J. L. Cr.
Lalitmohan Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. Con.
Lalitmohan Saha	...	R. H. M. Con.
Mahadeb Mandal	...	R. H. M. J. S. Con.
Mahendrachandra Chakrabarti	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Maheschandra Karmakar	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Makhanlal Chaudhuri	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Manindrakisor Ray	...	R. H. C. J.
Manmathanath Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. J. Cr.
Manomohan Pal	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Masaddar Ali	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Md. Nurul Huda	...	R. H. J. Cr.
Mir Feda Ali	...	R. H. M. Con.
Mir Moazzam Ali	...	R. H. M. C. J. Con.
Mohammed Ismail Khan	...	R. H. M. J. Con.

Abbreviations used : R stands for Roman Law.
H " " Hindu Law.
M " " Muhammadan Law.
C " " Law of Contracts and Torts.
J " " Jurisprudence.
S " " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
L " " Land Laws of Bengal.
Cr. " " Law of Crimes.
E " " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
Con. " " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

Nagendrachandra De	...	R. H. M. C. J. E. Con.
Nandalal Mukhopadhyay	...	R. H. M. J. E. Con.
Narendramohan Saha	...	R. H. M. S. Con.
Niradchandra Ghosh	...	R. H. M. S. Con.
Nirmalchandra Sen	...	R. H. M. S.
Nripendralal Chaudhuri	..	R. H. M. J. S.
Paresnath Banik	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Pramathanath Datta	...	R. H. M. Con.
Prasannakumar Saha	...	R. H. M. J. S. Con.
Rajendrachandra Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Rajendrakisor Das	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Rajkumar Datta	...	R. H. J. Cr. E.
Ramanikumar Dattagupta	...	H. M. C. J. E.
Rameschandra Bhattacharyya	...	R. H. M. Con. J.
Rameskiran Pal	...	R. H. M. C.
Sachindrakumar Gupta	...	R. H. J. Cr. E.
Safaruddin	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Saileschandra Sarkar	...	R. H. M. J. Con.
Sarojkumar Basu	...	R. H. M. J.
Sasibhushan De	...	R. H. M. C. S.
Sikder Ali	...	R. H. M. C. S.
Siteschandra Deb	...	R. H. M. J.
Srinathchandra Saha	...	R. H. M. J. S. Con.
Subodhchandra Datta	...	R. H. M. J.
Surabindu Sengupta	...	R. H. M. S.
Sureschandra Ghosh	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Sureschandra Raychaudhuri	...	R. H. M. J. S.
Suruj Meah	...	R. H. M. J. S. Con.
Suryyakanta Nath	...	R. H. M. J. E.
Syed Ramzan Ali	...	R. H. M. S.
Upendrakumar Saha	...	R. H. C. Cr. E.

Abbreviations used: R stands for Roman Law.
H " " Hindu Law.
M " " Muhamadan Law.
C " " Law of Contracts and Torts.
J " " Jurisprudence.
S " " Law of Persons and Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession.
L " " Land Laws of Bengal.
Cr. " " Law of Crimes.
E " " Law of Evidence and Civil Procedure.
Con. " " Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

The undermentioned candidates, have passed the B.L. Examination, Part I, in the subjects noted against their names,

on the results of the supplementary examination held in January, 1926 :—

Purnachandra Ray	...	1. Hindu Law, 2. Jurisprudence.
Sureschandra Ray	...	2. Jurisprudence, 2. Constitutional Law and History of English Law.

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PART VII.

Scholarships, Medals and Prizes.

SCHOLARSHIPS AWARDED DURING THE SESSION 1924-25.

	Names of holders.	Valug. Rs.	
Government Research Stu- dentships for 1 year.	1. Satish Chandra De ...	100	p.m.
	2. Syed Moazzam Hossain ...	100	"
University Research Stu- for 1 year.	1. Susil Chandra Biswas ...	75	"
	2. Kshitishchandra Choudhuri ...	75	"
	3. Satyendrakumar Das ...	75	"
	4. Prankumar De ...	75	"
	5. Hirendramohan Sengupta ...	75	"
Government Graduate Scho- larships for 1 year.	1. Samarendra Gupta ...	40	"
	2. Md. Abdul Aziz ...	40	"
	3. Kumud Ranjan Choudhuri ...	30	"
	4. Bhabesh Kumar Sdm ...	30	"
	5. Hedayetul Islam ...	30	"
	6. Fazlul Karim ...	30	"
University Post-Graduate Scholarships for 1 year.	1. Manmatha Nath Bhatta- charyya ...	32	"
	2. Abdul Jabbar Khan ...	32	"
	3. Prafulla Chandra Mukher- jee ...	32	"
	4. Bishad Bhusan Das Gupta ...	32	"
	5. Fayezuddin Khanqakar ...	32	"
	6. Md. Moslehuddin ...	32	"
	7. Hafizur Rahman ...	32	"
	8. Jadulal Mukherjee ...	16	"
	9. Mahendra Kumar De ...	16	"
	10. Arun Kumar Dutta ...	16	"
	11. Kamakhyaranjan Sen ...	16	"
	12. Ramaniranjan Biswas ...	32	"
	13. Purna Chandra Bala ...	32	"
	14. Probodh Chandra Lahiri ...	32	"
	15. Narendra Nath Bhatta- charyya ...	32	"
	16. Md. Fazlul Karim ...	32	"
	17. Hem Chandra Das ...	32	"
Raja Kalinarayan Scholar- ship for 1 year.	1. Paresb Chandra Bhatta- charyya ...	40	"
One Government special Graduate Scholarship for depressed class students for 1 year.	1. Bepin Chandra Nath ...	30	"

AWARD OF 1923-24.

	Names of holders.	Value. Rs.
Two Government special Graduate scholarships for Muhammedans for 1 year.	1. Abdur Rahman	... 25 p.m.
	2. Nurul Huda	... 25 "
	3. Nuruddin Ahmad	... 25 "
	4. Md. Turab Ali	... 25 "

AWARD OF 1923-24.

Government Special Law Scholarships for 2 years.	1. Mahadev Mandal	... 10 "
	2. Faizuddin Ahmad	... 10 "
	3. Abdul Gafur Kazi	... 10 "
	4. Abdul Aziz	... 10 "
	5. Md. Manirul Huque Bhuyan	... 10 "
	6. Madhusudan Biswas	... 10 "
Fuller Memorial continuation Scholarship for 2 years.	1. Muhammad Nazir Hossain	25
Jack Memorial Muhammedan Settlement Scholarships for 2 years.	1. Md. Yakub Ali	... 90 per annum
	2. Abdur Raquib	... 90 "
One Government* special Senior Scholarship for depressed classes awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, for 2 years.	1. Debendra Chandra Nath	... 15 per month

AWARD OF 1923-24.

6 Government Special Senior Scholarships for Muhammedans awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, 3 years.	1. Golam Ambia Talukdar	... 10 p.m.
	2. Zahiruddin Ahmad	... 10 "
	3. Md. Abdus Sattar	... 10 "
	4. Abdul Halim	... 10 "
	5. Abdur Rahim	... 10 "
	6. Moslehuddin Ahmad	... 10 "
	7. Saifuddin Ahmad	... 10 "
	8. Muhammad Idris	... 10 "
	9. Muhammad Hussain Ali	... 10 "
	10. Abul Khair Ahmed Khan	... 10 "
	11. Fazlur Rahman	... 10 "
	12. Abu Musa Azharul Islam Bhuyan	... 10 "
5 Government Scholarships awarded on the results of the Islamic Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, for 3 years.	1. Serajul Huque	... 15 "
	2. Syed Abdul Mabud	... 15 "
	3. Abdur Faruk Muhammad Narullah	... 15 "
	4. Abdul Majid	... 15 "
	5. Syed Habibur Rahman	... 15 "

	Names of holders.	Value. Rs.
Special University Scholarships to 3rd year Honours students for 1 year.	1. Sachindranaryan Choudhury ...	20 p.m.
	2. Labanya Mohan Das ...	15 "
	3. Ashrafuddin ...	10 "
	4. Abdul Aziz ...	10 "
One University Graduate Scholarship for depressed class students for one year only.	1. (a) Bishnu Ranjan Samajpati ...	16 "
	(b) Madhusudhan Biswas ...	16 "
Government special Scholarship awarded on the combined results of the Intermediate Examinations in Arts and Science of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Rasiklal Das ...	15 "
Government Mohsin Scholarships awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Serajul Karim	
Government special Scholarship for Muhammadans awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Abdul Majid Chondhury ...	10 "
Government Senior Scholarship awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Upendra Nath Bhaduri ...	25 "
Miscellaneous Scholarships awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.	1. Abdul Hakim ...	20 "
	2. Matindra Chandra Bardhan ...	20 "
	Special award of 1923-24.	
	3. Faizal Haque ...	10 "

MEDALS AND PRIZES.

The Pope Memorial Medal.	1. Timotharan Mukherjee ...	37 per annum.
The Brenand Prize.	1. Paresli Chandra Bhattacharya ...	35 "

	Names of holders.	Value. Rs.
Abhoy Chandra Das Memorial Prize.	1. Paresch Chandra Bhattacharyya ...	80 per annum.
Prizes of books to the value of Rs. 100/- each awarded to students of the University who stood first in the first Division in each Branch of the M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations, held in 1924.	1. Abaninmohan Bandyopadhyaya ...	50
	2. Manmathanath Guha ...	50
	3. Hirendra Mohan Sen Gupta ...	100
	4. Pran Kumar De ...	100
	5. Surendra Chandra Chakrabarti ...	100
	6. Prahlad Chandra Gope ...	100
	7. Abu Nasr Md. Saleh ...	50
	8. Ganganath Bhattacharyya ...	50
	9. Md. Abul Fazl Syed Ahmed ...	100
	10. Syed Moazzam Hossain ...	100
	11. Khitish Chandra Choudhury ...	100
	12. Nihar Chandra Chakravarti ...	100

SCHOLARSHIPS AWARDED DURING THE SESSION 1925-26.

1. Research studentships of the value of Rs. 75/- each p.m., tenable in the first instance for one year only, awarded by the University on the results of the M.A. & M.Sc. examinations (1925).	1. Faiz-uddin Khundkar.	
	2. Bhabes Kumar Som.	
	3. Jadulal Mukherjee.	
	4. Dharendra Chandra Ganguli.	
2. Post-Graduate scholarships awarded by the University for one year only (1925-26).	1. Kalipada Bandyopadhyaya ...	Rs. 32
	2. Abdul Latif ...	32
	3. Asrafuddin ...	32
	4. Abdul Malek Chowdhury ...	32
	5. Nagendra Kumar Chaudhuri ...	32
	6. Abdul Aziz ...	32
	7. Nirodbhusan Ray ...	32
	8. Sadhir Chandra Gupta ...	32
	9. Amiya Kumar Das Gupta ...	32
	10. Sushil Kumar Kusari ...	32
	11. Sachindra Narayan Chaudhuri ...	32
	12. Munindra Mohan Mitra ...	32
	13. Jnanendra Mohan Das Gupta ...	32
	14. Nripendranarayan Pal ...	32
	15. Miss Fazilatun Nessa ...	32
3. Post-Graduate scholarships awarded by Government, for one year only (1925-26).	1. Momtazuddin Ahmad ...	40
	2. Labanya Mohan Das ...	40
	3. Muhammad Nur Baksh ...	32
	4. Manmathanath Chaudhuri ...	32

Names of holders.		Rs.
Reserved for Muhammadans & members of backward classes.	5. Muhammad Abdul Hafez	... 32
	6. Yakub Ali	... 32
Reserved for poor but deserving Muhammadans.	7. Nazir Ahmad	... 25
	8. Rakibuddin Ahmad	... 25
Reserved for depressed classes.	9. Amrita Lal Nath	... 30
4. The Raja Kalinarayan scholarship of Rs. 40/- p.m. (20+20).	1. Ganesh Charan Basu.	
5. State scholarship in Arabic of the value of £300 a year tenable in England for three years from October, 1926.	1. Syed Moazzam Hossain.	
6. Govt. Research scholarships of the value of Rs. 100/- a month renewed for 1925-26, by the D.P.I., Bengal.	1. Satis Chandra De. 2. Syed Moazzam Hossain.	
7. A University Post-Graduate scholarship of Rs. 32/- p.m. reserved for students of the depressed classes, renewed for 1925-26 & divided equally between two students.	1. Bishnuram Samajpati. 2. Madhusudan Biswas.	
8. Two entrance scholarships of Rs. 20/- each p.m. awarded by the D.P.I., Bengal.	1. Majidul Haque. 2. Majumdar Muhammad Idris. (Rs. 20/- reduced to Rs. 15/- p.m.) by A. C. of 4-12-25.	
9. Special Govt. Law scholarships of Rs. 10/- each p.m. extended for 1925-26, by the D.P.I., Bengal.	1. Mahadev Mandal. 2. Fazaruddin Ahmad. 3. Abdul Gafur Hazi.	
10. Second grade senior scholarship of Rs. 20/- p.m. awarded by the Secy., Board of Intermediate & Secondary Education, Dacca, in 1923 renewed for 1925-26 by D.P.I., Bengal.	1. Dwijendra Nath Das Gupta.	

Names of holders.

11. Special senior scholarships for Muhammadans of the value of Rs. 10/- p.m. renewed by the D.P.I., Bengal, for 1925-26.
 1. Abdul Wadud I.*
 2. Faizal Haque.
12. Three Special Law scholarships (Govt.) for Muhammadans & students of the backward classes of the value of Rs. 10/- each a month for 1925-26 awarded by the D.P.I., Bengal.
 1. Montazuddin.
 2. Oli Mian.
 3. Rohini Kumar Sikdar.
13. Six special senior scholarships of the value of Rs. 10/- each p.m. tenable for three years, reserved for poor but deserving Muhammadan students, awarded by the Dacca Int. Board.
 1. Mazumdar Muhammad Idris.
 2. Sheik Muhammad Patwari.
 3. Muhammad Idris.
 4. Rezzakuddin Dewan.
 5. Khondakar Muhammad Hasan.
 6. Abdul Wadud.
14. Five scholarships of the value of Rs. 15/- each p.m. tenable for three years, awarded on the results of the Islamic Int. Examination of the Dacca Board.
 1. Abul Farh Muhammad Abdul Haq.
 2. Sheik Abdur Rahim.
 3. Muhammad Yusuf Sirajuddin Ahmad
 4. Muhammad Abdul Awwal.
 5. Abul Faiz Muhammad Nurul Huda.
15. Two stipends of Rs. 10/- each p.m. tenable for three years awarded on the results of the Islamic Int. Examination of the Dacca Board.
 1. Muhammad Abdul Quader.
 2. (vacant).
16. Four Govt. Stipends of Rs. 5/- each p.m. tenable for two years, reserved for 1st year B.A. & B.Sc. & B. Com. students of the Muslim Hall.
 1. Naziruddin Ahmad.
 2. Kafiluddin Ahmad.
 3. Md. Moazzam Hosain Khan.
 4. Md. Akhtaruzzaman.
17. Two Sir Ahsanullah stipends of Rs. 6/- each p.m. for Muhammadan students, tenable for one year only (1925-26).
 1. Ghiasuddin Ahmad.
 2. Abdul Latif.

Names of holders.

Rs.

18. Two Jack Muhammadan settlement scholarships of Rs. 90/- each per annum, for resident students of the Muslim Hall.

1. Abdul Jabbar.
2. Md. Mobarek Ali Mia.

19. The Nawab, Nawab Ali stipends tenable for one year only by students of the Muslim Hall.

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|---------------------------------|-----|-----|----|
| 1. Ali Acks | ... | ... | 8 |
| 2. Abdul Wadud | ... | ... | 5 |
| 3. Abdul Mannan | ... | ... | 5 |
| 4. Fazlul Haque | ... | ... | 6 |
| 5. Md. Runus | ... | ... | 8 |
| 6. Syed Sawab Ali | ... | ... | 8 |
| 7. Md. Sanaullah | ... | ... | 5 |
| 8. Md. Serajul Islam | ... | ... | 5 |
| 9. Saadat Hussain Khan | ... | ... | 5 |
| 10. Md. Serajuddin | ... | ... | 5 |
| 11. Khondkar Md. Tazmal Hussain | ... | ... | 10 |
| 12. A. K. M. Abdul Aziz | ... | ... | 5 |
| 13. Ali Ahmed | ... | ... | 5 |

Dacca Hall

20. Entrance stipends for Halls, awarded in 1925-26 by the A. C.

- | | | |
|-------------------------|-----|----|
| 1. Anil Kumar Chanda | ... | 15 |
| 2. Surendra Chandra Das | ... | 10 |
| 3. Tejomaya Ghosh | ... | 5 |
| 4. Pulin Behari Sarkar | ... | 10 |

Jagannath Hall.

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|---------------------------|-----|----|
| 5. Kalipada De Bhownik | ... | 15 |
| 6. Suresh Chandra Datta | ... | 10 |
| 7. Hridayranjan Sen Gupta | ... | 10 |

Muslim Hall.

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|---|-----|----|
| 8. Majumdar Abdul Motaleb Mian | ... | 15 |
| 9. A. F. M. Abdul Haq | ... | 15 |
| 10. Abdur Rauf | ... | 15 |
| 11. Abdul Wadud | ... | 12 |
| 12. Kazi Mahtab Ali | ... | 12 |
| 13. Md. Idris | ... | 12 |
| 14. Sheik Abdur Rahim (Rs. 12/- reduced to Rs. 10/- by A. C. of 8-1-26) | ... | 10 |
| 15. Mahbub Ali Khah | ... | 12 |
| 16. Abdus Sadeque | ... | 12 |
| 17. Azhar Ali Khan | ... | 12 |

21. Special College scholarship of Rs. 10/- a month extended for two years from 1-5-25 by the D. P. I., Assam.

1. Gopesh Chandra Das.

Names of holders.

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|---|---|
| 22. Special senior scholarship of Rs. 15/- a month for two years from 1-5-25, awarded by the D. P. I. Assam. | 1. Surendra Chandra Das. |
| 23. Second grade senior scholarships of Rs. 20/- each p.m. tenable for two years from 1st June, 1925, awarded by the Board of Institute and Secondary Education, Dacca. | 1. Tejomaya Ghosh.
2. Sasanka Sekhar Chakraborty. |
| 24. Special scholarships of Rs. 10/- each a month for Muhammadans, tenable for two years from 1st June, 1925, awarded by the Secy. Dacca Int. Board. | 1. Abdus Sadeque.
2. Mazumdar Abdul Motaleb Mian. |
| 25. Special scholarships for Muhammadans, of the value of Rs. 10/- each a month, for two years from 1st June, 1925, awarded by the Asst. D.P.I. for Muhammadan Education, Bengal. | 1. Naziruddin Ahmad.
2. Abdul Mannan. |
| 26. Mohsin Fund senior stipends of Rs. 5/- a month each, tenable for two years from 1st June, 1925, awarded by Secy. Dacca Int. Board. | 1. Muhammad Akhtaruzzaman.
2. Abdul Mobarek. |
| 27. Mohsin Fund senior stipends of Rs. 5/- each a month, tenable for two years from the 1st June, 1925, awarded by the Asst. D.P.I. for Muhammadan Education, Bengal. | 1. Abdul Hai.
2. Majidul Haque.
3. Mohammad Eunus |

Names of holders.

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| 28. Mohsin Fund Senior stipend of Rs. 5/- per mensem, tenable for two years from 1st June, 1925, awarded by Secy. Dacca, Int. Board. | 1. Muhammad Mirjahan. |
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MEDALS AND PRIZES AWARDED IN 1925-26.

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| 1. The Pope Memorial gold Medal of Rs. 37/- | Kalipada Banerjee. |
| The Brennaud Prize of Rs. 35/- | Satiprasanna Bhaumik. |
| 3. The Ajhoy Chandra Das Memorial prize of books worth Rs. 80/- only. | Ganes Charan Basu. |
| 4. Prizes of the value of Rs. 100/- each, awarded on the results of the M.A. & M.Sc. examinations of the Dacca University, 1925. | 1. Probodh Chandra Lahiri. (Sanskritic Studies).
2. Salehuddin Ahmad. (Philosophy).
3. Kumudranjan Chaudhuri. (Economics).
4. Paizuddin Khundkar. (Persian).
5. Arun Kumar Datta. (Physics).
6. Prafulla Chandra Mukherjee. (History).
7. Abdul Kaddus Chaudhury. (History).
8. Fazlul Karim. (Arabic).
9. Paresh Chandra Bhattacharyya. (Mathematics).
10. Muhammad Mostehuddin. (Islamic Studies). Rs. 50/-.
11. Md. Abdul Aziz. (Islamic Studies) Rs. 50/-.
12. Manindra Nath Chakladar. (Organic Chemistry).
13. Samarendra Gupta. (Physical Chemistry). Rs. 50/-.
14. Jadulal Mukherjee. (Physical Chemistry). Rs. 50/-. |
| 5. The Lewis Silver Medal of Rs. 20/- for 1926. | No award was made. |
| The Khaw Bahadur Momen prize of Rs. 35/- for 1926. | Amiya Ranjan Datta. |

PART VIII.

List of Registered Graduates.

REGISTERED GRADUATES FOR LIFE

(Non-Muhammadans.)

(DURING THE SESSION 1921—22.)

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Rai Sasanka Coomar Ghose Bahadur, B.L.</p> <p>2. Mr. Kiran Coomer Ghose, M.A.</p> <p>3. „ Pankaj Coomer Ghose, B.L.</p> <p>4. „ Jogneswar Das Gupta, B.A.</p> <p>5. Rai Sarada Prosad Sen Bahadur, B.L.</p> <p>6. Mr. Radha Govinda Basak, M.A.</p> <p>7. „ Hem Chandra Biswas, M.A., B.L.</p> <p>8. „ Debendra Kumar Mitter, M.A., LL.B.</p> | <p>9. Pandit Priya Nath Vidya-bhusan, M.A.</p> <p>10. Mr. Hari Das Sen, M.Sc.</p> <p>11. „ Umesh Chandra Bhattacharyya, M.A., B.L.</p> <p>12. „ R. K. Doss, B.A., Barrister-at-Law.</p> <p>13. „ Birendra Mohan Ghosh, B.A.</p> <p>14. „ Kshitish Chandra Neogy, B.L.</p> <p>15. „ Jogendra Mohan Datta, B.A., B.T.</p> <p>16. Rai Sahib Devendra Kumar Ray, M.A.</p> |
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REGISTERED GRADUATES FOR LIFE

(Non-Muhammadans.)

(DURING THE SESSION 1922—23.)

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>1. Mr. Hari Charan Chakravarty, B.A.</p> <p>3. Mr. S. C. Majumdar, Barrister-at-Law.</p> | <p>2. Mr. Suresh Chandra Nag, B.A.</p> |
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REGISTERED GRADUATES FOR LIFE

(Muhammadans.)

(DURING THE SESSION 1921—22.)

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1. Mr. Muhammad Nurul Huq Chowdhury, M.A., B.L.</p> <p>„ Abdur Rub Chowdhury, M.A., B.L.</p> <p>3. „ Abul Muzaffar Ahmad, B.C.L., Barrister-at-Law.</p> <p>4. „ Kalim Uddin Ahmad, B.A.</p> | <p>5. Khan Bahadur Zahirul Huq, B.A.</p> <p>6. Mr. Mahammad Sadiq Khan, M.A.</p> <p>7. „ Abdul Siddique, B.L.</p> <p>8. „ Abdul Gafur, B.A.</p> <p>9. „ Khabiruddin Ahmad, B.A., B.T.</p> <p>10. „ Abul Tasnat Md. Abdul Hye, B.A.</p> |
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REGISTERED GRADUATE FOR LIFE

(Muhammadans).

(DURING THE SESSION 1922—23.)

1. Mr. Md. Hasan, M.A.

(DURING THE SESSION 1923—24.)

1. Mr. Abdur Rahman Khan, M.A., B.T.

REGISTERED GRADUATES

(Non-Muhammadans).

(DURING THE SESSION 1924—25.)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Mr. Nirmal Chandra Pal,
M.A., B.L. | 22. Mr. Bepin Behari Basak,
B.Sc., B.L. |
| 2. „ Amulyaratan Guha, B.L. | 23. „ Chinta Haran Chowdhury, B.L. |
| 3. „ Saroj Kanta Chowdhury,
B.A. | 24. „ Abani Kumar Roy, B.L. |
| 4. „ Charu Chandra Chakravartty, B.A. | 25. „ Jyotish Chandra Ghoshal,
M.A. |
| 5. „ Sasanka Sekhar Bhattacharjee, B.A., B.T. | 26. „ Pyari Mohan Banik, B.L. |
| 6. „ Anulya Kumar Datta
Gupta, M.A., B.L. | 27. „ Bijoy Sankar Sen Gupta,
B.A., B.T. |
| 7. „ Jyotish Chandra Chowdhury, B.A. | 28. „ Bhabasankar Sen Gupta,
B.L. |
| 8. „ Paresh Nath Roy, B.L. | 29. „ Nirmal Kumar Sen, M.A. |
| 9. „ Sukumar Ganguli, M.A. | 30.* „ Harendra Nath Datta,
M.Sc. |
| 10. „ Satis Chandra Majumdar,
B.L. | 31. „ Bhupendra Kishor Basu,
M.Sc., B.L. |
| 11. „ Dimesh Chandra Dutta,
B.A. | 32. „ Manindra Kumar Dutt,
B.A. |
| 12. Rai Suresh Chandra Basu
Bahadur, B.A. | 33. „ Jitendra Nath Bhattacharya, M.A. |
| 13. Mr. Nages Chandra Gupta,
M.A. | 34. „ Saroj Kumar Bose, B.L. |
| 14. „ Kamaleswariprasad
Chakrabarty, B.A. | 35. „ Bhupendra Kumar Basu,
M.A. |
| 15. „ Dinesh Chandra Sen,
B.L. | 36. „ Dharendra Chandra
Chakravarty, B.L. |
| 16.* „ Sukumar Guha, B.L. | 37.* „ Upendra Chandra
Mazumdar, B.L. |
| 17. „ Amal Chandra Bose,
M.A., B.L. | 38. „ Dines Chandra Aich
Choudhury, B.Sc. B.L. |
| 18. „ Jnanranjan Ghosh Chowdhury, B.L. | 39. „ Nirmal Chandra Dutta,
B.A. |
| 19. „ Nalini Ranjan Bandyopadhyaya, B.L. | 40. „ Rabindra Kumar Mitter,
L.A. |
| 20. „ Nikunjabehari Mukhopadhyay, B.L. | 41. „ Satva Prasanna Ghose,
B.L. |
| 21. „ Mohini Mohan Mitra,
B.L. | 42. „ Jitendra Nath Danda,
B.L. |

*Registered Graduates for life.

43. Mr. Kiran Chandra Mukhopadhyaya, B.A.	62. Mr. Sarada Prasanna Ghose, B.A.
44. „ Binoy Bhushan Ghose, B.A.	63. „ Satis Chandra Dutta, B.L.
45. „ Sushil Chandra Dutta, B.A.	64.* „ Supati Ranjan Nag, M.A., B.L.
46. „ Akhil Chandra Chanda, B.Sc., B.L.	65. „ Supratul Chandra Roy, B.A.
47. „ Abhaya Charan Chakrabarty, M.A., B.L.	66. „ Amulya Chandra De Sarkar, B.A.
48. „ Bhabani Charan Guha, M.Sc.	67. „ Nalini Kanta Chakravarty, B.L.
49. „ Aswini Kumar Mitra, B.A.	68. „ Bhupendra Chandra Roy, B.A.
50. „ Basanta Kumar Chakravarty, B.A.	69. „ Sailendra Chandra Banerjee, B.A.
51. „ Dinesh Chandra Mukherji, B.L.	70. „ Ajit Kumar Das, B.A.
52. „ Jogendra Lal Mukerji, B.A.	71. „ Girindra Nath Mukherjee, B.A., B.T.
53. „ Sachindra Mohan Chanda, M.A.	72. „ Jitendra Chandra Mukherjee, B.A.
54. „ Akhileswar Moulik, B.L.	73. „ Khitish Chandra Majumdar, B.A.
55. „ Amulya Mohan Roy, M.A., B.L.	74. „ Debendra Chandra Banerjee, B.A.
56. „ Dharmadas Guha, B.L.	75. „ Joga Chandra Roy, B.A., B.L.
57. „ Nabadwip Chandra Saha, B.L.	76. „ Sudhir Kumar Ghose, M.A., B.L.
58. „ Nalini Chandra Nag, B.L.	77. „ Jyotish Chandra Paul, M.A., B.L.
59. „ Nishi Kanta Das Gupta, B.Sc.	78. „ Sripatiprasanna Ghosh, B.A.
60. „ Pares Nath Basu, M.Sc., B.L.	79. „ Abhimohan Ghosh, B.A.
61. „ Pramode Chandra Bose, B.L.	80. „ Pratul Chandra Sen, M.A., B.L.

REGISTERED GRADUATES

(Muhammadans).

(DURING THE SESSION 1924—25.)

1. Khan Bahadur Maulvi Abdul Aziz, B.A.	9. Mr. Quamaruddin Muhammad, M.A.
2. Khan Bahadur Afzalur Rahman, B.A.	10. „ Abdul Khaque, B.L.
3. Khan Bahadur Muhammad Ismail, B.L.	11. „ Suddat Hosain Chowdhury, B.A.
4. Mr. Naimuddin Ahmad, M.A., B.L.	12. „ Abul Quasem, M.A., B.L.
5. „ Ahshanullah, B.A.	13.* „ Daliluddin Ahmad, B.A.
6. „ Muhammad Yusuf, M.A.	14. „ Jalaluddin Ahmad, B.L.
7. „ Hamidur Rahman, B.A.	15. Dr. Abdullah-Al-Mamun Subrawardy, M.A., Ph.D.
8. Khan Bahadur Syed Abdul Latif, B.L.	16. Mr. Shahabuddin Ahmed, B.L.

*Registered Graduates for life.

17. Mr. Syed Md. Atiqullah, B.L.	40. Mr. Mizanur Rahman, M.A.
18. „ K. Serajuddin Ahmed, B.A., B.T.	41. „ Nuruzzaman, B.A.
19.* „ Montazuddin Ahmed, B.L.	42. „ Md. Aminullah, B.A.
20. „ Enayater Rahman, B.A.	43. „ Nefazuddin Khan, M.A.
21. „ Badiur Rahman, B.Sc.	44. „ Mir Fazle Ali, B.A.
22. „ Mohammad Said Ali, B.A.	45. „ Montazuddin, M.Sc.
23. „ Khandkar Abdul Hanaan, B.A.	46. „ Shamsuddin Ahmed, B.L.
24. „ Quader Bakhsh, M.A.	47. „ A. W. Syeduddin Kheu, B.A.
25. „ Fazlur Rahman, B.A.	48. „ Abdul Aziz, M.A.
26. „ Mobarak Ali, M.A., B.L.	49. „ Mohammad Taherul Islam, M.A.
27. „ Abdul Latif Biswas, B.L.	50. „ Mohamed Yahya, B.A.
28. „ Omdatul Islam, M.Sc.	51. „ Md. Abdur Rahman Bhuiān, B.A.
29. „ Syed Ahmadullah, M.A.	52. „ Altaf Hussain, M.A.
30. „ Syed Anwaruddin Ahmed, M.A., B.L.	53. „ Zahurul Islam, M.A.
31. „ Khalilur Rahman Md. Nurul Islam, M.A.	54. „ Abdul Karim, M.A.
32. „ A. M. Nazir Ahmed, B.A.	55. „ Shahed Ali, M.A.
33. „ Md. Serajul Islam, M.A.	56. „ Moayyidul Islam Borrah, M.A.
34. „ Ataul Hakeem, M.A.	57. „ Syed Jafferuddin Ahmed, M.A.
35. „ Nural Amin, B.A.	58. „ Tyebeddin Ahmed, B.L.
36. „ Jamiluddin Ahmed, B.A.	59. „ Ebrahim Khan, M.A., B.L.
37. „ Abdul Wahab Khan, B.L.	60. „ Yousof Hosain Choudhury, B.A.
38. „ Muhammad Sirajul Islam, M.A.	61. „ Abdul Ghani, B.L.
39. „ A. P. Nurunnabi, B.A.	62. „ Syed Nurul Huq, B.A.
	63. „ A. S. M. Mofakikhkar Hosain Chaudhury, B.A.

REGISTERED GRADUATES

(Non-Muhammadans).

(DURING THE SESSION 1925—26 UP TO 31ST. MARCH.)

1. Mr. Nirmal Chandra Pal, M.A., B.L.	10. Mr. Kamaleswari Prasad Chakrabarti, B.A.
2. „ Guruprasad Bhattacharyya, B.L.	11.* „ Dinesh Chandra Sen, B.T.
3. „ Amulyaratan Guha, B.L.	12. „ Pyari Mohan Banik, B.L.
4. „ Sasanka Shekhar Bhattacharyya, B.A., B.T.	13. „ Suroj Kumar Bose, B.L.
5. „ Amulya Kumar Dutta Gupta, M.A., B.L.	14. „ Dinesh Chandra Aich Chandhuri, B.L.
6. „ Pares Nath Ray, B.L.	15. „ Supratul Chandra Ray, B.A.
7. „ Satis Chandra Majumdar, B.L.	16.* „ Sudhir Coomar Ghosh, M.A., B.L.
8.* „ Nages Chandra Gupta, M.A.	17. „ Sripati Prasanna Ghosh, B.A.
9. „ Prafulla Kumar Chakrabarti, B.L.	18. „ Abala Mohan Ghosh, B.A.

*Registered Graduates for 11fe.

19. Mr. Ananta Nath Ghatak, B.A.	24. Mr. Jnanranjan Ghosh Chow- dhury, B.L.
20. „ Aswini Kumar Bhattacharyya, B.Sc.	25.* „ Hariram Dhar, B.A.
21. „ Kshitish Chandra Basu, M.A., B.L.	26.* „ Manoranjan Ghosh Chow- dhury, B.L.
22. „ Nishi Kanta Das Gupta, B.L.	27. „ Girindra Nath Mukher- jee, B.A., B.T.
23. „ Benoy Bhushan Ghose, B.A.	28. „ Sudhir Chandra Datta, M.A., B.L.
•	29. „ Paresi Nath Basu, M.Sc., B.L.

REGISTERED GRADUATES.

(Muhammadans).

(DURING THE SESSION 1925—26 UP TO 31ST. MARCH.)

1. Mr. Naimuddin Ahmad, M.A., B.L.	10. Khan Bahadur Ataur Rahman, B.A.
2. „ Md. Abdul Wahab, B.L.	11. Khan Bahadur Abdul Aziz, B.A.
3.* „ Omdatul Islam, M.Sc.	12.* Mr. Golam Kibria, B.A.
4.* „ Kazi Abdul Rashid, B.A.	13. Khan Bahadur Md. Ismail, B.L.
5. „ Syed Md. Atiqullah, B.L.	14. Mr. Ahsanullah, B.A.
6.* „ Md. Serajul Islam, M.A.	15.* „ Hamidur Rahman, B.A.
7. Khan Bahadur Afzalur Rahman, B.A.	16. Khan Bahadur Syed Abdul Latif, B.L.
8. Mr. Nefazuddin Khan, M.A.	17. Mr. Enayetur Rahman, B.A.
9. „ Syed Sayeedul Huq, B.A.	18. „ A. S. M. Mofak Khan Tosain Chowdhury,

• • Registered Graduates for life.

PART IX.

Convocations.

CONVOCATION FOR THE CONFERMENT OF DEGREES ON THE GRADUATES OF THE YEAR 1924.

A Convocation was held on Friday, March 6, 1925, at 9 A.M. in the Curzon Hall.

Of the 1167 graduates of the year 1924, including those on whom *ad eundem* degrees were conferred, 62 attended the Convocation and received their diplomas from the Chancellor.

Of the 60 students who were recipients of Scholarships, Prizes and Medals, 48 attended the Convocation and received their certificates of Scholarships, Prizes and Medals from the Chancellor.

The Vice-Chancellor gave the following address in the following terms:—

MY LORD AND CHANCELLOR,

May I take this opportunity of expressing my satisfaction in having my name inscribed on the roll of graduates of this University and my sincere appreciation of the great honour conferred on me by the Academic Council, the Executive Council, the Court and by yourself as Chancellor. I have also to thank you for the kind, the too kind, words in which you have expressed yourself in regard to my work. The honour is one which I shall always value.

May I also venture to congratulate you on behalf of the University, My Lord and Chancellor, on your appointment as Acting Viceroy of India. The news has been received throughout the University with great pleasure.

Although numbers are by no means the sole criterion of the success of a University, I have pleasure in recording another substantial increase on the figures for 1923-24. The numbers in the Faculties of Arts, Science and Law (excluding Education) have risen from 1170 in 1923-24 to 1322 in 1924-25. The total number of students in 1924-25 including 65 students of the Teachers' Training College and 124 students of the Medical School who study Chemistry and Physics at the University has been 1475. The corresponding figure for 1923-24 was 1311.

It is an interesting fact that those numbers include over 70 students from Assam; and the Director of Public Instruction of Assam has alluded in his annual report to the successes of the Assamese students and to their appreciation of the relations

between teachers and students in this University. The Executive Council have asked me to suggest to the Government of Assam that the Province might fairly contribute to the revenues of the University. In your first speech, my Lord and Chancellor, you suggested that the value of the new kind of training we are attempting to give would be recognised outside the walls. I trust that your prophecy is in course of realisation though four years is not long in the history of a University. Only a day or two ago we learnt that two of our physics graduates had been awarded research scholarships by the Cotton Research Committee at Bombay. The practical appreciation from other provinces is particularly welcome.

We value also the appreciation shown by the triennial Oriental Congress which met at Madras in appointing Professor Majumdar as President of the Section of History and Archaeology and by the Science Congress which met at Benares in appointing Professor Ghosh as Chairman of the Section of Chemistry.

The record of work published by members of the staff in 1923-24 maintains the high standard reached in the previous years. From the Department of Sanskrit Studies and Bengali Mahamahopadhyay H. P. Shastri, whose departure we all regret, published two volumes of his great Catalogue of the Sanskrit Mss. in the Library of the Bengal Asiatic Society and a series of Lectures on Magadhan Literature delivered in the University of Patna. Mr. Srish Chandra Chakravarty published another part of his work on Nyasa; Mr. Radhagovinda Basak some historical papers on the History of Bengal; Mr. Shahid-ullah, an essay on Bengali Literature during the Buddhist period. I ought to mention here also the numerous and important contributions to the history of Sanskrit poetics by Dr. S. K. De, Reader in English, whose affections have long been divided between the two departments of Studies. Mr. Wrenn, Head of the Department of English, has published a critical edition of Spenser's *Epithalamion*.

Dr. Majumdar continues his indefatigable researches in Indian History on which he has published four papers. In the Department of Philosophy, Professor Langley has published a paper in the *Hibbert Journal* on Religious Experience and Mr. Haridas Bhattacharyya, several papers in Bengali on philosophical aspects of the Hindu Religion. From the Department of Economics, Mr. Sinha has published two papers on the Early Revenue History of Bengal and on some currency reforms of Hastings; and Mr. K. B. Saha, an interesting and frank study of Middle Class Unemployment in Bengal, which was originally delivered as one of our series of Popular Lectures. From the

Department of Commerce Mr. Jannarkar has published a paper on the Indian Exchange problems also originally delivered as a Lecture in the University. From the Department of Chemistry only 5 papers were published in 1923-24 ; two by Dr. Ghosh jointly with Mr. Kappanna and Mr. Biswas on the electro-deposition of antimony and on the optical properties of solutions, and three papers by Dr. Sircar, jointly with Mr. G. C. Sircar, Mr. S. K. Guha and Mr. D. C. Roy. But the smallness of this number is accidental, for 13 papers are reported as being ready for publication from this large and active department in which some 20 persons—teachers and students—are engaged in research. I am told that Dr. Sircar and a co-worker have just succeeded in synthesising an important aromatic compound of which the existence has long been predicted and which numerous other chemists have sought in vain to produce.

From the Department of Mathematics, Mr. Jyotirmay Ghosh has published papers on the transverse vibrations of a thin rotating rod and on the motion of a viscous liquid while Mr. Harendranath Datta has published a paper on surfaces with plane lines of curvature.

From the Department of Physics, Prof. Jenkins has published a paper on the emission of positive ions from hot tungsten and Mr. Satyendra Nath Bose a paper on the theory of light which was translated and published by the Great German physicist Einstein, with a postscript saying that in his opinion the paper constituted an important advance. As in the case of the Chemistry Department the teachers in many other Departments whose names I have not mentioned have papers or books ready for publication. They will no doubt figure in the speech of my successor next year. But there is one piece of work of general interest to Bengal as a whole which is being actively prosecuted by Mr. West, Reader in Education and Principal of the Training College, with the assistance of his colleagues and pupils, to which I feel bound to draw attention. It deals with a problem in which I have long been interested. As a member of the Calcutta University Commission, I came to the conclusion that far too little time and trouble was devoted to the mother tongue in Bengal, that far too much was spent on English and with results quite incommensurate to the time spent. The problem of a second language in Bengal is in many ways the problem of all but the three or four countries of which the language is in a sense in universal use, countries which produce annually a volume of scientific, technical and learned literature which makes that one language suffice for the needs of the majority of its educated citizens. No one would dream of saying that

Swedish, or Danish, or Dutch, or even Russian would suffice alone for the educated men of those countries; for not only is that so, but except in the case of Russia, of which I dare prophesy nothing, none of these countries is likely in the near future to be able to afford to produce the scientific, technical and learned literature needed by its citizens in order to bring their information up to date. And Bengal, like the other provinces of India comes within the same category; it needs and will probably need for many long years, a second, universal, language. Quite apart from political relations English is the literary language most widely used throughout the world.

Mr. West has attacked the problem of teaching this second language to the Indian boy with these facts in mind and from a point of view somewhat though not wholly different from that adopted by the Commission. He points out that it is far more important for the vast majority of Indian boys to be able to read English silently than to speak English. The problem of silent reading is one which has engaged the attention of many educators and psychologists during the last few years, especially in America. It is one of the greatest importance to the practical man who needs not to be able to read slowly and painfully word for word, but above all to be able to glance through a book or newspaper, to "tear the heart out of it" as we say, to find out quickly what he wants from it. The process is sometimes called 'skimming', a somewhat derogatory term. It was, I think, the Earl of Palfour, then Mr. Arthur Palfour, who said in a University address, that 'the man who cannot skim, cannot read'. The problem of teaching silent reading, and skimming in a foreign tongue is the new problem which it was left to Mr. West and his collaborators to tackle and in dealing with which he has reached most important and interesting results. I can only touch on the subject, without entering into the details of the many hundreds of experiments and tests carried out by Mr. West and his students in the schools of Dacca, Hyderabad and elsewhere. He has brought to light the unexpected fact that one of the reasons why many Bengali boys cannot read quickly, and silently in English is because they cannot read quickly and silently in their mother tongue; that the process is transferable from one language to another; that improvement in Bengali follows improvement in English, and *vice versa*. He has shown how this faculty of silent reading and comprehension can be developed in schools at a rate previously unknown. He claims that by improved methods the pupils can be taught in a few weeks what it previously took years to achieve. I trust that his work will be crowned with complete success; and that after solving the problem of silent reading he will tackle with equal

success the problem of speech and pronunciation. Indeed I know that he has already attacked it in Bengal. The problem of teaching speech in a foreign tongue is not a new one. It has been dealt with in western countries and, from what I have seen, I fully believe that with the help of teachers trained in modern phonetic methods the average Bengali boy could be taught, in far less time than he devotes to the subject at present, to speak English really well.

I come back to the mother tongue. If I praise the achievements of the University in some directions, it would be foolish to be blind to our deficiencies in others. We have an examination in the Vernacular as part of the degree examination in Arts. A very large proportion of the students only just pass in it. Yet the mother tongue is for all but a small minority, the only vehicle for those 'dear and intimate things' of the home, of poetry and of the inner life which no foreign language can adequately express.

It is a great satisfaction to us that during the current session we have at last found a permanent head for the department of Islamic Studies, Dr. Siddiqi, who brings to the University a reputation for fine and accurate scholarship and an enthusiasm of which we have already been made aware. I have been reminded that in an early speech I called this department a "corner-stone" of the University. I did not use the phrase without intention. I received only two days ago a reminder by Shamsul Huma Abu Nasar Waheed, who played so large a part in designing the reformed Madrassas of Bengal and the new system of which the University teaching in the Department of Islamic Studies is a constituent, that the Department, to use another metaphor, must be regarded not as the corner-stone, but the apex of Islamic education in the Presidency. There are, he tells me, in Bengal, 14,000 Maktabas or Primary Muslim schools, bound up with hundreds of junior and senior Madrasahs, and these with the two Islamic Intermediate Colleges, which in turn send their students to our Islamic Department. It cannot be doubted that in this great educational population, there have lain hidden in the past intellectual forces which have been lost to the modern movement of Bengal and that by that loss the Muslim community and the province as a whole have suffered greatly. It is not in a day that the Muslim aloofness, dating from about 1830, when Persian ceased to be the language of the Law Courts, can be cured. It is the object of the new movement to bring the forces of intellect and character of the Muslim community into the main stream of economic and social progress. I trust that it will do so in two ways. In the first place, many of the

students in Islamic studies should be able to take their part in the general life of the province, in Government administration, in politics and the other careers open to University men. In the second place, I have always cherished the aim that Dacca might develop into a great centre of Islamic culture. Islamic civilisation has had a great history and a great influence on the world as a whole. Mere contemplation of past glories is sterile. But the active investigation of a great past is something living and fruitful for the thought of the present.

As an unmistakable sign of the general intellectual activities of University life, I may draw attention to the growing use of the Library of which the usefulness is itself growing, thanks to the grants made by the Executive Council and the able organisation of the Library by our Librarian Mr. Fakhruddin Ahmed. In 1923-24 there were nearly 34,000 issues of books, not taking account issues from Hall Libraries. The number of private donors to the Library seems to be small. We shall greatly welcome gifts of money for it or of suitable books.

I turn now to some other aspects of University life. The number of resident students in all the Halls has increased, so that the accommodation provided for them is insufficient. For Dacca Hall students, we have utilised the Ramna Garden House. For the Jagannath Hall students, we have utilised some of the rooms originally provided for tutorial work in the Central Buildings of the Hall. The Muslim Hall has now taken the whole of the accommodation available on the first floor of the Central University Buildings. A portion of the first floor is still occupied by students of the School of Engineering which has its own difficulties and cannot find accommodation for its students. The University has approached Government with a request to advance the money necessary for the erection of a new Muslim Hall designed for the purpose and I sincerely trust that now that the period of financial stringency in India seems to be passing away, our request may be granted. There are 370 students, resident and attached, of the Muslim Hall and we expect a larger number next year. It is only right that they should have buildings more suitable for their purpose than the present accommodation.

In one respect the accommodation of the Dacca Hall was inferior to that of the other two Halls. It had no suitable room for the Meeting of its Societies and their debates and the Reading room and Library were much over-crowded. At a total cost not exceeding Rs. 25,000 to Rs. 30,000, the Executive Council have decided to provide the building to the north of the Dacca Hall of which you, my Lord and Chancellor, have

consented to lay the foundation stone immediately after Convocation and which, with your consent, the Executive Council have decided to call the Lytton Hall as a memorial of your connection with the University and as a tribute to the deep interest which you have shown in its work from the date of your first visit to Dacca.

The new Students' Union, of which Professor Jenkins is President, with the well-equipped reading-room and writing-room, and with its lively debates is proving a great success. I congratulate the Union on the first issue of the Dacca University Journal, of which Mr. Wrenn has acted as Editor, with student Assistant-editors. May it flourish and prosper!

While I am on the subject of University publications, I may say that the publication of the University Calendar, delayed at the request of Government to avoid the expense of printing, will take place within the next day or two.

We are also issuing in the form of Dacca University Bulletins a series of short memoirs by members of the staff and by other persons who have delivered lectures in the University.

More than two years ago the University started a scheme for the establishment of an Officers' Training Corps. Negotiations were entered into with the military authorities; more than a hundred students indicated their willingness to join, and after many communications between Bengal and Simla, it was understood that our plans were approved, but we were informed that there was no money for the purpose of carrying them into execution. At the Inter-Universities' Conference at Simla, I pressed the matter again on the attention of the Central authorities. A report has just appeared of a Committee presided over by General O'shea advocating the extension of the Officers' Training Corps. I do not think that at this moment the Government of India could plead financial inability to start the Dacca Corps and I hope that it may be possible to establish it at an early date. Mr. R. K. Doss, a teacher of the University in the Department of Law and a well-known citizen of Dacca, who moved a resolution in the Court on this subject, has recently offered us a sum of Rs. 1,500/- towards the expenses of the Corps when it is established and the Executive Council have gratefully accepted his offer. There can be few Universities in India with grounds more suitable for military exercises and I hope the Corps when established will prove a great success and be popular with the students.

The subject of unemployment and the remedy of technical education are topics of deep interest to the community as a whole

and I have spoken in another place of the able report of Dr. Meek's Committee on this subject. I shall not attempt to deal with this vast problem in its many aspects to-day ; but there is one problem which is of special interest for Dacca and Bengal in the solution of which Dacca and this University ought to play an important part. I can put the case briefly. Bengal exports annually an enormous number of raw hides and skins ; in the 5 pre-war years, the average weight exported was 55,000 tons ; in 1921-22 when the leather industry was depressed, Bengal exported some 30,000 tons. Dacca is a great centre of the hide trade. Dacca ought to be a great centre for the leather trade and for the training of leather experts.

The case has been well stated by Mr. B. M. Das, the Director of the Government Research Tannery at Cuttack, in a passage contributed to the Report of the Dacca Technical and Vocational Education Committee published a year ago :—

“As yet, not only in Bengal but all over India, there is a great dearth of these technically-trained men, necessary for the tanning industry. It may be asked if there be a demand in the country for them. The question may be answered in the affirmative with some limitation. The tanning industry is still in the process of development in the country ; tanneries using modern methods are as yet limited ; one of the reasons of the slow development of tanning industry is the dearth of sufficient technical knowledge in the country. Indian raw material is extensively turned into commercial leather in the west by western skill and knowledge. The leather sells well in the world's markets. Had there been the knowledge and experience for turning out similar goods in India from local materials, those would have sold in the world's markets and a thriving industry in the country would have been the result. The raw material is there, technical knowledge and investment of capital in tanning are what are needed.

“The former will inspire the latter. To ask capitalists to invest money in an industry for the efficient conduct of which proper men are lacking, would be more or less putting the cart before the horse.”

We have in the University area the land necessary for a Leather Department. We are willing to provide, at any rate in part, the capital necessary for the erection of the necessary plant, for which we have the plans and estimates, prepared by

Mr. Das. We need assistance for the recurring expenditure and I believe that the Executive Council would gladly start the work at once if this were forthcoming.

If Government will help us, I believe the greater part of the raw hide and skin trade would be converted into a leather trade, thus providing a large additional industry for Bengal and employment for a large number of skilled workers and hands.

I would ask you, the students who have taken their degrees to-day, to bear in mind that you have now a double responsibility; each one of you has in his safe keeping not only the honour of his own name, but that of the University, to which he belongs and which he represents to the outer world. In these days of unemployment, which have lasted only too long, I ask you to remember especially that the man of energy makes his way in the world despite discouragement and difficulties. A famous doctor when speaking of the over-crowding of his profession, said; "But there is always room at the top;" and the top is reached by character as much as by intelligence; by the desire for work rather than for numerous holidays; by the will to make constant sacrifices, small and great, to achieve great results.

My Lord and Chancellor, although my connection with the University will not come to an end for another eight months, this will be the last time that I shall have the honour of addressing Convocation. There is a well-known Latin saying, 'not many things but much.' It has been my aim not to make a show of doing many things by mere window-dressing, but to do solidly what we have set out to do and gradually to expand and cover a wider field, as our resources permit. I am conscious of many things that I wish the University to accomplish and that are still in the future. I have still my original vision of a great University in this historic city uniting the science and culture of the East and of the West and achieving new things by a new synthesis. I feel that the spirit of a University has been born in these last years, a spirit born of corporate action and common endeavour and high ideals, not depending on any one man for its continuance because it has been imprinted in many minds and hearts; one which will not disappear when those of us who have created the University are gone.

I should be ungrateful indeed if I did not realise and acknowledge all the help I have received from the two Chancellors of the University, from my colleagues on the Executive Council and Academic Council and on the teaching staff with whom I have worked in comradeship and harmony;

from members of the Court ; from the successive Treasurers, and our able Registrar, Khan Bahadur Naziruddin Ahmad, and the admirable and devoted administrative staff who have worked under their guidance ; and last, but not least, from the students of the University on whom its success must ultimately depend no less than on its teachers. I see before and around me the faces of many whom I deem it a privilege to call my friends. I recollect the individual names of many collaborators whom I should have wished to mention, had time permitted. I ask them all alike to receive my thanks for their help.

There is some inevitable sadness in an approaching parting, but when I look back on the many difficulties of these past years, I feel that those difficulties are only like the clouds melting before the dawn ; that we who have laboured together to overcome them are justified in feeling joy in the work done, and solid confidence in the future.

“And not by eastern windows only,
When daylight comes, comes in the light,
In front, the sun climbs slow, how slowly,
But westward, look, the land is bright.”

The Chancellor then addressed the Convocation as follows :—

MR. VICE-CHANCELLOR AND GENTLEMEN,

The University of Dacca meets to-day in its fourth Convocation, and I congratulate you on another year of vigorous growth. The satisfactory record of good work contained in your annual report, for 1923-24 is proof that whatever the ultimate aim of each one of you for this your University may be, upon one thing at least you are all resolved. And that resolution is this, that while holding aloft in this outlying corner of India the torch of learning, and keeping it burning as brightly as in any other part of this vast Empire, Dacca, shall stand as a continual reminder that man does not live by learning alone, but is a triple unity of mind and body and spirit, each one of which needs continual sustenance.

Let me say something about these three aspects in turn.

The long list of published works contained in the report, and the proceedings of the learned societies which exist within the University, show that you are resolved that your intellectual life shall reach the highest standards.

In this connection, too, I must congratulate you upon the remarkable statistics with regard to the use of the library in your University. One of the criticisms of the Sadler Commission

was that in the colleges of the University of Calcutta students of University courses read little more than their text-books and did not always read these. For a wide study of their subjects and for all other purposes the college libraries, they pointed out, remained practically unused. Now that is a criticism which cannot be made against Dacca University. Your last report shows remarkable figures: 33,982 books were borrowed from the library. Your total number of books is 34,755. For a University so small as yours these are striking figures. Carlyle once said that our education "depends on what we read, after all manner of professors have done their best for us." In this branch of education, the University is only carrying on the work of your first infant school, it is still teaching you though in a different sense to read, so that you can learn for yourselves. The taunt was first made, I think, by Carlyle, but has been repeated more recently by Mr. H. G. Wells, that "the University which would completely take in that great new fact of the existence of printed books, has not yet come into existence." In so far as that reproach is deserved and our colleges and universities fail to teach their students to use a library, then they do their work even less efficiently than within its scope the merest primary or middle school. I am glad to know that Dacca University has travelled so far in so short a time from the miserable standards which the Sadler Commission criticised, and has taught her students to value the printed books.

I have previously regretted, and must again express my regret, that you have lost your Professorship of Sanskrit. The lakh of rupees for which I appealed to endow the chair has not yet been obtained. Raja Janaki Nath Roy, of Bhāgyakul, has contributed Rs. 5,000, and Rai Sahib Gour Nitai Sankhanidhi, Rs. 7,500. These are both generous donations for which I am very grateful, but together they do not even make up one-eighth of the amount required. I trust that others will be found to supplement their gifts. Surely the wealthy Hindus of Bengal will see to it that Dacca University does not remain without a Chair in their great classical language.

I am glad to know that your series of Popular Lectures have been a success. They are a valuable feature of your work. I congratulate you on the honour done to Professor Mazumdar, and through him to you, by his selection as President of the Section of History and Archaeology at the Triennial Oriental Congress held in Madras. I was also glad to learn that Professor Ghose had been appointed President of the Chemistry Section at the Benares Congress. It is evident that Dacca is maintaining its reputation among the Universities of India.

This is also evidenced by the prominent part taken by your representatives and especially by your Vice-Chancellor, at the Universities Congress at Simla. I hope that the deliberations of that Congress will result in benefit to all the Indian Universities, and to Dacca in particular.

So much for the purely intellectual activities of the University. I pass now to the second of those three needs of the complete man which it should be the business of a University to provide. I mean the needs of the body. The reference to athletics in the reports of the Halls, especially that sentence in one of them which says that the students "have created a fine record of true sportsmanship," shows that you are not neglecting that aspect of University life, which, though in many Western Universities it tends to assume undue prominence, cannot be neglected by any University without loss to its students. Last August I had the pleasure of seeing the University Football Team win a very well-contested match with the Victoria Sports Club, and of presenting to them the Ronaldshay Shield. I am delighted to learn that the Cricket team has also won the Sen and Sen Cup. I rejoice at the statement in another report that games and the regular college life have contributed to an improvement in the health of the students. It is clear that in this respect, as in others, you are teaching your young men how to live a fresh and varied life, regulated on wise principles.

The third need—that of the spirit—is measured rather by what you give than by what you receive and that leads me to say something under this head about the opportunities for service which the University provides. All healthy-minded young men, at a certain stage of their lives, are inspired by a burning desire to devote themselves to great and noble causes; and unless it receives a natural outlet and is directed into beneficial directions, this impulse is certain to be exploited by mischief-makers. In those social service organizations, the members of which so kindly came and explained their work to me last year, you are wisely directing this impulse towards the uplift of the degraded and the enlightenment of the ignorant. I quote from one of the reports:—

"The Social Service Section of the Hall has done splendid work. They carried on their work at the schools they have established at Kajirbagh with success. In addition to this, they have organized lantern lectures on sanitation for the villages, with the kind assistance of the Health Officers of the District Board and Municipality. They also interested themselves in

removing the wants of the people in respect of water-supply, and have succeeded in interesting the Chairman of the Local Board, who has undertaken to sink a well in the village."

The young men who are doing work of the kind referred to in this and the other reports are learning the lessons of the highest patriotism, which is to serve, and laying the firmest foundations on which to build a nation, which is self-reliance. In the literature of all countries in the past to die for one's country has been represented as the highest patriotism, but there is a higher which has yet to be learnt and that is to live for one's country. To give health and happiness and life to others may be both more difficult and more honourable than to surrender one's own. A nation cannot be composed exclusively of leaders, and leaders without followers can accomplish nothing. The practical application of this obvious truth must be learnt at school and college if it is to be learnt at all. What India needs above all to-day is a widespread knowledge of what the nation needs for its health and happiness and a plentiful supply of men competent to minister to those needs without waiting for direction from above. The work of social service, which is being so earnestly studied and practised in this University, affords the best possible indication that Dacca is going to make a valuable contribution to the solution of the social and economic difficulties of the country. Since I had the pleasure of conferring with the members of your organizations last year, I have myself become more intimately acquainted with two valuable movements which are having a most far-reaching effect upon the public health of the districts in which they operate. The first is the admirable work of the Anti-Malarial Co-operative Health Societies organized throughout the province under the inspiration and direction of Rai Gopal Chandra Chatterjee Bahadur, and the other is the equally remarkable work of the Asansol Mining Board of Health under the direction of Dr. Tomb. I commend these two movements to the special notice of your Social Service students. If you will study their methods and learn all you can of the remarkable results which they have achieved, you will, I am sure, derive as I did, both great enlightenment and immense encouragement.

I am tempted here to develop somewhat the topic which dealt with in my Convocation address at Calcutta a fortnight ago. I said then that the University would not be doing its duty to the nation to the full unless the urge of its stimulus reached right down through the schools to the villages, and I pointed out that the nationhood of Bengal could not be built

on a foundation of widespread illiteracy. I should like to elaborate my meaning here. Is there one person in Bengal who, honestly facing the facts, can believe that on the present basis of local and provincial taxation any real advance in either primary or secondary education is possible? I doubt whether any complete system of education, primary, secondary, and university, can be introduced at a much less cost than a sum approaching three hundred lakhs per annum; and even then it will be far below the level of the advanced countries of the West, or of Japan. How is this money to be obtained? Revise the Meston award, say some. This, of course, is a necessary preliminary to any advance, but we cannot build up a satisfactory system on our profits from that revision alone, if and when it comes. The people have got to be convinced that it is worth their while to permit Government, and especially local bodies, to take from them money which at present they dare not ask for in the face of popular objection, and to give it back to them in the shape of schools, better roads, wells, machinery for the prevention and treatment of disease, and so on. Education, sanitation, etc., are transferred subjects; the people of Bengal can do just as they like in this matter. They can give their money, and have these things if they so desire; they can keep their money, and do without them. It is for them through their representatives to decide. But before they can be in a position to decide such an issue those centres of knowledge and culture such as universities and colleges where opinion crystallises and where young men's attitude to social and political problems is largely formed, must play their part. Gradually, if those centres of thought do their duty, the leaders of political and social opinion in Bengal will cease to think of Government as a source from which all manner of boons can flow, and will, facing the facts honestly, tell the people of this country that only by sacrifices, far greater than those hitherto contemplated, can they banish for ever from their land the stigma of illiteracy and the nightmare of disease. "You, gentlemen, will be the makers of opinion, but before you can form the opinions of others, you must base your own opinions upon study and experience. Learn, therefore, as much as you can of practical experience all over the world. Be impatient of theories, be greedy for facts; do not employ words to conceal thought or be slipshod in their use, search for reality beyond appearances and bring a university-trained mind to bear on all the problems of life.

I desire to congratulate the Halls on the good record of work which their reports reveal. The main centre of the student's life is clearly his Hall, and I am glad to find these

Halls are realizing in practice the hopes of those who planned them. May I again single out the Muslim Hall for a special word of mention? The number of students attached and resident is now 360, and it is clear that the Hall is, under Mr. Rahman's sympathetic and wise guidance, doing a great work for the Moslem community. As I said in laying the foundation-stone of the Islamia College at Calcutta, Moslems, even in distant rural areas, are becoming convinced that English education is after all a worthy education even for the most pious, that even in our modern Universities culture can still be the handmaid of religion, as it was in the great intellectual centres of the famous Empires of the faith, and that a Moslem can devote himself to those studies, which are essential if he is to take his rightful share in the making of modern India, without peril to his immortal soul. To this realization the Moslem Hall has been helpful in contributing, as in the fullness of time I am sure the Islamia College at Calcutta, now rising rapidly upon its foundations, will also contribute. The future of Moslem Bengal is in the keeping of these two institutions—the Moslem Hall and the Islamia College. And while I am on this subject, let me again thank Khan Bahadur Musharuf Husain for his generous gift of Rs. 20,000 to further the interests of his co-religionists at Dacca and the Islamia College. I trust that this gift will form the nucleus of a large fund for the extension of Moslem education.

But I must not end on a sectional note. Convinced though I am that communal institutions have their place in the present stage of Bengal's development, I will conclude by directing your attention rather to those aspects which unite you all. In your University life some interests must necessarily separate you. One, at least, should unite you all. You can all resolve that the University of Dacca shall command your whole-hearted and united allegiance; that her reputation shall be to you as your own; that she shall be to each one of you, Moslem, Hindu or Christian, a mother of whose honour you are jealous, and at whose feet, inspired by memories of what she has done for you, you are now prepared, and will for ever be prepared, to lay offerings of service and devotion. As yet the spirit of reverence, almost of worship, towards the *alma mater*, the kindly mother, nurturer of our mind and heart, has scarcely developed in India. You may develop it in Dacca. Are there any of you who think of Dacca, of your University, merely as a place which mules you in fees, and in return grudgingly doles out degrees? Will the memory of Dacca ten years hence cause you any emotion? Will you regard an occasional visit to it in future as a high privilege, and a renewed draught from

the wells of spirit? Or will you leave it without a pang, and regard it is an experience, which once completed, you put behind you for ever?

On Wednesday last I presided at a prize-giving at La Martinière School in Calcutta to which an old boy of the school had recently contributed as an endowment the princely sum of six lakhs of rupees. That was evidence of the affection and gratitude which a school can inspire, and as an instance of a similar sentiment inspired by a University let me quote to you what Matthew Arnold wrote about Oxford—

“Steeped in sentiment as she lies, spreading her gardens to the moonlight, and whispering from her towers the last enchantments of the Middle Ages, who will deny that Oxford, by her ineffable charm, keeps ever calling us nearer to the true goal of all of us, to the ideal, to perfection—to beauty, in a word, which is only truth seen from another side?”

Gentlemen, round the name of Dacca, as the national University of Eastern Bengal, will you not help to build up a tender regard, a filial devotion, a patriotic sentiment, in the hearts of her sons similar to those which Oxford and Cambridge have for so long inspired? She has beauty: Dacca, too, can spread her gardens to the moonlight: her towers, acknowledged by all to be fair, may yet whisper enchantments, if not of antiquity, yet of beauty and intellectual truth and high scholarly devotion. I should like to feel that one of those whom I am addressing to-day, may, after forty or fifty years of struggle and effort towards the making of modern Bengal, write of Dacca in the spirit in which Mr. Gladstone wrote of his University, two generations after he had left it—

“She had initiated, if not inured me to the pursuit of truth as an end of study. I declare that while in the arms of Oxford, I was possessed through and through with single-minded and passionate love of truth, with a virgin love of truth, so that, although I might be swathed in clouds of prejudice there was something of an eye within, that might gradually pierce them.”

Build in that spirit on foundations of reverence and devotion. You will then build for Bengal a possession for ever, and lay firm the foundations of your national life and your political unity. United in your passion for Dacca, you will thereby learn to unite for that greater task of nation-making

to which you are all even now imperatively being summoned by the impetuous onrush of the events of our stirring days.

"Things of a day," wrote the poet Pindar, "things of a day ! a dream of a shadow is mankind. Yet when there comes down glory imparted from God, radiant light shines among men and genial days." In the spectrum of that glory one principal line is that honest dealing with the intellect which flashed upon mankind with the Greeks, and which we sometimes dare to hope is a feature of our modern world. Clothed in the beauty of this divine splendour, go forth from these walls haters of shams, scorers of the superficial, dissipators of prejudice, seekers after knowledge and truth, workers for unity, and in your search for ever greater and better things "be inspired with the belief that life is a great and noble calling, not a mere grovelling thing, that we are to shuffle through as we can, but an elevated and lofty destiny."

The Vice-Chancellor then thanked the Chancellor.

The Chancellor then declared the Convocation closed.

PART X.
Annual Reports.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1923-24.

The total number of students other than research students and the students of the Teachers' Training College and students of the Medical School was 1151 (excluding double entries) as against 1103— an increase of 48.

The number of research students has increased from 10 to 19.

In the Teachers' Training College there was a diminution (explained by the Principal as due to the fact that the State of Hyderabad withdrew its students too late for the vacancies to be filled) from 78 to 61; and the number of students of the Medical School was reduced from 139 to 121.

The grand total (excluding double entries) increased from 1268 to 1311.

The most marked features of the statistics are the diminution in the number of Arts students and the increases in the number of Science students, Law students and Research students. The diminution in the number of Commerce students is due to the fact that a large number of unsuitable students entered in the first year, and abandoned the course.

The actual statistics of entries are shown in Appendix A.

The statistics of examination results are shown in Appendix B.

The examination results are, on the whole, satisfactory. But the Pass B.Sc. students still show a regrettable weakness, which has been attributed by some of the teachers to defective preliminary training. It is noteworthy that while nearly 78 p.c. of the B.Sc. Honours students were successful, only 37 p.c. of the Pass students were successful. At the B.A. Honours Examination 71 p.c. were successful, whereas at the Pass Examination only 56 p.c. were successful. This latter percentage may be regarded as indicating no undue severity at a degree examination of students who do not feel themselves sufficiently qualified to enter for Honours.

If the B.Sc. Pass and Honours be taken together we find that out of 77 candidates 39 obtained a degree i.e. 50 p.c. approximately.

(Three Honours candidates were awarded a Pass degree.)

If the B.A. Pass and Honours are taken together we find that out of 202 candidates 164 obtained a degree i.e. 66.3 p.c. (9 Honours candidates were awarded a Pass degree).

For examination statistics to be really valuable, they must extend over a period of years. An Examination Board has been constituted in accordance with the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission, and a detailed statistical investigation of the examination results is in progress, with the assistance of Mr. Aswini Kumar Datta of the Dacca Teachers' Training College.

CHANGES IN THE STAFF.

1. **English** :—Mr. S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit. (London), joined his appointment as Reader at the beginning of the Session. Mr. Abul Quasem, M.A., Assistant, resigned his appointment early in the Session in order to enter the service of Government. Mr. Altaf Hussain, M.A. (Dacca) was appointed Assistant in his place, and later appointed to a temporary Lectureship in place of Mr. Mahmood Hasan, M.A., Lecturer, who was granted 2 years' study leave for the purpose of working at Oxford, and Mr. Sukumar Ganguly, M.A. has replaced Mr. Hussain as Assistant.

The term of office of Messrs. Sanjib Kumar Choudhury and Sukharanjan Ray lapsed at the end of the Session.

Arabic and Islamic Studies :—The Chair was not filled during the Session and Mr. Fida Ali Khan, Head of the Department of Persian and Urdu, continued to act as Professor and Head of the Department. The Chair has been offered to a distinguished scholar whose reply is expected shortly. Mr. Abu Usman Khaid, a Lecturer in the Department, resigned, and Mr. Marghoob Ahmad was appointed in his place. Mr. Muhammad Ishaque, M.A. has been appointed as an Assistant.

Persian and Urdu :—The term of office of Mr. Burhanuddin Ahmed, Lecturer, lapsed at the end of the Session. Mr. Syed Muzaffar Uddin, Assistant, has been appointed Lecturer. Mr. Moayyidul Islam Borrah, M.A. (Dacca) was appointed Assistant as from the beginning of the Session 1924-25.

Mathematics :—The Executive Council have decided to leave the post of Professor vacant for three years more, and Dr. Nalini Mohan Basu, will continue to act as Head of the Department. Mr. Naresh Chandra Ghosh, Reader, reverted to the Bengal Educational Service at the end of the Session as Professor at the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur, and Mr. Harendra Nath Dutta, M.Sc., who was appointed to a lectureship in Mathematics at the beginning of the Session, has been appointed a temporary Reader for three years from the beginning of the Session 1924-25. Mr. Hrisikesh Sircar, who

was appointed as a temporary Lecturer at the beginning of the Session has been re-appointed for a further term of three years in Mr. Datta's place. Dr. N. K. Basu resigned his post of Assistant and Mr. Subodh Chandra Mitra, M.A., continues in the vacancy thus created.

Commerce :—Mr. Abul Hussain, Assistant in Economics, was appointed Lecturer in Commerce. Mr. Dines Chandra Datta, M.A. (Dacca) was appointed Assistant in place of Mr. J. M. Ghatak, who has joined an appointment in the Finance Department (Government of India).

History :—Mr. Jitendra Mohan Ghosh, M.A., Assistant, was allowed to resign his appointment to take up an appointment in the Maharaja's College, Jaypur, as Professor of History. Mr. Jyotirmay Sen, M.A. (Dacca) was appointed in his place. Mr. A. F. Rahman, Reader in History, was elected as a member of the Bengal Legislative Council by the University and offered to defray the cost of an additional assistant in the Department who will teach not only during Mr. Rahman's absence during his attendance at the meetings of the Council but throughout the year. Mr. Zahurul Islam, M.A. (Dacca) was appointed as Assistant to fill this post from January, 1924.

Sanskrit and Bengali :—Mr. Umesh Chandra Bhattacharyya, M.A., (Dacca) was appointed to act as an Assistant for a month and half during the absence on leave of Prof. H. P. Shastri. On the termination of his three years' service, Prof. H. P. Shastri's term of appointment expired at the close of the Session.

Mr. S. C. Chakravarti, Reader, has been appointed Acting Head of the Department from the beginning of the Session. A Lecturer will be shortly appointed.

Philosophy :—Mr. S. C. Roy, Reader, was allowed to resign his appointment to take up an appointment in the I.A.S. as Inspector of Schools under the Government of Assam. His place was not filled, but Mr. Kazemuddin Ahmed, Assistant, was appointed temporary Lecturer and Mr. Bengyendranath Roy, M.A., was appointed temporary Assistant in his place.

Economics :—After the retirement of Prof. S. G. Panandikar, at the end of the Session 1922-23, Prof. R. C. Majumdar, the Dean of the Faculty of Arts, acted as the Head of the Department until Mr. J. C. Sinha, Lecturer in Economics in the Post-Graduate Department of Calcutta University, was appointed Reader and Head of the Department. He took charge of the Economics and Politics Department after the Pujā vacation.

Mr. Matilal Dam, M.A., (Calcutta), Assistant, has been appointed Lecturer.

Mr. Parimal Roy, M.A., (Dacca) and Ajit Kumar Sen, M.A., (Calcutta), have been appointed Assistants during the session.

Physics :—Prof. Jenkins returned from leave towards the end of November. Mr. Suryya Kanta Mukherjee, M.Sc., and Mr. Phanindra Kumar Mitra, M.Sc. (Dacca), have been appointed Assistant Lecturers during the session, an increase in staff being necessitated by the increased number of admissions to the Department. Research work is being prosecuted in several branches of Physics by different members of the staff.

Chemistry :—Mr. R. L. De, Lecturer, proceeded to Europe in September, 1923, to specialise in radio-chemistry, on two years' study leave and has been pursuing his studies in Berlin and Paris. Mr. R. M. Purakayastha, Assistant Lecturer, has been promoted temporarily to a Lectureship in his place, and Mr. Pareshechandra Banerjee, M.Sc., has been appointed temporary Assistant Lecturer. Two additional Assistant Lectureships were created in view of the large increase in the number of Pass and Honours students and these posts have been filled up by Mr. Kalipada Basu, M.Sc., and Mr. A. N. Kappanna, M.Sc., of this University.

RESEARCH WORK.

A list of papers by members of the Staff either actually published during the last two years or which are ready for publication, are issued in Appendix C.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS.

A list of scholarships and stipends awarded to students in the year is given in Appendix D.

ALTERATIONS IN BUILDINGS AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS.

It has been the policy of the University to spend a minimum amount of capital on bricks and mortar, especially in view of the splendid buildings originally placed at its disposal. But some improvements have proved necessary.

In the last Annual Report attention was drawn to the fact that during the transition period and pending the formal handing over of the buildings to the University, the Public Works Department had refused to allow the University either to carry out its own works, or to carry them out as it did works

for the old Dacca College, without making the 'contribution charge' of $22\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the cost, which the University regarded as excessive, in view of the fact that it can obtain plans, estimates and supervision for a total percentage charge of 5 per cent. on the cost. It is a matter for congratulation that as a result of a conference summoned by His Excellency the Chancellor the Public Works Department has now waived its claims in this matter in regard to certain important works.

• One of the first result of the new regime has been the fitting of the Curzon Hall with lights and fans at the comparative small cost of Rs. 5,700/-. It had been the custom in the past to fix lights and fans temporarily when they were needed; but the arrangement was not only costly, but so unsatisfactory that the Public Works Department refused to allow the installation to be used for more than a few days at a time. The installation of fans was indeed unsafe, and grave risks of accident were incurred.

The Curzon Hall is now effectively lit by means of 11 translucent white bowls, three near the roof and eight on a level with the gallery, with a beautiful effect. The fans, instead of being suspended by steel tubes from the high roof according to the usual practice in India, are suspended from transverse horizontal steel cables, $\frac{5}{16}$ inch thick, with diagonal ties, attached to collars round the columns. Any tendency to vibration has been stopped by two additional steel cables running the whole length of the Hall. The cables are painted white, and the installation of the fans has produced a minimum interference with the general architectural effect of the Hall. It will be of great advantage to be able to use the Hall at any time for public lectures, examinations and meetings.

The portion of the large Hall attached to the Muslim Hall now used as a Common Room, has been fitted with lights and fans at the small cost of Rs. 608/-, the fans having been transferred from elsewhere. The cost of the furniture was Rs. 766/-. The Muslim Hall may now congratulate itself on having an admirable common room as satisfactory as that of Jagannath Hall. The common room accommodation in Dacca Hall is still cramped, and needs further consideration.

• Three tennis courts and one cricket pitch have been made for the Dacca Hall students, and the courts have been fenced in at a total cost of about Rs. 1,260.

The ground assigned to the playing-fields of the Muslim Hall has been made usable by filling in the tank at the centre of the field at a cost of Rs. 3,900.

The Jagannath Hall and its two Houses have been fitted with electric lights which replace the oil lamps previously used, and it is hoped that the total cost of the lighting will be diminished by the new arrangement. The Jagannath Hall has also been fitted with fans which make it possible to use it as a lecture and examination hall in hot weather. The total cost of the electric installation was about Rs. 3,650.

The Executive Council have voted a sum of Rs. 665 for the equipment and furniture of sick rooms in each of the three Halls.

The accommodation in the Physical Laboratory proved insufficient for the large increase in students and especially in advanced students. Half the space previously allotted in the Physics building to the Staff Club has now been allotted to the Physics Laboratory.

The cost of re-arranging and furnishing the rooms and fitting them with gas water and electricity has been about Rs. 5,000. One of the rooms will be employed for the teaching of wireless telegraphy and telephony. The Council voted a capital grant of Rs. 15,000 for wireless apparatus. Concerts in Calcutta and Morse signals from ships at sea can be heard by the loud speaking telephone.

The supply of water to the Physics and Chemistry Laboratories proved insufficient, and as the Municipality cannot provide the water required, a new tank is being erected at the height of the gallery in the Curzon Hall to which water will be pumped up from the well in the grounds. The cost will be about Rs. 5,000.

Hydrants have been erected in the Nilkhet Road and at Bakshibazar for the supply of residential houses.

QUESTION OF THE TRANSFER OF BUILDINGS.

In the last Report dealing with this subject it was stated that pending the transfer of the University buildings, Government had demanded the full rentals of the buildings occupied by University residents instead of 10 p.c. of the salaries levied on Government officials, with an additional percentage for electrical and sanitary installations. Government has now been good enough to waive this claim, which seemed to the Executive Council excessive, and levies a flat rate of 12½ per cent. of the salaries in the case of all University officers who pay rent.

During the session Government appointed a Committee, consisting of the Commissioner of Dacca as Chairman, the Vice-Chancellor, the Superintending Engineer, Dacca Circle, and Mr.

J. M. Bottomley, I.E.S., Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education to report on the question of the transfer of buildings. After an informal exchange of views, the Executive Council made certain definite recommendations to the Committee, which reported some time ago. It is understood that Government are considering their recommendations. The reference to the Committee was as follows:—

1. To advise, with reference to the University's present and prospective needs, what buildings on the Ramna which now belong to Government, should be transferred to the University (a) immediately and (b) in future.

2. To advise as to the terms on which such buildings, residential and non-residential, as it is decided to hand over, should be transferred to the University.

Certain supplementary instructions were given to the Committee.

LIBRARY.

The report of the Librarian shows one extremely satisfactory feature—the increase in the number of issues, of which the total during the year under review was 33,082, which bears a very high relation to the total number of books.

The opening of the Library in the early morning from 7-30 onwards has proved a great success. The average number of issues in the 'morning sitting' was 42.8 as against 1.8 when the Library was first opened at an early hour.

The total number of accessions in the year was 6556, including 5375 volumes purchased, 763 volumes of bound periodicals and 418 volumes presented by Government or individuals.

Most of the acquisitions represent books ordered on the strength of the initial capital grants. In many cases it takes a bookseller a considerable time to obtain copies of standard works and periodicals essential for a Library but not on the market.

A feature of the year's working has been the making of a shelf-catalogue, which did not previously exist, and which now permits the yearly stock-taking essential for the safeguarding of a Library. The whole catalogue was prepared by the Librarian during the summer vacation with the help of his staff and of 20 assistants specially engaged for the work at a total cost of Rs. 1500. The making of this list has shown that the estimate made by the Dacca College authorities that the Library as handed over to the University contained about 24,000

volumes was much in excess of the facts. By checking with the accessions recorded since the opening of the University, and the new shelf list, it appears that the total number of volumes transferred to the University was only about 18,000. The actual number of volumes as shown by the shelf-register is now 34,755 and the total number of accessions since the University opened in 1921, 16,336 volumes.

The names of donors to the Library are as follows:—

Director of Public Instruction ...	Bombay (Indn.).
Dr. S. K. De ...	Reader in English, Dacca University.
The High Commissioner for India ...	London.
Mr. P. J. Hartog, C.I.E. ...	Vice-Chancellor, Dacca University.
Mr. Abdul Khaleq ...	Sub-Judge, Dacca.
The Dacca Collectorate ...	
The Revd. Fr. A. M. Tabard ...	President of the Mythic Society, Bangalore.
The Secretary ...	British Institute of International Affairs.
Government Printing Office ...	Washington, U. S. A.
Messrs. Luzac & Co. ...	London.
Registrar, Railway Board ...	Allahabad.

The University will gladly welcome further gifts from private donors and public institutions.

The Library is indebted to the following Governments, Native States and Institutions, for the supply gratis of their publications:—

GOVERNMENTS.

Government of India.

Government of Ceylon.

Provincial Governments:— Assam,
Behar and Orissa,
Bengal,
Bombay,
Burma,
The North-West Frontier Province,
The Punjab,
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

NATIVE STATES.

Hyderabad (Deccan)—H. E. H. The Nizam's Education and
Archaeological Departments.

Jammu and Kashmir States.

INSTITUTIONS:

Universities of Aligarh, Bombay, Calcutta, Edinburgh, Glasgow,
Hyderabad (Deccan), Leeds, London, Manchester,
Lucknow and Paris.

DACCA UNIVERSITY POPULAR LECTURES.

The following lectures, open to the public without fee, were
given in the Chemistry Theatre.

Date.	Subject.	Lecturer.
December 14 ...	Will Chemistry achieve the Production of Life?	Dr. A. C. Sircar.
„ 21 ...	The Philosophy of Life.	Prof. Langley, M.A.
January 11 ...	The Story of the Sun (illus- trated by lantern slides).	Dr. N. M. Basu.
„ 18 ...	The Relations of Poetry and Verse.	The Vice-Chancellor.
„ 25 ...	Purdah in Islam.	Mr. F. A. Khan, M.A.
February 1 ...	The Production of Mineral Oil—a Key Industry of the World (illustrated by lantern slides).	Prof. J. C. Ghosh, D.Sc.
„ 15 ...	Should Promises be kept— study in Legal Evolution.	Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, D.L.
„ 22 ...	Middle Class Unemployment in Bengal.	Mr. K. B. Saha, M.A.
„ 29 ...	Northern Buddhism.	Prof. H. P. Shastri, C.I.E.
March 7 ...	The Stabilisation of the Rupee.	Mr. P. B. Jinnarkar, M.A., D.L.
14 ...	Recent Developments in the Education of the Upper Middle Classes in England.	Mr. M. P. West, B.A.
21 ...	The Political Message of Shakespeare.	Mr. P. K. Guha, M.A.
28 ...	The Interpretation of Dreams.	Mr. H. D. Bhattacharyya, M.A.

SOCIETIES.

The University Societies, especially the Philosophical and Historical Societies, have maintained their activities; and the Social Service, Debating, and Literary Societies in connection with the Halls have been specially active.*

A list of the papers read before the various societies is contained in Appendix E.

The University Union, which has been long delayed, is now in the process of formation.

REPORTS ON THE HALLS.

The reports of the Provosts on Dacca Hall, the Muslim Hall and the Jagannath Hall are printed in Appendix F.

APPOINTMENTS ETC., OBTAINED BY PAST STUDENTS.

The Executive Council are anxious to obtain as complete as possible a record of the employment of past students and requested all students on graduation to furnish them with the information desired. The list obtained is, however, imperfect, but it shows features of considerable interest. Among other appointments of past students may be mentioned the following† :—

Salahuddin Ahmad Yusuf, (M. II.)	Probationer, Imperial Forest Service.
B.Sc., 1922.	
Zakerh. Hossain, (M. II.)	B.A. ... Imperial Police Service.
Mizanur Rahmap, (M. II.)	M.A., Deputy Collector.
1923.	
Basantakumar Banerjee, (D. II.)	Deputy Collector.
B.A., 1923.	
Abdul Majid Mollah, (M. II.)	B.A., Deputy Collector.
1923.	
Jafferuddin Ahmad, (M. II.)	M.A., Assistant Income Tax Officer.
1923.	
Nefazuddin Khan, (M. II.)	M.A., Assistant Income Tax Officer.
1923.	
Nuruz-aman, (M. H.)	B.A., 1922 ... Assistant Income Tax Officer.
Altaf Husain, (M. H.)	M.A., 1923 Temporary Lecturer in the University of Dacca.

*An informal conference was held at Government House, Dacca, between His Excellency the Chancellor and the representatives of the Social Service Unions of the Halls in August last to which further reference will be made in the Annual Report for 1924-25.

†The following abbreviations are used :—D. II. = Dacca Hall; J. II. = Jagannath Hall; M. H. = Muslim Hall; T. T. C. = Teachers' Training College.

- Md. Abn Yusuff, (M. H.) M.A., 1922 Sub-Deputy Collector.
 Sudhirschandra Roy, (D. H.) M.A., 1923. Sub-Deputy Collector.
- Hossain Ali, (M. H.) M.A., 1923 ... Sub-Deputy Collector.
 Syed Mustafa Ali, (M. H.) B.A., 1922. Sub-Deputy Collector.
- Sukumar Ganguly, (D. H.) M.A., 1922. Assistant in the Department of English, Dacca University.
 Md. Zafarur Islam, (M. H.) M.A., 1923. Assistant in the Department of History, Dacca University.
- Parimal Roy, (J. H.) M.A., 1923 ... Assistant in the Department of Economics, Dacca University.
 Dineschandra Datta, (J. H.) M.A., 1923. Assistant in the Department of Commerce, Dacca University.
- Phanindrakumar Mitra, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1922. Assistant Lecturer in Physics, Dacca University.
 Kalpada Basu, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Assistant Lecturer in Chemistry, Dacca University.
- A. N. Kappauna, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Assistant Lecturer in Chemistry, Dacca University.
 Surendrachandra Chakravarti, (D. H.) M.Sc. Assistant Lecturer in Physics, Dacca University.
- Jyotirjoy Sen, (J. H.) M.A., 1923. Assistant in the Department of History, Dacca University.
 Moayyidul Islam Borrah, (M. H.) M.A., 1923. Assistant in the Department of Persian and Urdu, Dacca University.
- Unmeshchandra Bhattacharyya, (D. H.) M.A., 1923. Assistant in the Department of Sanskrit, Dacca University.
 Satishchandra Dey, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Government Research Scholar, Dacca University.
- Aswinkumar Guha, (J. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Professor of Chemistry, Daulatpur, Hindu Academy.
 Abdul Khaleque, (M. H.) B.A. ... Professor, Beni College, Noakhali.
- Abdul Hadi, (M. H.) M.A., 1923 ... Lecturer in Persian, Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.
- Abdul Monem Choudhury, (M. H.) M.A., 1924. Lecturer in History, Sylhet Government College.
- Rabindrachandra Guha, (J. H.) M.A., 1923. Professor of English, Hyderabad College, Sindh.
- Satyendranath Das Gupta, (D. H.) M.A., 1923. Professor, Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.
- Anulyaranjan Biswas, (J. H.) M.A., 1923. Professor, Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.
- Dhirendrachandra Roy, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Professor of Chemistry, Victoria College, Comilla.
- Nirmalachandra Sen, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Lecturer, Dacca Intermediate College, Dacca.
- Kaliprasanna Roy, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Demonstrator, Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.
- Sisirkumar Guha, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Lecturer in Chemistry, Patna College, Patna.
- Parashchandra Datta, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Lecturer in Chemistry, Behar National College, Patna.
- Nikhilchandra Sen, (J. H.) M.A., 1923. Lecturer in Logic, Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca.
- Abdur Rahman, (M. H.) B.A., 1922. Librarian, Islamic Intermediate College, Dacca.

- Tahirul Islam, (M. H.) M.A., 1923. Superintendent, Iltammadia Madrasah, Noakhali.
- Jagadishchandra Bhattacharyya, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1923. Temporary Assistant Teacher, Ahsanullah School of Engineering, Dacca.
- Mir Ahmad Ali, (M. H.) M.A., 1923. Sub-Inspector of Police.
- Asiraf Ali Khan, (M. H.) B.A., 1923. Sub-Inspector of Excise and Salt.
- Harkharan Nath, (J. H.) B.A., 1923. Assistant, Imperial Bank of India, Dacca Branch.
- Jatindramohan Barari, (J. H.) B. Com., 1924. Assistant, Imperial Bank of India.
- Kanailal Das, (D. H.) B. Conf., 1924. David and Co., Narayanganj.
- Gopalchandra Sarkar, (D. H.) M.Sc., 1922. Chief Chemist, Bye Product Coke Plant of the Eastern Coal Co., Ltd. at Bogra, Jamaloba, P. O. Manbhumi.
- Abdul Matin, (M. H.) B.A., 1922 ... Auditor of Co-operative Societies, Comilla.
- Abdur Rashid II, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923. Assistant Master, Normal School, Dacca (Offg.)
- Hemchandra Banerjee, (T. T. C.) M.A., B.T., 1923. Research Scholar at the Teachers' Training College and studying for the M. T. Degree. Offg. Assistant Master, Armanitola Govt. High School.
- Dineshchandra Kar, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1924. Assistant Master, High School, Rangoon.
- Adityachandra Kar, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923. Head Master, Government Aided High School, Raozan, (Chittagong).
- Prafullakumar Roy, (T. T. C.) M.Sc., B.T., 1923. Professor, Victoria College, Comilla.
- Kumudbandhu Sen Gupta, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923. Assistant Master, Government High School, Armanitola, Dacca.
- Mokhlesur Rahman, (T. T. C.) B. T., 1923. Lecturer, Teachers' Training College, Dacca.
- Priyanath Gupta, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923. Assistant Master, Normal School, Silchar, Assam.
- Gourchandra Dutta, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923. Assistant Master, Government High School, Mymensingh.
- Nikunjabehari Saha, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923. Assistant Head Master, Govt. Aided High English School, Madhabpur, Tipperah.
- Pramathaprasanna Sen Gupta, (T. T. C.) B.T. Assistant Head Master, Aided H. School, Hashara, Dacca.
- Imtiaj Ali, (T. T. C.) B.T., 1923 ... Sub-Inspector of Schools, (on probation) Jaintia Circle, North Sylhet.

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the number of students of the University of Dacca during the session 1923-24.

Names of Halls.	H. Sc.												B. A.				B. Com.				M. Sc.				M. A.				1st Yr. Law.				2nd Yr. Law.	3rd Yr. Law.	Total	Number of students taking both M. A. & Law	REMARKS.
	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.	1st Yr.	2nd Yr.	3rd Yr.	4th Yr.									
Dacca Hall	68	50	15	28	48	25	15	13	13	13	13	13	7	15	17	26	24	19	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	384	(5)							
Jagannath Hall	37	21	4	27	66	15	17	15	15	15	15	15	4	2	30	33	110	60	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	468	(16)							
Moulana Hall	8	12	...	58	46	31	6	2	2	2	2	2	6	3	19	23	45	29	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	229	(20)							
Total	113	83	19	113	160	71	38	30	30	30	30	30	17	20	66	82	179	108	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	1151	(41)							
Research Students	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	
B. T. }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	
L. T. }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	
Students of the Dacca School of Medicine who take Physics & Chemistry in the University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	121	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1352	Grand Total	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	Double Entries	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1311	Excluding Double Entries	...

* Taught at the Dacca Training College.

APPENDIX B.
STATISTICS OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS.
Session July, 1923 to June, 1924.

Name of Examination	Number of Candidates Registered	Number of Candidates appeared	Number passed	Percentage of passes	Remarks
ARTS & SCIENCE.					
1. M. A. (Final), July, 1923 ...	66	62	38	93.5	
2. M. Sc. (Final), July, 1923...	15	14	11	78.5	(a) Out of these 42 candidates, 33 have passed in two subsidiary subjects and 9 in one subsidiary subject only.
3. M. A. (Prelim.) March, 1924	64	59	46	77.8	
4. M. Sc. (Prelim.) " "	17	17	14	82.2	
5. B. A. (Hons.) Final	68	66	49	(H) 71.2	(b) Out of these 19 candidates, 15 have passed in 2 subsidiary subjects and 4 in one subsidiary subject only.
6. B. Sc. (Hons.) " "	18	18	14	(H) 77.7	
7. B. A. (Hons. Part I) " "	44	44	42 (a)	...	
8. B. Sc. (Hons. Part I) " "	24	24	19 (b)	...	(c) These 85 candidates include 2 who passed with distinction and 9 who failed to qualify for Honours but secured the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree.
9. B. A. (Pass) " "	137	126	85 (c)	* 55.8	
10. B. Sc. (Pass) " "	59	59	25 (d)	* 37.2	

APPENDIX C.

STATEMENT OF ORIGINAL WORK BY VARIOUS MEMBERS OF THE
UNIVERSITY STAFF.

NOTE.—By 'unpublished work' is meant work ready for publication.

FACULTY OF ARTS.

DEPARTMENT OF SANSKRIT.

MAHAMAHOPADHYAYA H. P. SHASTRI, C.I.E.

Published work :—(a) Two volumes of the Catalogue of Sanskrit Manuscripts of the Library of the Bengal Asiatic Society—one on Vedic Manuscripts and the other on History and Geography.

(b) Lectures in the Patna University, entitled Magadhan Literature.

(c) Some Articles on ancient Bengali Literature.

2. MR. SRISH CHANDRA CHAKRAVARTI.

Published work :—Nyasa, Vol. II, Part 2 (Published by the Varendra Research Society).

MR. RADHAGOVINDA BASAK.

Published work :—(a) "Historical Basis and Model for Kalidas's description of Raghu's conquests" (Proc. Transactions, Second Oriental Conference P. 325).

(b) "Some Buddhist Royal Families of Vanga-Samatata." (Prachi, 1330 B.S.).

In the Press :—"Dhanaidaha Copper-plate inscription of the time of Kumar Gupta I: the year 113 (to be published in Ep. Ind.)."

MR. GURUPRASANNA BHATTACHARYYA.

Unpublished work :—(a) The true import of the Upanishads.

(b) The river Karmanasa.

5. MR. NANI GOPAL BANERJEE.

Unpublished work :—(a) A book on Sanskrit Language and Idiom.

• • • DEPARTMENT OF BENGALI.

MR. MD. SHAHIDULLAH.

Published work :—The Bengali Literature during the Buddhist period (Published in the Prachi of Dacca, Ashādī, 1330 B.S.).

Unpublished work :—(a) Imperative mood in Bengali.
 (b) Bengali spelling problem.
 (c) Siddha Kanupa and His songs and Dohas (*in the Press*).
 (d) Srikar Nandi Kavindra Parameswar.
 (e) An alphabetical list of Arabic and Persian borrowed words in Bengali.

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH.

1. MR. C. L. WRENN.

Published work :—(a) Spenser's Epithalamion, a critical edition.

Unpublished work :—(a) Notes on the Text of Cynewulf's *Elene*.

2. DR. S. K. DE.

Published work :—(a) Studies in the History of Sanskrit Poetics. Vol. I (Ludac & Co., London, 1923).

(b) The Vakrokti-jivita : a Treatise on Sanskrit Poetics by Rājānaka Kuntala. Edited from unpublished MSS. with critical notes and introduction, in the Calcutta Oriental Series (Calcutta, 1923).

(c) The Text of Kavya-loka-locana IV ; (Journal of the Department of Letters, Calcutta University, Vol. 9, 1923).

- (d) The Agni-Purana and Bhoja
(Journal of the Royal Asiatic
Society, London, 1923).
- (e) The Theory of Rasa in Sanskrit
Poetics, contributed to *Sir*
Asutosh Mookerjee Commem-
oration Volume, pt. iii
(Orientalia) pp. 207—253.

Unpublished work :—(a) The Katha and the Akhyayika
in Classical Sanskrit : (accept-
ed for publication in the
Bulletin of the London School
of Oriental Studies ; will be
published in the next issue).

- (b) Studies in the History of
Sanskrit Poetics, Vol. II—in
the Press : nearly ready.

3. MR. B. K. ROY.

Unpublished work :—An Essay on the Origins of Old
English, with special refer-
ence to the Inflexions of the
Verb and Noun.

4. MR. P. K. GUHA.

Unpublished work :—(a) The Problem of Shakespeare's
Troilus and *Cressida* ; (ac-
cepted for publication in the
Dacca University Bulletin).

- (b) The Political Message of
Shakespeare ; (a paper read
before the University on
20-3-24 as one of the Dacca
University popular lectures,
and published in the form of
a booklet).

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY.

1. DR. R. C. MAJUMDAR.

Published work :—(1) Harshavardhana—A critical
study. (Journal of the Bihar
and Orissa Research Society,
1923, P. 311).

- (b) Boram Temple Inscription.
(Journal of the Bihar and Orissa Research Society, 1923, P. 416).
- (c) A passage in Alberuni's India—A Nanda Era. (Journal of the Bihar and Orissa Research Society, 1923, P. 417).
- (d) The Origin of the Sena Kings. (Proc. Trans., Second Oriental Conference, P. 343).
- (e) The Identity of Suktiman Mountains. *Ibid.* P. 609.

Unpublished work :—(a) Indian Colonies in the Far East, Vol. I (to be published by the Punjab Sanskrit Book Depot).

- (b) The Date of the Khadga Dynasty. (Read at the monthly meetings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal and to be published in the Journal of the Society).

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY.

1. PROF. G. H. LANGLEY.

Published work :—Interpretation of Religious Experience—The Hibbert* Journal, July, 1924.

2. MR. HARIDAS BHATTACHARYA.

Published work :—(a) Karma Vāda (in Bengali)—The Prachi. (4 instalments) Dacca.
(b) Manava-Prakṛiti (in Bengali)—The Basantika, J. N. Hall, Dacca University.
(c) Sarasvatī Itihāsa (in Bengali)—The Navya-Bharat, Calcutta.

Accepted for publication :—(a) The Doctrine of Karma—The Visva-Bharati Quarterly, Bolepur.

*For other unpublished work vide R. (xi).

Unpublished work :—(a) Completion Mania—a single personality trait, (Read before the Indian Psycho-analytical Society, Calcutta).

3. MR. UPENDRANATH GUPTA.

Unpublished work :—A paper on 'American Realism : Theory of Relations.'

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS.

1. MR. J. C. SINHA.

Published work :—(a) Early Revenue History of Bengal. Calcutta Review, 1923.

(b) Some Currency Reforms of Hastings. Read before the Indian Historical Records Commission. Published in June by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India.

Unpublished work :—A book on the Economic History of Bengal (1757-93).

2. MR. K. B. SAHA.

Unpublished work :—A paper on Middle Class Unemployment in Bengal. (Dacca University Popular Lecture).

3. MR. A. HUSSAIN.

Published work :—(a) Saracenic Historiography (Peace, 1923).

(b) Agony of Bengal Peasants. (in Bengali)—Bangiya Musalman Sahitya Patrika, 1923.

(c) Towards Agrarian Revolt (in Bengali)—Bangiya Musalman Sahitya Patrika, 1923.

Unpublished work :—An introduction to the history of Saracenic Commerce.

4. MR. AJIT KUMAR SEN.

Unpublished work :—Checks to Tyranny in Ancient Indian Politics.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

1. MR. P. B. JUNNARKAR.

Published work :—The Indian Exchange Problem.
(Journal of the Indian Econo-
mical Society).

Unpublished work :—(a) The Exchange Value of the
Rupee.

(b) The Indian Currency Reform.

FACULTY OF SCIENCE.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY.

Name of Author.	Title of Paper.	Name of Journal in which published or to which communi- cated for publica- tion.
Dr. J. C. Ghosh & Mr. A. N. Kappanna.	Electro-deposition of Antimony.	Journal of Physical Chemistry, Vol. 28, pp. 149—160 (1924).
Dr. J. C. Ghosh & Mr. S. C. Biswas.	Extinction co-efficients of some acids and their salts in the ultraviolet.	Zeit. fur Electro- Chemic. p.97, 1924.
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. G. C. Sircar.	(a) Dyes derived from acenaphthaquinone. Part III, "Phenan- thraiminazoles."	Trans. Journ. Chem. Soc. London. July 1923.
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. S. K. Guha.	(b) Dyes derived from acenaphthaquinone.	Do. February, 1924
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. D. C. Roy.	(c) "Dyes derived from phenanthraquinone. Part IV. "Anilino-fla- vindulines and Phen- anthraquinone-azo- dyes."	Do. March, 1924.

UNPUBLISHED WORK.

Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. P. C. Dutt.	(a) Dyes derived from phenanthraquinone. Part V. "Phenanthra- phenazineazines."	These papers will be communicated to the Journ. Chem. Soc. for publication.
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. A. K. Guha.	(b) Dyes derived from isatin.	
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. S. K. Roy.	(c) Azine dyes from camphorquinone.	
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. N. K. Guha.	(d) Acenaphthai- minazoles.	

Name of Author.	Title of Paper.	Name of journal, in which published or to which communicated for publication.
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. P. K. De.	(e) Studies in polyhetero-cyclic compounds.	
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. B. F. Sen.	(f) Dyes derived from phenanthraquinone. Part VI. "Phenanthraquinone-azomethines."	
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. A. K. Guha.	(g) Some new derivatives of isatin.	
Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. P. K. De.	(h) Studies in the ring system, Part I.	
Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. S. C. De.	A new method of preparation of thiocarbonylhydrazide; mono and dithio-p-urazine.	Journ. Chem. Soc. Lond. June, 1924.
Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. H. P. Roy.	Constitution of the so-called Di-thiouazole of Martin Freund. Part III. Some mono substituted thiodiazoles.	
Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. S. C. De.	Some interesting open-chain and closed ring compounds derived from thiocarbonylhydrazide.	
Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. S. U. Nayar.	Ring-closure with acetic anhydride. Part II. Some thiobiazole, oxybiazole, triazole and triazine compounds.	
Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. S. K. Roy.	Hetero-ring formations with ortho-amidophenylhydrazine.	

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.

Mr. Jyotirmay Ghosh	Transverse vibrations of a thin rotating rod and of a rotating circular ring.	Published in the Bulletin of the Cal. Mat. Soc. Dec. 1923.
Unpublished work.	Stability of a loaded strut.	
Mr. Harendranath Datta.		(Published in the Proceedings of the Benares Mathematical Society, Vol. IV)."
Published work.	(a) On surfaces with plane lines of curvature.	

Name of Author.	Title of Paper.	Name of Journal in which published or to which communicated for publication.
Unpublished work.	(b) On the solution of a type of ordinary linear differential equation with variable coefficients.	
	(c) On a theorem of Lie relating to the theory of intermediate differential equations of the second order.	
Mr. Subodh Ch. Mitra.	On the motion of viscous liquid between two non-concentric circular cylinders.	Published Bull. Cal. Math. Soc. 1923.
Unpublished work	(a) On an expression for $\frac{d}{du} JN(X)$.	
Do.	(b) On the motion generated in a viscous liquid by the translation of certain quartic cylinders.	

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS.

Prof. W. A. Jenkins.	On the emission of positive ions from hot tungsten.	The Philosophical Magazine pp. 1125-1147, May, 1921.
Prof. W. A. Jenkins & Mr. Phanindra K. Mitra.	Research work on the emission of positive ions from hot tungsten in Mullard radio valves.	
Mr. S. N. Bose	Planck's Gesetz und Licht-quanten hypotese (Planck's Law and the Light-quantum hypothesis).	Zeitschrift für Physik, August, 1924 (translated by Prof. Einstein).
Mr. Sasi Bhushan Mali.	A paper on the "vapour pressure of formaldehyde."	

FACULTY OF LAW.

Mr. J. N. Das Gupta.	Unpublished work :—	
	(a) The Effect of Mistake on Adverseness of Possession.	
	(b) The Bearing of the Legend of Navanedishta on the origin of Rules of Inheritance in India.	

APPENDIX D.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS AWARDED IN 1923-24.

Description.	No. and value.	By whom awarded.
Government Research Scholarships ...	2 of Rs. 100/- each per mensem.	Government.
Government Post-Graduate Scholarships ...	2 of Rs. 40/- 4 of Rs. 30/- +Rs. 2/- (from University)	Government.
Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship ...	1 of Rs. 20+20 (from University)	University.
University Post-Graduate Scholarships ...	15 of Rs. 32/-	University.
Special Government Graduate Scholarships for poor and deserving Muhammadans	2 of Rs. 25/-	Government.
Government Senior Scholarships for poor and deserving Muhammadans	6 of Rs. 10/-	
Graduate Scholarships (Government) for depressed class students	1 of Rs. 20/-	
Government Special Senior Scholarships for boys of depressed classes	1 of Rs. 15/-	
Special Stipends for Muhammadans	4 of Rs. 5/-	University.
Government Stipends (awarded on the result of the Islamic Intermediate Examination)	2 of Rs. 10/-	Government.
Muhammadan Settlement Scholarships	2 of Rs. 90/- per annum.	Government.
Sir Ahsanullah Scholarships	2 of Rs. 6/-	University.
Government Special Law Scholarships for Muhammadans and backward classes	3 of Rs. 10/-	Government.

**NAMES OF STUDENTS WHO HELD SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS,
TENABLE IN THIS UNIVERSITY DURING 1923-24.**

Government Post-Graduate Research Scholarships.

1. Benoytosh Bhattacharyya, M.A.
2. Dhirendrachandra Roy, M.Sc.

Government Post-Graduate Scholarships.

1. Syed Moazzum Hossain	..	(Muslim Hall)	Rs. 40.
2. Nihar Chandra Chakravarty	...	(Dacca Hall)	.. 40.
3. Narendra Nath Bhattacharyya	...	(Jagannath Hall)	.. 30.
4. Manmatha Nath Guha	...	(Dacca Hall)	.. 30.
5. Abdul Majid Mollah	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 30.
6. Hedayet-ul-Islam	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 30.

Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship.

1. Pran Kumar De (Dacca Hall) Rs. 20+20.
(Rs. 20/- from
endowment and
Rs. 20/- from
University Fund).

University Post-Graduate Scholarships.

1. Ganga Nath Bhattacharyya	...	(Jagannath Hall)	Rs. 32.
2. Surendra Chandra Chakravarty	...	(Dacca Hall)	.. 32.
3. Hirendra Mohan Sengupta	...	(Jagannath Hall)	.. 32.
4. Md. Birdous Ali	} jointly	(Muslim Hall)	.. 16.
5. Sishir Kumar Bose		(Dacca Hall)	.. 16.
6. Nirmal Chandra Guha	} jointly	(Dacca Hall)	.. 16.
Roy		(Muslim Hall)	.. 16.
7. Md. Golam Mowl	...	(Jagannath Hall)	.. 32.
8. Raman Ranjan Biswas	...	(Dacca Hall)	.. 32.
9. Hem Chandra Das	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 32.
10. Annullah	...	(Dacca Hall)	.. 32.
11. Prahlad Chandra Gope	...	(Jagannath Hall)	.. 32.
12. Probodh Chandra Lahiri	...	(Jagannath Hall)	.. 32.
13. Purna Chandra Bala	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 32.
14. Abu Nasr Md. Saleh	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 16.
15. Md. Abdul Haseem	...	(Jagannath Hall)	.. 16.
16. Khitish Chandra Choudhury	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 32.
17. Md. Fazlul Karim	...	(Muslim Hall)	.. 32.

**Special Government Graduate Scholarships of Rs. 25 each
for poor and deserving Muhammadans.**

1. Abdul Rahman (Muslim Hall) Rs. 25.
2. Nurul Huda (Muslim Hall) Rs. 25.

**Special Senior Scholarships of Rs. 10 each
for poor and deserving Muhammadans.**

1.	Abdul Hafez	(Muslim Hall)	Rs. 10.	} (Award of 1922-23).
2.	Meer Rafique Ali	"	" 10.	
3.	Manir Hossain	"	" 10.	
4.	Chaudhury ...	"	" 10.	
5.	Abbaruddin	"	" 10.	
6.	Ahmad Siddiqui	"	" 10.	
7.	Syed Ahmed	"	" 10.	} (Award of 1923-24).
8.	Md. Nurul Islam	"	" 10.	
9.	Golam Ambia	"	" 10.	
10.	Talukdar ...	"	" 10.	
11.	Zahiruddin	"	" 10.	
12.	Ahmed	"	" 10.	
	Muhammad	"	" 10.	} (Award of 1923-24).
	Abdus Satter	"	" 10.	
	Abdur Rahim	"	" 10.	
	Abdul Halim	"	" 10.	
	Moslehuddin	"	" 10.	} (Award of 1923-24).
	Ahmed	"	" 10.	
	Khondkar	"	" 10.	

**Special Graduate Scholarship of Rs. 30/- for the
students of depressed classes.**

1.	Bepin Chandra Nath	(Dacca Hall)	Rs. 30.
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**Special Graduate Senior Scholarships of Rs. 15/-
for students of depressed classes.**

1.	Madhu Sudan		
	Biswas	(Jagannath Hall)	Rs. 15. (Award of 1922-23).
2.	Biswar-Mandal	(Jagannath Hall)	Rs. 15. (Award of 1923-24).

Special Stipends of Rs. 5/- each.

1.	Ramizuddin Ahmad	(Muslim Hall)	Rs. 5.	} (Award of 1922-23)
2.	Aminuddin Ahmad	"	" 5.	
3.	Majibar Rahman	"	" 5.	
4.	Md. Mowla Bux	"	" 5.	
5.	Md. Abdul Ghani	"	" 5.	} (Award of 1923-24).
6.	Md. Abdur Rouf	"	" 5.	
7.	Mir Mazed Ali	"	" 5.	
8.	A. K. M. Nazir	"	" 5.	
	Husain	"	" 5.	

**Stipends awarded on the results of Islamic-Intermediate
Examination of Rs. 10/- each.**

1.	Abdul Malik Chowdhury	(Muslim Hall)	Rs. 10.	} (Award of 1922-23)
2.	Khondkar Md. Taj- amul Husain	"	" 10.	

3. Farrukh Ahmad ...	"	"	10.	} (Award of 1923-24)
4. Md. Husain Ali ...	"	"	10.	

**Government Special Law Scholarships for Muhammadan
and backward classes of Rs. 10/- each.**

1. Muhammad Gholam Hosain ...	(Muslim Hall)	Rs. 10.	} (Award of 1922-23)
2. Laladhar Bhow- mik ...	(Dacca Hall)	" 10.	
3. Md. Yousuff Ali ...	(Muslim Hall)	" 10.	
4. Mahadeb Mandal ...	(Jagannath Hall)	" 10.	} (Award of 1923-24)
5. Fazuruddin Ahmad ...	(Muslim Hall)	" 10.	
6. Abdul Gafur Kazi ...	(Muslim Hall)	" 10.	

Sir Ahsanullah Scholarships of Rs. 6/- each.

1. Abdul Basir ...	(Muslim Hall)	Rs. 6.	per mensem.
2. Torab Ali ...	"	" 6.	"

**Muhammadan Settlement Scholarships of Rs. 90/-
per annum each.**

1. Afsaruddin Ahmed ...	(Muslim Hall)	} (Award of 1922-23)
2. Alfazuddin Ahmed ...	"	
3. Afazuddin Mia ...	(Muslim Hall)	} (Award of 1923-24)
4. Mahmudur Rahman ...	"	

Hall Stipends.

Muslim Hall stipends grant ...	Rs. 6,000.
Jagannath Hall stipends grant ...	" 5,250
Dacca Hall stipends grant ...	" 3,000
Namasudra stipends ...	" 600
3rd year Honours students ...	" 1,800

Besides these a number of students obtained Government scholarships on the results of the Intermediate Examinations. Stipends were also awarded out of the Nawab Nawab Ali Trust Fund which has an annual income of Rs. 960.

APPENDIX E.

**Papers Read before The Dacca University Historical Association,
Session 1923-24.**

Dates.	Subjects.	Lecturers.
2nd August, 1923.	A s o k a 's place in History.	Prof. D. R. Bhandar- kar.
30th " "	The part played by the Muhammadans in the propagation of Hindu learning.	Mr. Fida Ali Khan.
26th Sept., 1923.	A study of the Buddhist images (illustrated by magic lantern).	Mr. Benoytosh Bhatta- charyya.
19th December, "	Philosophy of History.	Mr. H. D. Bhatta- charyya.
3rd April, 1924.	Importance of the study of the Ancient History of India.	Prof. D. R. Bhandar- kar.

**Papers read before the Philosophical Society, Dacca University,
Session 1923-24.**

1st August, 1923.	"Interpretation of Religious Experience." (1)	Prof. G. H. Langley.
12th September, "	"The Quoranic Conception of the Highest Good."	Mr. Md. Shahidullah.
5th December, "	"Intellect, Intuition and Activity."	Mr. H. D. Bhatta- charyya.
9th January, 1924.	"Values and Temporal Experience." (2)	Prof. G. H. Langley.
23rd " "	"Some Recent Theories of Consciousness."	Mr. B. N. Roy.
6th February, "	"Behaviourism."	Mr. K. C. Mukherjee.
27th " "	"The Doctrine of Karma." (3)	Mr. H. D. Bhatta- charyya.
12th March, "	"The Moral Value of Religion."	Mr. H. C. Bhatta- charyya.
2nd April, "	"American Realism—Theories of Relation."	Mr. U. N. Gupta.

(1) Published in the "Hibbert Journal" (July, 1924).

(2) Accepted by the Aristotelian Society, London.

(3) Accepted for publication by the "Visva-Bharati Quarterly."

APPENDIX F.

DACCA HALL.

•Practically all the student-activities of the Hall are now under the control of the Dacca Hall Students' Union which was inaugurated last session.

•The affairs of the Union are managed by a Council consisting of a President, Vice-President and 13 other members. The members of the Council for 1923-24 were:—

Prof. G. H. Langley M.A.,—President.
 Ashutosh Sen, B.Sc.,—Vice-President.
 Dharmabrata Sinha, M.A.,—General Secretary.
 Mohit Kumar Mazumdar, B.A.,—Athletic Secretary.
 Hemendra Kishore Ray, B.Sc.,—Dramatic Secretary.
 Sudhir Chandra Choudhury,—Secretary, Social Service League.
 Rakhal Chandra Dutt, Secretary, Hall Library.
 Sukhamay Roy „ „ Common Room.
 Manmatha K. Bhattacharyya,—Editor, Hall Magazine.

ORDINARY MEMBERS.

1. Bhuban Mohan Baisya, B.A.
2. Kiran Chandra Das.
3. Dharendra Nath Basu Roy, B.Sc.
4. Kshirode Behari Mukherjee.
5. Sudhanya Kumar Roy, B.Sc.
6. Abani Mohan Mukherjee.

The Union organised a social gathering for resident and attached students, as well as for members of the Staff attached to the Hall and few other distinguished persons. After those assembled had spent an hour in pleasant social intercourse, a performance of "Biraha" was given by some members of the Union.

During the past session the Council of the Union organised a number of very successful debates on subject of general and academical interest. The students of the Hall attended in large numbers and showed great enthusiasm. There was never any lack of speakers.

During the session there has been a considerable increase in the number of books in the Hall Library, which is now widely used and greatly appreciated by resident and attached students.

The Common Room also was made more attractive by increasing the number of papers and periodicals and by adding to the indoor games. It has now been possible to arrange that the Common Room shall be open for students from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. The secretary reports that his work was hampered by meagre accommodation and we hope that the University will soon provide us with a much better room.

The record for the Hall Athletics was again satisfactory. Football, Hockey, Cricket, Tennis and Badminton were played during their respective season. A considerable number of players in the University Cricket, Hockey and Football teams were from the Dacca Hall; and in the Annual Athletic Sports of the University the Hall secured the Championship Cup. Further, a large number of prizes came to students of the Dacca Hall.

A new departure was made by the publication of the *Lectus* under the Editorship of Mr. Manmatha Nath Bhattacharyya. By the publication of this Magazine we are able to keep a record of our student activities, and also to give an opportunity to students of the Hall with literary gifts to publish articles in Bengali and English.

The Social Service League has done good work, during the session. It (1) conducted a very successful night school for poor children in the district; (2) arranged a series of First Aid classes under the guidance of Dr. Das Gupta; (3) sent a band of student volunteers to Nangalband and the Dhakeswari Temple at the time of Astamisuan; (4) arranged for demonstrations at the disinfecting wells under the guidance of Dr. Sen, the Health Officer of the Municipality; and (5) arranged for a number of lectures on social problems by Dr. R. C. Roy, Prof. Shastri and others.

In addition the league gave scholarships to two of the boys attending the Night School so as to enable them to attend a High English School.

The annual performance of the Dramatic Association took place immediately before the Puja holidays. Two performances were given and they were greatly appreciated and well attended. Mr. S. N. Ghosh, the Vice-President, took a very active part in producing the play.

G. H. LANGLEY,

Provost of Dacca Hall.

MUSLIM HALL.

During this session the Hall had to be further extended by the addition of more rooms and 131 students resided. The total number of students, attached and resident, was 279.

At the last M.A. Examination, students of this Hall obtained the first places in English and History (Group B.), Arabic and Persian and two of them are now teachers of the University. Only 2 Mahomedans have been appointed in the Income Tax Department this year, and both of them are students of the Hall; and in the B. C. S. Competitive Examination 3 students of the Hall have been successful, 2 of them securing the first two places among the Mohamedan candidates.

The theological instruction of students has been under the supervision of Mr. Md. Shahidulla, House Tutor. Attendance at prayers is compulsory for all students and the Koran classes and lectures on Islamic subjects have been keenly appreciated by them. In this connection the teachers of the Islamic Department have rendered valuable assistance.

The social life of the Hall is developing rapidly. The Hall has kept up its reputation in games and at the annual University Athletic Sports in February, Medayet-ul-Islam secured the Championship Prize. Football, Cricket, Hockey and especially Tennis have been very popular. Every student is required to play some game or other and we should have liked very much to send our teams outside to play foreign matches, if the finances of the Hall Athletic Club had permitted.

The Union remains the centre of the intellectual activities of the Hall. The Saturday night debates are extremely well-attended and this year it has been found necessary to transfer the Union to a portion of the Dining Hall. Sanction has been accorded by Government for the installation of lights and fans in this portion, the University has given some furniture, and it is hoped that by the beginning of next session the new quarters of Union will be ready. The Common Room is a popular centre of activity. The chief daily papers, Journals and periodicals, are provided here and attached to it is an Indoor Games Room, where chess, carrom, ping-pong, etc., are very popular. This year under the auspices of the Union, a Social Service League has been started. Mr. S. V. Ayyar, of the Department of Economics and Tutor of the Hall, is organising the work and for the present the League is concentrating attention on the collection of family budgets of working classes in urban and if possible rural areas and also making provision for the education of adult workers. 20 workers have volunteered to carry on the work and in this connection Mr. Abul Hussain of the Depart-

ment of Economics and Tutor of the Hall, should be especially mentioned. He is one of the most active workers. A beginning has been made with a night school for adult workers; the average attendance is between 25 to 30 and the men are keenly interested in our experiment. 3 classes per week are held; one for elementary civics, one for religious and moral discourse and one for domestic economy. The teaching is conducted by Messrs. Hussain, Shahidulla and Abdul Monem Choudhury (2nd M.A. History student of the Hall.) So far as the collection of family budgets is concerned, the work is still in its preliminary stages and will be necessarily slow. But within the course of the next academic session we hope to publish the results of our experiments. Mr. Ayyar is the soul of this movement; his enthusiasm and energy are remarkable and he has been able to impart these to his workers.

The Hall Library is being slowly built up. More books—Bengali, Urdu and English—have been added this session. There are now about 800 volumes and students take full advantage of the Library. I hope it may be possible for the University to make a larger annual grant.

The health of the students has been satisfactory. Games and a healthier and more regular life have contributed towards this improvement. Towards the close of February there were several cases of chicken-pox. The patients were removed to the University Hospital and every arrangement for their comfort and convenience was made by the Hall.

The Muslim Hall has developed rapidly. I anticipate a large number of students next session and I am confident it is producing a type of young men of whom Mohammedan Bengal is proud.

A. F. RAHMAN,

Proqost of Muslim Hall.

JAGANNATH HALL.

The Jagannath Hall Union had a very successful session last year. There was a slight re-organisation of the social life of the Hall. In addition to the several committees for the Athletic, Literary, Dramatic, Common Room and Social Service Sections, a general committee of the Union was organised this year. Mr. Kshitish Chandra Chaudhuri was elected Secretary of the Union Committee. Under the auspices of the body a very successful social gathering of students and ex-students of the Hall was held early in the session.

Literary Union :—The Literary section of the Union was in charge of Mr. Mohendranath De, B.A., as Secretary. The Literary Union maintained its vigour and energy unimpaired this session. A useful addition to the programme at debate meetings was the introduction of interpellations regarding the work of all sections of the Union. A large number of debates were held and in addition meetings to commemorate the anniversaries of great men were held and lectures were also given.

Common-Room :—The new Common-Room became available for use during this session. It has now been duly equipped and is increasing in popularity. The Common-Room Committee was in charge of Mr. Mohendranath Ray, B.A., as Secretary. Dr. S. K. De was elected President of the Common-Room Committee.

Dramatic Union :—The dramatic section of the Hall Union retained its well-earned reputation. In addition to the annual dramatic representation, variety performances were also given. The piece chosen for the annual show was Bankim Chandra's Chandrasekhar, which was interpreted with remarkable talent and a wealth of scenic display, not very usual at students' functions. A notable feature of this year's performance was the very successful staging of a play by Mr. Manmatha Roy, a student of the Hall, whose work received well-deserved praise. Mr. Jogendra Nath Sen, B.A., was the Secretary of the Dramatic Committee.

Athletic Club :—The Athletic Section of the Union, of which Mr. Ramesh Chandra Dutta, B.A., was the Secretary, has made great headway. In the Football season the Jagannath Hall team won the Sankhmidhi Shield after a tough competition with outside team. The Hall also contributed the captain and several players to the University team. In hockey the Jagannath Hall won the inter-Hall trophy and the Cricket team also gave a very good account of itself. At the annual athletic sports a large number of prizes were won by the students of the Hall and the Jagannath Hall carried away the prize in the tug-of-war and the Boat race on land, competitions between the Halls. Altogether the Hall has showed fine form all round in athletics and the students of the Hall have created for themselves a fine record of true sportsmanship, which the students of later years will do well to keep up.

Social Service League :—The Social Service Section of the Hall has done splendid work. They carried on their work at the school they have established at Kajirbagh with success. In addition to this they have organised lantern lectures on sanitation.

tion for the villagers with the kind assistance of the Health Officers of the District Board and the Municipality. They also interested themselves in removing the wants of people in respect of water supply and have succeeded in interesting the Chairman of the Local Board, who has undertaken to sink a well in the village. In other ways they have made themselves familiar with the wants and deficiencies of the villagers and tried their best to remove them.

Some more ambitious work has also been undertaken. To grapple with the problem of the abject poverty and demoralisation of the villagers they conceived the idea of employing the women of the village, with most of whom begging is the chief profession, in work. The work chosen was rice-husking, which was commenced on a small scale. The absolute demoralisation of the people and their prejudices made success very difficult, but some headway has been made and some women have been engaged in the work. Financially, the business has not been a great success and it will have to be considered whether it should be continued in its present form next session.

Another work on a larger scale was the organisation of the slipper-making industry which is the mainstay of the villagers. Being absolutely without any capital it is not possible for the workers to make better class slippers, which would have a steady market and bring a good return. With a view to organise the industry on a co-operative basis in the long run the Social Service League of the Hall have started an organization with about a dozen labourers and are attempting to give these men high-class and paying work to do all round the year. Owing to extraneous difficulties and the inexperience of the student-workers, there has been some initial loss in the business, but a stage has been reached at which it may be said that the further success of the work is assured.

While the League has concentrated its attention chiefly in intensive welfare work in Kujirbagh it has also tried to expand its work in other spheres. Economic and social surveys of other adjoining villages have been undertaken and a tentative scheme of work in three other villages have been worked out. These could be easily taken up if workers were forthcoming. A night school has been started in the Hall itself. Besides, the workers of the League have from time to time invited gentlemen capable of giving them guidance to have informal talks with them. There were two important conversations at one of which Dr. P. C. Sen, Health Officer of the Municipality, spoke on Child Welfare work and at the other Mr. Upendranath Sen, officiating Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, indicated the ways

in which co-operation would be used for welfare work in the villages. Mr. Pramathanath Majumdar, B.A., was Secretary of the League this session.

The Provost would like to record his very great appreciation of the self-less zeal and earnestness of the workers of the social service league and the capacity for work and organisation that they have shown. Although the work of the League started on the basis of certain suggestions given by the Provost, the execution and development of the work to its present proportions has been entirely the work of the students, who have been working with exemplary devotion for the success of the League.

The *Basantika*, the annual journal of the Hall, maintains its high level and the contributions of the student members of the Hall to this year's number bear evidence of a considerable amount of high literary talent amongst them.

In conclusion, the Provost wishes to bear testimony to the splendid spirit and loyalty of the students of the Hall. The discipline of the students of the Hall has always been of a very high order and it is pleasant to note that this has not to be secured by strong action on the part of the authorities but in the greatest measure by the willing and enthusiastic co-operation of the students of the Hall and their fine enthusiasm for the honour of the Hall. It is this which has made it possible to achieve such success in the development of corporate life in the Hall in the course of the past three years.

The financial position of the Hall Union has been considerably strengthened by the compulsory levy of Rs. 3/- a year from the students. But the Union could do with considerably larger funds. The funds of the Hall were also assisted by donations by the Vice-Chancellor, the Provost and Rai Sahib Gour Nitai Shankharidhi, to the Social Service League. The Social Service League also had the benefit of a loan granted to them by the Dacca Co-operative Industrial Union.

NARESH C. SINGGUPTA,

Provost of Jagannath Hall.

APPENDIX G.

REPORT ON THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
(B.T. AND L.T. COURSES).**Change in the staff during the year :—**

1. The services of Mr. P. S. Katti were withdrawn by the University.

2. The Principal was on leave in England from 1st July, 1923, to 12th October, 1923, in combination with the Summer Vacation from 11th April, 1923, to 30th June, 1923 and the Puja Vacation from 13th October, 1923, to 1st November, 1923.

During his absence on leave Mr. Manoranjan Mitra acted as Principal, and Mr. Gurubandhu Bhattacharyya as Vice-Principal.

3. Offg. Lecturer—Mr. Abdul Hussain Sardar reverted to his substantive appointment from 10th May, 1923. Mr. Mokblesur Rahman took his place in the college as Officiating Lecturer from 2nd July 1923.

4. Drill Master—Jatindra Nath Pathak was transferred to Krishnagar College from 14th December, 1923.

Babu Rupchand Daffadar joined his appointment as Drill Master on 2nd January, 1924.

Lectures on the Physical Life of the Child were given by Dr. West. Permanent arrangements have been made by Government for the continuation of this arrangement.

Number of students :—

The number of students during the year was—B.T. Class 45, L.T. Class 12, also one M.T. student. The comparative smallness in numbers was due to the sudden removal of Hyderabad students at a date too late for it to be possible to fill the vacancies. The roll number in the coming year is likely to be normal.

Courses :—

During the year the syllabus was revised.

Experimental work :—

A report by Messrs. Satya Jiban Pal, Aświni Kumar Datta and M. West on the standardisation of the Binet Simon Tests for Bengal boys has been presented to the University for publication.

The Training College has printed three Intelligence Tests, two adapted from American tests, one from an English test: these are supplied to *bona fide* students only.

Work is being carried on in regard to the problem of English in the educational system of Bengal. The results will be published in 1925, but some especially designed teaching material used in connection with experiments is now in the press.

A hand-writing scale for the grading of Bengali handwriting will be issued early next session.

M. WEST,
Principal, Teachers' Training
College, Dacca.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1924-25.

The total number of students other than research students and students of the Teachers' Training College and students of the Medical School was 1268 (excluding double entries) as against 1151 in 1923-24, an increase of 117.

The number of research students of whom two are Muhammadans has increased from 19 to 22.

The number of students of the Teachers' Training College and the Medical School rose from 61 to 65 and from 121 to 126 respectively.

The grand total (excluding double entries) increased from 1311 to 1481.

As in the previous year the most marked features of the statistics are the diminution in the number of Arts students and the increase in number of Science students, Law students and Research students. The number of Commerce students fell from 68 to 66.

The actual statistics of entries are shown in Appendix A.

The statistics of examination results are shown in Appendix B.

The percentage of successful candidates at the M.A. Examination has risen from 93.5 to 95 and at the M.Sc. Examination from 78.5 to 85.7. The results of the B.A. Honours Examination also show advance in the percentage of successful candidates from 71.2 p.c. to 73.4 p.c. There is however a fall in the percentages of successful candidates at the Honours B.Sc. and Pass B.A. and B.Sc. Examinations from 77.7, 55.8 and 37.2 to 54.5, 44.5 and 34.8 respectively. If Pass and Honours results are taken together the percentages of successful candidates in B.A. and B.Sc. Examinations come to 57.1 and 40 respectively as against 66.3 and 50 in the previous year.

The work of the University is still handicapped by the backward condition of secondary and higher secondary education in Bengal to which the Sadler Commission drew attention and in the opinion of many of the teachers it is impossible, within the prescribed period of two sessions, to bring many of the students who must be admitted to the course for the ordinary degree to the level that must be required for obtaining such degrees.

The results of the detailed statistical investigation of the examination results by the Examination Board constituted in the previous year have not yet been published.

• • • HEALTH OF STUDENTS IN THE HALLS.

The health of the students residing in the University Halls was on the whole satisfactory. There were very few cases of severe illness; but during the winter, a large number of students in the Halls suffered from mild attacks of influenza.

There were some cases of Malarial fever in the Hall, and four cases of Kala-azar were detected in Jagannath Hall. Of the latter students one went home and made his own arrangements for treatment, and the other three were isolated and treated in the Hall. They were all completely cured.

The Medical Officer reports that Pyorrhoea and Dyspepsia are prevalent amongst the students.

• • • CHANGES IN THE STAFF.

English :—Mr. C. L. Wrenn, M.A., Reader and Head of the Department, took leave in continuation of the Summer Vacation, and Dr. S. K. De, Reader in English, acted as Head of the Department for the period. Mr. Satyendra Kumar Das, M.A., University Research student in English, was appointed as temporary Assistant to carry on the linguistic teaching of Mr. C. L. Wrenn. At the end of the session Dr. S. K. De was appointed Reader and Head of the Department of Sanskrit and Bengali with effect from the beginning of the session 1925-26, thus leaving vacant the post of a Reader in English.

Arabic and Islamic Studies :—A Professor and permanent Head has been appointed to the Department of Arabic and Islamic studies in the person of Dr. A. Siddiqi, M.A., Ph.D. (Göttingen), formerly Principal of the Osmania University, Hyderabad. Dr. Siddiqi however could not join his appointment till 1st November, 1924; and Mr. Fida Ali Khan, Reader and Head of the Department of Persian and Urdu continued to act as Head of the Department till 30th October, 1924.

Sanskrit and Bengali :—The term of appointment of Mahamahopadhyaya Hara Prasad Shastri, Professor and Head of the Department, having expired in June, 1924, Mr. Srish Chandra Chakravarty, Reader, was appointed Acting Head of the Department. In view of the fact that Mr. Chakravarty's appointment will lapse on 30th June, 1925, Dr. S. K. De, Reader in English, has been appointed Reader and Head of the Depart-

ment with effect from the beginning of the session 1925-26. Mr. Charu Bandyopadhyay, B.A., has been appointed a permanent Lecturer in Bengali and Mr. Umesh Chandra Bhattacharyya, M.A. (Dacca), was appointed as a temporary Assistant in Sanskrit up to the end of the session. His Excellency the Chancellor has started a fund for endowment of a Chair of Sanskritic studies.

History :—Mr. A. F. Rahman, Reader in History, took leave for the months of February and March, 1925, during which period Mr. N. K. Bhattacharya, M.A., Curator, Dacca Museum, acted as a part-time teacher in this Department.

Philosophy :—Prof. G. H. Langley, M.A., Head of the Department, took leave for the whole of the session in continuation of the Summer Vacation of 1925; and Mr. Haridas Bhattacharyya, M.A., Reader, was appointed Acting Head of the Department. The appointment of Mr. Kazemuddin Ahmad as temporary Lecturer and of Mr. Binoyendranath Roy as temporary Assistant was continued for the whole of this session.

Physics :—Mr. S. N. Bose, M.Sc., Reader in Physics, proceeded to Europe in September, 1924, on two years' study leave and Mr. Bhabani Charan Guha, M.Sc., Lecturer, was appointed Acting Reader in his place up to 30th June, 1925. Messrs. Hariprasanna Mukherjee, M.Sc., and Sasanka Sekhar Mukherjee, M.Sc., Assistant Lecturers, were appointed Acting Lecturers for the same period. It has been arranged to continue these acting appointments till the return of Mr. S. N. Bose from his study leave. Mr. Sudhendu Kumar Basu, M.Sc., was appointed temporary Assistant Lecturer in Physics in the chain of the appointments consequent on the study leave of Mr. S. N. Bose. The increase in the number of students in the B.Sc. Classes necessitated the appointment of an additional Assistant Lecturer in the person of Mr. Surendra Chandra Chakravarty, M.Sc.

Chemistry :—The increase in the number of students in the B.Sc. classes necessitated the appointment of an additional Assistant Lecturer and Mr. Pradosh Chandra Ray Chowdhury, M.Sc., was appointed to the post. Mr. M. N. Niyogi, Reader in Analytical Chemistry, having expressed his desire to revert to Government Service at the beginning of the session 1925-26, a new Reader in Analytical Chemistry has been appointed in the person of Dr. J. K. Chaudhury, M.Sc., Ph.D., with effect from 1st July, 1925.

Law :—Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L., the permanent Head of the Department, went on leave from the commencement

of the session to the 29th August, 1924, and has again been on leave with effect from 30th October, 1924. Mr. J. N. Das Gupta, M.A., acted as the Head of the Department during the periods of leave of Prof. Sen Gupta. Mr. J. N. Das Gupta has been appointed acting Professor and Head of the Department with effect from 5th January, 1925, for the unexpired portion of Prof. Sen Gupta's leave, i.e., till the 29th of April, 1926. Mr. A. K. Dutta Gupta, M.A., B.L., who worked as an Assistant for three years has been promoted to the rank of a Lecturer. Mr. Nirmal Chandra Pal, M.A., B.L., has been appointed an Additional Lecturer and Messrs. Md. Ibrahim, M.A., B.L., and A. Razaq, Barrister-at-Law, have been appointed as additional part-time Lecturers. These additional appointments were necessitated by the increase in the number of Law students.

(No changes took place in the Departments not mentioned here).

RESEARCH WORK.

Research has been carried on actively in nearly all Departments by teachers and students. A list of original papers by members of the staff in the various Departments, published during the session, is appended as Appendix C. In the year 1925, the degree of Doctor of Science was conferred upon Professor W. A. Jenkins by the University of Sheffield for his research work.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND STIPENDS.

A list of Scholarships and Stipends awarded to students in the session under review is given in Appendix IV.

ALTERATIONS IN BUILDINGS AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS.

The number of students in the Muslim Hall having increased considerably, the Hall, in addition to the extension made in 1923-24, had to be further extended in 1924-25. Eleven rooms in the first floor, previously occupied by class rooms and seminars of the University, have been set free for residential purposes, thus giving the Hall an additional floor spacing of about 6,000 sq. ft. This alteration, effected at a total cost of Rs. 3,608/- incurred in arranging for the seminars and class rooms—all of which have been put in the ground floor, is expected to meet satisfactorily the demand for extended accommodation in the Muslim Hall.

Under the supervision of the Sanitary Engineer of the Public Health Department, considerable sanitary improvement

has been made in the Muslim Hall by providing a sufficient number of urinals on the first floor at a total cost of about Rs. 4,600/-. This arrangement will wholly remove the discomfort felt by the students of the Hall and by the class rooms downstairs.

The two houses of the Jagannath Hall stand on the north and south sides of a big tank with the Hall latrines on the western side. An unclimbable fencing is now being put up for the two houses enclosing the latrines. The latrines being outside the main buildings and there being no compound wall to prevent students from going out, this fencing of a total area of approximately 1700 square yards at a total cost of about Rs. 7,000/- will make the latrines easily accessible at all times without affording the students any freedom to go beyond the Hall area, and, at the same time, will provide an open area of considerable size as a safe place for students to come in, in case of fire and earthquake.

When the Dacca Hall (formerly Dacca College) residential block was built, adequate arrangements were not provided for the development of corporate life among the students. Apart from arrangements for sleeping and eating, only one small room was set apart for reading, writing and indoor games, library and general social purposes. With a view to removing this great defect and providing a much needed improvement, an Assembly Hall, consisting of one large general room, a library, one small room, a Provost's office and a clerks' office, has been erected to the north of the present Dacca Hall at an expenditure of Rs. 25,000/- and has been named "Lytton Hall". The foundation stone was laid by His Excellency the Chancellor.

Owing to a demand for extended accommodation in the Chemical Laboratory, an expenditure of Rs. 086/- has been incurred for provision of chemical benches and stools. This will enable the University to accommodate 12 additional pass students in the courses in Chemistry.

As the present Store-room of the Chemistry Department is to be used for Analytical Chemistry purposes, a separate Store House at a cost of Rs. 6,000/- is being built to the south of the present Chemical Laboratory. It is expected that this addition of a separate building will greatly facilitate the work of the Chemistry Department.

The University Club has hitherto been occupying a part of the Physical Laboratory. Owing to a demand of the Physics Department for more space for Stores and other purposes, the Club has been removed to the University Court

House, so that the space vacated by the Club can now be utilised by the Physics Department. An expenditure of about Rs. 2,000/- has been incurred for this purpose in installing water, gas and electric connection in the Laboratory and supplying furniture for the same and also in making temporary electric connection for the Club in the Court House.

The University has spent a total sum of about Rs. 8,500/- on furniture and utensils this year. Of this, about Rs. 900/- has been spent on account of Jagannath Hall; about Rs. 1,000/- for Muslim Hall; about Rs. 1,400/- for additional furniture for Court Meetings and Convocation; Rs. 3,500/- for the General and Science Libraries, and the rest for the various departments of the University. It is expected that this expenditure will very much add to the comfort and convenience of the University people generally.

No final decision has as yet been arrived at in the matter of the transfer of the buildings in the University area to the University.

Library, 1924-25.

The Seminar Libraries, excepting the one for the Department of Commerce, were re-transferred to the General Library and placed under an Assistant who is also in charge of the books of the Poor Students' Section.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of issues of which the total during the year under review was 38,444. The University Library now contains 36,644 volumes; and the total number of accessions since the University opened in 1921 is 18,225.

The total number of accessions in the year was 1880, including 1,354 volumes purchased, 214 volumes of bound periodicals, and 321 volumes presented by Government and by other donors. The names of donors to the Library are as follows:—

1. The Humbert Trustees ... University Hall, London.
2. The National Press ... Allahabad.
3. Messrs. MacMillan & Co. ... London.
4. The Secretary, the Punjab Religious Book Society. Lahore.
5. The Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India. Pasa.
6. Dr. P. J. Harlog, C.I.B. ... Vice-Chancellor, Dacca University.
7. Dr. Sushil Kumar De ... Reader in English, Dacca University.
8. F. Ahmad, Esq., M.A. ... Librarian, Dacca University.
9. Dr. Ganesha Prasad, M.A., D.Sc. ... Hardinge Professor of Mathematics, Calcutta University.

10. Binuola Charan Law, Esq., No. 24, Sukea Street, Calcutta.
M.A., B.L.
11. Girish Chandra Chakravartty, Head Master, Noakhali.
Esq.
12. Kali Bhushan Mukherjee, Esq. Wari, Dacca.

The Library is indebted to the following Governments, Native States and Institutions for the supply gratis of their publications:—

Governments:—

Government of India.

„ „ Ceylon.

Provincial Governments:—

1. Assam.
2. Bihar and Orissa.
3. Bengal.
4. Bombay.
5. Burma.
6. The Punjab.
7. The United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

Native States:—

- Hyderabad (Deccan) ... H. H. H. the Nizam's Education and Archaeological Departments.
Guzerat ... His Highness the Maharaja Gackwar of Baroda.

Institutions:—

Universities of Aberdeen,
Bombay,
Calcutta,
Delhi,
Edinburgh,
Glasgow,
Hyderabad (Deccan),
London,
Madras,
Patna.

DACCA UNIVERSITY POPULAR LECTURES.

The following lectures, open to the public without fee, were given in the University:—

Date.	Subject.	Lecturer.
November 27,*	Foreign Travellers in Mogul India.	Mr. A. P. Rahman, B.A. (Oxon.).
December 4,	Treatment of Subject Races by the Arabs.	Mr. Fida Ali Khan, M.A.

Date.	Subject.	Lecturer.
December 11,	Wireless Telegraphy ...	Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc.
December 18,	Socialist Outlook ...	Mr. S. V. Ayyar, M.A.
January 8,	Examinations ...	The Vice-Chancellor.
January 15,	The Morality of Group Life.	Mr. U. C. Bhattacharyya, M.A.
January 22,	The Hindu Colonisation in the Far East.	Prof. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.
February 6,	Saadi as a poet and a Moralist.	Mr. Z. H. Azad, B.A.
February 9,	Oriental Studies in Europe.	Prof. A. Siddiqi, M.A., Ph.D.
February 12,	Beginnings of English Education in Bengal.	Dr. S. K. De, M.A., D.Lit.
February 19,	Muslim influence on the Bengali Language and Literature.	Mr. Md. Shahidullah, M.A., B.L.
February 26,	The Dacca Muslim Industry.	Mr. J. C. Sinha, M.A.
March 5,	Truth in Advertising ...	Mr. P. B. Juhnarkar, M.A., LL.B.
March 12,	The Romance of Evolution.	Mr. K. Ahmad, M.A.
March 19,	Ministers in Ancient India	Mr. R. G. Basak, M.A.

SOCIETIES.

The inaugural meeting of the English Association was held on November 25, 1924 with the Vice-Chancellor in the Chair and meetings for the reading of papers and informal literary discussions were held at intervals.

A list of papers read before the various societies is contained in Appendix E.

A brief report of the University Union is added as Appendix F.

REPORTS ON THE HALL.

The reports of the Provosts on Dacca Hall, Muslim Hall and Jagannath Hall are printed in Appendix G.

REPORT ON THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

The report of the Principal, Teachers' Training College, Dacca, on the Department of Education is printed in Appendix H.

APPOINTMENTS, ETC., OBTAINED BY PAST STUDENTS.

In addition to the employments of past students reported last year, the following students* have reported the appointments secured by them:—

1. Kumudranjan Chaudhuri, Indian Police Service.
(D.H.), B.A., 1924.
2. Ruhul Amin Chowdhuri, Assistant Teacher, Municipal School, Chittagong.
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1924.
3. Aodul Quader, (M.H.), B.Com., Clerk, Income-Tax Office, Chittagong.
1924.
4. Manindranath Bhattacharyya, Assistant Teacher, Damodor Institution, Howrah.
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1924.
5. Upendra Chandra Ray, (J.H.), Pleader, Judge's Court, Purnea.
B.L., 1923.
6. Jagatbandhu Ghosh, (D.H.), Proof-Reader, Patna Law Press.
B.Sc., 1924.
7. Jatindramohan Mukherjee, Assistant Teacher, Mangaldai, Assam.
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1924.
8. Nalinimohan Chowdhuri, Assistant Master, Government High School, Maulvibazar, Sylhet.
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1924.
9. Sureshchandra Sen, (D.H.), Pleader, Tangail.
M.A., B.L.
10. Md. B. broo, (T.T.C.), B.T., Sub-Inspector of Schools, Raipura Circle, Dacca.
1924.
11. Ma'mudur Rahman, (T.T.C.), Assistant Master, Government Moslem High School, Chittagong.
B.T., 1924.
12. Krishnagopal Guha, (T.T.C.), Assistant Head Master, The Victory Memorial H. E. School, Gopalpur, Mynensingh.
B.T., 1924.
13. Shivanath Gogai, (T.T.C.), S. I. of Schools, Dhubri.
B.T., 1924.
14. Baidyanath Chaudhari, (T.T.C.), Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dinajpur.
B.T., 1924.
15. Mohimchandra Das, (T.T.C.), Assistant Teacher, Government High School, Gauhati, Assam.
B.T., 1924.
16. Hedayetul Islam, (M.H.), M.A. Deputy Magistrate & Collector, Dacca.
17. Taranath Gogai, (T.T.C.), B.T., S. I. of Schools, Tribugarh.
1924.
18. Kedaraswar Das Gupta, (T.T.C.), Asstt. Master, Habiganj Government High School, Assam.
B.T., 1924. (S. E. S.).
19. Pramodchandra Banerjee, (J.H.), Clerk, Office of the Director of Army Audit, Delhi.
M.A., 1924.

*The following abbreviations are used:—D. H. Dacca Hall; J. H. Jagannath Hall; M. H. Muslim Hall; T. T. C. Teachers Training College.

20. Jnanendralal Datta, (J. H.), Pleader, Judge's Court, Chittagong.
B.L., 1924.
21. Bankimchandra Gangopadhaya, Working under Mr. D. C. Cambell,
(D.H.), B.Com., 1924. C. A., Director of Commercial
Audit in the Office of the
Auditor General in India, Delhi,
as an Article Clerk.
22. Mohendrachandra Debnath, Pleader, Nabinagar, Tipperah.
(J.H.), B.L., 1924.
23. Probodhchandra Debchaudhuri, Officiating in the Collegiate
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1924. School, Dacca.
24. Nagendranath Majumdar, Head Master, Natuda Government
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1924. Aided H. R. School,
Nadia.
25. Md. Abdul Majid, (M.H.), B.A., Temporary Head Master, Nuria
1924. Senior Madrasah, Chandpur.
26. Khageswar Rai, (T.T.C.), B.T., Sub-Inspector of Schools,
1924. Panchgarh, Jalpaiguri.
27. Jagadishchandra Saha, (J.H.), Asstt. Teacher, West End H. R.
M.A., 1925. School, Lal Bag, Dacca.
28. Sachindrakumar Adhikari, Head Master, Kodalia S. I.
(J.H.), M.A., B.T., 1924. Government-aided H. R. School,
Mymensingh.
29. Brojeshchandra Ray, (D.H.), Assistant Master, St. Gregory's
M.A., 1924. High School, Dacca.
30. Bibekprafulla Pal, (J.H.), M.A., Assistant, Office of the Registrar,
1924. University of Dacca.
31. Ash-har Ali, (T.T.C.), B.T., Teacher, Maulvi, Government
1924. High School, Sylhet, Assam,
(S.E.S.).
32. Khatishchandra Choudhuri, Indian Audit and Accounts
(J.H.), M.A., 1924. Service.
33. Fazlul Karim, (M.H.), B.A., Sub-Deputy Collector.
1924.
34. Sitaram Sarma, (J.H.), B.A., Sub-Deputy Collector.
1924.
35. Prahladchandra Gope, (D.H.), Sub-Deputy Collector.
M.A., 1924.
36. Md. Golam Mowla, (M.H.), Sub-Deputy Collector.
M.A., 1924.
37. Abdul Aziz, (M.H.), M.A. ... Income-Tax Officer.
38. Abdul Majid (M.H.), B.A. ... Income-Tax Officer.
39. Abdul Qaddus, (M.H.), B.A. ... Sub-Deputy Collector.
40. Abdul Majid Khadkar, (M.H.), Sub-Deputy Collector.
M.A.
41. Momtazuddin, (M.H.), M.Sc. ... Sub-Deputy Collector.
42. A. N. Md. Saleh, (M.H.), M.A. Prof. of Logic, Feni College.
43. A. J. Syed Ahmed, (M.H.), Prof. of Persian, Cotton College,
M.A. Gauhati.

44. P. C. Bose, (J.H.), B.Com., 1925 Canvasser, Imperial Tobacco Company.
45. P. R. Chakravarty, (D.H.), B.Com., 1925. Salesman, Imperial Tobacco Company.
46. J. C. Rai, (D.H.), B.Com., 1925 Apprentice, Imperial Bank of India.
47. K. C. Das, (D.H.), B.Com., 1925. Statistical Asstt., Agricultural Department, Dacca.
48. K. C. Ghosh, (D.H.), B.Com., 1925. Office of the Auditor General, Delhi.
49. Mahendranath De, (J.H.), M.A., 1924. Sub-Deputy Collector.
50. Gangnanath Bhattacharyya, (J.H.), M.A., 1924. Master in Logic, New College, Patna (S. E. S.).
51. Abinashchandra Chaudhury, (J.H.), M.A., 1924. Post-graduate Research student in the Department of Sanskrit and Bengali.
52. Niharchandra Chakravarti, (D.H.), M.A., 1924. Sub-Deputy Collector.
53. Md. Moslehuddin, (M.H.), M.A., 1923. Offg. Librarian, Islamic Intermediate College, Dacca.
54. Abdul Aziz, (M.H.), M.A., 1925 Offg. Lecturer, Islamic Intermediate College, Dacca.
55. Mahendranath Chakravarti, (J.H.), M.A., 1923. Lecturer in Logic, New Intermediate College, Gandaria, Dacca.
56. Mohini Mohan Bandyopadhyaya, (J.H.), M.A., 1924. Sub-Deputy Collector, Mymensingh.
57. Md. Selahuddin, (M.H.), M.A., 1923. Awarded a State Scholarship by the Government of His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad and "is proceeding to England for further study.
58. Nirmalchandra Guharoy, (D.H.), M.Sc., 1924. Professor of Chemistry, Behar National College, Bankipore.
59. Subarnakamal Roy, (J.H.), M.Sc., 1924. Demonstrator in Chemistry, B. M. College, Barisal.
60. Harilal Basak, (J.H.), M.A., 1924. Government service.
61. Salehuddin Ahmad, (M.H.), B.A., 1924. Sub-Deputy Collector, Bengal.
62. Herambanath Bhattacharyya, (J.H.), M.A., 1924. Ditto.
63. Upendrachandra Sinha, (D.H.), M.A., 1924. Ditto.
64. Abdul Majid Mollah, (M.H.), M.A., 1924. Deputy Magistrate, B. C. S.
65. Santosh Kumar Chatterjea, M.A., 1923. Lecturer, Salimullah Intermediate College, Dacca.

66. Sudhirschandra Mukherjee, Sub-Deputy Collector.
M.A., 1923.
67. Manmatanath Guha, (D.H.), Assistant in English, Dacca University.
M.A., 1924.
68. Jyotirmaya Lahiri, (T.T.C.), Head Master, Akumani High School, Malda.
B.T., 1925.
69. Sisirkumar Roy, (T.T.C.), Chithalia High School.
B.T., 1925.
70. S. Azizur Rahman, (T.T.C.), Assistant Master, R.M.M.P. Institution, Rushbandar, Rangpur.
B.T., 1925.
71. Sarafat Ali, (T.T.C.), B.T., 1925 Office of the Collector of Customs, Calcutta.
72. Salimuddin Ahmed, (T.T.C.), Off. Prof. Islamic Intermediate College, Serajganj, Pubna.
73. Bepinchandra Chaudhury, Rangunia H. School, Chittagong.
(T.T.C.), B.T., 1925.
74. Sudhirschandra Ghose, (T.T.C.), Assistant Teacher, Sonarang H. E. School.
B.T., 1925.
75. Amiya Chandra Ghosh, (T.T.C.), High School, Kanauty P.O.
B.T., 1925. Rangoon.
76. Jagadananda Mitra, (T.T.C.), A private H. School, Rangoon.
B.T., 1925.
77. Sureshchandra Datta, (T.T.C.), Assistant Master, Simla H. E. Aided School.
B.T., 1925.

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' INFORMATION BUREAU.

In accordance with the recommendation of the Lytton Committee the Provincial Advisory Committee for Indian Students, Dacca, was abolished from 2nd January, 1925, and the University Students' Information Bureau, Dacca, was established in its place with effect from the same date.

Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., has been appointed honorary Secretary of the Bureau and Mr. A. N. Sen, Secretary of the defunct Provincial Advisory Committee, was appointed Assistant Secretary for 6 months on an allowance of Rs. 100/- per mensem.

A detailed report on the University Students' Information Bureau, Dacca, for the year ending 31st March, 1925, will be found in Appendix I.

APPENDIX A.
Statement showing the number of students of the University of Dacca during the session 1924-25.

Names of Halls.	1st Year B. Sc.		2nd Year B. Sc.		3rd Year B. Sc.		1st Year B. A.		2nd Year B. A.		3rd Year B. A.		1st Year B. Com.		2nd Year B. Com.		1st Year M. Sc.		2nd Year M. Sc.		1st Year M. A.		2nd Year M. A.		1st Year Law.		2nd Year Law.		3rd Year Law.		Number of students taking both M. A. and Law.	Total.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18														
Dacca Hall	79	66	17	44	29	9	9	13	9	18	18	28	50	21	16	(8)	426															
Jagannath Hall	57	34	5	49	28	20	19	14	4	6	27	32	79	94	59	(18)	507															
Muslim Hall	9	10	3	64	69	18	4	7	2	5	14	34	72	33	27	(10)	371															
Total	125	110	25	157	126	47	32	34	15	29	59	94	201	148	102	(36)	1304															
Research students	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22
B. I.*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56
L. I.*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Students of the Dacca School of Medicine who take Physics and Chemistry in the University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	126
Grand Total																	2517															
Double Entries																	36															
Excluding Double Entries																	1481															

Taught at the Dacca Training College.

APPENDIX B.

*Statistics of University Examinations, Session
July, 1924 to June, 1925.*

Name of Examination	Number of Candidates registered	Number of Candidates appeared	Number of Candidates passed	Percentage of passes
Arts and Science				
1. Ph. D. February, 1925 ...	1	1	nil	nil
2. M. A. (Final) July, 1924	81	80	76	95
3. M. Sc. (Final) July, 1924	15	14	12	85.7
4. M. A. (Prelim.) March, 1925 ...	65	59	45	76.2
5. M. Sc. (Prelim.) March, 1925 ...	13	13	11	84.6
6. B. A. (Hons. Final) February, 1925 ...	52	49	36	(H) 73.4
7. B. Sc. (Hons. Final) February, 1925 ...	23	22	13	(H) 54.5
8. B. A. (Hons. Part I) February, 1925 ...	38	38	35 (a)	92.1
9. B. Sc. (Hons. Part I) February, 1925 ...	30	30	25 (b)	83.3
10. B. A. (Pass) February, 1925 ...	123	119	60 (c)	**44.5
11. B. Sc. (Pass) February, 1925 ...	88	86	32 (d)	*31.8

(a) Out of these 35 candidates 22 have passed in two subsidiary subjects and 13 in one subsidiary subject only.

(b) Out of these 25 candidates 19 have passed in two subsidiary subjects and 6 in one subsidiary subject only.

(c) These 60 candidates include 7 who failed to qualify for Honours but secured the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree.

(d) These 32 candidates include 2 who failed to qualify for Honours but secured the necessary aggregate for a Pass Degree.

(H) Excluding the Honours candidates who have been awarded the Pass Degree.

** Excluding the 7 Honours candidates who have been awarded the Pass Degree.

* Excluding the 2 Honours candidates who have been awarded the Pass Degree.

APPENDIX B.—(Contd.)

*Statistics of University Examinations, Session
July, 1924 to June, 1925.*

Name of Examination	Number of Candidates registered	Number of Candidates appeared	Number of Candidates passed	Percentage of passes
Law				
12. M. L. ...	1	1	nil	nil
Final Law				
13. July, 1924 (on Dacca University syllabus) ...	18	17	12	70.5
14. July, 1924 (on Calcutta University syllabus) ...	8	7	7	100
15. January 1925 (on Dacca University syllabus) ...	17	13	7	53.8
16. January, 1925 (on Calcutta University syllabus) ...	7	6	4	66.6
Intermediate Law				
17. July, 1924 (on Calcutta University syllabus) ...	10	9	8	88.8
B. L. Examination Part I.				
18. July, 1924 ...	45	39	27	69.2
19. January, 1925 ...	61	59	51	86.4
Education				
20. M. T. December, 1924 ...	1	1	1	100
21. B. T. February, 1925 ...	57	57	52	91.2
22. L. T. February, 1925 ...	7	7	5	71.4
Commerce				
23. B. Com. February, 1925...	32	32	17	53.1

APPENDIX C.

Statement of original work done by the Members of the Teaching Staff during the Session, 1925-26.

DEPARTMENT OF SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Name of Teacher.	Title of paper.	Name of Journal in which published.
1. Dr. S. K. De ...	(i) Studies in the History of Sanskrit Poetics, Vol. II.	Luzac & Co., London, 1925.
	(ii) The Kathâ and the Akhyârikâ in Classical Sanskrit.	Bulletin of the London School of Oriental Studies Vol. III, Pt. III, 1924.
	(iii) A Note on Kunda-mâlâ.	Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, London, 1924.
	(iv) Bhâravi and Dandin.	Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. I, No. 1, March, 1925.
	(v) Some old Bengali printed Books and Periodicals in the British Museum.	Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. I, No. 2, June 1925.
2. Mr. S. C. Chakravarti.	Edited and published the Nyasa, a commentary on the Kârikavrittî, Vol. II, Pt. 3, Chs. 7 and 8.	Varendra Research Society, Rajshahi, Bengal.
3. Mr. R. G. Basak ...	(i) On Land-sale Document in Ancient India.	Calcutta Review (Sir Ashutosh Mookherjee Commemoration Volume, Vol. III).
	(ii) Dhanaidaha Copper Plate Grant of Kumâra Gupta.	Epigraphia Indica, Vol. XVII.
4. Mr. Md. Shahidullah.	(i) The imperative mood in Bengali.	V. S. Parisat Patrika, Vol. XXI, No. 3, 1331, B.E., Calcutta.
	(ii) The etymologies of Kubha, laghagh, gevaya and Laghulo in the Inscriptions of Asoka.	Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. I, No. 1, 1925, Calcutta.
	(iii) The date of Manik Ram Ganguli.	Ibid.
	(iv) The Padmavati of Syed Alwal.	Smitiya-Parisat Patrika, Vol. XXI, No. 4, 1332, B.E., Calcutta.

Name of Teacher.	Title of paper.	Name of Journal in which published.
5. Mr. C. Banerji ...	Edition of Kavikan-kan Chandi, Vol. I.	Calcutta University, 1925.
6. Mahamahopadhyaya H. P. Sastri.	Lokâyata.	Dacca University Bul. No. 1, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF PERSIAN AND URDU.

1. Mr. Muzaffaruddin
 - (i) Nietzsche and his Philosophy. Maarif of Azamgarh, January, 1925.
 - (ii) Nietzsche and Christianity. *Ibid*, April, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH.

1. Mr. P. K. Guha ...
 - (i) Is Hamlet a Problem? Calcutta Review, April, 1925.
 - (ii) The Problem of Troilus & Cressida. Dacca University Bulletin, 1925 (in the Press).
2. Mr. U. C. Nag ...
 - "A Midsummer Night's Dream"—A study in dramatic technique to illustrate the idea of balance in plot making. Dacca University Bul. No. 2, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY.

1. Dr. R. C. Majumdar.
 - (i) The date of the Khadga Dynasty of Bengal. Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Vol. XIX, No. 8.
 - (ii) Some observations on Pushyamitra and his Empire. The Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. I, No. 1.
 - (iii) The Early History of Bengal. Dacca University Bul. No. 3, 1925.
2. Mr. P. C. Mukherjee
 - Early Military Resources of the East India Company. Bengal, Past and Present, June, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY.

- Mr. G. H. Langley (on leave)
 - (i) Interpretation of Religious Experience. Hibbert Journal, July, 1924.
 - (ii) Values and Temporal Experience. Proceedings of the Aristotelian Society, 1924-25.
 - (iii) Cognition in Religious Experience. Quest, April, 1925.
2. Mr. H. D. Bhattacharyya.
 - Risection of a small line. Proceedings of the Indian Science Congress, Benares, 1925.

Name of Teacher.	Title of paper.	Name of Journal in which published.
3. Messrs. H. D. Bhattacharyya and K. C. Mukherjee.	Influence of materials on learning and Relearning.	Proceedings of the Indian Science Congress, Benares, 1925.
4. Mr. U. C. Bhattacharyya.	(i) Teachers of the Upanishads.	Proceedings of the Oriental Conference, Madras, 1924.
	(ii) Moral Value of Religion.	Calcutta Review, May-June, 1925.
5. Mr. K. C. Mukherjee	(i) Interpretation of Behaviour.	Calcutta Review, November, 1924.
	(ii) Optimal Pause in continuous mental work of a simple order.	Proceedings of the Indian Science Congress, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICS.

1. Mr. J. C. Sinha ...	(i) Bengal in olden Times (1707-1757). An Economic Survey.	Calcutta Review, October, 1924.
	(ii) Economic Theorists among the servants of John Company (1766-1866).	Economic Journal, London, March, 1925.
	(iii) The Dacca Muslim Industry.	Modern Review, April, 1925.
2. Mr. S. V. Ayyar ...	Some aspects of Indian Empire.	Indian Journal of Economics, April, 1925.
3. Mr. A. K. Sen ...	Is Hindu Politics theological?	Calcutta Review, March, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.

1. Dr. N. M. Basu (jointly with Mr. S. C. Mitra).	On some laws of central force. Part II—Read at the 12th Indian Science Congress held at Benares in 1925.	Bulletin of the Calcutta Mathematical Society, June, 1925.
2. Mr. H. N. Dutta ...	(i) On surfaces with plane lines of curvature (Part II).	Proceedings of the Benares Mathematical Society, Vol. IV.
	(ii) On a theorem of Loic relating to the theory of partial differential equations of the second order.	Bul. Cal. Math. Soc., Vol. XV, 1924-25.

Name of Teacher.	Title of paper.	Name of Journal in which published.
	(iii) On the construction of partial differential equations of the second order satisfying assigned conditions (Read at the Indian Science Congress of 1925). On cross-ratio properties of conics.	Bul. Cal. Math. Soc., Vol. XV, 1924-25. Published in the Tohoku Math. Jr., Vol. 24, (1924).
3. Mr. S. C. Mitra ...	(i) On an expression for $\frac{d}{dn} J_n(x)$ (ii) On the motion generated in a viscous liquid by the translation of a cylinder whose cross-section is an Elliptical Limacon.	Bul. Cal. Math. Soc. Messenger of Math., Decr., 1924.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

1. Mr. P. B. Junparkar Rupees and the Gold Hindustan Review, standard. April, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY.

1. Dr. J. C. Ghosh & Mr. S. B. Mali. (i) On the Vapour pressure and Chemical Constant of formaldehyde. Journal of Ind. Chem. Soc., Vol. I, page 37, 1924.
2. Dr. J. C. Ghosh & Mr. P. C. Roy & Mr. Asutosh Sen. (ii) The Electrode Potential of Mercury against its Ions in aqueous (1) Methyl alcohol, (2) Acetone and (3) Pyridine. *Ibid.*, Vol. I, Page 189, 1924.
3. Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. P. C. Dutt. (iii) Dyes derived from Phenanthraquinone, Part V. *Ibid.*, 2nd Issue.
4. Dr. A. C. Sircar & Mr. B. K. Sen. (iv) Dyes derived from Phenanthraquinone, Part VI. Azo-phenanthra-phenazines and phenanthraquinone. *Ibid.*, 3rd Issue.

Name of Teacher.	Title of paper.	Name of Journal in which published.
5. Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. S. C. Dey.	(v) A new method for the preparation of thiocarbonyldrazide: Mono and dithio-pyrazine. C. Hetero-ring formations with thiocarbonyldrazide.	Trans. Soc., 1924, Vol. 125, pp. 1215-18. Journal of the Ind. Chem. Soc., 1924, Vol. 2, pp. 141-49.
6. Dr. P. C. Guha & Mr. H. P. Ray.	(vii) Constitution of the so-called Dithiontrazole of Martin Freund, Part III. Synthesis of some non-substituted Thiobiazoles.	Amer. Chem. Soc., 1925, Vol. 47, pp. 385-390.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

Mr. S. N. Bose ... (on leave).	On Atomic Structure.	Zeitschrift für Physik (1) Band 27, Heft 5/6 (2) Band 26, Heft 3.
Mr. S. B. Mali with Dr. J. C. Ghosh.	On the Vapour Pressure and Chemical constant of Formaldehyde.	Journal of the Ind. Chem. Soc., Vol. I, No. 1, 1924.
3. Mr. S. B. Mali ...	On a method of Calculating the Vapour Pressure of a solution with a simple solvent and a non-volatile solute.	London Philosophical Magazine, 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW.

1. Prof. N. C. Sen Gupta.	Evolution of Law.	Calcutta University.
2. Mr. J. N. Das Gupta	Effect of mistake on adverbousness of possession.	The Calcutta Law Journal, Vols. XXIX and XL.

APPENDIX D.

SCHOLARSHIPS, STIPENDS, MEDALS AND PRIZES AWARDED DURING THE SESSION, 1924-25.

	Names of holders.	Value Rs.
Government Research Studentships for 1 year.	1. Satish Chandra De (Organic Chemistry).	100 p.m.
	2. Syed [*] Moazzam Hossain (Arabic).	100 "
University Research Studentships for 1 year.	1. Sushil Chandra Biswas (Physics).	75 "
	2. Khitish Chandra Chou- dhuri (Economics)	75 "
	3. Satyendrakumar Das (English).	75 "
	4. Prankumar De (Chemis- try).	75 "
	5. Hirendramohan Sen- gupta (Mathematics).	75 "
Government Graduate Scholarships for 1 year.	1. Samarendra Gupta (Chemistry).	40 "
	2. Md. Abdul Aziz (Islamic Studies).	40 "
	3. Kumud Ranjan Chou- dhuri (Economics).	30 "
	4. Ehabesh Kumar Som (Physics).	30 "
	5. Hedvatul Islam (Economics).	30 "
	6. Fazlul Karim (Arabic)	30 "
University Post- graduate Scholarships for 1 year.	1. Manmatha Nath Bhatta- charyya (Philosophy).	32 "
	2. Abdul Jabbar Khan (Arabic).	32 "
	3. Prafulla Chandra Mukherjee (History).	32 "
	4. Bishad Bhushan Das Gupta (Sanskrit).	32 "
	5. Fayezuddin Khandakar (Persian).	32 "
	6. Md. Moslehuddin (Islamic Studies).	32 "
	7. Hafizur Rahman (Eco- nomics).	32 "
	8. Jadulal Mukherjee (Chemistry).	16 "
	9. Mahendra Kumar De (Chemistry).	16 "
	10. Arun Kumar Dutta (Physics).	16 "
	11. Kamakhyaranjan Sen (Physics).	16 "

	Names of holders.	Value Rs.
	12. Ramatiranjan Biswas (English).	32 p.m.
	* 13. Purna Chandra Bala (Philosophy).	32 „
	14. Probodh Chandra Lahiri (Sanskrit).	32 „
	* 15. Narendra Nath Bhatta- charyya (Sanskrit).	32 „
	* 16. Md. Fazlul Karim (Economics).	32 „
	* 17. Hem Chandra Das (Chemistry).	32 „
Raja Kalinarayan Scholarship for 1 year.	1. Paresb Chandra Bhatta- charyya (Mathema- tics).	40 „
One Govt. Special Graduate Scholarship for depressed class students for 1 year.	1. Bepin Chandra Nath (English).	30 „
Two Govt. Special Graduate Scholar- ships for Muham- madans for 1 year.	1. Nuruddin Ahmad (His- tory). 2. Md. Turab Ali (Islamic Studies).	25 „ 25 „
Govt. Special Law Scholarships for 2 years.	1. Mahadev Mandal ... 2. Faizuddin Ahmad ... 3. Abdul Gafur Kazi ... 4. Abdul Aziz ... 5. Md. Manirul Huque Bhuyan. 6. Madhusudan Biswas ...	10 „ 10 „ 10 „ 10 „ 10 „ 10 „
Fuller Memorial Con- tinuation Scholarship for 2 years.	1. Muhammad Nazir Hossain.	25 „
Jack Memorial Muham- madan Settlement Scholarships for 2 years.	1. Md. Yakub Ali ... 2. Abdur Raquib ...	90 p.a. 90 „
One Govt. Special Senior Scholarship for Depressed Classes awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Edu- cation, Dacca, for 2 years.	1. Debendra Chandra Nath	15 p.m.

	Names of holders.	Value Rs.	
6 Govt. Special Senior Scholarships for Muhammadans awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, for 3 years.	1. Golam Ambia Talukdar	10 p.m.	Award of 1923-24.
	2. Zahiruddin Ahmad ...	10 "	
	3. M.L. Abdus Sattar ...	10 "	
	4. Abdul Halim	10 "	
	5. Abdur Rahim ...	10 "	
	6. Moshuddin Ahmad Khandakar.	10 "	
	7. Saiduddin Ahmad ...	10 "	
	8. Muhammad Idris ...	10 "	
	9. Muhammad Hussain Ali.	10 "	
	10. Abul Khair Ahmed Khan.	10 "	
	11. Fazlur Rahman ...	10 "	
	12. Abu Musa Azharul Islam Bhuyan.	10 "	
5 Govt. Scholarships awarded on the results of the Islamic Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, for 3 years.	1. Serajul Huque ...	15 "	
	2. Syed Abdul Mabud ...	15 "	
	3. Abdul Farh Muhammad Nurullah.	15 "	
	4. Abdul Majid ...	15 "	
	5. Syed Habibur Rahmat	15 "	
Special University Scholarships to 3rd year Honours students for 1 year.	1. Sachindranarayan Choudhury.	20 "	
	2. Labanya Mohan Das ...	15 "	
	3. Ashrafuddin ...	10 "	
	4. Abdul Aziz ...	10 "	
One University Graduate Scholarship for depressed class students for 1 year only.	1. (a) Bishnu Ranjan Samajpati.	16 "	
	" (b) Madhusudan Biswas.	16 "	
Govt. Special Scholarship awarded on the combined results of the Intermediate Examinations in Arts and Science of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Rasiklal Das ...	15 "	
Govt. Mohsin Scholarships awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examination of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Serajul Karim ...	14 "	

	Names of holders.	Value Rs.
Govt. Special Scholarship for Muhammadans awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Abdul Majid Choudhury.	10 p.m.
Govt. Senior Scholarship awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Calcutta University, 1924, for 2 years.	1. Upendra Nath Bhaduri	20 "
Scholarships awarded on the results of the Intermediate Examinations of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.	1. Abdul Hakim ... 2. Matindra Chandra Bardhan. 3. Faizal Haque ...	20 " 20 " 10 " (Special award of 1923-24).

MEDALS AND PRIZES.

The Pope Memorial Medal.	1. Timirharan Mukherjee	37
The Brennand Prize.	1. Paresi Chandra Bhattacharyya.	35
Abhay Chandra Das Memorial prize.	1. Paresi Chandra Bhattacharyya.	50
Prizes of books awarded to students who stood first in the first Division in the M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations, 1924.	1. Abanimohan Bandyopadhyaya. 2. Manmatanath Guha 3. Hirendra Mohan Sen Gupta. 4. Pran Kumar De 5. Surendra Chandra Chakravarti. 6. Prahlad Chandra Gope 7. Abu Nasr. Md. Saleh 8. Ganganath Bhattacharyya. 9. Md. Abul Fazl Syed Ahmed. 10. Syed Moazzam Hossain 11. Khitish Chandra Choudhury. 12. Nilhar Chandra Chakravarti.	50 50 100 100 100 100 50 100 100 100

HALL STIPENDS.

		Rs.
Muslim Hall Stipends Grant	...	6,250
Jagannath Hall Stipends Grant	...	3,250
Dacca Hall Stipends Grant	...	3,000
Namasudra Stipends	...	600
3rd. year Honours Students	...	1,800

Besides these, stipends were also awarded out of the Nawab Bahadur Nawab Ali Trust Fund which has an annual income of Rs. 900.

APPENDIX E.

DACCA UNIVERSITY ENGLISH ASSOCIATION.

The following were the most important meetings:—

Date.	Subject.	Speaker.
Nov. 25th	The Problem of Hamlet ...	Mr. P. K. Guha.
Dec. 14th	Symposium on Hamlet ...	Messrs. P. K. Guha, S. K. De, U. C. Nag, B. K. Roy, and C. L. Wrenn.
Jan. 14th	Macbeth ...	Mr. U. C. Nag.
Feb. 11th	The Life of Shakespeare illustrated by magic lantern slides.	The Rev. H. Bridges.

DACCA UNIVERSITY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Date.	Subject.	Lecturer.
9-9-24	The Concept of Salvation ...	Mr. H. D. Bhattacharyya.
13-11-24	Instinct-energy and its differentia- tion in the races.	Mr. K. C. Mukherjee.
18-11-24	Present-day Outlook of Philosophy	Dr. N. N. Sengupta (Cal- cutta University).
5-12-24	Some implications of Realism in Vedanta.	Dr. S. N. Dasgupta (Presi- dency College, Calcutta).
7-1-25	The Common Origin of Mind and Matter in the Philosophy of William James.	Mr. Nikhil Chandra Sen (Jagannath Intermediate College, Dacca).
7-2-25	Symposium on Positive Religion to Christianity.	Rev. H. Bridges.
25-2-25	Islam ...	Mr. Md. Shahidullah.
	Hinduism ...	Mr. U. C. Bhattacharyya.
	Contents of Positive Religion ...	Mr. H. D. Bhattacharyya
28-3-25	American Realism: Theory of Knowledge.	Mr. C. N. Gupta.

DACCA UNIVERSITY HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION.

Date.	Subject.	Lecturer.
8-8-24	Hindu Science of Politics ...	Prof. D. R. Bhattacharya.
22-8-24	Economic Theorists among the Servants of John Company.	Mr. J. C. Sinha, M.A., P.R.S.
14-11-24	Napoleonic Wars in the East ...	Mr. P. C. Mukherjee, M.A.
28-11-24	The English Factory at Dacca ...	Mr. N. K. Bhattachali, M.A.
13-2-25	Old Coins and how they help History.	Mr. N. K. Bhattachali, M.A.

APPENDIX F.

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' UNION.

President : Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc.

Secretary : Mr. Jogendra Nath Sengupta, M.A.

All students of the University are members of the University Students' Union, the subscription being Re. 1/- per annum. Members of the staff may become members of the Union on payment of an annual subscription of not less than Rs. 2/-. The affairs of the Union are controlled by a Committee consisting of three students and one teacher representative from each Hall and one teacher nominated by the Vice-Chancellor. The object of the Union is to foster corporate life within the University and to provide facilities for social intercourse and entertainments. The Union maintains a Common Room in which a large number of newspapers and periodicals are kept for the use of its members and provision is also made for various indoor games. Debates are held as frequently as possible, and in any case, not less than once a month. The Union has undertaken the publication of a journal called the University Journal and has already issued the first number. The common room and writing room have been well furnished and the acquisition of a rest room will soon, it is hoped, take place. Great progress in the organisation of the Union was made last year.

APPENDIX C.

DACCA HALL

Owing to the absence on leave of the Provost of the previous session—Professor G. H. Langley, M.A., I.E.S., the Executive Council of the University appointed Professor W. A. Jenkins, I.Sc., I.E.S., as Provost for the session 1924-25. As usual, the Hall was quickly filled and it was found necessary, in order to provide residence for the increased number of students, to open the Ramna House as an extension of the Hall. Although a short distance away from the main building those who resided there were comfortable and satisfied; but it should be pointed out that the growth of the Hall will necessitate the provision of even more accommodation than is available in the present building together with the Ramna House, and the University authorities will shortly have to face the problem of the construction of more residential blocks. During the year the Executive Council sanctioned the construction of the Lytton Hall block where provision will be made for the Students' Common Room, Library, Provost's and Clerks' Offices. The foundation stone of this block was laid by His Excellency on the 6th of March, 1925, and all the rooms will be available for use as from the beginning of session 1925-26. This block will satisfy a long felt want of the Hall and the Hall authorities and students are grateful to the University authorities for the sympathetic attitude that they have shown in this matter.

The members of the Council which controls the student activities were for the session 1924-25 as follows :—

Vice-President	...	...	Rakhal Chandra Dutt.
Secretary, Athletic	...	...	Paresb Nath Roy.
Secretary, Drama	...	...	Braja Gopal Ganguly.
Secretary, Social Service League	...	...	Kiran Chandra Das.
Secretary, Library	...	...	Biresb Lobban Sen.
Secretary, Common Room	...	...	Mohendra Nath Dutt.
Editor, Hall Magazine	...	...	Paresb Chandra Nandi.

ORDINARY MEMBERS.

Pratulla Chandra Mukherjee.
 Paresb Chandra Bhattacharyya.
 Kund Ranjan Chaudhary.
 Sailesh Chandra Roy.
 Mohindra Mohan Roy.
 Satyendra Kumar Das.

Sudhir Chandra Das Gupta—General Secretary.

Successful debates were held on many occasions and there was no lack of speakers on any of the subjects. Large numbers of books were added to the Library as another special grant was obtained from the University, and the Library is now becoming one of considerable interest and use. Most of the books are on general subjects and of a lighter type although there are a certain number of text books. The reading of more good novels will benefit the students and be a desirable development in the general life of the students. Current newspapers and periodicals have been widely read and the provision of a more spacious common room will be a great boon.

The Hall has maintained its reputation in the athletic life of the University, and in the University football, cricket and hockey teams the Hall was strongly represented. Facilities for tennis have been increased and it is gratifying to find ever increasing athletic activities in the Hall. The Hall carried off the Championship Cup at the University Athletic Sports and supplied the individual champion as well as a large number of prize winners.

As the University Students' Union published, during the year, a Magazine in English, the Council decided that in future the Hall Magazine should be published in Bengali only. The result has been, in the opinion of most people, an improvement in the quality and usefulness of the Magazine.

The Social Service League continued its activities. Night School classes were held for poor boys of the vicinity and scholarships were awarded to the best students. A band of volunteer helpers proceeded to the Nangalband festival and rendered help in various ways. A welcome feature of the affairs of the Social Service League has been the contributions in cash received from various students in addition to the ordinary sources of income.

Under the able guidance of Mr. Surendra Nath Ghosh the dramatic performance was a great success and all who participated are to be congratulated upon the performance and the arrangements.

No report would be complete without reference to the unremitting care and attention of the House Tutors to whose guidance and tact the good feeling and fellowship characteristic of the Hall, have been to a great extent due.

(Sd.) WALTER A. JENKINS,
Provost, Bacca Hall.

The 24th July, 1925.

MUSLIM HALL.

The number of resident and attached students is 364—an increase of 85 over the figure of last year, and the Hall had to be further extended by the addition of more rooms. The number of resident students is 148.

Mr. Shahidullah, the Theological Tutor, has very efficiently organised the religious life of the Hall. The theological lectures and Koran classes have been very well attended and students of the Hall have made valuable contributions on Islamic culture in the Journal "Peace" that Mr. Shahidullah edits and publishes. Practically all the students observed 'Ramzan' and special arrangements were made for "Tarabi."

Our students have maintained their reputation in games. Provision is made for all the different games and students take a more active part than before. In the Annual Sports held at the end of January, the Hall carried away many prizes; Hockey and Tennis are still very popular and this year we sent out a Hockey team to play the Presidency College, Calcutta. Mr. Nuru Islam is the Athletic Secretary.

The Union still remains the centre of the intellectual and social activities of the Hall. Mr. A. Z. M. Rezai Karim is the Vice-President of the session and Mr. Khurshiduddin Ahmed, Secretary. Besides weekly debates on the current topics, the Union arranged a very successful "AT HOME" last January and the Hon'ble Sir Abdur Rahim and Sir Prafulla Chandra Roy were made Honorary Life Members. The Debating Hall of the Union has been furnished with lights and fans and furniture also has been provided by the University. This room is an acquisition to the Hall and this is the centre of students' activities. All the chief daily papers, Journals and periodicals are subscribed for by the Union and various Indoor Games are also provided. The Union aims at producing good citizens and there is no doubt that it has succeeded. Those students that have distinguished themselves in the Union have invariably done well in life and it has furnished some valuable recruits to the public services of the country. The social service branch has laboured under some difficulties, not that there was any want of enthusiastic workers, but partly because those among whom we worked lost all interest after a time and in some cases resented our activities. We realise these setbacks, but we have not lost heart. Messrs. Ayyar and Abul Hussain who direct this movement hope to overcome all these obstacles and carry on the good work that has been begun. The enthusiasm

and sincerity of the students are valuable assets and the Social Service League hopes to renew its activities.

The Hall Library has now 950 volumes. The University has given Rs. 1,000/- this year as a capital grant and it has been possible to add more Bengali and Urdu books. It has removed a long felt want and students take full advantage of the facilities offered to them.

The health of students has been very satisfactory.

The Muslim Hall has developed rapidly. A friendly rivalry in the various University activities has produced a type of young Mahomedan whose merits have been recognised outside the boundaries of Dacca.

In the Competitive Examinations for the Services our students have secured high places and this year we have furnished 6 recruits to the Provincial and Subordinate Civil Service; and 2 have been appointed as Income Tax Officers. The problem of the Hall is its want of accommodation; all the available accommodation in the University Buildings has been utilised and if next session there is a large number of students, as I anticipate, it would be difficult to house them. The Mahomedan community desires that a separate Hall should be built for them; the University has agreed to spend a part of its capital grant and Government has been asked to grant a loan. If this is done, the community will be grateful; it will have the satisfaction of feeling that a suitable building has been provided for the Mahomedan young men who are the real trustees of their generation.

(Sd.) A. F. RAHMAN,
Provost, Muslim Hall.

JAGANNATH HALL.

Dr. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L., who has been in service as the Provost of the Hall from the inception of the University in 1921, took leave for eighteen months and relinquished his office as from the beginning of this session. The two House Tutors carried on the work till I took over charge on the 4th August, 1924.

During the year under review the Jagannath Hall has successfully maintained its reputation for healthy corporate life and useful activities. The social life of the Hall has, as usual, developed round the various sections of the Hall Union. In addition to a general committee of the Union there are separate committees for the Athletic, Literary, Dramatic, Common

Room and Social Service Sections. Each committee consists of a number of students elected by the students of the different classes, and a Secretary also elected by them. A President and, if necessary, a Vice-President are elected by the student members of each committee. The Social Service Section, however, comprises only the *bona fide* workers and the Secretary and the President and Vice-President of this section are elected by them.

Hall Union :—The Hall Union Committee has been thoroughly reorganised this year. A new set of rules and regulations were drafted by it and approved by the general body of students. These rules, copies of which can be obtained from the Hall office, deal exhaustively with all the sections, and have for the first time established a definite and uniform procedure in the different sections of the Hall. The constitution of the Committee during the year under review was as follows :—

<i>President</i>	...	Dr. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.
<i>Vice-President</i>	...	Mr. U. C. Nag, M.A.
<i>Treasurer</i>	...	Mr. D. N. Ganguli, M.A.
<i>Secretary</i>	...	Mr. Nagendra Kumar Chaudhury, B.A.
<i>Members</i>	...	Mr. Sudhanshu Bikash Roy Chaudhury.
		Mr. Dharendra Kishore Bhattacharyya.
		Mr. Rajendra Ch. Bhattacharyya.
		Mr. Raj Dharendra Narain Chaudhury.
		Mr. Dwijendra Kishore Bhattacharyya.
		Mr. Sisir Kumar Roy.
		Mr. Bhupendra Kumar Adhikary.
		Mr. Narendra Kumar Mukherjee.
		Mr. Ananta Kumar De.
		Mr. Tarak Chandra Dhar.

The Hall Union Committee organised a very successful social gathering on the 24th September to meet Dr. N. C. Sen Gupta on the eve of his departure from Dacca on long leave. The Jagannath Hall owes its present success almost entirely to the unwearied activity and enlightened sympathy of Dr. N. C. Sen Gupta and the gathering organised by the students indicated their appreciation of his services.

Literary Union :—The Literary Union was under the charge of Mr. Sudhanshu Bikash Roy Chaudhury. The Union kept up its tradition, and under its auspices some debate meetings were held, where interesting discussions took place. Though the Union could not manage to have a large number of meetings

yet the quality of debates reached a high degree of excellence. Besides a large number of students, members of the University staff took prominent part in the discussions. The members of the Jagannath Hall Literary Union took a lively interest in the Debates of the University Union. The Secretary of the Union had the opportunity of representing the University Students' Union in the All-India Inter-College Debate held in Benares in January last. As an impetus to further interest in the activities of the Union, arrangements have been made for awarding prizes for best speeches in English and Bengali.

Common Room:—The institution of Common Rooms was one of the earliest ideas associated with the beginnings of the University and it has ever since occupied a prominent place in the development of Hall life. It may even be held that more than any other institution, e.g., Drama, Sports, etc., the Common Room has helped the students to realise the dream of a fully-developed Hall life. The Jagannath Hall Common Room has been serving this important function in its own way and it seems to have already become the most popular institution of the Hall. During the year under review the Common-Room committee consisted of the following office bearers:—

<i>President</i>	..	Dr. R. C. Majumdar, M.A., Ph.D.
<i>Vice-Presidents</i>	...	Mr. Jyotirmay Sen, M.A., and Mr. Parimal Roy, M.A.
<i>Hon. Sec. & Secretary</i>	...	Mr. Bhupendra K. Adhikari, B.A.

Almost all the leading Dailies, Weeklies, Monthlies and Quarterly Reviews have been subscribed for and an attempt has been made to keep the Hall life in touch with the best minds of all countries and with the most recent happenings in different parts of the world. The type of a good boy confining himself to his text-books and to the four-walls of his class room, is a rare phenomenon in the Hall.

During the session the Common Room has been provided with additional furniture and a proposal has also been made to furnish it with pictures. The indoor game section, which is now under the control of the Athletic Committee since the Common room fund is rather small, is being well managed.

The Common Room has been of the greatest service in affording pleasure and recreation to the students.

Dramatic Union:—This Section has maintained its well earned reputation. It successfully staged 'Thaker Mela', a farce written by Dr. N. C. Sen Gupta, M.A., D.L., on the occasion of the social gathering organised to meet him on the eve of his

departure from Dacca. The annual dramatic performance was held just before X'mas Vacation. The play selected was 'Prafulla,' by the late Girish Chandra Ghosh, and the staging left nothing to be desired. The students of the Jagannath Hall have already earned some reputation for their talents in histrionic art and it may be hoped that they will ably maintain it in future. Mr. Dwijendra Kishore Bhattacharyya, B.A., was the Hony. Secretary of this section.

Mr. Manmatha Roy, M.A., a student of this Hall has already gained some reputation as a dramatist. He has written several new plays during the current year and one of them is regularly staged in a public theatre in Calcutta.

Athletic Union:—The Athletic Union was in charge of Mr. Rajendra Chandra Bhattacharjee, B.Sc. Several improvements were effected during the current year, of which the most important is the 'fencing' round the Tennis lawns, which is regarded as the best in the town. A ground has been prepared for the Basket Ball, a newly introduced game, and provisions have been made for Badminton and various Indian games. The Hall possesses good Football and Hockey grounds and five Tennis lawns, including a paved one. The Gymnasium is also being used by a large number of students of the Hall.

The Jagannath Hall furnished the majority of players to the University team in Cricket, Hockey and Football. The Hall team played the final game of the Inter-Hall Hockey competition. At the Annual Athletic Sports a large number of prizes were won by the students of the Hall and the Jagannath Hall carried away the prize in the Tug-of-War.

The Social Service League:—The activities of the Social Service League form the most brilliant chapter in the annals of the Hall. It is steadily extending its activities, and has already earned great reputation for its splendid work. The work that was begun last year (*vide* the last Annual Report) has been completed and new kinds of rural activity have been taken in hand.

The work at Kazirbagh: The Kazirbagh School has greatly improved. The number of students have increased and their progress has been very striking.

A slipper-making industry was started last year and the league was engaged this year in clearing up the big stock of slippers that were manufactured during the last year. They were pushed into the market with success and have almost been sold out. The League will now resume the manufacturing work very soon.

To utilise the spare time of the villagers, husking was introduced last year. But this year, it was found, on trial, that owing to the high price of paddy, the scheme would not work except at a loss. However, it is hoped that with a fall in the price, the League will adopt it again.

The poultry business has been introduced during the current year. The League has bought for the villagers many pairs of ducks and the capital will gradually be realised out of the income from the sale of eggs. This is helping many poor families.

The sanitary condition of the village has also been improved. The tanks were always disinfected so as to prevent sudden outbreak of epidemics. Further, regular propaganda for the improvement of the economic and sanitary conditions of the village is carried on and the villagers are gradually learning to live better and to avoid self-imposed evils. The same kind of work has been extended to other parts of the District. Two students were also sent to carry on antimalarial propaganda work in certain parts of Manikganj. Thanks of the league are due to the authorities of the Local Boards who favourably considered applications from the League for specific improvements in the sanitary condition of Kazirbagh.

Night School in the Central Building of the Hall:—The night school in the Hall has attracted quite a number of students from the villages of Nilkhet and Dhammandai, the students of all ages numbering 56. Both fathers and sons are being educated, and in some instances they are pursuing the same course.

Nangalbandh Snan:—The League again worked at Nangalbandh and this year made themselves responsible for the management of the traffic. The volunteers numbered one hundred and twenty-five. The gathering near the Dhakeswari Bari after the Snan day was also very huge owing to the unusually large number of pilgrims who went to Nangalbandh on the occasion of the auspicious Budhasthami. The volunteers of the League looked to their safety and convenience till they departed from the locality. It is gratifying to note that the selfless activities of the League have been praised by the Chairman of the District Board, who was present at Nangalbandh.

Economic Investigation:—Economic investigation of the surrounding villages of Dacca forms a distinct feature of the work of the League. The work is being carried on vigorously, and a board has been established for the purpose with Mr.

Parimal Roy, M.A., as Chairman. It first tried to fix a suitable locality for the purpose of investigation. After a thorough enquiry into the villages of Vittipara, Ishkatal, Tejgaon, Kamalpur and Shyampur, the last named village was found to be the best for the purpose. The board has just finished the preliminary investigation of the village, and has collected valuable statistics regarding infant mortality, births, deaths and criminal tendencies. It is hoped that the board will be able to finish its work by the middle of the next session when a detailed report embodying the results of the investigation will be published.

I would like to add my hearty appreciation of the selfless zeal and earnest work of the members of the Social Service League, and of its worthy Secretary, Mr. Ananta Kumar De. They have shown wonderful capacity for organisation and steady work, and have fully deserved the reputation they have earned. I personally inspected their work at Xangalbandh and when I saw them calmly discharging their self-imposed duties at considerable personal inconvenience and under most trying circumstances, I felt proud of them. I shall be failing in my duty if I omit to refer to the splendid service of the captain of this heroic band, Mr. Parimal Roy.

(Sd.) R. C. MAJUMDAR,
Provost, Jagannath Hall.

APPENDIX H.

REPORT ON THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

(B.T. and L.T. Courses).

Change in the staff during the year :—

There was no change in the Staff during the year.

Number of students :—

The number of students during the year was,

B.T.	...	...	...	56
L.T.	...	...	...	7
Special		...	...	1

Course :—

During the year the Syllabus was slightly revised.

Educational Exhibition :—

An Educational Exhibition of the work of the Teachers' Training College, Dacca, was held for 6 days commencing from the 7th March, 1925. The Exhibition was opened by Lady Hermione Bulwer Lytton and later visited by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal. The results of the Experimental work mentioned in the last report were exhibited :—

Standardisation of the Binet-Simon Tests for Bengali Boys. Intelligence Tests adapted from the American tests. A Hand-writing scale for the grading of Bengali handwriting. New Method Readers of English. Apparatus for use in the Primary School.

The Exhibition attracted people from all over Bengal.

(Sd.) M. MITRA,

For Principal, Teachers' Training College,
Dacca.

APPENDIX I.

REPORT OF THE DACCA UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' INFORMATION
BUREAU, DACCA, FOR THE YEAR ENDING
31ST MARCH, 1925.

Changes during the year:—The recommendation of the Lytton Committee regarding the formation of the Dacca University Advisory Bureau for Indian Students, Dacca, was given effect to from the 2nd January, 1925, and the Provincial Advisory Committee for Indian students, Dacca, was abolished from that date. The offices were removed to the main University Buildings on the 30th January, 1925.

New members of the Students' Information Bureau:—The new members of the University Students' Information Bureau, Dacca, are as follows:—

- (1) The Vice-Chancellor of the Dacca University—*President*.
- (2) The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.
- (3) The Collector of Dacca.
- (4) The Provost of the Dacca Hall.
- (5) The Provost of the Muslim Hall.
- (6) The Provost of the Jagannath Hall.
- (7) Dr. J. C. Ghosh | Two members of the teaching staff with experience of foreign Universities appointed by the
- (8) Dr. S. K. De | Academic Council of the Dacca University.
- (9) The Principal of the Dacca Intermediate College.
- (10) The Principal of the Jagannath Intermediate College.
- (11) The Principal of the Eden Intermediate College.
- (12) The Principal, Dacca School of Engineering.
- (13) The Superintendent, Dacca Medical School.
- (14) Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D.Sc., I.E.S.—*Secretary*.

The Executive Council of the University selected Prof. W. A. Jenkins as the Secretary of the Bureau and the last Secretary of the Provincial Advisory Committee, Mr. A. N. Sen, was appointed as Asstt. Secretary for six months.

Functions of the Bureau:—The Functions of the Bureau are (1) to supply advice to any student of the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions who desires to go abroad for his studies, (2) to furnish foreign Universities with the required information regarding the qualifications of the students, and (3) to refer

the student to other persons, whether members of the Bureau or not, for further advice if it appears that such advice will be of value.

Admission to English Universities:—Indian parents and guardians, before sending their sons to the United Kingdom, would be well advised to have full information on the following points:—first, they should not only have definite assurance that admission to a University or College has been actually arranged, but also that the student himself is qualified, without the necessity, if possible, of a further Examination in that country, to enter upon his course of study. Next, they should know the exact time for arriving in that country in order to be present, for the beginning of the academic year and also how long the course in question is to last, assuming that the student concerned takes the minimum time to finish his degree or other training. Further, an estimate, as exact as possible, of the entire cost, including living expenses, fees, books, clothes, holidays, should be drawn up in consultation with the University Students' Information Bureau, Dacca, or with those who are in a position to give sound advice on the matter.

Any Indian student who knows exactly what course he wishes to take and has the requisite qualifications for the particular branch he has selected, will have no difficulty in gaining admission to a suitable University or College.

Oxford and Cambridge:—New Regulations at Oxford and Cambridge have been passed, which will tend to reduce the number of students eligible for exemption from Responsions and Previous respectively, and will thus make it more difficult for such students to secure offers of admission. The new Regulations governing admission to Oxford and Cambridge seem to imply a definite raising of the standard of admission formerly imposed upon Indian students, and whilst hardships may result in individual cases, it is possible that on the whole and in due course Indian education generally will reap the benefits.

Important changes have come into force from 1st January, 1925, as to the conditions of recognition for the privileges of affiliation, which involve exemption from the Previous examination and from one year of the required course. It will be necessary for an Indian student to obtain either (a) a first-class Honours degree of a University approved by the Senate, or (b) a Second-class Honours degree, provided that English, Mathematics, and two other languages (one of which must be either Latin or Greek, if the student is a native of Asia or

Africa and not of European descent, Arabic, Chinese, Sanskrit or Pali), are included.

An Indian student, who wishes to read Law, ought to possess at least a good working knowledge of Latin, whilst similarly one who wishes to take pure Science, or even such courses as History and Economics, ought to be acquainted with at least one modern European language, besides English.

Advisory portion of the Bureau's work:—Ninety six students, applied during the year for advice and information. The following table will give an idea of the work of the Committee during the last five years:—

Year.	No. of applications.	No. of communications received.	No. of communications issued.
1920-21	... 174	419	981
1921-22	... 101	286	736
1922-23	... 118	335	540
1923-24	... 126	412	750
1924-25	... 96	333	795

By subjects of enquiry:—

(1) Degrees (other than Medical or Technical) of British Universities:—

(i) London.

Economics	...	...	1
Research in Physics	...	...	2
Higher Degree (Doctorate)	...	...	2
History	...	...	1
Arts	1
Chemistry	1
English B.A. (Honours)	1
Commerce	1

(ii) Manchester.

Chemistry	1
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(2) Engineering (Civil, Mechanical, Electrical Mining, Municipal and Sanitary, Locomotive and Automobile) ...

(3) Medicine ... 3
M. R. C. P. ... 2

(4) Different services in India.			
I. M. S.	...	...	2
I. C. S.	...	...	1
		—	3
(5) Law	...	...	2
Barristership	...	...	2
		—	4
(6) Railway Traffic Training	..	...	2
(7) Banking	...	...	1
(8) Forestry	...	...	2
(9) Wireless Telegraphy	...	...	1
(10) Fruit preservation	...	...	1
(11) Chartered Accountantship	...	...	8
(12) Colour Chemistry and Dyeing	...	...	1
(13) London Matriculation	...	...	2
(14) Technology	...	...	1
(15) Solicitorship	...	...	1
(16) Training of Pilots	...	...	1
(17) Posts and Telegraphy	...	...	1
(18) Teachers' Training	...	...	1
(19) Not stated	...	...	6
(20) Studies in America—			
Engineering	...	...	7
Applied Chemistry	...	...	1
Medicine	...	...	2
History	...	...	1
Chemistry	...	...	1
		—	12
(21) Studies in Germany			
Engineering	...	...	1
Chemistry	...	...	1
		—	4
(22) Studies in Java, Sugar Industry	...	...	1
(23) Studies in France, Physics	...	...	1
		—	96

Passports:—The Bureau in almost all cases loses touch with students as soon as admissions to colleges or passports are secured for them. It is therefore almost impossible to find out the exact number of students who go abroad from this part of the country. As far as the Secretary could ascertain, 8

students left India during the year. These may be classified as follows:—

(a) By educational qualifications—

M.Sc. ....	...	1
Read up to I.A. ....	...	1
Read up to I.Sc. ....	...	1
B.Sc. (Dacca) ....	...	1
B.Com. student (Dacca) ....	...	1
I.Sc. ....	...	1
Read up to B.Sc. standard ....	...	1
B.A. (Dacca) ....	...	1
		<hr/> 8

(b) By subject of study:—

Physics (France) . . .	...	1
Engineering (Edinburgh) ....	...	1
Sugar Industry (Java) ....	...	1
Higher Studies (England) . . .	...	2
Scientific Studies (America) ....	...	1
Applied Chemistry (America) ....	...	1
Electrical Engineering (London) .	...	1
		<hr/> 8

Applications for different Universities:—America. Twelve students applied for information about studies in America and their demands were met by reference to the literature available in this office. The expenses for the education of a student depend to some extent on the place of study selected, but it may be estimated at Rs. 3,000 per annum approximately. Under the Immigration Laws, the authorities will not allow any one to land in the United States unless he can prove by reliable documents that sufficient funds are behind him to maintain him there as a student. To obtain admission into any of the Colleges in America one must pass at least the I.Sc. Examination of an Indian University. One who has passed B.Sc. Examination of an Indian University may be taken in the Post-Graduate College. Admission must also be first secured in an institution approved by the Secretary of Labour, Department of Labour, Washington, D.C. A list of such institutions is available at the University Students' Information Bureau. Further information may be obtained from the Secretary.

Germany:—Two students applied for information about studies in Germany, which was supplied by reference to the Bulletin issued by the Indian News Service and Information Bureau Limited, and the report on University education in Germany prepared by the Indian Students' Department. Owing to the fluctuations from day to day in the rate of exchange and to the unsettled condition of the country, it is not advisable to proceed to Germany.

Japan:—No student applied for information about studies in Japan. It is desirable that Indian students should go to Japan to study specially Sericulture and other Industrial subjects, since Japan is in the forefront so far as the Sericultural and Industrial education is concerned. To study in Japan students must be prepared to spend at least the first year of their stay in Japan in studying the Japanese language. The language difficulty is one of the biggest difficulties for Indian students who go to Japan. All lectures there are in Japanese language. An applicant for admission to the Agricultural College must have a degree of proficiency equivalent to that of the Intermediate in Arts or Science of an Indian University, whilst students satisfactorily finishing the High School Course in India can get admission to the Sericultural and the Higher Technical Colleges. Graduates in Science of an Indian University will find it easy to follow the course in the Higher Technical College.

Conclusion:—The Bureau has information about almost all courses of studies abroad and many difficulties into which students fall after leaving this country would be avoided if students who intend to go abroad would in all cases consult and take the advice of the Bureau.

(Sd.) A. N. SEN,
Asst. Secretary,

University Students' Information
Bureau, Dacca.

Countersigned:

(Sd.) W. A. JENKINS,
Secretary,

University Students' Information
Bureau, Dacca.

PART XI.
Miscellaneous.

POPULAR LECTURES.

SESSION—1925-26.

The following series of lectures, open to the public without fee, were given in the Curzon Hall on Fridays at 6-15 P. M. on the following days :—

Date.	Subject.	Lecturer.
December, 4	The Permanent Settlement.	Mr. Sukumar Guha, B.L.
" 11	The Making of Western Civilization.	Prof. G. H. Langley, M. A., I. E. S.
" 18	The Influence of Persia on Islam.	Mr. M. Islam Borrah, M. A.
January 15	Artificial Silk.	Dr. J. K. Chowdhury, M. Sc., Ph. D.
" 22	Mani, the Reformer of Ancient Persia.	Dr. A. Siddiqi, M. A., Ph. D.
" 29	Recent Development in Education.	Mr. Manoranjan Mitra, B.A. B.T.
February 5	The State in Relation to Industry.*	Mr. D. C. Datta, M. A.
" 19	Lamps (with experiments).	Prof. W. A. Jenkins, D. Sc.
" 26	Some Aspects of Saracenic Commerce and Industry.	Mr. Abul Hussain, M. A.
March 12	Rudyard Kipling	Mr. Mahmood Hasain, B. A. (Oxon).
" 19	The Recognition of Human worth in Criminal Law.	Mr. A. K. Datta Gupta, M.A., B. L.
" 26	Kalidasa and Bhavabhuti	Mr. G. P. Bhattacharyya, M. A.

*This lecture was given in the Bar Association Hall.

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